DON'T WAIT...
Why wait until tomorrow morning to get today's news of the world? Buy a late edition of the Sun and be a day ahead. Compare the night edition of THE SUN with the next morning's papers and you will see the point.

THE LOWELL SUN

EYES
are made to see with. Can't you see that The Sun is the leader among Lowell papers? Appearances show for themselves. You see everybody reading it everywhere.
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ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY OCTOBER 20 1903 10 PAGES ONE CENT

THE LATE GORDON McKAY, Millionaire Inventor.

McKAY'S MONEY

What Will Become of Millions?

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—With the death of Gordan McKay, the aged inventor, whose shoe machinery made possible the great shoe factories of Lynn, Brockton and Haverhill, arises the question: "What will become of the $20,000,000 or more which he left?"

While there are various rumors as to what will happen the money, one thing is sure, and that is that not more than three or four people know to a certainty what will become of it, and these are not talking.

One report has it that Harvard University will get from $2,000,000 to $7,000,000. This report has it that the money is to aid the Lawrence Scientific School.

Countess von Bruening, his former wife, is expected to receive a generous allowance by the will. His mansion at Newport, it is thought, will go to her for one thing.

His sister, Mrs. Dexter of Boston, is also expected to be well remembered in the will.

Pittsfield, Mass., his birthplace, is considered to have a claim upon him, while the great shoe centres, such as Lynn, Haverhill and Brockton, which paid him most of his money, may be remembered with a great trade school.

All these things, however, are the reports of those who pretend to know, and apparently have as much foundation as the report that distant relatives plan a contest in the event of being unmentioned in the will.

FUNERALS

HORTON—The funeral of Catherine Horton took place yesterday afternoon from the funeral chapel of Undertaker Molloy. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

RUNELS—The funeral of Dolly Runels took place from her home, 4 Davis square, yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. R. A. Greene of the Grace Universalist church. The bearers were Daniel, Charles, Henry and George Runels. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of Undertaker C. M. Young.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Local forecast: Fair tonight and Wednesday; fresh to brisk westerly winds.

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A little better than any other"

C. C. A.

UNION MADE

10c CIGARS

C. C. A. CIGAR CO., Boston

IF YOU WANT A PIANO BE SURE AND CALL AT

M. STEINERT & SONS CO.

No. 130 MERRIMACK ST.

The most reliable Piano House. All the best Pianos sold on easy monthly or weekly payments. Sheet music and musical instruments.

Coal $6.75 Per Ton

Coke $5 Per Chal.

Dry Bobbin Wood, 5 Baskets $1.00
Dry Cord Wood, 5 Baskets $1.00

The Lowell Coal Co.

43 Central St. 15 Thorndike St.

SUPERIOR COURT

The McBride-Moffatt Case is Still On

The case of McBride vs. Moffatt et al., an action of tort, the ad damnum placed at $5000, which opened Friday afternoon, was on trial all day yesterday.

During the latter part of the afternoon Supt. Moffatt was on the stand and was cross-examined by Lawyer Gove of Boston.

"Were you notified before the patrol wagon came that two arrests had been made?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"Yes, sir," answered Supt. Moffatt.

"Who gave you the information?"

"I could not tell."

"The sergeant didn't?"

"No, sir."

Resuming his testimony, Supt. Moffatt said: "It takes the patrol wagon five minutes, sometimes eight, to go from the police station to the depot. The most of the crowd around the depot were looking up the railroad track in the direction which they thought the president's train would come. When I first saw Sergt. Connors near the depot he was making his way through the crowd."

"When a prisoner is brought into the station is the time of his arrival recorded?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"Yes, sir," answered the witness.

"Is the time also recorded when a patrol box is rung in?"

"Yes, sir."

In answer to questions asked by Mr. Gove witness said: "I know that the name of the prisoner and the time of his arrest was put on the blotter, for I examined the blotter that day, but could not say as to whether or not the time of the wagon call was down, for I didn't examine the tape."

Lawyer Gove asked witness if the blotter could be brought into court in the morning and Supt. Moffatt said that it could.

Lawyer Gove then asked: "Did you make any inquiry from McBride when the sergeant brought him to you?"

Witness answered "I did not."

"You didn't know of the arrest of the other two men when McBride was brought to you?"

"No, sir."

"When did you first hear that 'Sheeney Mike' might be in Lowell?"

"It was that forenoon."

"What time?"

"Before 12 o'clock."

"And when did you first hear of Desautelles?"

"When I reached the station house after the president had left."

"After you had given the order for McBride to be locked up how long did you remain there?"

"A very short time after the patrol wagon left."

"Did McBride say anything when he was brought up to you?"

"I have no recollection of him saying anything. If he had said anything I believe I would have remembered it."

"You didn't know that the patrol wagon had been rung for at that time?"

"No sir."

"At the time you first saw McBride that morning your horse was standing still, headed towards Central street, I believe?"

"Yes sir."

"You waited five or ten minutes before you saw him again?"

"Yes sir."

"There were officers of yours about there, were there not?"

"There probably were. A number were in plain clothes in the crowd."

"Did you try to get hold of any of them?"

"I did not."

"Did you attempt to go and catch McBride yourself?"

"I did not."

Resuming witness testified: "There were six officers in uniform detailed for duty on the depot grounds. They were Officers Boyle, Curran, Gerow, Conway, John J. Donovan and Timothy Dwyer. When the patrol came Inspector Walsh had hold of one man, Sergt. Connors had McBride, and I could not say who had the third man. It was either Officer Burnett or Hamilton. If it was Officer Burnett he was in uniform, but if it was Officer Hamilton he was in citizen's clothes.

"The man from Lynn who had complained of being robbed was in the office at the police station when I arrived from the depot. He said that he had seen the three men arrested at the depot and that none of them were the parties who had robbed him. I do not know this man, and to my knowledge I had never seen him before. He said he lived in a suburb outside of Lynn. I did not get his name either."

"Did you give orders that anybody who was arrested that morning should not be admitted to bail?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"No sir."

"You knew that they tried to bail McBride?"

"No sir."

"Did you see McBride's brother there?"

"I saw him after Mr. McBride had been released. He came into my office and said he was going to bring suit against me."

"Did he then ask what his brother was arrested for?"

"I do not remember; he said a good many things; I remember him asking me how long suspicion was going to rest on his brother."

The next witness called was Officer Frank Fox who testified: "I am a police officer and have been one going on 15 years. I know McBride, and have known him for ten years. I know of various convictions against him since then. I have seen McBride between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902, several times at different places. I have seen him around the Boston & Northern railroad station, Merrimack square, and at the Middlesex street station. I have seen him on more than one occasion standing in one place longer than half an hour.

"I saw him on the morning of the 26th of August, 1902. I, with other officers, left the police station that morning at two minutes before eight and saw him at the junction of Central and Jackson streets. I was the rear man in the squad and called the attention of my side partner to McBride. My side partner was a reserve officer. I think his name was Kennedy. McBride was going in the direction of the postoffice. It was not later than five or six minutes past eight when I saw him."

Cross-examined witness said: "I saw McBride go up Central street to the postoffice and he turned in the broad path in front of the office. I was not in a position to see whether or not he entered the postoffice. I did not see him again that day. I have seen him at different times standing at the railroad depot, the electric car station and standing around Merrimack square."

"Is Merrimack square near the Merrimack street railroad station?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"No sir," answered witness. "Merrimack square takes in from Ellingwood's drug store to where The Sun building is."

At this point witness and counsel had a lively tilt, the latter having considerable trouble in trying to have the witness answer questions the way he wanted him to.

Witness went on to tell that his beat was in Pawtucketville, but stated that he had seen McBride in the evening between 6.30 and nine o'clock. He also saw him during his noon hour while going to dinner.

On rebuttal witness said: "I have on two occasions tried to get near him to speak to him, but on both occasions when he saw me coming he walked away."

Napoleon Provencher, a police officer, testified: "I know McBride by sight. I have known him three years. Saw him opposite the postoffice a little after eight o'clock on the morning that the president was here. He was standing at the postoffice door."

Cross-examined witness said: "I left the police station with the detail shortly before eight o'clock. I did not see McBride on Central street that morning."

Police Officer George W. Marshall testified: "I have known McBride for about eight years. I saw him on the 26th of August at the door of the postoffice; Officer Provencher was with me at the time. We left the station house shortly before eight o'clock and arrived at the common at five or six minutes past eight."

Cross-examined: "When I saw McBride he was walking towards the door of the postoffice. His side was towards me. I also used to see him when I was on the Centralville beat."

OFFICER HAMILTON TESTIFIES.

The first witness at this morning's session was Police Officer Charles A. Hamilton, who testified: "I have known William F. McBride for seven years. On the morning of the 26th of August, 1902, I saw McBride at the corner of King and Middlesex street, which is about 75 yards from the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike street. It was about five minutes past eight, or between that and quarter past eight. There were a number of fellows talking together. I knew McBride, "Sheeney Mike," Patrick Casey, a fellow named Boyle, and saw several others whom I didn't know. There were seven in the group.

"When Casey saw me coming he took out his handkerchief and immediately the crowd went down King street. I then looked to see if I could find another police officer and seeing Officer Burnett I informed him what I saw. Officer Burnett and I then went down Jackson street but could not see any of the crowd. We afterwards met Casey and Desautelles and placed them under arrest. We brought them over to Inspector Walsh and then took them over to the patrol box.

"I have seen McBride quite a number of times, between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902. I should say that I saw him on a naverage of twice a week. I have seen him on Merrimack and Central streets, around Merrimack square and saw him at the Bon Marche on the day before Christmas of 1901. I went into the store with him, followed him around, and then followed him out, and went into Pollard's with him. I was watching him for about half an hour. His wife was with him and I don't believe that either of them bought anything in either store. I have seen him in the square at all hours on different days. The day before Christmas when I saw McBride I was in citizen's clothes and was detailed to watch the department stores."

Cross-examined, witness testified: For a while I was on a beat which brought me through Western avenue but I never saw McBride there for my beat started at 12.30 o'clock.

"On that morning in Middlesex street Casey was the only one I noticed facing me and when he took out his handkerchief they all looked at him and then started down King street. I saw the chief driving through Middlesex street. I did not communicate with him. We had no communication the night before or that morning in regard to the Lynn man. I arrived at the station house about 7.15 that morning and I heard in a general way that there was a man from Lynn "who had been touched up yesterday," and had called at the station. When I came back to the station that morning I did not see McBride.

"My purpose in getting Officer Burnett was to have him assist me in catching some of the fellows. It was on our way back that we met Casey and Desautelles."

On rebuttal, witness said: "When I did not see them in Jackson street I turned back thinking that they knew we would follow them and double on their track. On our way back we met Casey and Desautelles and arrested both of them."

"Who is this Patrick Casey?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"I object," said Lawyer Gove," and the court ruled accordingly.

WANTED—Young men to learn pulling oyer. Apply at Stover & Bean's, Hood building, Thorndike street.

FOUND—A small sum of money in Pollard's store Monday afternoon. Owner can have by calling at 506 Lawrence street.

GOLDEN JUBILEE

Of Rev. Fr. Mangin's Ordination Observed

WITH A BANQUET AT ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE

Cablegram Bore Special Blessing From Pope

The festival in honor of Rev. Fr. Mangin's jubilee concluded yesterday with a banquet in the lower hall of St. Joseph's college.

One of the features of the closing of the festivities was the reading of a telegram of congratulation from Pope Pius X, and conferring a special blessing from His Holiness upon the venerable priest.

The telegram was read by Rev. Fr. Campeau. The priests present at the banquet were:

Rev. Fr. Mangin, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Emery, O. M. I., rector of the University of Ottawa; Rev. Fr. William O'Brien, rector of St. Patrick's church; Rev. Fr. Fournier, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Campeau, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Dubriel, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Amyot, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Lamothe, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Vlaud, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Graton, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Diss, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Brullard, O. M. I., of St. Joseph's rectory; Rev. Fr. Roman, of St. Peter's; Rev. Fr. Remey, S. M., Haverhill; Rev. Fr. J. C. Duffy, O. M. I., Tewksbury; Rev. Fr. H. de la Chapelle, S. M., Boston; Rev. Fr. H. M. Thery, S. M., Lawrence; Rev. Fr. Vinas, S. M., Lawrence; Rev. Fr. J. A. Sirois, O. M. I., Tewksbury; Rev. Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Tresch, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Desroches, O. M. I., North Billerica; Rev. Fr. C. A. Paquette, O. M. I., Plattsburg, N. Y.; Rev. Fr. Barrett, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Dorgan, O. M. I., rector of the Immaculate Conception church; Rev. Fr. Shaw, rector of St. Michael's.

Congratulatory remarks were made by several of the priests and besides the telegram sent by Pope Pius X, one from Rev. Fr. Lefebvre, O. M. I., provincial of the Oblates, was read.

Fr. Mangin presided at the banquet and spoke both in French and English. He gave an interesting history of the Catholic church in Lowell, the coming of the Oblate Fathers and their splendid work here for the cause of education and religion.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

THE CITY COUNCIL

Both Branches Will Meet This Evening

Both branches of the city council will meet at city hall this evening, and considerable business will come before them. The aldermen will receive the report of the wire committee while the lower branch will deal with paving loans.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TOWN MEETING

Special One at Tewksbury Last Evening

At a special town meeting held at Tewksbury last evening a motion to authorize the town treasurer to borrow $1500 to repair the damage on the new school caused by the explosion was defeated by a vote of 33 to 27. It required a two-thirds vote to pass it. The meeting was well attended and discussion relative to the defeated article was quite spicy.

WOMEN'S CLUB.

At the rooms of the Woman's club yesterday afternoon a delightful concert was given by the Schubert male quartet of Boston, Robert Martin first tenor, Charles W. Swaine second tenor, William W. Walker baritone and accompanist, Dr. George R. Clark basso. A waltz song by the quartet was very pleasing. A new arrangement of the familiar plantation melody, "Nellie Gray," was received with much favor. Mr. Martin's solo, "My Dreams," was given with the effect.

Mr. Walker sang a group of three dainty ballads, "Love Me or Not," "A Memory" and "The Pretty Creature," with Mr. E. K. Baldwin at the piano, and for an encore he gave "Over the Mountains."

The quartet appeared in "There Was a Man in Thessaly," which is the old bramble-bush song in a new setting. An Irish folk song with simulated bag-pipe accompaniment was very realistic and a mirth producing effort. Mr. Swain gave an excellent rendition of "Queen of the Earth," and for an encore he sang "The Sweetest Flower that Blows." Dr. Clark pleased the audience in a fine rendition of "My Little Woman." He was obliged to give a second number, which was, "When I Gaze Upon Her." The concert closed with the quartet selection "Sunset."

Some people at 40 look like 60! Gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

EXTRA SESSION

Congress Will Meet on November 9

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, OCT. 20.—THE PRESIDENT TODAY ISSUED A PROCLAMATION CALLING THE 58TH CONGRESS IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION NOVEMBER 9 AT 12 O'CLOCK.

THE PROCLAMATION STATES THAT THE PURPOSE OF THE SESSION IS TO CONSIDER THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CUBA WHICH REQUIRES THE APPROVAL OF CONGRESS.

BANK ROBBERY

An Alleged Theft of $50,000 Revealed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 20—AN ALLEGED THEFT OF $50,000 FROM THE BOSTON NATIONAL UNION BANK LAST NOVEMBER WAS REVEALED TODAY WHEN ELMER E. LEAVITT OF THIS CITY WAS ARRAIGNED BEFORE JUDGE FORSAITH IN THE MUNICIPAL COURT, CHARGED WITH THE DEED.

LEAVITT PLEADED NOT GUILTY AND WAS HELD FOR A HEARING NOVEMBER 4 IN BAIL OF $5,000.

STOLE BRASS

Two Men Were Fined $15 Each

The case of John Smith and Thomas Casey, charged with the larceny of certain brass fittings, the property of C. H. Coburn & Co., came up on continuance in police court today.

The men were arrested by Officers Atkinson and Brown, a few days ago. They were carrying a bag containing a quantity of brass fittings that the police at first thought was part of the plunder taken from the bobbin factory at the corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets, but later, the C. H. Coburn Co. reported that brass fittings had been stolen from the company's storehouse in Ayer City and the fittings found in the possession of the men were identified by employes of the Coburn company.

Both men pleaded not guilty today, and representatives of the company testified that the fittings, in evidence, had been stolen from the store house in Ayer City. The defendants were found guilty and were sentenced to pay a fine of $15 each.

SHE CARRIED A WAD.

Annie J. Babson, 62, was in court yesterday morning charged with drunkenness and again today for the same offence. She was released yesterday and this morning she was placed on probation.

She had $8 in her possession and she is bound for a point out of town where employment awaits her. She worked at the beaches all summer, she said, and succeeded in saving about $100. She used to live in Lowell and stopped off here to visit for a day. She was unable to locate her old friends, but she found new ones, who were very hospitable. They told her where she could get all the whiskey she wanted, provided she had the price, and Annie bought several pints and half pints. The police think she was very fortunate to land at police station with her money in her possession.

Probation Officer Slattery took Annie's money and placed it in the bank for her and put her on a train bound for Stirling Junction, where she expects to spend the winter.

MARY MADE A MISTAKE.

Mary Whitely said she wasn't drunk when Officer Maloney arrested her, last evening, but the officer said she was helplessly drunk.

Mary had a suspended sentence hanging over her. The suspension of her former sentence was revoked and the sentence of three months in jail stood confirmed. The new complaint was placed on file. Mary was just foolish enough to appeal from the old sentence and to blunine her mistake Judge Hadley took the new complaint from the file and added three more months to Mary's sentence, making it six months instead of three months in jail. She appealed from both sentences and was ordered in $400 for the superior court.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TWO FRAUDS.

The merchant who would try to sell a pair of shoes without opening the box in which they came from the factory, would be regarded as a fraud and a trickster, and the newspaper which denies to the advertiser all the information he desires in reference to its circulation, must not expect the confidence of its patrons.

Have you ever seen the best House heating BOILER in the WORLD?

The Winchester

Call and See It

WELCH BROS., Agts.

143 Middle Street

Sixth Grand Concert Tour,

'THE KILTIES'

GORDON HIGHLANDERS, Belleville, Canada.

Canada's Crack Military Band

Concerts Friday Afternoon and Evening, Oct. 23, in Huntington Hall. 40 Musicians, 10 Soloists, 16 Vocal Choir, 6 Highland Dancers, 2 Bagpipers, 4 British Military Buglers, 1 Giant Drum Major, etc.

Appearing in full Kilted Regimentals. Has created a furore of enthusiasm in 300 American cities.

PRICES—Afternoon 25, 35, 50c; Evening, 50, 75, $1.00.

Tickets on sale at Carter & Sherburne's, Merrimack square, Tuesday.

FROM YESTERDAY'S LATE EDITIONS

McBRIDE'S STORY

Plaintiff Testifies in Case Against Supt. Moffatt

In the case of McBride vs. Supt. Moffatt, the plaintiff continued his testimony of yesterday forenoon.

Continuing witness said: "On the morning in question I was alone. I was at least ten feet away from the nearest person when I was arrested. The street was roped off. The centre of the street was open. I was at least 20 feet from the crowd when I was arrested. I knew one of the men who was being arrested at the depot, but did not know the other one."

Cross-examined by City Solicitor Hogan, witness said: "I would not swear that I didn't come through Middlesex street on my way to work that morning. I never swear to anything that I am not positive to. I don't think I left my shop from the time I went there in the morning until I went to the postoffice. There were two men being arrested when I approached the depot. I knew one of the men being arrested; his name was Patrick Casey. I did not know the other man. I was not talking to Casey, the other man who was arrested or a man named "Smokey Mike," that morning. We were all taken to the police station in the patrol wagon."

"My salary in my present position is according to the profits of the business. There were three men working in the shop on the morning of the 26th of August. I don't remember any particular order that I gave that morning."

Lawyer Hogan asked witness if he knew to whom the goods were shipped that witness tagged that morning. Witness said that he did not remember. Mr. Hogan asked witness if he had looked up in the books of that day where shipments were made and witness answered in the negative. Mr. Hogan asked Mr. McBride if he would look this noon and see where the goods had been shipped to. Witness said that the books had been destroyed as they were the books of the Patrick L. McBride company, and the McBride Machine company had books of their own. Witness said that five or six persons whom he had known for ten or eleven years had "cut" him after his arrest. Witness said that he did not know the names of the different people who passed him on the street without speaking. Witness told Lawyer Hogan his duties as secretary of the McBride Machine company.

"Who are the stockholders of the McBride Machine company?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"I do not care about answering that question," answered witness.

The court instructed witness to answer the question, and Mr. McBride named the different stockholders.

In the cross-examination, witness acknowledged that the books of the secretary containing records of the different meetings of the stockholders were in the office at Portland, Me., and that he held duplicate records. Witness said that there were 1,000 shares in the company. The par value was $100 a share. Witness had one share, a Mr. Miller one share; Hon. Peter J. Brady, the president, had one share, and Mrs. P. L. McBride had 498 shares. There are 498 shares yet unsold.

Lawyer Hogan then asked several questions relative to convictions for different offences and Mr. McBride admitted he was the person named.

Michael J. McCarthy, now employed by the Perdins Machine company, but who had worked for P. L. McBride and the McBride Machine company, told what he saw the plaintiff doing around the shop. Witness told of seeing plaintiff around the shop on the morning of the 26th of August, 1902.

John E. Sullivan is employed at the Merrimack Engraving shop. Witness was working for P. L. McBride on August 26, 1902, and said that as far as he understood the plaintiff had charge of the shop.

Jason M. Whitney, employed at the Kendall Automatic Pump company, said that he was working for that company on August 26, 1902, and remembered seeing Mr. McBride on that day. Witness said that the McBride shop was adjoining that of the pump company. He said that on the morning in question he went into McBride's shop to grind a cold chisel. Witness also left his shop about the same time Mr. McBride did and saw him go down Weston avenue and up Thorndike street. Witness then told of seeing an officer put the plaintiff into the patrol wagon.

On cross-examination witness said: "It wasn't from any talk with Mr. McBride or his brother that I fixed the time as 8.30 that I saw the plaintiff. I have spoken to Mr. McBride three or four times. Mr. McBride told me to be sure to be at the trial. I know that I was in the shop at 8.30 o'clock, and then I washed up and went out. McBride was ahead of me. There was an immense crowd on Thorndike and Middlesex streets. I saw Mr. McBride go though the crowd and walk over towards the depot. It was before the president came that I next saw Mr. McBride."

At this point a recess of ten minutes was taken.

Fred B. Corson testified to having a barber shop in Fletcher street in August, 1902, and remembered seeing McBride on the day that President Roosevelt came to Lowell. Witness said:

"I saw Mr. McBride in Buckley's tobacco store on that morning. I was going over to the station to see the president when I saw Mr. McBride. He was 15 or 20 feet ahead of me. Perhaps ten or fifteen minutes later I saw him going towards the depot. I saw him getting arrested. I think he was on the steam railroad track when he was arrested. He was alone at all times when I saw him. Sergt. Connors arrested Mr. McBride. Mr. McBride was taken over to the police box and put into the patrol wagon. I saw some one else at the box, but I could not say whether or not that person was put in the patrol wagon."

Patrick L. McBride, a brother of the plaintiff, after answering the preliminary questions, said:

"I was manufacturing specialties for textile machinery at 8 Western avenue on August 26, 1902. William F. McBride was general manager of the place and at times went on the road. That morning at 8.30 o'clock I telephoned from my house to the shop and spoke to my brother. I knew it was 8.30 for I had to catch the 8.45 Christian Hill car to get the trolley to Lawrence. I looked at my watch when I was telephoning. I telephoned him to go to the post office, get my mail and meet me at the Belvidere hotel. When I got to the hotel he did not put in an appearance and I started to walk up the street and learned that he had been arrested."

"When did you see your brother after that?" asked Lawyer Hennessey.

"I saw him in the police station in a cell," answered witness.

"What time was it?"

"About quarter after nine."

"When you went to the police station whom did you see?"

"I saw the officer at the desk. I didn't know who he was."

"What did you go to the police station for?"

"To offer bail."

"Did you make any inquiry as to why your brother was kept there?"

"I did."

"What was he held for?"

"Suspicious character."

On cross-examination witness said: "My brother was employed by me from Sept., 1900, until August, 1902. I placed implicit confidence in him. Whenever he went away on business I knew where he was. He always acquainted me by mail where he was.

"I looked at my watch at 8.30 o'clock that morning in the vestibule of my house. I didn't go to the shop that morning. I was to take the 9 o'clock car for Lawrence. I continued to be proprietor of the shop until about June, 1903, when the McBride Machine Co. was organized by me. Previous to the organization of the company I was sole proprietor."

Thomas J. Wilson, teller of the Middlesex Trust company, testified to knowing the plaintiff, and said that he would go to the bank to deposit once or twice a week or probably oftener. At this point a bundle of checks were handed the witness to see if he could identify them as checks payable to Mr. William F. McBride. The checks were then put in as evidence.

John Ryan of the Lowell Brass foundry testified to doing business with the plaintiff, stating that Mr. McBride did all the ordering and paid all the bills. "In fact, he did all the business with us for the McBride company," said witness.

James A. Percy, iron founder, testified to doing business with the plaintiff for the P. L. McBride company. "I think that in January of 1903 was the first time I did business with Mr. McBride."

On cross-examination witness said: "I cannot say how many orders had been given to my firm."

The plaintiff's case was rested at this point.

AFTERNOON SESSION

William B. Moffatt, superintendent of police, and one of the defendants, was the first witness called. In answer to questions by City Solicitor Hogan, witness said: "I have been a member of police department since 1887 and have known Mr. McBride for ten or eleven years. My belief in reference to Mr. McBride prior to August 26, 1902, was that he was a gambler and a pickpocket. I have knowledge of this because he has been convicted of gambling and pickpocketing.

"I learned that pickpockets had been at work in Lynn the day previous. I also learned through the press that robberies had been committed and also because a man called at my office that morning who said that he had been robbed in Lynn the day previous. He said that he believed the parties who robbed him were Lowell people. I told him to go to the depot and see if he could pick out the man or men and if he did to immediately notify a police officer who would take him into custody.

"He partially described the general appearance of one of the parties who robbed him. I gave a description of the man to my officers who were located at the depot that morning.

"It was about 8.30 o'clock when I saw McBride that morning. My team was standing in front of the depot and I was sitting in it. There were from six to eight hundred people on the depot grounds and in the immediate vicinity there were several thousands of people congregated. I first saw McBride pass through the crowd. I then lost sight of him. The next time I saw him was when Sergt. Connors had him.

"When Sergt. Connors came up to me he had McBride and said. 'This is Mr. McBride,' I said, 'Go down and lock him up.' I didn't say 'God d——him, lock him up.' After I had driven around giving some orders I put my horse up at the Morse Coach company. After traffic was resumed, I got my horse and then went to the police station. When I told Sergt. Connors to lock McBride up I thought that McBride was the man who had robbed the man in Lynn."

"When I arrived at the police station the man who had been robbed in Lynn was there. I asked him if he had seen any of the men who had robbed him. He said that he had seen the three men who were arrested at the depot and did not recognize any of the men as those who had robbed him in Lynn. I then told some of the officers to take the three men before the court. I told Deputy Welch, who was conducting the cases, to inform the court that none of the men arrested could be recognized by the man who had been robbed in Lynn."

Cross-examined by Lawyer Gove, witness said, "Two years previous to August 26, 1902, I was in Lowell nearly all the time. I was in communication with my officers and familiar with the workings of my department.

"I knew of the sentences McBride had served. I saw McBride at times. I did not know that he was working for his brother, in fact I did not ask. I probably saw him half a dozen times in Merrimack and Central streets. Probably both day and evening. I did not tell my officers that he was in the city. So far as I recall he was alone on all of these occasions. I saw him. I said nothing to any of my officers in regard to McBride being the man who picked the man's pocket in Lynn. I could not say whether or not I told them anything about McBride on that morning.

"When I first saw McBride he was crossing the railroad track. I then lost sight of him in the crowd. The next time I saw McBride was about five minutes later when I saw him with Sergt. Connors coming through the crowd."

POLITICAL FIELD

A View of Some of the Contests

Independent and Third Party Candidates Will Worry Regular Nominees—Vote to Break up County Ring

The attitude of the democrats of the lower end of the county in the recent county convention was most gratifying to the democrats of this end, for in the past the two ends never appeared able to get along together owing to a disposition on the part of the lower county men to endorse republican candidates for office. This year, however, the democrats from the lower end have expressed a determination to break up the nefarious county ring and in that determination they will be backed up by every democrat in this end of the county and by a majority of the republicans of this vicinity. By nominating George R. Duren of Carlisle for county commissioner and Joseph O. Authier of Cambridge for county treasurer the democrats made a move in the right direction and every democrat in Middlesex county should not fail to vote for both of these candidates. Both are fearless and straight voting democrats of long standing. Both men will receive a big republican vote from disgusted voters in this section of the district and should receive every democratic vote in the district.

While the councillor district is still greatly republican, the fact is certainly worth recording that last year William J. McCluskey, who is the democratic candidate again this year, cut the republican majority of 10,000, in halves and was defeated by only five thousand, which isn't much when one says it "quick." Mr. McCluskey hopes to pull the majority down a few thousand more this year.

The entrance of Alfred Morrissette into the representative contest in the 25th district as the independent republican candidate, backed up by the French republican voters of Ward Seven has caused general consternation in the republican ranks, coming as it does, on top of internal dissensions which alone would do great damage at the polls. Heretofore, the friends of Horton H. Hilton, the Ward Eight candidate, have sized it up as a sure thing for their candidate without any further great effort as he was a new man in the field without enemies, with no old scores to be visited upon him and backed up by a handsome majority over three other candidates in his ward caucus. They figured it out that "Bill" Hayes was old enough to look out for himself while they were plugging for Hilton alone and they confided frankly that they believe a democrat will win.

The Hayes followers argued that the Smith-Ripley contest would not affect them as Mr. Hayes wisely kept his hand out of that battle and was in no way responsible for the action of any of the Ward Seven delegates to the convention which turned down Smith. They banked upon the great French vote, which was always Mr. Hayes' mainstay in all his contests, and thus were confident that he and Hilton would be safe no matter what might befall the comrade from Chelmsford.

The Ripley supporters were trusting to fate and the supposed safe republican majority of the district to carry their man through. They admitted that the rumpus in the caucus was most unfortunate and would cost votes, but they believed that the ill-feeling would be practically obliterated by election day and that by that time the voters would have had time to accept their contention that the nomination rightfully belonged to the town in lieu of the one stolen from them a few years ago.

But the reckoning of the friends of all three candidates has been toppled over by the entrance of Mr. Morrissette into the contest and no one of the republican candidates can say that he is sure of winning and honestly believe his own statement. The extra candidate just mixed up matters most beautifully from a democratic standpoint and most dangerously from the point of view of the enemy. Mr. Morrissette, provided he gets the French vote of the district, and it is not at all unlikely that he will, is as strong as any other candidate, and Messrs. McManmon, Roarke and Hendricks, supported by the entire democratic vote of the district, are just as eligible to election as any one else. This is a fact that cannot be denied by any one familiar with the 25th district. Last year Mr. Hayes was the high man with 2688 votes, while Mr. Roarke was the low man with 2197, a difference of 491. The district is no more republican this year than it was last year. There are 699 French voters in ward seven, 65 in ward four and 75 in ward eight, making a total of 735. If Morrissette gets half of that number at the expense of Mr. Hayes, the high and low men would be near together with four other candidates in between so that the contest would be remarkably close on all sides. It is a well known fact the republican party is a long way from being united in this district, so that the fight belongs to the candidate who can get the largest number of votes. But the democrats to win anything must stay united and each democratic voter cast his ballot for each democratic candidate. If the democrats stick together they can't help getting one and probably two and possibly three representatives, but if they split it is all off with them.

In the 26th district the stock in trade of the republicans is the great democratic vote that Adams and Timmons will receive, claiming that it will elect the three republican candidates. That great democratic vote they speak of is mostly "radiator" talk. They surely will receive some democratic votes, even as Pinder, Ward and Conroy will receive many republican votes. But they will not receive votes enough to elect candidates as Pinder, Ward and Conroy.

The democrats this year have put up an exceptionally strong ticket and should land all three men, as they will if each receives the full support of his party in the district. There has been a crying need for advocates of labor measures in the legislature for the past several years and no district ever nominated three men more eminently qualified to represent the labor people than Messrs. Conroy, Pinder and Ward. The working people of the 26th district have a great opportunity before them.

By working together each for the other as well as himself, Messrs. O'Brien and McMahon have twice successfully demonstrated the advantage of unselfish campaigning and they are about to repeat their former successes. The republicans, unable to attack the record of either man during their entire careers, have been driven to desperation and have resurrected ex-Alderman William E. Westall as the Moses to deliver the district and Westall will to O'Brien and McMahon. The republicans looked over the election returns of several years ago and noting the large majorities by which Westall was elected in municipal contests, decided that he was a strong man and put him up to defeat the two democratic candidates. But they erred most hideously in supposing that Westall, the alderman with the alderman granting liquor licenses, and Westall, formerly of politics, were the same vote-getting proposition.

Personally, of course, Mr. Westall is a nice man, but so are O'Brien and McMahon. As for the other republican candidate in this district we would keep the name of William Trull Shepherd in mind last because we frequently heard it, but as his successor's name has not been publicly mentioned since the convention it has quite slipped our memory.

BILLY CONNORS

Led the League at Fielding Second Base

According to Jake Morse's N. E. league records, now at hand, Lowell has one league leader in the person of Billy Connors who led the second basemen with a fielding average of .949. In fielding the other league leaders were: First basemen, Carney, .994; third baseman, Murch, .915; Shortstops, Moorehead, .944; catches, Cote, .987, with Merritt, Murphy and McLean tied for second place; pitchers, Gokey, .982; outfielders, J. O'Hara, .990.

At batting, 11 men went over the .300 mark. Hamilton led the league with .446. Tommy Burbage was third with .345. Hickey was ninth with .305.

REV. FR. BURKE

POPULAR CLERGYMAN HAS ENTIRELY RECOVERED.

The friends of Rev. Richard S. Burke, formerly of St. Patrick's church, this city and St. John's, North Chelmsford will be glad to hear that he has returned to the archdiocese to resume his priestly duties after an illness of over two years, which for a long time threatened to incapacitate him permanently.

Fr. Burke, although long illness has made great inroads upon his fine physique, is once more enjoying good health. He returned to Boston from the far west last week. This morning he officiated at the funeral of a relative in South Boston and in a few days will receive a new assignment from the archbishop.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column

SOLEMN SERVICE

AT THE PORTUGUESE CATHOLIC CHURCH YESTERDAY.

At St. Anthony's, (Portuguese) church yesterday, Rosary Sunday was observed with impressive services. Solemn high mass was celebrated at 10.30 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Neves of New Bedford, assisted by Rev. Fr. Goulast, of Fall River, deacon; Rev. Fr. Ferreira if this city subdeacon.

The sermon of the day was preached by Rev. Fr. Goulast, his subject being Ave Maria Gratia Plena."

The altar of the Blessed Virgin was beautifully adorned and elaborate musical program were carried out at both morning and afternoon services. The choir under the direction of Peter A. Clune rendered the following program in the morning:

Processional for organ and clarinet, (Cherubini), Miss Lulu Ginty and Hugh McElroy; Asperges, (Minne); Messe Pro Patrie, (Von Lanche) choir; Offertory, "Ave Maria," (Cherubini), Miss Sarah McCaffrey; "O Salutaris," (Bellini), solos by P. A. Clune; hymn to the Blessed Virgin, congregation and sodalities; "March Pontificate," (Lehmann.)

The vespear service took place at 3 o'clock, vespers being sung by Rev. Fr. Goulast. The music was as follows:

Est's vespers: "Hymn to the Virgin," Peter A. Clune and D. S. O'Brien; Magnificat, (Emericke); "O Salutaris," (Panofskin), Tantum Ergo, (Verdi); figue, (Bach.)

FIERCE BATTLE

100 Boys Fought in Market Street

A small race war in which French and Irish boys fought an army of Greek urchins, took place near the Jefferson street bridge, Sunday noon. Bricks, stones, sticks or anything else that was loose were hurled back and forth and the reporter on the spot says that the Greeks won the first battle and captured the bridge, but that they were afterwards driven back and forced to hide. About 100 boys were engaged in the fight and inquiry by the police developed the information that the battles are of weekly occurrence. A police officer took a hand yesterday, and arrested some of the fighters. Only one of the boys suffered paralysis of his liberty. He is a ring-leader, the police allege, and he was locked up. The others were allowed to go on condition that they would cease to fight in that fashion again.

NEW WATER GATE

Inspected by Members of Local Water Board

The Burlington, Vt., Free Press of Saturday had the following:

An important meeting of insurance and water works men took place in the city yesterday, at which a test was made of a patent metal gate or valve designed to register the amount of water used for fire service. About 9.30 o'clock yesterday morning the party left the Van Ness house for the pumping station, where the test was to be made. In the party were August Fels, water commissioner of Lowell, Mass.; R. J. Thomas, superintendent of the Lowell water works, and representative of the American Water Works' association; J. A. Tilden, manager of the Hersey Manufacturing company, and inventor of the device; E. E. Clark of the Factory Mutual Insurance company of Boston; Gorham Dana, of the Underwriters' bureau of New England; F. H. Crandall, chairman of the fire commissioners of the New England water works, and superintendent of the Burlington city water works; T. S. Peck, C. M. Brownell, C. F. Burnham and A. R. St. Pierre of the local underwriters, Chairman J. J. Flynn and J. W. Goodell of the city board of water commissioners, E. E. Morgan, W. and D. G. Crane and many others. The test was conducted by Mr. Crandall and the apparatus was explained by Mr. Tilden.

It has been the contention of the water department that the city was losing a large revenue from not being able to measure the water accurately by meters, while the underwriters claim that a meter attached to a main would lessen the head necessary for proper fire protection and was therefore against the idea. The device in question measures the water with the least resistance to the flow.

The outcome of the test of yesterday will not be known until after the meeting of the New England Water Works association which meets in Boston next month.

FUNERALS

BLINKHORN—John Blinkhorn, one of Centralville's best known residents, passed away last night at his home, 47 Stanley street, after a long illness, having been confined to his bed for the past three months. Deceased was 58 years of age, a native of Manchester, Eng., and senior member of the firm of John Blinkhorn & Sons, grocers. Besides his wife, he is survived by four sons, Richard F., Oswald R., James G., and Edward, the latter two being associated with him in business, and one daughter, Miss Nellie Blinkhorn. He was a member of Court City of Lowell, F. of A., and of the Holy Name Society of St. Michael's church. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 8.30 from the house. Mass of requiem at St. Michael's church. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

Judge a Shoe

By the leather of which it's made; Judge the leather by the label (shown below) that identifies it as Wolff's Ideal Leather. The leather that keeps the feet cool in summer, warm in winter. Makes heavy shoes soft, light shoes strong. Made in kid, calf, goat, colt or cow hide. Write for booklet "How to Buy Shoes."

WOLFF PROCESS LEATHER CO., Philadelphia.

THIS SHOE IS MADE OF WOLFF'S Ideal LEATHER PATENTED

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

DECORATED Cup, Saucer and Plate WITH One Pound of Our 60 Cent Tea

O'Brien Bros TEA DEALERS. 227 Central Street Tel. 679-5. Free Delivery

Academy of Music

RICHARD F. MURPHY, Prop. and Mgr.

Three Nights and Daily Matinees, COMMENCING MONDAY, OCTOBER 19

THE HEART OF CHICAGO

Elegant special scenery. Wonderful mechanical devices. Mysterious electrical effects. A vivid picture of the great fire.

Matinee Prices for Ladies - 10c and 20c

THE SUN Is on Sale At both Newstands In the Union Station BOSTON

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

CASTO

AL. HAYNES, Manager.

ALL WEEK AFTERNOON AND EVENING OCT. 19

FRANK GARDINER —AND— LOTTIE VINCENT In the Comedy, AN IDYL OF THE LINKS

The Roberts Four Kelly and Reno Maud Day Caine

Matinees.....10 and 20c
Ladies to Best Orchestra Seats.....10c
Evening.....10, 15 and 25c
Seats may be reserved for 10c extra. Telephone 815-3.
Box Office Open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

TEMPLE - THEATRE

Odd Fellows' Temple - 84 Middlesex St.

WEEK OF OCTOBER 19

The Charron Conservatory Stock Co. Present the one-act farce entitled

The Troubles of Marmaduke

And great vaudeville bill, headed by WOOD AND BERRY, MOONEY AND HOLBIRN, THE GREAT GILBERT, TALKATIVE MISS RUSSELL, CHARLES AND HELEN MACK, HUGH McVEY, MA JUNE

POPULAR PRICES—Evening, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Doors Open at 2 and 7. Performances commence at 2.30 and 8 o'clock.

For One Dollar

you can get more advertising and a wider distribution throughout the city and suburbs in The Sun than you can get for three dollars in all the other papers in Lowell. Why? Because The Sun has a larger circulation than all the other daily papers combined.

It Is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

SPECIAL SALE —OF— Richmond and Crescent Ranges

Save money by buying nDining and Bed Room Furni- this month. Parlor, Kitchen, w. Bargains for everybody ture, Oil Cloths, Rugs and Carpets at reasonable terms.

PETER DAVEY 134 MARKET STREET

UNDERTAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

DAY AND NIGHT CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

HACKS FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS

TELEPHONE. Office and Store 79-2. Residence 81-3

TEETH

OUR RULE—PERFECT WORK, PAINLESS PROCESS, POPULAR PRICES.

Patrons ordering a SET OF BEST TEETH Will be given a Gold Crown or two Gold Fillings FREE.

GOLD CROWNS .....$3.00 to $5.00
GOLD FILLINGS $1.00
SILVER FILLINGS 50c

HOURS—8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS, Rooms 16-17-18-19 Runels Bldg., Lowell, Mass.

PROPOSALS

Sealed bids will be received by the Trustees of Public Cemeteries for erection of a barn and carriage sheds.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the superintendent's office at Edson cemetery.

Proposals must be at the office of the superintendent by 12 M. Tuesday, Oct. 21, 1903.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

A certified check for $50 must accompany each bid.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES Public Burial Grounds
CHAS. A. WOTTON, Supt.
Lowell, Mass., Oct. 17, 1903.

FOR 28 YEARS THE 7-20-4 has been the New England favorite 10c cigar. Competent judges say they are now better than ever.

LITTLE GOLD DUST as a 5c. cigar has a record that speaks for itself. For sale by all dealers.
R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N.H.

FORGER ESCAPED

A. F. Bell Jumped From Train Window

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—A. F. Bell, the confessed mail pouch robber and check forger, who was arrested in Denver, Col., escaped from a Pullman car today just before the train to which it was attached arrived at the Pennsylvania railroad station here.

Bell was in the custody of two United States deputy marshals and was on his way to the United States marshal's office in this city.

He made an excuse to go to the washroom and after locking himself in opened the window and made his escape.

The police officers were notified and they are now searching for him.

WRIGHT TRIAL

Jury Advised to Find True Bill

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Recorder, in charging the grand jury at the Old Biley today, advised finding a true bill against Whittaker Wright, the company promoter, who was extradited from New York, July 29, to answer charges growing out of the failure of the London & Globe finance corporation, limited.

Commenting on the "noble directorate," including the late Marquis of Dufferin, etc., associated with Wright, the recorder said he hoped the facts which had been disclosed would serve as a "solemn warning to persons of high position against lending their names to commercial enterprises of which they had no practical knowledge and in which they became the prey of wicked men who, by means of their names, victimized the public."

THROUGH BRIDGE

WASHINGTON TRAIN HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19—The Chesapeake & Ohio passenger train which left here at 11.22 o'clock last night for Cincinnati, met with a serious accident on the long bridge which spans the Potomac river and connects Washington with the Virginia shore. About one-third of a mile from the Washington end of the bridge is a draw 160 feet in length. Last night as the train was passing over this draw the northern half of it gave way and precipitated the tender and a dead baggage car immediately following it into the water. A huge girder which formed part of the draw fortunately jammed up against the mail car following the dead baggage car and helped to keep it and the remaining cars of the train from falling into the river. No one was killed, but the fireman received a severe gash in the face. The remaining cars of the train were sent back to the Penna railroad station in Washington.

MOSELY COMMISSION

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The Alfred Mosely commission of inquiry from Great Britain to investigate the educational methods of the United States has finished its labors in New York and the members have separated to meet in Washington Tuesday. President Roosevelt will receive the commission at a special function Wednesday.

PARKS CHEERED

BY THE UNION HE ONCE FOUGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Samuel J. Parks was received with cheers and hearty handshakes when he appeared at the meeting of the Central Federated union, yesterday, to appeal to the delegates to give him their moral support in the fight he says he is making for the general welfare of organized labor. No action was taken on his request, however.

For years, Parks has been fighting the Central Federated union, and has frequently characterized the delegates as a "bunch of barbers and buttonhole makers."

Peptiron Pills

(Chocolate-coated)

Strengthen the Nerves

Tone the Stomach

Feed the Brain

And cure nervousness, neuralgia, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, anemia, and that long train of aches and pains attending an overworked and underfed brain.

They are a happy combination of the best nerve tonics, digestives and brain and blood nutrients; are pleasant to take and readily assimilated.

Peptiron Pills, (chocolate-coated.) 50c. or $1 — the latter a full month's treatment. Prepared by C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

50c WALTHAM MAIN SPRINGS, Warranted
INGERSOLL WATCHES, ONLY 75c.
ALARM CLOCKS, ONLY 50c.
All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware at wholesale prices, must be sold.
WALTHAM WATCH REPAIRING CO.
195 Middlesex Street.

PETER J. BRADY
GROCER
Gorham and South Hi
CHOICE TEAS COFFEES and SPICES
Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold" and "Banquet."

CREATED A STIR

Rev. John Mullin After Liquor Dealers

RAPS IRISHMEN WHO ARE IN THE BUSINESS

He Spoke at Fr. Mathew Celebration

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—The Hibernian Total Abstinence association, an organization composed of members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and of the Ladies' Auxiliary of that body, observed the 113th anniversary of the birth of Rev. Theobald Mathew in Rathbone hall, 694 Washington street, yesterday. The gathering was a very large one.

Rev. Dr. John T. Mullen, spiritual director of the Catholic Total Abstinence union of Boston, created quite a stir in the audience when he drew attention to the few members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians present to do honor to Fr. Mathew as compared with the large number that attended the various events held to honor the memory of Robert Emmet.

In speaking thus he did not wish to detract from the greatness of Emmet, whose name is worthy of a prominent place in the history of Ireland. He felt that while Emmet was engaged in trying to sever the shackles of a despotic ruler, Fr. Mathew in his time was engaged in a work that meant the salvation of the Irish race from a more deadly power.

"The fact that men for whom Emmet died and Fr. Mathew labored," he said, "continue to have their names above stores where intoxicants are sold, shows that there is yet work to do."

Continuing, he said that every effort should be put forward against the efforts of those men who are posing as the leaders of Irish thought and the Irish people.

"That organizations such as the Hibernian Total Abstinence association will receive the co-operation of the Catholic church is shown through the formation of a temperance society to be composed exclusively of Catholic clergymen, including Archbishop Williams, who recently penned his name to the roll of membership in that organization."

Fr. Mullen felt that the time has arrived when Irishmen and Irish societies must cease to deny the existence of the evil of intemperance in Irish societies. He was of the opinion that the sore must be opened to allow it to heal properly, and the only way to do this was to continue on the same lines as laid down by the constitution of the Hibernian Total Abstinence association.

Others taking part in the exercises were Edward Slattery and James O'Sullivan of Lowell.

WIFE LEFT HIM

VETERAN OF 63 FIGHTS MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 19.—Married at 76, Wallace R. Mercer, who on June 6 led Mrs. Emma Thompson, a sprightly bride of 74, to the altar, now announces that she has left his bed and board at 236 Carpenter avenue, Mayfair and that hereafter he will pay no bills which she may incur.

Mr. Mercer is a battle-scarred veteran of the 40th Massachusetts regiment. He has figured in 63 fights and 46 skirmishes and was under fire 103 days and nights. Consequently, he says, he is quite undaunted by the fact that his wife has left him and taken about everything in the house in the way of furniture. He declares his intention of starting life anew, and this time undisturbed by any thoughts of the woman he has loved and lost, not for the first, but the second, time. Away back in the days when the present Mrs. Mercer was a shy young thing in pinafores, and young Mercer was tasting the joys of his first cigar, they loved each other in the pretty little town of Salem. Along came one Robert Thompson, who, after a six weeks' courtship, married the future Mrs. Mercer. Three years later Mercer married Miss Teresa Hopkins of Gloucester, Mass., with whom he lived up to the time of her death, a period of 42 years. They had children and grandchildren, as did Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, who lived in Salem, near enough for both couples to meet each other occasionally.

After the death of Mr. Mercer's wife and Mrs. Thompson's husband, the lonely old man and his former sweetheart exchanged confidences and condolences. Then they were married and came to Chicago. Now they have parted again. Mrs. Mercer is said to be living with her grandson, Albert Grim, at Barrington, and to have vowed that she never will return to her aged husband. She advances as her reason that he is too eccentric and his love for her not the right sort, according to her way of thinking.

From Late Editions Yesterday

THE IRISH LEAGUE

Adopts Resolutions Opposing Irish Emigration

That the United Irish League has outgrown its commodious quarters at Barristers' hall was well illustrated by last night's meeting at which standing room was at a premium. A committee was appointed to secure a larger hall. The following resolutions were adopted to be sent to the Dublin Freeman:

Whereas, the Irish land act, to take effect on November 1, will enable the Irish people to purchase the land on easy terms, thereby putting an end to a system of land tenure that set a premium upon thriftlessness by making the landlord in a great degree the beneficiary of the tenants' thrift and industry, and—

Whereas, for the past few years there has been a great scarcity of laborers in Ireland owing to the incessant stream of emigration to the United States and other lands, therefore,—

Resolved, that we appeal to the people of Ireland to stop this emigration craze and turn their attention to the acquisition of the land under the provisions of the new law, to the end that the farms may be made more productive by careful and systematic tillage, that the homes of the people may be improved, that new industries may be started, that the rich natural resources of the country may be developed, so that in the near future the young men and women of Ireland may find opportunities for profitable employment at home instead of taking the chances of bettering their condition in foreign lands—chances that often lead to the most bitter disappointment.

Resolved, that in view of the early achievement of legislative independence for Ireland, the young people of Ireland in leaving their native land at the present juncture, may be throwing away opportunities of sharing in the new era of prosperity that is sure to follow, while they may be accused of unfaithfulness to their country in quitting her shores when she needs their assistance in building up a new national life. It is a time when Irish emigration should cease and when the Irish exiles should return by thousands to assist in the work of Ireland's industrial, commercial and political regeneration.

A number of new members were admitted. The committee in charge of the sociable in A. O. H. hall Thursday evening reported their work complete. Stirring addresses were made by Richard Lyons and Michael Connolly. Dennis Brassell gave a recitation and patriotic songs were sung by James H. McCoy of North Chelmsford and Joseph Rayball. Miss Margaret McDonough gave a recitation and responded to an encore with a song that was well received.

FELL IN RIVER

John Sullivan's Dip Surprised Him

John Sullivan, whose home is in Charles street, got over the bay Saturday night and fell into the river. He wandered into an alley at the rear of Meagher's market at the corner of Bridge street and Lakeview avenue and he tumbled from the wall into the river. He cried for help and Jack Carney and Fred Lorrey went to his assistance. Sullivan was over his head when the young men reached him, but he was putting up a great struggle to keep his head above water. His rescuers pulled him ashore and turned him over to a police officer who took him to police station and gave him an opportunity to rest himself on a plank while his clothing underwent the drying process.

GOLF CONTEST

BETWEEN MERRIMACK VALLEY AND VESPER-COUNTRY CLUB.

A club match between the Merrimack Valley and Vesper-Country club was held at Tyngs Island, Saturday. Despite the fact that the grounds were wet, the rain was descending in torrents at times, and darkness set in the golfers were not phased in the least and finished the contest, covering themselves with glory and at the same time mud. The match eventually ended in a victory for the local team by a single point. At the conclusion of the game the visitors were treated in a most hospitable manner by the Vesper club. The score:

VESPERS.

J. G. Hill	0
A. D. Butterfield	0
F. E. Stewart	0
O. Hockmeyer	0
F. H. Grover	5
L. F. Sherman	0
C. F. Weston	0
R. F. Hemenway	0
A. H. Morton	0
M. Colline	5
C. H. Mathews	0
Joseph Smith	0
S. T. Whittier	0
J. W. Small	5
T. Nesmith	3
John Kerr	0
H. E. Shaw	0
C. E. Conkling	0
W. G. Hisell	1
O. L. Humphrey	1
A. M. Chadwick	10
Arthur Barker	1
J. W. Stickney	0
Leonard Hantress	7
Henry Wilder	5
Total	43

MERRIMACK VALLEY.

C. Wakefield	3
G. N. Norton	6
L. D. Norton	3
H. P. Lewis	2
N. R. Dow	0
J. T. Langin	0
M. Stuart	0
R. H. Sherman	8
R. T. Todd	0
A. W. Tobe	0
F. L. Leighton	0
M. Wishart	3
P. R. Clay	3
J. C. Brown	0
T. G. Carleton	0
D. M. Spencer	3
J. P. Sweeney	3
Charles Lanigan	0
Norman Lyons	0
T. P. Sullivan	0
J. C. Sanborn, Jr.	0
John Parker	0
J. J. Mahoney	0
Robert R. Morth	0
Arthur Sweeney	0
Total	15

SLUGGER FREE

Attleboro Girl is in a Serious Condition

By Associated Press to The Sun

ATTLEBORO, Oct. 19—The condition of Miss Margaret Burke, who was beaten by a highwayman late Saturday night, was last evening considered critical, and but faint hopes are entertained for her recovery.

Miss Burke had a slight rally early yesterday morning, and during the forenoon her condition appeared encouraging. About the middle of the afternoon, however, there was a marked change for the worse. Dr. F. X. Carr remains at the bedside of the injured girl and all possible is being done to save her life.

Her assailant is still at large and it is feared that his capture will be a difficult matter, as the officers have but a faint clew to work on. About all they are certain of is that the ruffian was a tall man and wore a light overcoat.

The assault took place at the corner of Union and School streets, not far from the girl's home. Miss Burke says that the man followed her some distance before dealing the blow.

The case was evidently a daring attack at highway robbery, for the girl carried a well-filled pocketbook. Her screams when she was first attacked undoubtedly aggravated the ruffian to deal the blows which may prove fatal.

Miss Burke is about 25 years of age and very popular with her associates. She is a regular attendant at St. John's Catholic church, where much sympathy was expressed at the services yesterday by the priests and people.

Deputy Sheriff Seth R. Briggs is at work on the case.

Not in a long time has Attleboro had such a brutal assault on a woman, and the citizens are deeply enraged over the affair.

MAN DECAPITATED

Head Found Three Feet Away From the Body

By Associated Press to The Sun

SCRANTON, PA., OCT. 19.—MELION BASSELEGO, AGED 55 YRS., A POLISH MINER, WAS DECAPITATED TODAY BY AN ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRE NEAR HIS HOME IN PECKVILLE. THE STORMS OF LAST WEEK WASHED THE EARTH FROM ABOUT A POLE AND CAUSED IT TO FALL. HE WAS HUNTING FOR A LOST COW AND ENCOUNTERED THE FALLEN WIRES. HE WAS SHOCKED INTO INSENSIBILITY AND FALLING WITH HIS NECK ACROSS ONE OF THE WIRES, WAS GRADUALLY DECAPITATED.

THE HEAD WAS FOUND THREE FEET FROM THE BODY, HAVING ROLLED DOWN A SLIGHT INCLINE.

DRUNKEN BRAWL

FALL RIVER MAN BADLY INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 19—John Lynch, 35, is at the City Hospital suffering from serious injuries on the head, and Mary Clegg, 45, is under arrest awaiting the outcome of his injuries. Late yesterday afternoon the police were notified that a fight was in progress at 155 Central street and that an ambulance was needed.

Upon their arrival Lynch was found lying on the floor in a pool of blood, with the woman close by. She was arrested and Lynch was carried to the hospital.

Investigation brought out a story from reluctant witnesses that Lynch and two women had been drinking together during the afternoon; that he quarrelled with the Clegg woman; that during their struggles they worked their way to the head of the stairway, broke through the railing and fell to the foot of the stairs, about 20 feet; that Lynch being unable to rise was then carried upstairs by people who had been attracted from the street by the noise.

The police do not believe this story and are making further investigation. At the hospital it was found that Lynch's scalp had been badly injured, his right ear torn, his skull possibly fractured.

CAUGHT ON TRESTLE

FOUR MEN WERE RUN DOWN AND KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Oct. 19.—Four men were run down and killed on the Mahoning Valley street railway lines last night. They were caught on a trestle between this city and Struthers.

$2,000,000 BOND

ALLAN McLANE RECEIVER FOR MARYLAND TRUST COMPANY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BALTIMORE, Oct. 19.—Allan McLane was today appointed receiver for the Maryland Trust company.

Mr. McLane gave a bond for $2,000,000.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented."
Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 597

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

If we lie, we contract debts that have to be met in future loss and unpleasantness. The publisher who lies about the circulation of his paper, not only injures himself, but attracts the average merchant to an atmosphere of injustice and falsehood.

GUTTED BY FIRE

Big Blaze in Temple Place, Boston

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Fire in the three-story wooden building, 57 to 61 Temple place, occupied by several firms, caused a loss of over $10,000 to the occupants early today. The fire is thought to have started in a rear room on the second floor, from a lighted gas jet. The fire department was some time in discovering the seat of the fire, and the flames had burst through the roof before they knew it. Most of the damage, however, was caused by smoke and water. After the fire, it was discovered that someone had broken into the barber shop of W. H. Baker, on the second floor, and had cleaned the place of razors and other articles. Whether this was accomplished before or after the fire is not known.

FOR SHAVING

The antiseptic, emollient, healing, cleansing and purifying properties, independent of its incomparable lather, render

CUTICURA SOAP

Vastly superior to all other shaving soaps for tender, irritated and humoury skins.

Green or Blue Discount Stamps Given on all Purchases

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GREEN OR BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS.

$5.00 worth stamps with 1 lb. 60c. Baking Powder.
$3.00 worth of stamps with 1 lb. 50. Tea.
$1.00 worth stamps with 1 lb. 20c. Coffee.
50c. worth stamps with 1 lb. 15c. Butterine.
50c. worth stamps with 1 pkg. Force.
20c. worth stamps with 1 pkg. Fredo.

Corned Beef	3c. to 6c. lb
Smoked Shoulder	9c. lb.
Best canned Tomatoes	3 for 25c.
Best canned Peas	3 for 25c.
Best Canned Corn	10c.
Best canned Pears	10c.
Challenge Milk	3 for 15c.
Mince Meat	5c pkg.

BEST GLOBE BUTTERINE.
15c. lb.; tubs from 11c. lb. up.

CHOICE LINE OF TEAS.

75c. Best Oolong	50c. lb
60c. Best Formosa-Oolong	30c., 4 lbs. $1.
80c. Golden Tips Assam	30c., 4 lbs. $1.
50c. English Breakfast	20c., 7 lbs. $1.

EX-CONVICT HELD

Suspected of Dynamite Outrages on Northern Pacific

By Associated Press to The Sun

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 19.—Isaac Gravelle has been brought here by the Northern Pacific detectives and lodged in jail on the charge of being connected with the dynamite outrages on the Northern Pacific. While a watchman was patrolling the track about 15 miles west of Helena he ran across a man digging a hole under the rails. On being detected the man ran away. Yesterday morning Captain Keowan and others took the trail of the man from the railroad and followed it 29 miles into the mountains and finally captured the man at his cabin. He was armed with a rifle and a revolver. He said his name was Plumley, but he proved to be an Isaac Gravelle, an ex-convict, released from the penitentiary in July. He is the person the detectives have been hunting for three weeks, his picture having been identified as that of the man who was seen at a haystack near Townsend where 50 pounds of dynamite was found in the haystack.

Supt. Boyle and Detective McFetridge are positive Gravelle is the ringleader of the outrages.

OTHER ROADS SUFFERED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 19—According to well authenticated reports the Northern Pacific railroad company is not alone in its troubles with the dynamiters, though it has so far been the only sufferer. For several days there have been a number of Great Northern secret service men in Helena and vicinity and it has developed that their mission is to try to locate the person who sent a letter and tried to levy blackmail. The letter was mailed at Cascade and demanded the payment of $15,000. The railroad company was commissioned to give signal if it acceded to the demand and was given until Tuesday, Oct. 20, to comply. If it did not comply then the amount of the blackmail would be raised to $20,000 and dynamite, the letter said, would be used on the rails.

WORK RESUMED

IN STAFFORD MILLS IN FALL RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 19.—After three months of idleness operations were resumed at the Stafford mills this morning, every branch of the factory being started up with a full complement of help, many of whom had been out of work for weeks. The idleness at the Stafford was due to the fact that during the summer a new steam making plant was installed. The mill is now equipped with one of the most elaborate and perfect boiler and engine rooms. The machinery throughout the mills has been overhauled and put in perfect condition.

Ask for ROMOC LAXATIVE TABLETS—SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION.

We have investigated Romoc. We know that all that is said by the Romoc men pertaining to this wonderful remedy is true, and we will refund to anyone the price of the remedy not satisfied with the results obtained. Remember, Romoc is guaranteed and sold by

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Merrimack Street; LOWELL PHARMACY, Merrimack Street; C. E. CARTER, Branch and Smith Streets and Westford and Pine Streets; A. F. STORY & CO., Davis Square.

DR. LOUGEST

Has Had More Experience in the Treatment, and Made More Great Cures of Difficult, Protracted and Chronic Diseases and Weaknesses of Men Than Any Other Living Specialist

Dr. Lougest's treatment has been tested on more than twenty thousand (20,000) young, middle-aged and old men, who, as the results of errors or excesses, were tortured by the woes of nervous debility or decay. It has never yet failed, even in the worst cases, to bring back manly power, remove every trace or symptom of weakness, build up the physical and mental health, and prepare man anew for the duties and pleasures of both married and single life.

Lost manhood, seminal weakness, effects of youthful indiscretions, nervous debility, pimples and blotches, hair falling out, loss of memory and energy, impotence, rheumatic pains, discharges and all private diseases quickly and permanently cured by an original and never-failing treatment. Blood poison, ulcers, stricture, varicocele and diseases of the kidneys, bladder and blood cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Dr. Lougest's treatment for the complete cure of stricture and all unnatural discharges is the most wonderful of modern times. No matter how long the discharge has continued nor how many self-styled specialists have failed to relieve, let alone cure, Dr. Lougest will positively guarantee to stop the discharge entirely within (3) three days by means of his New Method Treatment. This treatment removes stricture, positively without pain, detention from business or the use of obnoxious or injurious medicines. No Experiment! No Failure! Nine-tenths of all the long standing discharges, strictures and weaknesses of men are caused by the experiments of the many inexperienced and self-styled specialists of the present day.

Many a man who has been fooled by the "Pay When Cured" racket, knows that it is the last and only resort of a dying-out pretenders to get a patient into his clutches. Beware of such schemes. Don't be deceived by misleading statements such as these seemingly charitable offers.

Don't entrust your lives to anyone not qualified by years of experience to treat you. Don't even step your foot across the threshold of an office run by inexperienced, irresponsible illiterate pretenders. You had better save your money and let the disease take its own course than be practised and experimented upon and in the end lose both your money and life.

Dr. Lougest's offices occupy the entire building of five floors at 313 Columbus avenue, and they are supplied with every known means and device that science, skill, knowledge and money can provide that will aid in determining the exact location and nature of these diseases and effecting their cure promptly and thoroughly, and by the same sure methods as are used in the most celebrated Paris hospitals, which invariably result in

ABSOLUTE CERTAINTY OF CURE

Consultation Free

either by mail or at Dr. Lougest's office, also a free examination, if needed, with the X-Ray light. If unable to call, write for Dr. Lougest's Book, "Diseases and Weaknesses of Men." Rates for treatment are reasonable. A binding guarantee given with every case accepted for a cure.

All dealings with patients are

STRICTLY PRIVATE

A Cure Guaranteed in All Curable Cases or Money Refunded.

Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays included. Remember the number, 313 Columbus avenue

313 Dr. LOUGEST Columbus Ave., BOSTON, MASS. 313
Near Back Bay Sta.

Nicholas G. Norcross
INSURANCE
53 CENTRAL STREET. LOWELL

FROM YESTERDAY'S LATE EDITIONS

SERIOUS CHARGE

Democrats Claim Illegal Registration of Republicans

COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING PETITION, WHICH IS SELF-EXPLANATORY, HAVE BEEN SENT TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF REGISTRARS, BY THOMAS F. QUINN, CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE AND FRANK McMAHON, DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISOR OF REGISTRATION:

LOWELL, MASS., OCT. 19, 1903.

JOHN P. FARLEY, ESQ.,
CHAIRMAN BOARD OF REGISTRARS, LOWELL, MASS.

I, AS DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISOR OF REGISTRARS OF LOWELL, MOST RESPECTFULLY PETITION YOUR HONORABLE BOARD TO STRIKE OUT FROM YOUR CHECK-LISTS OF 1903 THE HEREWITH LISTS OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES THAT YOU HAVE REGISTERED AS VOTERS OF LOWELL FOR 1903, THAT HAVE RESIDED IN DIFFERENT STATES THAN MASSACHUSETTS, ON MAY 1, 1902, WHICH I BELIEVE ARE ILLEGALLY REGISTERED.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,
FRANK McMAHON,
DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISOR OF REGISTRATION.
(PER CALLAHAN.)

Paul Hill, 228 Worthen street; residence, May 1, 1902, Vermont.

Joseph Walker, 260 Appleton street; residence, May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Frank A. Walker, 264 Appleton street, residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Charles A. Hooper, 9 Sawtelle place; residence, May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Levi A. Parks, 38 Chelmsford street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Charles P. Hopkins, 10 Grove street, residence, May 1, 1902, Maine.

Wales A. May, 638 Broadway street; residence May 1, 1902, Vermont.

Allen S. Marsden, 86 Coburn street; residence May 1, 1902, Pennsylvania.

Isaiah Wagner, 38 Fremont street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

John B. Harley, 103 Beech street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Myron P. Ober, 48 May street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

David Kinghorn, 33 Old Meadow road; residence May 1, 1902, Pennsylvania.

Henry W. F. Dunklee, 190 Pawtucket street; residence May 1, 1902, Vermont.

William F. Lucas, 103 Hall street; residence May 1, 1902, Manila.

William H. Darnell, 26 Varney street; on list of 1903.

William H. Darnell, 26 Varney street; registered Oct. 12, 1903. (Look this up; I believe it is the same man).

William E. Bagshaw, 120 Middlesex street; residence May 1, 1902, Rhode Island.

Walter S. Jewett, 523 Westford street; residence May 1, 1902, New York.

HE WILL RECOVER

James P. Walsh Not Internally Injured

The many friends of James P. Walsh an account of whose misfortune appeared in The Sun recently, will be pleased to learn that he is on the road to recovery and there is no longer any fear as to the outcome of his injuries. At first it was feared that he had been injured internally, but such happily is not the case, and while it will be a long time before he will be able to leave the hospital he will intimately be around again. One of his legs is broken in three places and his shoulder and wrist broken.

PAY YOUR TAXES

Interest Starts If Not Paid Tomorrow

The city treasurer's office was crowded this afternoon with tax payers rushing with their bills at the 11th hour, for interest goes on after tomorrow.

Officer "Tom" Sanborn was on duty at the door of the city treasurer's office all day and kept the crowd in line. There was a steady stream of people up to closing time.

REV. FR. RONAN

RECEIVED THE PAPAL BLESSING FOR HIS CONGREGATION.

High mass at St. Peter's church yesterday was celebrated by Rev. Daniel J. Heffernan and the sermon, an eloquent effort, was preached by Rev. Wm. H. Grant. The reverend preacher took for his subject the opening lines of the apostles' creed, "I believe in God, etc.," and treated his subject in a scholarly manner.

Prior to the sermon Rev. Michael Ronan, the rector of the parish, read the announcements of the week. He further stated that it was just four months ago yesterday that he, with a party of Americans, knelt at the feet of the late holy father, Leo XIII and received his blessing. It was the last party of Americans that saw the late pontiff before he passed away.

After a brief conversation with the venerable pontiff in which he spoke of his great love for the church in America, Rev. Fr. Ronan obtained the privilege of bestowing the papal blessing on his congregation which will be done next Sunday at the high mass. Fr. Ronan will also preach, commenting on the impressions made on him during his stay in Rome.

DEATHS

CLANCY—Rose L. Clancy, aged 3 months, child of William and Mary E., died this morning at the home of her parents, 5 Lane's court, off Liberty street.

HODSON—Died at Chelmsford, yesterday, Henry R. Hodson, aged 56 yrs, 6 mos. and 12 days. He leaves besides his widow, three sons and two brothers.

HARTON—Carrie Harton, aged 32 years, died yesterday at her home, 3 Davidson street. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, Frederick.

Mr. J. N. Carter of California, formerly of this city is here on his annual visit to old friends. He still prospers.

STOLE TIME CHECK

Timothy Ryan Was Too Good to His Friend

Timothy Ryan called at the police station this afternoon and asked the police to assist him in locating one Mr. O'Mally whom Timothy had wined and dined, and who, just to show his appreciation of Timothy's hospitality, stole his pocketbook containing his time check. Timothy had signed the check in the morning and O'Mally succeeded in passing it all right.

Ryan is employed on the Merrimack corporation. He also lost his hat but he does not charge O'Mally with stealing it. Timothy was pretty well over the bay when he called at the police station and he stated that he was especially mad at O'Mally because, he said he had used him so well. The police will hunt O'Mally up.

REV. JOAQUIN V. ROSA

WILL BE GIVEN RECEPTION WHEN HE RETURNS.

The arrangements for the reception to Rev. Joaquin V. Rosa, the popular pastor of St. Anthony's (Portuguese) church, now in the Azores and Portugal for the benefit of his health, upon his return are well under way, and a successful event is assured.

Rev. Fr. Rosa is expected in Lowell the latter part of the month and the various committees are hustling to make the affair a success, one worthy of the popular clergyman.

During the absence of Fr. Rosa the parish is under the care of Rev. Fr. Ferreira.

FUNERALS

GILBERT—The funeral of Wolford N. Gilbert took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock at his home, 98 Andrews street. Rev. G. F. Kenngott was the officiating clergyman and there was singing by Miss Spofford. The bearers were members of Post 185 G. A. R., and the post conducted their burial service. Undertaker Young had charge of the funeral arrangements and burial was in the Edson cemetery.

CHIKLOUK—The funeral of Miss Apanlina Chiklouk took place Saturday afternoon from her home, 41 Emery street. A libera was sung at St. Jean Baptiste church. The bearers were John and Andrew Chiklouk and Frank and Edward Chiklouk. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

PAVING CENTRAL STREET.

The work of paving Central street from Hosford Square to Davis Corner with tar macadam is being pushed along rapidly. The preliminary work of repairing gas mains, straightening curbings, and removing objectionable and useless poles and posts has been completed and all that remains to be done is to lay the paving.

CHELMSFORD

Since Sept. 14, three deaths from accidental causes have occurred in the town. On that date Alfred Clarke was drowned in River Meadow Brook. On Oct. 6, Leon Holt was accidentally choked, while the tragic fate of Henry R. Hodson on Saturday is reported in another column.

The Harvest concert of the Unitarian Sunday school was given in the auditorium yesterday morning, and was a grand success. The church was prettily decorated with autumn foliage, fruits, flowers, etc. Supt. William H. Hall conducted the service and Miss Emma L. Parkhurst was organist. The program included: Readings by Alfred Howard, William Adams, Miss M. Florence Perham, Richard Davis; recitations, Marjorie Armstrong, Della Parkhurst, Harry Parkhurst, Dorothy Hall, Homer Sweetsir, Leora Chandler, Ervin Hunt, Charlie Douglass, Paul Chandler, Blanche Spaulding; dialogue, Ethel Parker, Nellie Redman, Alice Barton, Helen Knowlton, Helen Lord, Marion Adams; dialogue, Elmer Hill, Frank Batchelder, Minot Sword, John Dix, Raymond Chandler, Sidney Perham; anthem, the choir; vocal quartette, Mrs. Arthur M. Warren, Mrs. W. A. Parkhurst, Mrs. I. H. Knight, Mrs. C. E. Bartlett, song, Marjorie Armstrong, Ruth Packard, Miriam Warren, Rachel Fletcher; male quartette, James C. Byam, Harry L. Parkhurst, W. C. Ward, G. T. Parkhurst; song, Miss Parkhurst's class; song, school. Appropriate remarks to the school were made by the pastor.

CITY HALL NOTES

MEETINGS SCHEDULED FOR THIS WEEK.

The wire committee is scheduled for a thrice postponed meeting at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The aldermen will meet in adjourned, and the council in regular session tomorrow evening.

The soldiers' monument committee will meet on Thursday evening.

BIG INCREASE

IN MEMBERSHIP OF LADIES' AUXILIARY, A. O. H.

A net increase of 2000 members was reported at the meeting of the State officers of the ladies' auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, held in the United States hotel, Boston, yesterday.

The gathering was presided over by Miss Katherine E. Sheridan, State president, who has just arrived from Ireland, where she had spent nearly all summer.

The principal business before the meeting was making arrangements for the coming State convention at Holyoke, and taking action on various amendments to the constitution.

Previous to hearing the reports of the officers, Miss Sheridan, Miss Ellen M. Hayes, state vice president, of Abington and Mrs. D. C. Finley, State secretary, and Mrs. Mary McCarthy, State treasurer, were empowered to cooperate with the county officers of Hampden and Hampshire county board to make arrangements to hold the convention of the ladies' auxiliary the same week the convention of the A. O. H. is being held.

According to the reports of the officers, the membership in the 131 auxiliaries in the state is close to 12,000, with five new auxiliaries.

MACHINISTS' SMOKE TALK.

The local machinists will hold a smoke talk at their quarters in Ray State hall, Wednesday evening. The organization is very strong at present, and it is expected that the craft will be largely represented at Wednesday night's affair.

HALF PINT OF WHISKEY.

Officers Brown and Grady caught William Rivers in the act of selling whiskey from a half pint bottle at 9 Malden Lane this afternoon. Rivers was locked up.

Superintendent Thomas Lees of the Boston and Northern Street Railway represented that company at a special meeting of a committee of the Nashua city council appointed to secure a system of transfer checks on the Boston & Northern and the Hudson, Pelham and Salem Electric lines.

A party took place on Saturday afternoon at 11 Marlboro street, when Master Wallace Pardee invited a number of his playmates to celebrate with him his seventh birthday. It was a joyous affair.

$30,000 SUIT

ENTERED AGAINST WORCESTER & SOUTHBRIDGE STREET RAILWAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 19—An attachment for $30,000 was made against the Worcester & Southbridge Street Railway company today, a firm of Boston attorneys having filed papers in the Supreme court in behalf of Augusta E. Corbin of Webster.

The attachment was filed to recover on a note against the company which is held by the Corbin estate.

W. A. Falky, F. T. Perry, George W. Wells and Fred Thayer were named as the defendants in the papers filed today.

FACTORY WILL RUN

ABANDONED SHOE WILL BE USED AGAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MARLBORO, Mass., Oct. 19—The abandoned Boyd & Carey shoe factory here, one of the largest buildings in the state, has been purchased by the Rice & Hutchins shoe company, and the manufacture of shoes will be resumed in the old plant after an idleness of five years.

In announcing the purchase, the Rice & Hutchins company state that it is their intention to largely increase the output of their factories in this city during the coming year.

The operation of this factory will mean an increase of 15 per cent. in the number of men employed by the firm.

MISS DEVENS MARRIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LENOX, Mass., Oct. 19—At noon today, in Trinity church, Miss Frances F. Devens, of New York, became the bride of Captain Charles H. Vosburgh-Ramsbury, Royal Engineers, British army. Rev. Arnold Arrowsmith, rector of the church, performed the ceremony.

Karo CORN SYRUP
The new table delicacy that everybody loves. A wholesome, clean, pure syrup, good for every home use. Sold in air-tight tins which keep its goodness free from dirt and dust, so common with common syrup. 10c, 20c and 50c. At grocers.
CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 378 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

FATALLY SHOT

Man Killed While Hunting for Crows

By Associated Press to The Sun

EXETER, N. H., Oct. 19—Word was received here today of a shooting fatality which occurred at Kensington, a small town several miles from here, late yesterday, the victim being Irvin A. Kimball, of Newton.

Kimball, in company with Joseph Osgood, of Amesbury, Mass., was visiting relatives in Kensington and the two men went out to hunt for crows yesterday afternoon. About dusk they started a flock of the birds and fired at them. Both re-loaded their weapons, when Osgood's was suddenly discharged, its entire contents entering Kimballs' leg. Both men fainted, but Osgood soon recovered, and carried his companion to the nearest farm house, three quarters of a mile away.

It was impossible to secure medical aid promptly and three hours after the accident Kimball died.

Since Kimball's death, Osgood has been in a comatose condition and it is feared his brain has been seriously affected by the shock. The affair is regarded as purely accidental, and the authorities have not been notified.

Kimball was a clerk at a market in Haverhill, Mass. He was 37 years of age and leaves a father, mother, four sisters and two brothers.

FORGERY CHARGE

Bank Cashier is Under Arrest

By Associated Press to The Sun

PRINCETON, Wis., Oct. 19—J. E. Leimer, cashier of the Princeton state bank, has been arrested charged with forgery. State Bank Examiner Bergh states that Leimer had confessed that his forgeries amount to $69,000.

The Princeton state bank is closed and the officers of the Montello state bank, of which Leimer is vice-president, have been ordered by the state officials not to open its doors for business today.

Speculation in grain, Leimer claims was the cause. Leimer came here as cashier of the Princeton bank eight years ago and the examiners believe that the alleged forgeries have covered a period of six years. It is believed that the depositors will be paid in full with money now on hand.

BANKERS ARRIVING

FOR THE ANNUAL CONVENTION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The delegates to the 29th annual convention of the bankers' association are beginning to arrive, and it is estimated that by Tuesday evening 2000 bankers and their guests will be here. The special car, George C. Boggs, treasurer of the Rock Island, carrying a party of New York bankers arrived last night.

The trust company of the association will meet Tuesday morning and the savings bank section in the afternoon.

Wednesday the regular session of the convention will begin. The delegates will be welcomed by Gov. Pardee, Mayor Schmidtz and James D. Phelan, the last named representing the financial interests of the city.

On Friday, the closing day, Ellis H. Roberts, treasurer of the United States, will read a paper on "Effect of the Inflow of Gold."

FIELD CASE

WILL BE RE-OPENED BY THE PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19—President Roosevelt, at the request of Senator Proctor, has decided to investigate further the case of U. S. Marshal Field of Vermont, who was removed because of the escape of two Chinamen who were in the custody of one of Marshal Field's deputies.

SAW MILL BURNED

IT IS SAID THE LOSS WILL BE $[illegible],000.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BARTHURST, N. B., Oct. 19—It was learned here today that the large saw mill owned by John Albertson of this place, at Burnsville Corner, together with a million feet of lumber, was burned yesterday.

The loss is $20,000, with $3,000 insurance on the building.

The mill was run by water power and gave employment to a large number of men.

The First Pill
the biggest seller in the world! Why? Because the best to cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache and all troubles from Disordered Stomach is
Beecham's Pills
Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c

A MEETING OF TWO LADIES

"Why, how do you do, Miss Robst I am awfully glad to see you, dear. Are you well? I am glad of that. O, say, is that the dress you were telling me about the last time I saw you?"

"Yes, how do you like it?"

"O, it's just too nice for anything. It fits awfully good. Who made it for you?"

"Why, don't you know E. man Snyder, the famous New York ladies' tailor, is here now and makes all my clothes. His place is

90 CHELMSFORD STREET

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

A BOLD ROBBERY

Money Taken From a Postmaster

By Associated Press to The Sun

PARRSBORO, N. S., Oct. 19.—The government detectives are investigating a $2700 robbery reported by the postmaster at Port Greville. That official states that while carrying the money from his postoffice, which is not equipped with a safe, to his home, an unknown man snatched the package from his hand and escaped. The money was sent from the Union bank here to the Colonial Copper company at Cape d'Or, to meet the wages due the employes. Owing to a train being delayed, the mails were held up here. The postmaster was taking the money to his home for safe keeping, and was holding it by means of the twine around the package when it was seized by the thief.

CHARGES PREFERRED

AGAINST AGENT OF BLACK FOOT RESERVATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Oct. 19.—As a result of the massacre of seven Indians on the Black Foot reservation, a week ago, by Little Plume, Miss Helen P. Clark, former county superintendent of schools for Lewis and Clark county, has preferred charges of mal-administration against Major J. H. Monteath, agent of the Black Foot (Piegan) reservation.

Miss Clarke is a daughter of Malcolm Clarke, the pioneer friend of the Piegans, who married one of the tribe and was later murdered.

Miss Clarke, in affidavits, charges that gambling is common. Miss Clarke attributes the recent massacre to Little Plume being crazed by liquor.

MILLS DESTROYED

BIG FIRE IN GREENPOINT SECTION OF BROOKLYN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Fire early today in the Greenpoint section of Brooklyn destroyed several large planing mills, lumber yards and cooperage shops and caused a loss estimated at more than $200,000. Vogel & Keiges suffered the heaviest loss.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS
The Bitters will put the system in such good condition that disease cannot obtain a foothold. It will purify the blood, restore the appetite and cure Insomnia, Heartburn, Sick Headache Indigestion, Dyspepsia, or Kidney Ailments.
Be sure to try it.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENTS...
on sale at the drawing school
—BY—
W. T. S. BARTLETT,
653-659 MERRIMACK ST.
The Uptown Hardware Store.

The Good Old Summer
time is almost in and we must turn our attention to the Fall and Winter Clothing, and the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
is the place to bring ladies or gents' clothing, where the work of dyeing or cleaning or pressing is done at the lowest prices consistent with first-class work. The more time we have the better job we can do, so get your goods in now before the rush. Remember the place,
BAY STATE DYE WORKS
54 Prescott Street.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counsellor-at-Law
And Public Administrator.
257 Central Street, Telephone 699-4.

BURGLAR CHASE

Deputies Hot on the Trail

By Associated Press to The Sun

NORTH ANSON, Maine, Oct. 19.—Just when the officers were about to capture the two Norridgewock burglars they learned the men had been given two days' food and instructions that would carry them on their way toward Canada.

The deputies with a dozen men last night went into the woods beside Mt. Bigelow where the men at 4 o'clock built a fire to dry their clothing, and found they had disappeared. The officers have been instructed by Sheriff Lang to arrest the man who rendered the assistance and hold him as an accomplice. Messengers were sent today into the numerous lumber and sporting camps around Eustis, and it was believed the burglars were in closer quarters than at any time in the chase. They must obtain more food, and after passing Eustis will be obliged to follow the Canadian road closely in order to proceed north. The burglars had revolvers and belts of cartridges when last seen. Later it was reported they were seen today six miles above Eustis.

POLICE CALLED

DISTURBANCE AT N. Y. BUILDING LOAN BANKING CO.'S MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Stockholders of the New York Building Loan Banking Co., for which Charles M. Preston is temporary receiver, attended the meeting called at the offices of the company today to vote a stock assessment of 20 per cent. Only 200 of the 400 or 500 present could get into the room where the meeting was held. Those who did get in made such an uproar that one of the stockholders, a policeman, telephoned the West 30th street station for the reserves.

When Lawyer James P. Eustis tried to explain the purpose of the call, the Protective League of Boston representing 3,000 stockholders took command of the meeting and passed resolutions declaring the call in contempt of court, a violation of the injunction of September 12, charging gross mismanagement by the officers and directors, demanding their resignation and denouncing the state banking authorities for "allowing an insolvent banking concern to continue to do business for years."

A resolution was also adopted requesting that the appointment of Charles M. Preston as temporary receiver be made permanent.

SEARCH FOR WOMAN

POLICE RESERVES OF BROOKLYN ARE OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—All the police reserves of Brooklyn were last night searching the swamps and fields around Bath Beach for Antoinette Dellamota, a young Italian woman, who fired two shots at Mrs. Elizabeth Marvin, both of which took effect in the lower part of her body. Mrs. Marvin was taken to the Norwegian hospital in a critical condition. Two months ago Mr. Marvin had dispossessed the Dellamota woman from a flat he owned and the Italian believed Mrs. Marvin was responsible for it.

Packer's Tar Soap
For toilet and bath.
Pure as the Pines.

CARTER'S Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICED DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

Don't Delay
But have YOUR EYES EXAMINED today by
Optician George C. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET,
Up One Flight

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Opens Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1903.
Courses in Cotton and Wool Manufacturing.
Chemistry and Dyeing.
Weaving.
Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
Decorative Art and Designing. Special class for women.
Languages.
Special Day Course in Decorative Art.
While the Decorative Art course is mainly preparatory to textile design, it also prepares for any branch of Decorative Art, such as wall paper, book illustration, lithography, interior decoration, stained glass, etc., etc., and for pictorial art in water and oil. The facilities now offered permit of thorough instruction in these specialties. The classes are open to ladies and gentlemen in connection with textile design or otherwise and have been specially popular with ladies. Pupil's can enter at any time. Instruction from 9 to 4 P. M. except Saturday and Wednesday afternoons.
Evening Classes Open October 19.
Courses in Cotton Spinning.
Woolen and Worsted Spinning.
Designing.
Chemistry and Dyeing.
Warp Preparation and Weaving.
Mechanical Engineering.
The certificate of the school will be awarded to all who successfully complete either of the courses. Graduates of other schools will be admitted without examinations.
For all others who have not previously attended the Lowell Textile school examinations will be held in the subjects of Arithmetic and English at the school on
Monday, October 19, 1903, at 7 O'clock, P. M.
The evening courses will be free to residents of the city of Lowell. To all others the fee will be $2.50 per term or $5 per year. Application for admission or catalogue may be made by postal card addressed to the principal, W. W. CROSBY, S. B., Lowell, Mass.

BODY RECOVERED

Mystery Surrounds the Death of Physician

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19—The disappearance of a woman doctor, Miss Hickman, which has been a sensation here for the past two months, has been partially cleared by the finding of her body in an unfrequented part of Richmond park.

Miss Hickman, who was a fully qualified doctor of medicine, was performing her duties at the Royal Free hospital the afternoon of Aug. 15, when she left the hospital. Since that time the police of the whole country have unavailingly searched for her. She was a healthy woman, 29 years of age, and took nothing with her except a few pounds sterling in cash. The reason for her disappearance is a complete mystery.

Owing to the decomposition of the body and the fact that it was badly gnawed by rats, the remains were only identified by means of a medal which Miss Hickman won in a swimming competition and by her ambulance cross.

HANGED HIMSELF

MAN WAS ARRESTED ON SUSPICION OF MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—It is believed by the police that the mystery of the murder of Mrs. Kate Lauman, whose dead body was found lying by the roadside near Normandy, Thursday, has been partially solved through the suicide yesterday of John Williams, a negro, arrested late last night as a suspect.

Williams hanged himself in his cell during the excitement caused by a small fire. Williams believed, it is thought, that a mob was approaching the jail to lynch him.

PAINTERS DISTRIBUTE LABELS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Oct. 19.—Twenty-two locals of Boston and vicinity were represented here today at the convention of Massachusetts district council 25, Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers of America. John F. O'Neil of Boston presided. Several sets of labels were issued to painters in Chelsea, Lawrence and Boston, and it was stated that in the near future labels will be required on all painting done by strictly local men.

Saves Two From Death.
"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, druggist. Trial bottles free.

J. F. ROGERS
UNDERTAKER
OFFICE—316 Central street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Dr. Emmons'
Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., 179 Tremont St., Boston.

We are agents for
H. W. JOHN'S
Asbestos
Pipe Covering
It comes in three-foot sections, and is easily applied.
(Prices on application)
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 Market Street

PORTABLE GAS LAMPS
We have just opened a very attractive lot of Portable Gas Lamps. They're beauties every one and the assortment is quite varied.
Bartlett & Dow,
216 Central St.

FIVE KILLED

Bad Train Wreck Near Keysville, Va.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19—A telegram was received at the headquarters of the Southern Railway company in this city today stating that a passenger train and a mixed train had collided at Keysville, Va., at 6.15 o'clock this morning.

Conductor Atwell, Flagman Dillon and Fireman Daniel Parchon were killed, as was also one railway mail clerk.

One negro passenger suffered a broken arm and was badly cut about the face; C. D. Farmer, engineer of the passenger train, had his ankle broken and was badly bruised; Fireman Jackson of the same train was severely cut about the head; Engineer J. D. Tyler, who was a passenger on the mixed train, was severely bruised.

The telegram stated that physicians had been sent to the scene.

BOLD BURGLARY

MONEY, BANK BOOK AND DEEDS STOLEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19—A mysterious robbery is puzzling the Winchester police, and the authorities of other nearby places are doing their prettiest to assist in discovering who robbed the home of Miss Mary F. Smith on Ridge street in Winchester, Saturday night. Miss Smith lives alone in a sparsely settled place. She is 75 years old and very deaf.

Sometimes her brother, also old, calls of an evening and often passes the night there. Saturday evening the brother and sister were sitting in the sitting room till about 10 o'clock, when Miss Smith went up stairs to her room.

To her amazement the articles in the chamber had been turned topsy turvey. Burnt matches littered the floor. A bank book on the Arlington Savings bank, showing a deposit of $130, was missing. Two deeds were also gone from their accustomed hiding place. A ring, a breast pin and two pocketbooks could not be accounted for, and it is supposed they were taken. An envelop containing a sum of money was overlooked by the intruder. The house was ransacked while the Smiths were sitting together, presumably about 10 o'clock. The man or men responsible for the robbery, entered by a bulkhead. The case was not reported till yesterday morning and the police have but a slight clew.

NOT FORGOTTEN

TRIBUTE TO MEMORY OF CAPT. ADAMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Though dead, Captain J. G. B. Adams, for many years sergeant-at-arms at the State House, is not forgotten, for this afternoon a further tribute to his memory was placed on his grave in Lynn by those who were intimately associated with him on Beacon Hill. Captain "Jack", as he was known far and wide, was formerly commander of state G. A. R. He died on October 19, 1900.

At noon today Captain David T. Remington, doorkeeper of the senate, with all the messengers and pages of the upper branch of the state legislature, went to Lynn. With the delegates today was Captain Waldron of the house, who had been invited to make a short address. The party took with them a magnificent wreath of palms, autumn leaves, ferns and white roses, which was placed on the grave. Attached to the wreaths is a streamer of white satin, on which are inscribed the words: "Not Forgotten, Captain."

DAUGHTERS OF REBEKAH.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 19—The tenth annual meeting of the Grand Assembly of the Maine Daughters of Rebekah, opens this evening at 6 o'clock, when officers will be elected and business transacted.

This afternoon at a special meeting of a local lodge the degree staff of Aurora lodge of Belfast exemplified the Rebekah degree.

The visiting delegates were entertained by local Rebekahs until the opening of the grand assembly.

The past grand representatives association composed of former representatives to the sovereign grand lodge will have a banquet this evening.

The grand lodge will meet tomorrow and the grand encampment Wednesday.

MARY CLEGG HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 19—Mary Clegg was held for trial in the District court this morning on a charge of assault on John Lynch, who is at the City hospital. The affair was the result of a drunken row yesterday and no serious results are anticipated for the victim.

DIED SUDDENLY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 19.—Information has been received from the Cuivre Shooting club in St. Charles county, of the sudden death of Councilman I. W. Morton. Mr. Morton was a director of the world's fair and chairman of the committee on fine arts.

BISHOP VERNIER ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Bishop Paul Lois Vernier of Tahiti has arrived here on his way to Paris where he will spend a vacation of six months before returning to his island home.

Bishop Vernier is the French representative of the Calvinistic church in Tahiti and that part of the south seas. He has religious jurisdiction over 125 islands of the Society group. It is said that he is likely to be appointed French governor of the islands upon the first change in the political situation.

RECEIVED BY KING

ALASKAN BOUNDARY TRIBUNAL GIVEN AN AUDIENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19—After a brief secret session this morning the Alaskan boundary commissioners drove to Buckingham palace, where they were received by King Edward. Ambassador Choate accompanied the United States commissioners and introduced them to the king, who had previously been informed of the terms of the agreement reached by the tribunal.

$59,000 GONE

CHURCH FUNDS TAKEN BY FORMER TREASURER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Rev. John B. Peters of St. Michael's Episcopal church announces that the defalcation of church funds by Henry T. Edson, treasurer of the parish, who several months ago killed Mrs. Fanny Pullen and committed suicide amounted to $59,000. Of this amount $10,000, the rector stated, had been returned to the church by the wife of Mr. Edson in making over to the church two life insurance policies. A part of the remainder will fall upon a bank through its liability in connection with the forgeries.

MARRIED AGAIN

BECAUSE THE FIRST MARRIAGE WAS NOT RECORDED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Although they were lawfully married by a priest 21 years ago in Newark, and have raised a large family, Cesare Pinzelli, a prosperous fruit dealer, and his wife have found it necessary to re-marry. The second ceremony was made necessary by failure to have the old marriage duly recorded in the office of the clerk. There was, consequently, a lack of evidence demanded by the Italian government before a legacy of $5,000 can be paid to a daughter of the couple.

NEW RECRUITS

WILL BE KEPT FROM THE OLDER BOYS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 19—One hundred and ninety-nine naval apprentices were sent from the naval training station this morning to Portsmouth, N. H., where they will be assigned to the training ship Monongahela under repairs there.

The draft left Newport at 9 a. m., and are expected to arrive at their destination at 3 p. m.

They are in special cars and are in charge of Gunner Phillips.

This leaves only about 200 boys at the station and these will be sent to the Alliance in a week or two, then recruiting of apprentices will be resumed, but hereafter new recruits will be kept from the older boys that they may not infect the whole station with disease as before.

CREW ESCAPED

GAINED THE SHORE OVER THE MAIN BOOM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PORTLAND, Maine, Oct. 19.—The unknown schooner reported last night as wrecked on the southwesterly side of Burnt island, was the Post Boy, Captain D. S. Nickerson, with hard coal for Bangor from Port Johnson, N. Y. The vessel swung around so that the entire crew escaped to shore over the main boom before they were reached by the life-savers. She broke up within an hour. The Post Boy was built at Bucksport, Maine, in 1872, was of 171 gross tonnage, 103 feet long, 27 feet broad, and 8 feet deep.

The schooner Maud Snare, wrecked on Hart Island off Port Clyde, is breaking up. The woman who escaped with the crew was the mate's wife.

ANOTHER ARREST

IN CONNECTION WITH THE BOSTON MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19—Investigation today by the police into the death of Alberto Melene, who was shot and instantly killed at a party here last night, led to the arrest of Domenico Elito, an Italian who lived in the house where the party was held.

Both Rasario Bertano, who was arrested last night, charged with the crime, and Elito deny having committed the crime.

The police do not expect to have the case ready for court proceedings before tomorrow.

VERMONT BUTTERINE

1 lb. best, 15c; 10 lbs. best, $1.50; 10 lbs. good, $1.40. New Vermont Butter, best, 25c; teas 20c, 25c, 30c; coffee 15c. Wholesale packages at any price. Goods No. 1; honest goods.

FLYNN'S MARKET 137 GORHAM ST

ALASKAN BOARD

Will Hold a Public Meeting

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19—The Alaska boundary committee will have one more meeting.

It will be a public meeting and it will be held at noon tomorrow at the foreign office.

At that time and place, the agreement, which was verbally agreed on Saturday, and was exclusively cabled by the Associated Press at the time, and which today has been confirmed, will be read.

The London Daily Telegraph, commenting editorially on The Associated Press' exclusive announcement Saturday, of the agreement arrived at in the boundary arbitration, says:

"In ordinary circumstances no more importance would attach to such an announcement than would be accorded to the usual gossip current at the close of an inquiry of this sort, but The Associated Press has gained a well-earned reputation for the accuracy of its reports on international questions which have their center in London. It is therefore very probable that this particular statement is substantially correct. No official information is available, but there is confirmation of the report from other sources."

MARKET WEAK

RESULT OF FAILURE OF MARYLAND TRUST CO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—The failure of the Maryland Trust company of Baltimore caused a weak stock market today. Liquidation was general but the decline in Baltimore & Ohio and Southern Railway preferred was attributed directly to selling induced by the failure. These stocks, United States Steel and Amalgamated Copper were notably weak, but losses of 1 1-2 to over 2 points were quite general during the first hour. The industrials were conspicuous in the decline also. Selling by foreign houses owing to the renewed uneasiness over the far eastern situation and the financial conditions in London aggravated the weakness.

MILLIONAIRE DEAD

GORDON McKAY WAS ILL FOR SEVERAL MONTHS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 19—Gordon McKay, the millionaire inventor of the McKay Shoe-making machine, died at his residence on Marine avenue, in this city at noon today, after an illness of several months.

He was born in Pittsfield, Mass., in 1821.

CONTEST ENDED

WAS WAGED FOR POSSESSION OF COMPANY'S PLANT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAULT STE MARIE, Oct. 19.—The contest over the possession of the plant of the Consolidated Lake Superior company which has been in progress in and out of the courts for a number of weeks, ended today when James Bicknell, representing the receiver, was given possession of the office building and all the subsidiary factory buildings. This peaceful surrender is the result of the agreement reached in New York last Friday whereby all the directors and officials of the subsidiary companies resigned their places being filled by Speyer & Co., who selected B. F. Fackenthal, the present receiver, as president of all the subsidiary companies. In return, Speyer & Co. have agreed to postpone the date of the sale of the securities of the company which they hold until December 15.

DOWIE'S FORCES

HAVE BEGUN HOUSE TO HOUSE CANVASS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—After attending an early service in Madison Square Garden, John Alexander Dowie's "Restoration Host" numbering nearly four thousand, began today a house to house canvass of the city. Before giving them his final instructions, Dr. Dowie said:

"I am going out to do a little restoration work myself, and I want he far from Wall street. Pray for me."

The majority of the audience at the early service was composed of Zionists. No robes were worn. Dr. Dowie preached a sermon on "The Sin of Idolatry" with applications to present conditions.

"A Divine Healing Meeting" was held in the garden from 10 a. m. to noon, at which Dowie delivered an address on "The Opening of the Beautiful Gate of Divine Healing."

MORE SMALL-POX.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FARMINGTON, Me., Oct. 19—Four new cases of small-pox at Chesterville, nine miles from here, were reported today. There have been 10 cases in all.

EMPLOYES IDLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 19—The Middletown Iron and Tube works today laid off 250 men on account of lack of orders. The works employ about 800 men.

A Face Disfigured

from skin diseases is unsightly and unnecessary ZEMA-CURA cures all skin diseases—eczema, acne, herpes, pimples, blackheads, hives, erysipelas. ZEMA-CURA is a liquid applied externally. No matter how long you have suffered ZEMA-CURA will cure. Try a bottle today. At your druggists or express prepaid on receipt of price. THE ZEMA-CURA CO., 3 West 22d Street N Y

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

FISHERMEN WIN

HERRINGS CAN BE BROUGHT IN FREE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19—The American fishermen who sought free entry at Boston of herrings caught in the Bay of Islands, New Foundland, are successful in their contentions, the United States Board of General Appraisers having decided in their favor.

The case attracted widespread attention among fishermen and fish importers in this country and also in New Foundland and Canada. Collector Lyman of Boston, when the fish were landed, was not satisfied that they were the product of United States fishermen, which is invariably admitted free of duty regardless of origin and he assessed a duty.

A protest was made on the ground that under Paragraph 626 of the tariff act of 1897, the fish should have been admitted without duty. This act provides for the free entry of products of American fisheries.

The cargo was brought to this port by the Gloucester schooner A. E. Whyland, which in March, 1902, at the Bay of Islands, caught a cargo of herrings with the assistance of men, boats and gear hired for the purpose under a license from the New Foundland government. The question for decision was whether fish caught under a license under a foreign government, with the assistance of men, boats and gear employed abroad, could properly be deemed to be the product of American fisheries.

The general board of appraisers finally decides that the question of engaging men, boats and gear in a foreign country is not material, in view of the broad language of the statute and an order was issued accordingly to return the duty.

BADLY DAMAGED

BRITISH BATTLESHIP WAS IN COLLISION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FERROL, Spain, Oct. 19—The British battleship Prince George, which was towed here yesterday after having been in collision with the British battleship Hannibal, during the naval manoeuvres off Cape Finisterre, was found to be extensively damaged by the Hannibal's ram. This caused her to take an immense quantity of water, necessitating incessant pumping. She has been beached for temporary repairs, preparatory to being towed back to England where she will be placed in dry dock.

SOLDIER KILLED

GUARD OF TROOPS SEARCHING FOR MURDERER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MISSOURI, Mont., Oct. 19.—Private Kennedy, a United States soldier, stationed at Fort Missouri, was shot and killed at that post yesterday. John Tulley, another private, who is said to have killed Kennedy during a quarrel has fled to the mountains. He is being pursued by a sheriff's posse and a guard from the fort.

$75,000 LOSS

BUSINESS BLOCKS AND RAILROAD STATION DESTROYED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 19—Fire supposed to be of incendiary origin, has destroyed five business blocks and the railroad station besides damaging several other buildings at Galveston, Ind. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

PASTOR RESIGNED

SAYS HE WANTS TO MAKE MONEY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 19—The belief that his first duty was to lay aside money for old age actuated Rev. Thomas D. McLean, pastor of the Union Evangelical church of Ludlow to tender his resignation yesterday.

His letter, which he read from the pulpit, stated that the Ludlow church did not fully conform to his idea of an ideal church, and that he had decided to embark in the real estate business, having accepted an advantageous offer from a New York firm which made a specialty of developing new property.

Rev. Mr. McLean said that his heart was still in the ministry, and that if he resumed preaching after saving sufficient money to insure himself and family against want he could preach with greater conviction than at present, with poverty staring him in the face.

RISKED HIS LIFE

MAN ENTERED BURNING BUILDING TO SAVE CHILD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Knowing that his baby girl had been deserted on the third floor of 105 Division street, through which flames were sweeping, Jacob Frank ran a gauntlet of fire and smoke to save her yesterday afternoon. Spectators who saw him plunge into the hallway and start unhesitatingly up the stairs believed that he was going to certain death.

Firemen found him unconscious in the bed room of his home 15 minutes later, clasping in his arms the dead body of his baby. He was taken to Gouverneur hospital, where the surgeons said his injuries would probably prove fatal.

The flames were confined to the building, although there was constant danger of a three-story wooden tenement adjoining catching fire, and the tenants were ordered out.

E. H. WHITE

Successor to Fish & Plummer,

137 CENTRAL STREET

Our Motto: "Honest Representation, Fair Dealing, Justice to the Owner, Satisfaction to the Buyer."

$1900 BUYS A FINE 8-ROOM COTTAGE with bath, in exceptionally fine neighborhood; plenty of fruit; 6310 feet of land; near street cars, stores. Terms, $500 down, balance easy payments.

FOR SALE—Cigar and tobacco store and two lots of land; store is centrally located and doing a good business. Price for store and house lots $850.

$1300 BUYS A VERY PRETTY COTTAGE of 7 rooms; over 5000 feet of land.

$1500 BUYS A NICE 5-acre POULTRY FARM; good building.

$2100 BUYS a well arranged two-tenement house near the Bleachery.

MUNYON'S PAW PAW ACTS QUICKLY

Sufferers from Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Insomnia or General Debility Are Benefited Immediately

A SINGLE DOSE

Is often enough to convince even the most skeptical that Paw Paw will drive disease out of the system and make you well

WILL YOU TRY IT?

Munyon cannot help but feel gratified over the great success which has followed the introduction of his newly-discovered stomach and nerve tonic. He is naturally elated to have all his claims so fully justified thus early in his great campaign for health.

Munyon claimed that Paw Paw would surely cure dyspepsia and hundreds have testified that Paw Paw has driven their dyspepsia and other stomach troubles away and given life a new charm for them.

Munyon claimed that men and women condemned to a life of misery through nervousness could be quickly cured by Paw Paw and testimony is piling up daily from hundreds in this vicinity that their nervous disorders were quickly relieved and finally cured by Paw Paw.

Munyon claimed that insomnia—that dread destroyer of health and happiness—could be controlled and cured with Paw Paw, and scores who had not known what it was to have a good night's rest in months or years have had balmy sleep brought back to their pillows.

Munyon is elated, as well he may be. Not because of his success as the world estimates it, but because right here where he is well known he has been the means of bringing health and happiness into homes where disease and misery had established and entrenched themselves—of replacing weakness with strength, distress and sorrow with hope and renewed ambition.

But let the people talk. They are anxious to be heard.

See what they have to say:

George Deering, an Employe of the Boston Post, writes:

Professor Munyon:

Being in great need of a tonic I was advised to try Munyon's Paw Paw, and I am indeed pleased to state that I am feeling very much stronger, both mentally and physically, since taking the first dose. I no longer have that tired feeling and think all the credit due Munyon's Paw Paw. Yours truly,

(Signed) GEORGE DEERING.

21 White st., East Boston, Mass.

MADE HIM FEEL YEARS YOUNGER

I have for years been afflicted with nervous dyspepsia and intestinal indigestion and heart palpitation. Paw Paw has cured me and made me feel years younger. I advise all my friends and former patients to use this medicine and it will cure you. Paw Paw is a marvelous medicine and I cannot speak too highly of its merits.

(Signed) A. J. WESSEN.

343 Main street, Auburn, Me.

Reader, are you going to let such testimony as this fall on listless ears? Are you going to go on suffering and sorrowing when help and health are so ready to your hand? No! A thousand times no. If you are a sufferer from any stomach trouble, if you are continually upset from nervousness, if sleeplessness is the bane of your existence and the trouble which is undermining your health, go to the nearest drug store today and tell them you want a bottle of Munyon's Paw Paw. Do it now, and you'll gladly join the health procession of those who have been cured by Munyon.

Pint bottles, $1.00. Paw Paw Laxative Pills, 25 cents per box. At all druggists'.

HAIRINE

Makes the hair grow, stops falling hair, cures dandruff. Will not darken blond hair.

PRICE ONLY 15 Cts.

One bottle will convince you that it is the most wonderful hair tonic on the market.

At druggists—15, 40 and 75 cts a BOTTLE.

(By mail, 5 cents extra for postage.)

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Druggists, Lowell

Beal Streit Co., 79-81 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 313 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants, and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, Room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Losses paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhas, Room 3, Barristers hall.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

SPECIAL NOTICES

WE WISH TO INFORM you that we are giving a Galvanized Coal Hod with a pound of our 60c tea. You may order by mail or telephone. Dickson's Tea Store, 65 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The two o'clock and five o'clock editions of The Sun are on sale every day at both newsstands in the Union station, Boston.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—At Metcalf's employment rooms, 100 wood choppers, 45 Merrimack street, room 8. Frenchmen, take notice.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 251 Central street.

WANTED—A competent girl for housework in small family. Apply 101 Cabot street.

WANTED—A young lady to demonstrate cake. Apply to W. H. Cuzner, Ginter Grocery company.

WANTED—A woman to keep house for a working family. Apply at the Sun office.

WANTED—A good pant maker. John Thompson, tailor, 333 Davis square.

WANTED—Housegirl for small family. Call after 10 o'clock in the forenoon at 8 Coral street.

WANTED—An experienced kitchen girl at 78 Appleton street.

WANTED—Reliable men, over 30 years of age, to look after our business in Hampden county; good permanent position. C. H. Barr & Co., nurserymen, Hartford, Conn.

OUR MEN make $3 to $10 a day fitting glasses; our 24-page Free Eye Book tells all about it; we establish you in business for yourself. Jacksonian Optical College, (Chartered), 104 Main street, Jackson, Michigan.

WANTED—Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

MEN—Work for us at home a few hours a day; $12 per week; must have small space in cellar, yard, barn or attic; no outfit to buy and no canvassing; addressed envelope for contract. United Product Co., G. G. Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—Carriage painters at Guyette's, 256 Thorndike street.

AN ENERGETIC representative wanted in the smaller cities of New England to handle a quick selling article needed by every man; article is protected by patent, retails for 50c., has no competition and sells at sight; party must have tact, perseverance, integrity and a few hundred dollars; fakirs need not answer; the right man can make money. Reply with particulars of yourself, Dept. 14, Box 303 Madison square, New York city.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Between Dracut and Lowell one rubber tire from a Goddard buggy. Reward for return to O. J. Pultras & Co., 53 Franklin street, Lawrence, Mass.

LOST—Locket and chain Saturday at Opera house. Return to 48 Union street.

LOST—A gold locket between Fletcher street and Merrimack square. The finder will please return to Sun office.

LOST—Oct. 9, a black cocker spaniel, with ship lip. Reward 59 Fulton street.

LOST—Between Wannalancit street and Middlesex street depot, $30 in bills. Liberal reward at Sun office.

LOST—Lady's pocketbook between Warwick and Westford streets, Sunday afternoon. Reward 104 Lawrence street.

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have by calling at 84 Chapel street.

LOST—In the vicinity of Andover street, a blue and cream colored parrot, white head. Reward for return to Dolan's block, Andover street.

LOST—Wednesday, Oct. 14, small gold open-face watch. Hersley reward by returning to 12 Walker street.

BUSINESS CHANCES

"THIS BEATS NEW JERSEY"—Charters procured under South Dakota laws for a few dollars; write for corporation laws, blanks, by-laws and forms to Philip Lawrence, late assistant secretary of state, Huron, Beadle Co., South Dakota.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to October 12, 1903. Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.49, 6.22, x6.42, *7.46, *8.50, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.36, 6.28, *6.30, x6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.24, 7.31, *7.48, w*8.00, *8.57, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, x3.03, w*3.10, *3.17, w3.55, 4.28, w5.06, 5.22, x5.49, w6.15, *6.22, w7.00, 7.29, w9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.39, 7.24, w8.35, 8.48, 9.30 a. m.; w12.05, w1.05, 4.25, w5.30, 6.18, w8.00 p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, 7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.30 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w2.30, w3.55, w5.06, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p. m. Sundays, w8.18 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30 p. m.

For Salem, Marblehead, 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, x2.30, x3.55, w5.06, 5.28 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, 7.31, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, w3.55, w5.06, 6.16, 7.00, 9.25, 011.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.46 a. m.; 10.05, 5.30 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, 7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, 7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m.

For Skowhegan, 8.30 a. m.

For Bangor, Belfast and Rockland, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., 5.06 p. m. (5.06 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland,) on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport, Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

Last trip of season Oct. 30, 1903.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, *7.48, 11.05 a. m.; 3.44, 4.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.48 a. m.; 1.25, 5.38 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, Stations on W. N. & P. and Fitchburg divisions, 7.07, 11.55 a. m.; 5.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.45 p. m.

For Stations on W. N. & P. division, Nashua to Portland, Me., 9.03 a. m.; 6.10 p. m. to Rochester only.)

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.19, 5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m., 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 5 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.24, 9.03, 9.29, *10.20, a. m.; *12.00, 1.00, *1.34, 3.40, *5.28, 6.27, *8.10, *9.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, *8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.40, *9.30 a. m.; *12.00, *1.30 (to Franklin only,) 5.10, *8.16 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.,) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.36 a. m.; 1.30 p. m.

For Stations on White Mt. Division, 9.29, *10.30 a. m.; 3.29 p. m. (5.29 p. m. to Plymouth); *8.16, 9.24 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *10.30 a. m.; *1.30, *9.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.30 a. m.; *12.00, *8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air line, *10.30 a. m.; *8.10 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *10.30 a. m.; *8.10 p. m. (daily except Saturdays.

References:

aVia Wakefield Junction.

*Express buffets.

gWednesdays and Saturdays only.

wVia Western Division.

xVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junc.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

FOR SALE

HENS FOR SALE—23 Rhode Island Reds. Call Dartmouth street, North Chelmsford, opposite Truant school.

FOR SALE—Wood lot, 16½ acres, two miles from Pawtucket bridge; price $600; a great bargain. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen building.

FOR SALE—Phonograph outfit, with records. Inquire at Sun office.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred B. P. Rock pullets, cockerels and yearlings, I. K. Felch's strain. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elmwere, Dracut.

FOR SALE—A tool chest with tools. Apply 14 Payton street.

FOR SALE—A chamber set at 68 First street.

FOR SALE—Oldsmobile 1902 model, emergency brake; has been but little used. Inquire Upton & Gilman's, Middlesex St.

FOR SALE—Restaurant doing a good business; a good investment; ill health the cause for wishing to sell. Call at 60 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of F. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices, 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1½ in., 20c; $3c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS

MARTIN HONAN, Grocer, 780 Gorham street, handles the choicest goods; quality considered, our prices are the lowest in the city; call in and see for yourself; discount stamps given.

SHIRT WAISTS GIVEN FREE at Highland Remnant Store, 30 Pine street. We want 10,000 ladies to call and see our stock of Ottomans, Vestings, Silks, Sateens, Madras Cloth, Mercerized Waistings and Shirtings, Ginghams, Flannelettes, etc., which we carry and sell by the yard and pound. Come and be convinced that you can buy more and better goods here for your money than you can get in any other place in the city. Highland Remnant Store.

MRS. ADAMS, Clairvoyant and Card Reader and ladies' employment office. 335 Gorham street, opp. Court house.

LAMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

DR. A. THOMPSON'S PREVENTION AND CURE. It prevents and cures colds, pneumonia, attacks of fever, sore throat, sore lungs, hard or painful coughs, la grippe and rheumatism in any stage. All druggists, 25c. per bottle.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen, Bon Marche studio.

MADAME LENORE, clairvoyant and card reader, 71 Tyler street. Ladies 25c, gentlemen 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 12 and 2 to 10 p. m.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 940 Central St.

MRS. FLETCHER, 769 Gorham street, trance business medium and card reader.

J. W. GREENLAW, carpenter and general jobber, 58 Middle street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 836-13.

DRINK GLORIA—Look out for imitations and don't be an easy mark for frauds. Doyle Bros. Telephone.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 261 Middlesex street.

HAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 160 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack street, opp. City hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief. Powerful combination. Used by 200,000 women. Price 25 cents. Druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects. Cures dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents falling hair. Harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

TO LET

TO LET—Tenement of 7 rooms at 20 Hurd street. Apply 37 West 5th street.

TO LET—Tenement of 4 rooms and pantry at 30 Mead street.

TENEMENTS TO LET—On Ludlam street, containing five rooms, with bath, pantry and large yard. Inquire on premises or Louis Clements, 411 Broadway.

TO LET—Furnished front room, use of bath, $1 a week. 355 Middlesex street, side door.

TO LET—Nice cottage of six rooms. 5 West Burnside avenue.

TO LET—Furnished front room, steam heat, bath room, etc. 20 W. 6th street, one flight.

TO LET—Cottage at 31 Mead street. Apply 16 Floyd street.

TO LET—Five room tenement at 95 West Third street. Inquire within or 94 Middlesex street.

TO LET—5, 6, 7-room tenements in good repair. 164 Lawrence street.

TO LET—Warm, sunny tenements for the winter: Middlesex street, 3 rooms, $7.50 per month; 4 rooms, $8, and 6 rooms, $10. Marshall street, 3 rooms, $6.50. Beside Northern depot, 3 rooms, $8, and 4 rooms $9. Concord street, 3 rooms, $5.50, and five rooms, $7.50. Centralville, 5 rooms, $6.50. Every one of the above is in first-class condition and we invite your inspection. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

Furnished Rooms

Best furnished rooms in the city, with steam heat, in the Elliott building, 201 Middlesex street.

WANTED

WANTED Two unfurnished rooms for man and wife on Broadway or Middlesex street. Address R. G., 180 Middlesex St.

BOARDERS WANTED at 367 Lincoln street, near Gorham street.

WANTED—One or two small children to take care of. Inquire Sun office.

WANTED—A couple of children to board by nurse of 20 years' experience in institutions; good home. Address K., Sun office.

WANTED—Boarders at the Temple cafe, 220 Middlesex street; gents $3; ladies $2 per week. Miss A. Frost, prop.

LADIES wishing to make their own dresses will now have the opportunity to learn the Penley Dress Cutting System at 63 London street. Come now.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two-tenement house in Pawtucketville, close to Pawtucket Sq.; owner resides in another city and must sell; a good investment; price $3000. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen bldg.

HOME PARK—House lots given away free for the next 10 days. This is a chance to get a 3000-foot lot FREE, near Lowell; they cost from $50 to $55 and we will give you one free. The S. Lagasse company have within the last few years sold a lot of property and have put out a lot of money for selling the same, such as agents' commissions, etc., amounting to thousands of dollars. For the next ten days we will give away these fine house lots, which represent money, to you or anyone that will come and give their names and pay the little amount for surveying and writing out the deeds. You can have your lot now; first come, first served. Remember they are free and you don't have to buy anything, simply call and give us your name. We do this to advertise. The S. Lagasse company, 235 Hildreth street, Centralville, P. O. If you can't come today, come tomorrow.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

What will the Doweites accomplish in New York? Nothing except to arouse curiosity as to their methods and their mission.

It is well to know that at last the city water service is to be permanently separated from the fire service of the mills.

The Somerville Journal seems to be afraid that Gaston will be elected. The Journal is warranted in this assumption since Captain Talbot sounded the general alarm.

Mark Hanna is endeavoring to show that the hub of the universe is in Ohio, and that he stands on the extreme end. Just at present he seems to be in great dread of falling off.

The wholesale arrest of the Chinese of Boston will set the celestials to thinking whether they have any rights which the police of Boston are bound to respect. If the Chinese would only declare their intention of becoming citizens both the political parties would be scampering to see which could do most for the protection of the Chinese.

WHERE A NEW BRIDGE IS NEEDED.

When the need of new bridges is being considered why is that flimsy, dangerous structure, the canal bridge on East Merrimack street, overlooked. It puts an unnecessary turn in that street and between the corner of the sidewalk in front of the Runels building and the car track there is not room enough for a wagon to pass. There is here actual need for a new bridge and a straightening of the sidewalk on the north side.

SENATOR LODGE AND RECIPROCITY.

A year ago, in the republican state convention, Senator Lodge was driven into a corner on the question of reciprocity with Canada. He did not want to favor reciprocity with Canada or any other country, but did not wish to say so. Hence he fell back upon the pretext that until Canada settled the Alaskan boundary question he would never favor reciprocity. Now that the boundary question is disposed of to Mr. Lodge's satisfaction, we wonder what argument he will have to offer against reciprocity.

NEED OF A MUSIC SCHOOL.

A musical union has been organized in one of the French Catholic churches. It is a power for good. Music schools in which working people can get instruction or training are too scarce. It would be a good thing if the city should conduct an evening school in music. It would provide at least a means of discovering musical talent and good voices among the poorer classes. At the present time some of the best musical talent in Lowell remains undiscovered and consequently undeveloped.

RICHARD OLNEY'S LETTER.

Hon. Richard Olney's letter to the Massachusetts Democratic club upon the issues in the state campaign is a rouser. It emphasizes what Col. William A. Gaston has been preaching throughout the state for the past month. Olney goes even further in assailing republican extravagance and republican assaults upon the principle of home rule for cities. Verily the campaign is getting very hot for Governor Bates and his lieutenants. They have been utterly unable to make any adequate answer to the charges hurled at them from democratic platforms. The republican campaign at the present time can be described only as "Confusion worse confounded."

THE CANADIANS PROTEST.

The Canadian commissioners on the boundary question refused to sign the Alaskan boundary decision, rather to save their popularity in Canada than as a protest against the justice of the award. There is no doubt that the decision is right and just, nor is there a doubt that King Edward would rather see the claims of the United States vindicated than have any cause for international unpleasantness. The protest of the Canadians will avail nothing except to preserve the good opinion of their compatriots.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY DECISION.

In the settlement of the Alaskan boundary question by a commission representing the United States and England, the former has won a great diplomatic victory. However clear our title may have been, the Canadians during the past few years had been piling clouds upon it until we almost came to believe that they were right and that we were mistaken. So little was known of the country that the boundary line was never definitely fixed except on paper until recent surveys following the discovery of gold in Alaska. It was then found that a continuous mountain range was assumed to exist where in reality it did not exist.

Alaska was ceded to the United States by Russia. It was agreed that the boundary should follow the summits of the mountains parallel to the coast and that wherever the summits are more than ten marine leagues inward the boundary shall follow a line parallel to the coast at that distance.

There were a great many territorial and legal questions involved, all requiring careful study and investigation and referring back to the treaty of 1825 between England and Russia under which the boundary was originally fixed.

We submitted the matter to a court of arbitration with the result that all the main contentions of Canada have been overruled.

Had we lost we should have had to part with a very rich mineral territory as large as the state of Maine and that includes the chief ports with a population of 20,000 Americans.

The best feature of the decision, however, is the amicable manner in which a question more important than many that led to destructive wars has been settled by a tribunal representing the parties to the controversy. It is an example which the other nations of the world may well follow. We doubt, however, whether any two nations of the old world would adopt this method of settling such a international dispute.

The nations of Europe are so jealous of one another that it is difficult to persuade the parties to an international dispute to adopt this method of reaching a peaceful settlement. Had a similar dispute arisen between Russia and England, the former would have sent her troops to take possession of the territory and would then invite the latter to put her out. The result might be a repetition of the Crimean war with greater loss of life; for the death-dealing engines of the present day are far ahead of those of half a century ago in their power of destruction.

The Alaskan boundary decision is to be hailed as a triumph for international peace that may well be emulated by the other nations of the world.

SEEN AND HEARD

The local lodge of Elks have several members on the sick list, among them being Daniel D. Driscoll, the former well-known oarsman.

A reader of The Sun asks: "When did the new standard of time go into effect in Lowell?" On November 18, 1883.

In preparing lists of the ten greatest books, all the judges seem to have overlooked the bank book.

"Tom" Bolton, the harness man, is selling out, and proposes to locate in the southwest. He is one of the most honest, genial men in Lowell, and his going away will be exceedingly regretted by a wide circle of friends. "Tom" was something of "giver," having been connected with several local societies for years, and he was always an active, useful member. Mr. Bolton's friends wish him God-speed in his new home.

It is cheerful to record that there is less desertion from the United States army than there was a few years ago. There are two reasons for this: Our soldiers have more active duty than formerly; and also, an enlisted man is now permitted to buy his discharge if he gets tired of army life. Desertion used to be the only way; buying it out is really easier than running away, and besides it is much safer. Then again the hours of duty have been shortened, and other changes made to make life more endurable for the American soldier. Yet with all that, Lowell is a poor locality for enlistments, though the recruiting officers do their best to gather in raw recruits.

Several of the local banks cater for women's business, one of the banks having a special apartment for women customers. Some bankers have a prejudice against women depositors, because of their lack of punctuality, their indifference to business rules, their tendency to overdraw and their inability to keep their balances straight; but close observers say such objections are unjust, and that when a woman once learns how to look after her money she gives very little trouble. So far as the matter of overdrafts is concerned they have more trouble from men, and men customers as a rule exact accommodations which women never expect. New York banks have a rule not to pay checks drawn by women in excess of their deposits, and therefore there is no loss on that account. Women have no notes to be discounted, no drafts to be cashed, and never ask for loans on doubtful collaterals.

There are all sorts of election schemes in this "land of the free," but we are shy on "barkers." The election "barker" is peculiar to France. At critical moments in a candidate's speech the "barker" puts him out by imitating a dog, and an efficient man at the business is worth good money at such times. Half a dozen of them in Paris are required to earn enough at election times to last them for a year. A "barker" would be useful to the local republican politicians who want to break into the county ring.

A FAIR DIVISION.

A story is told of an old farmer and his wife who agreed to separate. They had only one child.

"Everything friendly?" inquired a neighbor.

"Oh yes," replied the old man carelessly.

"No trouble about making a fair division of the property?"

"Oh, no. She gets the kid and the canned fruit, and I git the pig an' the apples. That's even enough ain't it?"

HIS CONCLUDING THOUGHT.

Thomas H. Byrne, the mill boy orator, made a ringing speech before the Ward Three Social club a few nights ago and while the members were delighted to hear Tommy talk they were not particularly taken with the way he ended. His concluding thought was as follows:

"Don't poison your neighbor's well, shoot his hogs, steal his wife, or burn his barn. Live at peace with all and let your motto be, 'Onward and Upward.' I may parenthetically and pathetically observe that unless all you fellows vote for me for representer in the 26th Middlesex district your motto will be 'Backward and Downward.'"

SETTLED AT LAST.

A legal luminary has come to the front and settled the hen question—a question that was productive of a great deal of argument and diligent searches for laws and ordinances. He told a lawyer interested in the case that an injunction could be issued against the hen cackling.

"But how can the issuing of an injunction against a cackling hen stop her cackling?" asked the ordinary lawyer.

"That's easy," said the legal luminary. "The hen presumably will disregard the injunction. This makes her guilty of contempt of court, and you can shoot a hen for contempt of court. Follow me?"

MIGHT HAVE STOPPED.

A poor fellow who had his legs taken off just below the knees may be seen struggling along the streets with the aid of crutches, his shortened legs shod with sole leather arrangements. There's pity in the heart of every man that sees him, but the pity of the ordinary motorman is not as great as his fear of the company's command not to stop between white posts. I saw the poor fellow with his shortened legs signal a car to stop just as it turned the corner from Central to Merrimack street. The motorman saw him and pointed to the white post. The cripple had to renew his efforts and struggle on to the point indicated by the motorman. 'Tis well for conductors and motormen to observe the rules laid down for them, but there are times when a little departure from the rules would do no harm, and the instance cited here was one of them.

AN INQUISITIVE WOMAN.

A Lowell woman who made the ascent of the White Mountains by means of the cog railroad this summer is telling a story of a friend who accompanied her on her trip. Her friend was very nervous and asked the conductor a long list of tedious questions and her interview with him wound up as follows:

"Would the car go to the bottom of the mountain if the engine should give out?"

"No, I guess not."

"What would prevent it?"

"We would apply the brakes."

"If the brakes should break, what then?"

"Well, you notice there are wings-shaped projections on the sides of the car. They are arranged so as to catch the wind and impede the progress of the car."

"But if the wings should break, where would we go then?"

"I don't know," replied the conductor wearily, "it all depends upon what kind of a life you've led."

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ANNUAL CONVENTION

OF THE UNITARIAN SUNDAY SCHOOL SOCIETY.

The following is the program of exercises for the annual convention of the Unitarian Sunday school society, which will be held at the First Unitarian church, this city, tomorrow and Thursday.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 4 p. m.

Kindergarten and primary department, Mrs. Clara Bancroft Beatley, principal of the Disciples school, Boston, will preside.

Address of greeting by the president of the Unitarian Sunday School society.

Four brief addresses by the following teachers:

Mrs. Mary S. Brooks, Brookline, Mass. Subject, "Underlying Principles."

Mrs. Clara H. Parker, Woburn, Mass. Subject, "The Song and Story."

Miss Lillian H. Poor, principal of Kindergarten, Bowditch school, Boston. Subject, "The Children of the Bible."

Mrs. Clara Wing Gould, Medford, Mass. Subject, "A Lesson for the Little People."

A half-hour of questions and discussion will follow the addresses.

Wednesday Evening at 7.45.

Five 15-minute addresses by the following speakers:

The Relation of the Sunday School to

1. Home. Speaker, Rev. Ida C. Hulton, Allston, Mass.
2. Church. Speaker, Rev. F. J. Gould, Leominster, Mass.
3. Denomination. Speaker, Rev. R. R. Bulkeley, Beverly, Mass.
4. State. Speaker, Rev. A. P. Reccord, Newport, Mass.
5. Civilization. Speaker, Rev. Edward A. Horton, Boston, Mass.

Thursday, Oct. 22. Forenoon.

9.00. Devotional meeting conducted by Rev. Augustus M. Lord, Providence, R.I.
9.30. Opening of the business meeting of the society.
9.45. Reading of the directors' annual report by President Edward A. Horton.
10.15. Consideration of directors' report, discussion of amendments, election of officers and miscellaneous business.
11.00. Address by Rev. James Eells, First church of Boston. Subject, "Teaching by Parable and Story."
11.25. Address by Rev. W. F. Greenman, Watertown, Mass. Subject, "The New Lessons—Life Studies."
11.50. Address by Rev. C. F. Dole, Jamaica Plain, Mass. Subject, "The Main Object of the Sunday School."
12.15. General discussion and remarks. Speeches limited to five minutes each.
12.45. Intermission and collation.

Afternoon.

2.00. Opening of the afternoon session, transaction of unfinished business and other matters.
2.30 Three 25-minute addresses:
1. Rev. Edward Cummings, South Congregational church, Boston, Mass. Subject, "The Law of Progress and How to Teach Its Lessons."
2. Rev. A. S. Garver, Second Parish, Worcester, Mass. Subject, "Pictorial Aids in Sunday School Work."
3. Rev. W. W. Fenn, professor in Harvard Divinity school, Cambridge, Mass. Subject, "The Bible in Modern Scholarship."

3.45. General discussion and remarks. Speeches limited to three minutes each.
4.00. Adjournment.

Those in attendance at this annual meeting are entertained by: First Unitarian church, Rev. Charles T. Billings, pastor; Unity Congregational church, Rev. George C. Weight, pastor.

SUPPER AND SALE

UNDER AUSPICES OF WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

James A. Garfield, Women's Relief Corps, No. 33, Auxiliary to Post 120, G. A. R., held a well attended supper and sale at the headquarters of Post 120, G. A. R., last night.

A very appetizing supper was served from 5 until 8 o'clock and was well patronized.

The proceeds of the affair will be added to the fund of the corps. The kitchen was in charge of the following committee:

Paulina Crawford, chairman; assisted by Mesdames Greenleaf, Warden and Connell. The dining room was in charge of Mrs. Mary E. Offutt, chairman; assisted by Mrs. Katherine Robbins, Mrs. Lestina Parker, Mrs. Juliette Blood, Mrs. Velina Perkins, and Miss Marion Connell.

The sales tables were in charge of the following committees: Fancy work, Mrs. Viola Farmer and Mrs. Dexter; handkerchief table, Mrs. Caroline Noyes; domestic table, Mrs. Annie F. Cheney, and Mr. Helen J. Talbot; apron table, Mrs. M. F. Smiley and Mrs. Storm; fancy quilt table, Mrs. Anne E. Tuttle; mystery table, Mary E. Smith.

A short entertainment consisting of vocal and literary exercises was given, and was very much appreciated.

FOUND DYNAMITE

ON BOSTON & NORTHERN TRACKS AT ANISQUAM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 20—What is believed to have been a second attempt to blow up a car on the Boston & Northern Street railway, was made public by the police yesterday. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

According to the statement given out by the police, a man and woman brought a stick of dynamite to the station Saturday afternoon and turned it over to the police with the information that it had been found on the Boston & Northern tracks near Anisquam bridge, in Anisquam.

An examination of the explosive which was in the form of a stick about seven inches in length, showed that four loaded caps had been put in place ready for detonation.

A similar stick of dynamite was found on the street railway company's tracks at Anisquam within a few hundred feet of the place where Saturday's find was made, about three weeks ago.

BILLY GARDNER

FAILED TO KEEP ENGAGEMENT WITH COFFEY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 20 Billy Gardner of Lowell did not keep his engagement to meet Kid Coffey of New York in a 15-round contest here last night and George Ashley of this city was substituted. Ashley had not trained for the bout, but he made a creditable showing and gained the decision over the New York man after 15 fast rounds. The bell saved Coffey from a knockout in the final round.

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Not One in Thirty

of the underwear manufacturers makes underwear to fit. He doesn't know how, or he won't take the trouble to work out the details. His method is to grind out so many thousand shirts and drawers, varying only in breast and waist measures. Short men and tall men are served with the same garment if they're the same circumference.

We have a manufacturer who produces for us underwear that fits as our clothes fit. Shorter sleeves and shorter legs for the stout man, besides regular sizes for the man of average proportion. In fine wool and merino — medium and heavy weights — white, natural wool and camel's hair. This underwear that fits from $1.00 to $2.00 per garment.

Union Suits made the same way

DUNN'S OPINION

Of the Andrews Street Powder Magazines

POWDER EXPERT EXPLAINS THE DANGER

To Special Committee on Explosives

As a result of the disagreement among the members of the special committee on explosives as to the advisability of demanding that the powder magazines in Andrews street be removed, the opinion of Capt. Dunn, the United States army expert, in relation thereto, is made public for the first time. The opinion is in reply to the following communication from the chairman of the committee:

"I write to request information relative to the magazines of the U. S. Cartridge company located in Andrews street, and designated as magazines Nos. 4 and 10. The company refuses to remove the magazines unless legally compelled to do so, which, it is very doubtful, can be done. They say that they will not store gunpowder in these magazines, but insist upon the right to store manufactured product.

"Would you kindly advise me to what extent there is danger in the storage of manufactured goods in these magazines, and if there would not be less danger if stored in a wooden building? Would you advise me that no explosive substance, either in balls or manufactured form be allowed to be stored in these magazines?

"Would you also kindly write a short specification as to the modern construction of a magazine, to be put in an ordinance, we are now preparing?"

Captain Dunn's communication in reply to the above reads as follows:

"I am in receipt of your letter of the 13th inst., which arrived during my temporary absence from the proving ground. I also received the copy of the newspaper containing report of the inquest, for which I have neglected to thank you.

"As to the position of the U. S. Cartridge company on the removal of their magazines, Nos. 4 and 10, I scarcely know what to say in the way of advice. My personal opinion is that no explosive material should be stored in a building so close to a dwelling as these magazines are.

"Of all explosive materials that could be stored in them, the least dangerous would be manufactured cartridges packed in regular boxes for shipment. In these cartridges the powder charges are separated and it would be very difficult—almost impossible—to produce a serious explosion. Even in a burning wooden building the cartridges would not be all exploded at once, consequently no great damage would be done by them. When the company speaks of storing its manufactured product, this, of course, includes primers in large quantities, and there is no question but what it could put a sufficient number of primers in one of these buildings to do serious damage in case of explosion. These primers would all explode together.

"It is not practicable to give you the specification you desire. There is nothing, even in the government service, such as standard specifications for the construction of the magazine. It is almost the same question as furnishing specifications for any other building, according to the use desired. A magazine could be large or small, or built of different materials. The only point is that protection should be furnished either by isolation or by earth traverses. Of course, if the building is placed underground, the best form of earth traverse is secured. A brick building is better for protection against fire than a wooden one, and yet, in case of explosion, without protection by traverses, a brick building is far more dangerous to surrounding dwellings on account of the projectiles that are formed by the detached bricks. No such projectiles would be found in a wooden structure, and therefore an explosion might occur with this building which would not destroy life.

"The only thing I see that you could do in the way of an ordinance would be to prescribe that no black powder or commercial smokeless powder greater in quantity than 50 pounds, and no percussion or detonating caps greater in quantity than one gross of commercial size boxes should be stored in any building within the city limits. I would be in favor of prohibiting the storing of dynamite and kindred high explosives in any quantity; but, if you think it best to allow this point, limit the quantity to ten pounds.

"Such an ordinance would, of course, conflict with the practice of the U. S. Cartridge company and would cause them to remove their present magazines, unless such ordinance would be contrary to the laws of the state of Massachusetts.

"You might, in connection with the ordinance, say that magazines for storage of larger quantities of explosives could be placed in the city provided they were put underground, or above ground protected by earth traverses extending at least to the top of the walls of the building; requiring also, that the buildings so used should not be located within one hundred yards of any dwelling.

"Respectfully yours,

"B. W. DUNN,

"Captain Ordnance Dept., U. S. A."

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

MERRILL'S BOND

SUIT WILL BE BROUGHT TO RECOVER IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—The prosecution in the case of Moody Merrill, banker and financier, through District Attorney Stevens, yesterday, ordered that suit be entered against the defendant's bondsmen for the forfeiture of the $10,000 bail unless he is produced.

The bondsmen who shared this surety are Isaac B. Rich and Marcellus Coggan.

The writ is returnable early in November and according to custom the defendant will be allowed about ten days in which to file an answer to the suit. If no step is taken before that time judgment will be entered.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

OFFICERS ELECTED

AT INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 20.—Yesterday's sessions of the International Missionary convention of the Christian Church were given over to the foreign Christian Missionary society. The feature of the morning session was the reading of a telegram from ex-Gov. Drake of Iowa stating that he will give $5000 to start a bible college in India. Gov. Drake has already donated $5000 each for bible colleges in Japan and China.

President A. McLean of Cincinnati in his annual report stated that the society has a total of 12 stations and out-stations, at which are located 117 missionaries and 290 native helpers. The total receipts for the year were $210,000, an increase of $31,000 over last year.

The afternoon session was devoted principally to the reading of reports, the election of officers and addresses by well-known clergymen who urged a more vigorous campaign in mission work.

The following officers were elected: President, A. McLean, Cincinnati; recording secretary, S. M. Jefferson, Covington; treasurer, S. M. Cooper, Cincinnati; corresponding secretary, F. M. Rains, Cincinnati.

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Is Catarrh Your Life's Cloud?—Eminent nose and throat specialists in daily practice highly recommended Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder as safe, sure, permanent, painless and harmless in all cases of cold in the head, tonsilitis, hoarseness and catarrh. It gives relief in 10 minutes and banishes the disease like magic. Sold by Falls & Burkinshaw.—16.

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MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CRESCEUS' MILE

Great Stallion Beat Two Minute Mark

HE LOST NEARLY A SECOND BY BREAK

His Time Recorded as 1.59 3-4

By Associated Press to The Sun

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 2.—Cresceus, George Ketcham's sorrel stallion, once more established himself as king of trotters yesterday afternoon, when he not only circled the Wichita track in the remarkable time of 1.59¾, beating the two-minute mark set by Major Delmar and Lou Dillon, but he did it without the wind shield, which has come to be looked upon as almost a necessity to record breakers.

The day was ideal, and the track in perfect condition, while the horse himself was never better.

A C. Jordan, a starter of 12 years' experience in association stands, was the starter, and also officiated as timer. The other timers were F. Stearns and H. F. Hamman, the judges were S. B. Amiden, B. H. Harndon and George S. Freeman, all responsible men and true sportsmen.

Watches held in the grand stand caught the time as low as 1.58; others two minutes. Probably 2000 people were present, the meeting being a special arranged to take the place of a two days' meet scheduled for last week.

At 2.30 o'clock Cresceus appeared on the track and was given a couple of miles to limber up, after which Mr. Ketcham sent him a mile in 2.15, announcing to friends later that it was the fastest mile he had ever been able to drive him without company. It was about 3.15 o'clock when the horse came out for the final test.

He was anxious, as was shown from the fact that when he scored down for the word he lost his stride and ran under the wire, an unusual thing for him, and noted by his driver as a good sign. The next time he came down like a whirlwind, with Mike the Tramp, his ever faithful running mate, just nosing ahead. Around the first turn they sped at terrific speed, making the first quarter in 30s flat. The half was reached in 59⅝s., and the three-quarters in 1.30. At the home stretch the runner drew away from him and the great stallion went the rest of the journey alone. Just at the south end of the grand stand, about 100 feet from the wire, he struck his knee and lost his stride, but caught it again and went under the wire trotting like a machine.

When he returned to the stand he was given an ovation. President Irwin of the association and other admiring friends seized Driver Ketcham and carried him on their shoulders into the judges' stand. It is believed Cresceus lost fully three-quarters of a second by the break near the wire.

CHELSEA OFFICER

CAME TO THIS CITY YESTERDAY FOR MAURICE SPINGEN.

Maurice Spingen, wanted in Chelsea, for lewd and lascivious behavior, was arrested by Inspector Heatherweight of Chelsea and Officer Duncan of this city yesterday. Spingen was taken from a furniture store in Gorham street.

THEIR WINTER TOGS.

The police moved into their black helmets yesterday. The blue took the place of the gray and the "cops" know for sure that winter is at hand. It is not strange, perhaps, that some of the officers like the winter chapeau better than the summer one. The latter is lighter and the men who prefer the gray say that fellows who fancy the blue are governed by the thought that the blue is more becoming.

POLITICAL NOTES

James E. Donnelly, former member of the school committee from Ward Four is a candidate for the democratic nomination for purchasing agent.

The Ward Three Social club is certainly liberal when it invites "Tommy" Byrne, the independent candidate, to appear at its smoke talk and make a speech. "Tommy" was right there and made one of his characteristic orations.

Reps. O'Brien and McMahon were the guests at a smoke talk, held under the auspices of the democratic town committee of North Reading at that place, Friday night, and they received a royal reception from the democrats of the town. William Ryer presided and Messrs. O'Brien and McMahon were the principal speakers. They were assured the support of the united democracy of the town and vicinity, and were invited to speak at a democratic rally to be held in the town at an early date.

Last year there was a republican rally or smoke talk of some nature or other nearly every night in the week but this year they have been few and far between thus far. There are some uncharitable enough to assign no license as the cause for the falling off in the republican smoke talk enthusiasm though another reason is that there were no big fights before the caucuses, barring ward eight and hence few sore spots to heal up.

OFFICIAL DENIAL

ROOSEVELT AND CABINET HAVE NOT SPLIT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—President Roosevelt last night authorized the statement that there is no truth whatever in the rumors of differences of opinion between himself and Secretary Shaw or members of the cabinet, growing out of the report which has been made to him by Charles J. Bonaparte and Holmes Conrad of their investigations into charges affecting the postal service.

IRON-OX Tablets For the Bowels.

Not purgative nor cathartic, but gently laxative and tonic. For sale by druggists, 25 cents.

FIRST GAME

KINNON, NEW BASKET BALL PLAYER SIGNED BY MANAGER GRAY.

Chicopee Will be Here Saturday Night

Manager James Gray of the Lowell basket ball team is enthusiastic over the outlook for the season, which will open in this city Saturday night.

The first game will be an exhibition and will be played in Huntington hall with the Chicopee team, which is the old Marlboro aggregation.

Charlie Connors will referee and the teams will be picked from the following players:

Chicopee—J. Sheridan, Lynch, Punch, Bill Sheridan, Healey, Macalouski and McCarthy of the Connecticut league.

Lowell—Smith, Holleron, McKinnon, Allard, Fields, Tighe, Abbott and O'Neil.

The bleachers, fence and netting that Manager Gray purchased from "Bill" Parsons will be set up for the game. Play will be called at 8.30 o'clock.

Manager Gray says that in Smith he has the best man in the game today. Chicopee wanted Smith and made a claim for his services, but he was awarded to Lowell. He played with Chicopee last year.

McKinnon of Dorchester, the new player signed by Manager Gray, was in Lowell Sunday. He is a big, active fellow and has the looks of a strong player. He will be given a good chance to show his worth and if he stands the test, will be played regularly.

Capt. "Billy" Holleron wrote to Manager Gray yesterday as follows: "Don't sign any more players. Here is the team I want: Abbott and Holleron, backs; Allard and Joe Kynoch, forwards; and Cairns, centre. We have all these men but Kynoch and I think we can get him, so lay low and sign no more men yet."

All the local games will be played in Huntington hall. Lowell will open the league season in Haverhill, Oct. 29 and Haverhill will open in Lowell Nov. 3, state election night.

The Lowell team will practice Wednesday night in the C. M. A. C. clubhouse. The suits for the players will reach Lowell Saturday. The colors will be bottle green, cardinal and gray.

THE THEATRES

HEART OF CHICAGO AT ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Lincoln J. Carter's "Heart of Chicago" opened a three nights and daily matinee engagement at the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon.

The attendance that greeted the company in the afternoon was all that could be desired, the house being well filled, the audience being made up mostly of ladies. In the evening the house was also well filled, and as in the afternoon, the majority of those present were ladies.

This is a melodrama in which the plot is strongly brought out and told in an interesting and clever style and is interpreted by a splendidly balanced company, who read their lines in a forceful dramatic way. A space of twenty years elapses between the first and second acts, giving time to bring the plot to an interesting climax. In the fourth act is witnessed the thrilling railroad scene, in which the headlight of an engine appears in the distance and gradually approaching until the engine comes in full view, steaming and puffing as it approaches the footlights. The effect is most striking and realistic, and the applause given at this scene last night was so vociferous that it was necessary to ring the curtain up five times before the audience ceased applauding.

The first act is laid in Chicago at the time of the fire, and after a lapse of twenty years. The second act is also laid in Chicago. The third act brings the audience to Washington street, south of city hall, and the fourth act is at the draw bridge at Whiting, on the Central, where the great railroad scene is presented. The fifth and last act is in the home of John Ames and also the world's fair.

The leading roles of Edward Coleman and Robert Sage are taken by Garrette Campbell, who plays the different parts in an admirable manner, while Willard Bohman as John Ames, the arch villain, is at all times the centre of attraction. His many schemes and villainous ways bring hisses from the gallery, but his part is well played. Ravena Knowlton, as Emily Coleman and Miss Afton is well fitted for her parts. As Emily Coleman she is a devoted wife who scorns the offers of John Ames, while as Miss Afton she is a devoted daughter, and a strong admirer of her rescuer, Robert Sage.

The other parts are well taken and as a whole the company is a first-class one.

The performance of "The Heart of Chicago" is well worth witnessing and should be seen by the theatre goers of this city. Performances will be given this afternoon and evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

CASTO THEATRE

The fourth week of the Casto season opened Monday with well filled houses. The program this week is purely a comedy bill interspersed with high class singing, dancing and acrobatic work. Frank Gardiner and Lottie Vincent in Gardiner's original comedy, "An Idyl of the Links," scored an immense hit. The comedy is an exceptionally bright concection of witty lines, songs, clever dancing and acrobatic work. There is not a dull moment in it, and the action is spirited. As the golfer Mr. Gardiner is irresistibly funny and as the love-lorn girl, Miss Vincent, who by the way is one of the original "Three Roselads," is very clever and pretty. The four Roberts presented the comedy of sentiment and fun entitled "The Doll Maker's Dilemma." This is a distinct departure from most comedy acts, and as presented by this clever quartet is most enjoyable. The troubles of poor Hans Meyer, the doll maker, are set forth in a ludicrous manner. Maud Day Caine made her first appearance in this city and was an immediate hit. For the first time here Miss Caine sang Mable McKinley's latest song success, "Anona." Her selections are very good and her voice is the sweetest heard on the Casto stage in some time. Kelly and Reno, "the wildman and the dummy," were great favorites, and the adventures of the dummy are startling and ludicrous. Martella and Lancaster offered a novelty which was most enjoyable. The gentleman is an acrobatic comedian who does some difficult "stunts" without much effort, but in an exceedingly humorous manner. The lady is an acrobat and contortionist of the highest ability and the team was obliged to respond to several encores yesterday. Resnah and Miller, a comedy singing and dancing duo, were enthusiastic favorites. They have played here before and were a success, and his success they will repeat this year. The act is entirely new, the songs are up-to-date and as dancers they have no superiors. Harry Dudley is a tenor singer of great merit, and Alice Cheslyn is a talking and singing comedienne who was a favorite with the audiences. Reserved seats will be in demand this week and can be secured by calling telephone 815-3.

A LEAKY BOAT

HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR DEATH OF TWO YOUNG MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—A leaky boat is held to be responsible for the supposed death of Orlando P., and Frank L. Higgins, brothers, of Somerville. The young men have been missing since Sunday morning and yesterday their relatives and the police reluctantly concluded that they had been lost during a squall. They left home Sunday for East Boston, with the intention of proceeding in the boat to South Boston. It is thought that the craft either filled with water or was capsized during a squall. Orlando Higgins was a printer and was 28 years old. His brother was 26. Both men were married.

PONTIFICAL MAJOR DOMO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ROME, Oct. 20—Mgr. Bisleti has been named pontifical major domo in succession to Mgr. Deagwodo.

DEAD MEN

Tell no tales, neither do dead newspapers. The Sun is alive and will tell your advertising tale to the masses. Have you an advertising tale to tell? Tell it in The Sun. The people will read it, and your success is certain.

The Sun leads all other local papers in circulation and is by far the cheapest and most effective advertising medium in Lowell. It is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

IT IS . . . NO

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

NO MORE MIDWAY

Middlesex North Society Cuts It Out

AND LIKEWISE THE HORSE TROTS

Fair Henceforth Will be Purely Agricultural

The Middlesex North Agricultural society will run no more midways or horse trots at its fairs, and the public henceforth must be content with the contemplation of well rounded swine and heavyweight "punkins."

The decision to abandon the latter day fair features was reached at a meeting of the trustees, held at the Merrimac House, this city, yesterday afternoon, and came after a discussion of the growing debt of the society. The trustees realize that they could not compete with Brockton, Rochester and other places and decided not to try. The vote was practically unanimous that in order to reduce expenses the midway, horse trotting and other "costly and unprofitable features" will henceforth be eliminated from the fair.

There was a large attendance, 28 being present, and President Albert H. Trull occupied the chair. A. A. Upton of North Reading sent in his resignation as a vice president and Elliott H. French of Tewksbury resigned as trustee. Both resignations were accepted. Joshua Clark of Tewksbury was chosen trustee to succeed Mr. French and Arthur H. Cluer of Lowell vice president to succeed Mr. Upton. The latter's resignation was due to declining health, after a membership of 40 years, and the trustees voted to send him a letter of appreciation of his long service.

The reports of the treasurer and auditor were presented and accepted. Geo. W. Trull was elected committee on institutes. The premium list was adopted with some revisions intended to improve it. The next annual fair will be held about the same date as this year.

GANG OF BANDITS

Took Possession of Oregon Town

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWBURG, Oregon, Oct. 20—For two hours yesterday this place was practically under control of a gang of bandits whose object was to blow up the building of the Bank of Newburg and loot the vault.

Though several charges of dynamite exploded, the steel failed to give way and the bandits departed. The vault contained probably $20,000. The building was practically wrecked.

BIENNIAL SESSION

OF SUPREME COUNCIL, 33D DEGREE MASONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The supreme council, 33d degree, of Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons of the southern jurisdiction, met yesterday in biennial session. Congressman James D. Richardson of Tennessee, grand commander, presided. His biennial allocution in which he declared his intention of retiring from politics after his present term in congress and devoting himself to his masonic obligations, was the principal feature of the day.

In his address Mr. Richardson said the masonic order was the strenuous enemy of nihilism, socialism, communism, anarchism and those who seek to breed revolts and outbreaks against law and order.

He strongly urged the discontinuance of the use of intoxicants at the public banquets and functions of the council and those of subordinate bodies.

McLAUGHLIN WON

Old Leader Retains His Power

CARL SCHURZ IS OUT FOR FUSION

Tammany Is Making an Aggressive Fight

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20—Kings county's regular democratic organization repudiated Tammany. Edward M. Grout and Charles V. Fornes and indorsed the stand taken by Hugh McLaughlin at a meeting of its county committee last night. McLaughlin retains his leadership, and the plan to extend Tammany's authority to Brooklyn will have to wait.

Senator P. H. McCarren, acting in behalf of Charles F. Murphy, forced the meeting of the county committee for the purpose of compelling the machine to throw McLaughlin overboard and to swallow Grout and Fornes. He offered a resolution embodying this idea and made a speech in support of it. Mr. McLaughlin's supporters silently offered a substitute resolution which practically referred the entire subject to Mr. McLaughlin himself. The substitute was adopted by the county committee by a vote of 48 to 18.

Mr. McLaughlin retains control of both the county and the executive committees and the party machinery is in his hands. Ignored by Tammany and by Mr. McClellan, will be used to bring about the defeat of the ticket headed by Mr. McClellan. If Mr. Murphy should elect his candidate the war on McLaughlin will be renewed with the aid of the municipal patronage, and Mr. McLaughlin's margin of seven votes in a total of 330 was too narrow to encourage him to submit to a further trial of strength.

In a most vigorous manner yesterday Carl I. Schurz announced his advocacy of the fusion cause. He said: "There is only one very simple question before the people: Do the citizens of New York wish to continue to be decently governed? Then they must elect Low and his associates. Do they wish to be again robbed and disgraced and disgraced? Then they will vote for McClellan and the Tammany crew. Whatever efforts be made to obscure the matter by sideshows the pretence that a Tammany victory this year would benefit the democratic party in the presidential election next year is especially grotesque."

Senator Platt returned to the Fifth Avenue hotel yesterday, from his wedding trip, and declared himself ready to do any rough and tumble fighting for the fusion ticket he might be called to take part in.

NEW WARSHIPS

Preparing for Government Trial Speed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—Two United States warships, both practically completed, although still in the hands of their builders, are in the harbor here prepared for the official government speed test over the Cape Ann course. The battleship Missouri, which arrived from Newport News last evening, will go over the course on Wednesday, and on Thursday the protected cruiser Denver, which arrived Sunday evening from Philadelphia, will be tried over the same course. The Missouri, which is a sistership to the new Maine and the Ohio, and with one exception the largest warship which has ever been tried off this coast, will be required to make 18 knots an hour for four hours, while the requirements for the Denver call for 16.5 knots an hour for four hours.

The Missouri is the product of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, while the Denver was built by Neafie & Leavy of Philadelphia.

There are also in the harbor five other vessels of the navy which will be used as mark boats, the cruisers Chicago, Baltimore, Atlanta and Buffalo and the tug Iwana. These vessels will take up their positions between Cape Ann and Cape Porpoise early Wednesday morning.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Merrimack Council, No. 7, I. O. O. F., met in Odd Fellows' Temple in Middlesex street last evening with a fairly large attendance. A communication was received that the grand master and his suite would visit the Merrimack Council on Nov. 2. Routine business was transacted and a committee appointed to arrange for the reception of the officers of the grand lodge. A meeting will be held Monday evening next, when the report of the committee appointed last night will be heard.

Wamesit Lodge, No. 7102, I. O. O. F., Manchester Unity, celebrated its eleventh anniversary last night. The evening program opened with a regular meeting, at which four applications were acted upon. At 8 o'clock a supper was served, followed by a literary and musical entertainment in charge of Mr. John H. Jackson. The proceedings were brought to a close by the presentation of trained past grand's emblems to seventeen past officers of the lodge. The presentation was made by Past Grands Fernley and Jackson, Dist. Grand Master Smith and John Orrell, P. S. About one hundred and fifty were present.

BANK CLOSED

THE ASSISTANT CASHIER IS MISSING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANKATO, Minn., Oct. 20—The Mapleton State bank was closed yesterday pending an investigation of the books.

The assistant cashier, Alfred A. Buck has disappeared. Mr. Buck went to Walker a week ago Saturday on business and left there ostensibly for nothing has been heard from him. He is the only son of Judge Daniel Buck of this city, a former justice of the Supreme court, who is president and owner of half the stock of the bank.

A letter from the missing officer was found saying that his shortage was $18,700 with the bank and between $7,000 and $8,000 with his father, who has placed personal funds in his possession to loan. The capital stock of the bank is but $10,500 and the deposits $52,000.

The surplus is nearly $6,000, and this and the assessment will nearly cover the losses. Reports from Mapleton yesterday afternoon said that the shortage has been found to be $20,000, but that the bank will reopen in two or three days. Judge Buck places his loss at $21,000.

PLATFORM

OF MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRACY 1903

We reaffirm the principles of democracy, which are eternal and immutable, and vary only in their application and expression as the needs and dangers of our country demand. The democratic party, still the bulwark of the people against privilege, the defender of the man against the dollar, shall fight the trust oligarchy now as it fought the political oligarchy with Jefferson. The republican party, once the party of Lincoln, has deserted the creed of its founders and betrayed their principles; the democratic party is true to itself at its best.

First of all, we place the question whether those laws shall continue which put the livelihood of eighty millions of people in the power of the few; which enable the same hands that control the railroads to control the mines, that control the banks to control the treasury, that own the people's necessities to own the people's government. The trusts—monopolies made by law—entrenched behind a prohibitive tariff, buttressed subsidies and special rates, plunder our people with the one hand, while with the other they reach foreign conquest and sell their product cheap abroad that they may sell it dear at home. We condemn the hypocrisy of that party which, admitting the evil, makes the remedy dependent upon a constitutional amendment, which it never intends to pass; which creates a great bureau of state to investigate and does not investigate; which calls off its president when too fresh upon their trail. We despise that hypocrisy which outdoes populism in placing the treasury money at the service of favored banks, contemplates an asset currency or loans secured by bonds of municipalities designated to favor political exigencies or at the caprice of the secretary of the treasury, and breaks the law in favor Wall street speculators. We despise that hypocrisy which in the Pennsylvania platform condemns the coal trust, while Quay refuses to enforce the Pennsylvania constitution which forbids the railroads to control the coal mines. And we are dismayed at the "world of graft" where congressmen sell everything to their own government, from gloves to tombstones, where needed improvements in the postal service, such as package delivery and the international postal convention, are prevented because money has been stolen in the frauds of the department or wasted on railroad rates; where the Indians are cheated of their lands for the profit of the beef or cattle trust, and even the Dawes commission is perverted to an agency of swindlers; where the five hundred millions to be spent for national irrigation improvements is pre-empted by the beet-sugar trust, or the land-grabs of senators and senators' friends. We favor immediate regulation of trusts under the interstate commerce and taxation powers of congress, and the admission free of duty on articles controlled by the trusts on raw materials of manufacture and the necessaries of life.

We condemn the policy of conquest and subjugation, not only for its injustice and danger abroad, its sacrifice of the Monroe doctrine and reliance on powerful armaments alone, its waste of life and health and treasure against a pitiful money profit, its policy of competition with the cheap labor of Asia, but for its betrayal of the principles of the founders and its corruption of American manhood; setting the false ideal of war before American youth and resulting in a militarism which arbitrarily promotes or degrades its servants. We demand that Cuba be treated as we promised; we demand that the Philippines be treated like Cuba. As citizens, the Philippines endanger our civilization; as subjects, they make our republic an empire.

Reciprocity with Canada, long the hope of Massachusetts, must soon be achieved or abandoned forever. The blind selfishness of high protection renders inevitable a blow at our commerce that will fall most heavily upon this community. Forced by the hostility of republican tariff policy to adopt preferential duties which give advantages to England in Canada's market, Canada now contemplates a retaliatory tariff to exclude American goods from her market. We demand as a natural right an opportunity to preserve and enlarge our commerce with our northern neighbor. We urge that the broadest grounds of national policy as well as considerations of local advantage require the restoration of amicable relations, and call upon our representatives in congress to labor for its accomplishment. The republican party has repudiated the doctrine of William McKinley that "the period of exclusiveness is passed," and its solemn pledges in behalf of reciprocity, repeated in successive platforms, were but empty sound.

We hold that the principles of a civil service reform should not be deserted by an official, however high, or for a political exigency however great. And we say again that United States senators should be elected by the people and not by legislatures packed or corrupted. We want this great reform now; not by the vain pretense of asking for a constitutional amendment but by state legislation allowing the people to express their choice of senatorial candidates at the polls. The national senate is becoming a wealthy oligarchy, self-perpetuating and all-powerful, and we again condemn its usurpation of powers and patronage not given it by the Constitution.

We demand legislation throughout the country which shall equalize the hours of labor, shorten the hours of women and children, prohibit the labor of the very young in factories and protect our mechanics and our employers by bringing other states to the Massachusetts standing. We demand from congress a national labor code which shall limit the hours of continuous employment of railroad engineers, telegraph operators and switchmen, and generally protect all trainmen and others engaged in interstate commerce, by uniform law throughout the country. We condemn the abuse by some federal courts of the high writ of injunction in matters which are primarily subject to police control under the criminal law of the state; and we believe that without crippling the necessary powers of courts of equity but for the guidance of the judges themselves there should be legislation defining the limits of imprisonment for contempt. We favor tribunals for voluntary arbitration in all labor disputes, with power to enforce their decrees, particularly in matters affected with a public interest or industries producing coal or other necessaries of life.

We charge that the republican party, in its national policy today, stands squarely against the interests of Massachusetts. It opposes free coal, free iron, free meat, free hides, free lumber and admits that it does so. It "stands pat" on the Dingley tariff and snaps back the duty on anthracite coal.

Coming to its state record we censure its extravagance, its increased state tax, its wasteful creation of offices. Its long continuance in power has resulted in the creation of numerous permanent boards, responsible to no one, which usurp the powers of the legislature and degrade its character, and deprive the executive of his prerogative. By its rotation system in towns it has kept able men from the legislature; by its mortgage of offices years ahead it has transformed our executive to a cut-and-dried succession. Only a change of party can remedy these abuses.

We condemn the sacrifice of our home interests by its congressmen under orders from Washington by our legislature under orders from New York. In congress it has failed sufficiently to improve our harbor; it has opposed the building of the Cape Cod canal at the behest of railroads, which railroads it has given into New York control. We call attention to the deterioration of our railroad service, the discrimination against the port of Boston, both by the railroads and the New York shipping trust, the higher freights, the loss of trade. We demand an interstate commerce commission that can fix rates. We promise an administration that shall demand fair treatment for this state, and, if not accorded, revoke leases of our railroads, as the laws provide. This we ask, with good shipping laws, that our maritime supremacy be restored and Boston enjoy again the full advantage of its Atlantic harbor and its situation only 40 miles form a direct all-water route to New York.

While in favor of a corporation law which shall enable Massachusetts men to do business under Massachusetts charters, protect the public from irresponsible foreign corporations and give the safeguard of Massachusetts courts, we censure the action of the General Court in departing from the recommendations of its own commission, particularly in matters of taxation, thereby discriminating in favor of, or wholly exempting, the larger trusts; and we demand that the law be so amended as to secure equality of taxation, to hold directors to a stricter accountability for the truth of all returns made in the state and to the public, and finally to require of all trusts and foreign corporations doing business in Massachusetts the same publicity and equivalent taxation to that imposed upon our corporations.

We believe in allowing to the individual citizen in the conduct of his life the largest measure of personal liberty consistent with the maintenance of law and order and with the rights of others. Lawful business should not be hampered by unnecessary restrictions, nor innocent recreation forbidden. We are tired of interference with local self-government. We demand that the political liberty of Boston be restored and that no city or town be hampered or restricted of its liberties by state law without a referendum to the voters therein, and that a referendum shall be granted in all proper cases upon petition of a fair proportion of the voters concerned.

We demand the abolition of the state police commission, which exists in defiance of the will of the people of Boston, over whom it exercises absolute rule in three branches of government. Boston is singled out in the commonwealth and branded as unfit to grant its licenses, control its police and list its voters.

The infliction of this new system upon the city against its official protest, and for reasons already proved groundless, was the culmination of partisan discrimination. The governmental powers still remaining within its control may be seized upon pretexts as baseless as those urged for the last usurpation. The way is being prepared rapidly by this invasion of municipal rights for the tyranny of a state boss.

We believe in public control and ownership in proper cases of public utilities, and that, while it is dangerous and destructive of individual freedom to burden our political system with the operation of ordinary industries, all monopolies belong to the people who grant the franchise, and therefore should be sold at auction or granted in consideration of advantages secured to the public, and we call public attention to the failure of the republican legislature to pass such a law, though favored in the governor's message. We believe that the city or town affected should have the right to vote, by referendum, on any law which gives away its property or abridges its civic rights.

Equal rights for all men, be they black or white, Christian or Hebrew, colonist or continental, is the democratic watchword which still we hope our country may carry through the world. We shout, condemn lynchings in the south or in the north, as we condemn massacres in Russia or murders in the Philippines. Hence we favor an early declaration of our purpose in the Philippines and oppose the repeal of the 14th or 15th amendment.

We believe that the mission of America is one of peace; that the Monroe doctrine was better than conquered colonies; that civilization by trade is better than civilization by cannon; that our problems are racial and domestic, not military and European; that we should govern others as we govern ourselves, and in the principles of the Declaration of Independence.

The report of the resolution committee was accepted and its provisions adopted.

EVERY HORSE KNOWS HIS OATS—

that's one thing you can't fool him on. After he has once munched the well cleaned, sound and appetizing sort we supply he will accept any other only with reluctance. Our grain and feed for live stock of all kinds are well and favorably known—this only to spread the good word still further.

PAUL VIGEANT & CO.

241-245 MOODY STREET

TELEPHONE 393-2

MERRIMACK RIVER SAVINGS BANK

417 MIDDLESEX ST.

Money Deposited Now Goes on Interest

SATURDAY,

Nov. 7th

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 60 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

CANADA BALKED

Would Not Sign Alaskan Tribunal Decision

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A draft of the decision reached by the Alaska boundary commissioners was signed by a majority of the commissioners last evening.

Messrs. Aglesworth and Jette, the Canadian commissioners, refused to sign.

The decision grants all the American contentions with the exception of the one relating to the Portland canal.

The signatories were Lord Chief Justice Alverstone and Senator Lodge, Senator Turner and Secretary Root, the American commissioners.

They constituted a majority and insured finality.

Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette carried their outspoken disapproval of the decision to the point of refusing to sign even that section of the decision giving the Portland canal to Canada, and they emphasized their attitude by walking out of the cabinet room in the foreign office before the signatures of the others had been affixed to the historical document which has already been printed and is ready for the session to be held tomorrow.

The only thing remaining to be done at this session is for the majority of the tribunal to complete and sign the map which accompanies the decision and which minutely determines the course of the boundary in accordance with the American contentions.

An engrossed copy of the decision also will be signed on Tuesday.

The refusal of Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette to coincide in Lord Alverstone's view was only known to a few persons here last night, but at the foreign office and in high government circles it has created a painful impression.

There is no hope expressed that the Canadian commissioners will reconsider their attitude and sign the engrossed copy of the decision, which will stand as the international record of the tribunal's finding.

FAIRBANK'S EXPLANATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 20—United States Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, who was chairman of the American members of the joint high commission that met at Quebec in 1898 to consider the Alaskan boundary question, last night gave an explanation of the dispute over the boundary and a brief outline of the subject. He said:

"The decision of the Alaskan boundary commission is merely a recognition of the rights of the United States which they purchased from Russia in 1867. In a treaty between Russia and Great Britain in 1825, the boundary between the two countries in Alaska was fixed and when the United States purchased Alaska she acquired the territory which belonged to Russia and which was defined in the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain.

"The dispute with which the commission has been concerned is the boundary of Mount St. Elias. The American contention was that under the treaty between Russia and Great Britain, the latter was to be excluded from an outlet to the ocean and that the coast line should follow around the heads of all of the inlets, while the British contended that the line should run from headland to headland. If their contention had prevailed, Skagway, Dyea and other settlements many miles from the mounts of the inlets would have fallen into British territory. Under the decision, these belong to the United States, as we have always contended.

"There was some ground of dispute as to the line entering Portland Canal. The entrance to Portland Canal is in north latitude 54.40, being the northern boundary of Canada on the Pacific coast. Lying at the mouth of the canal are two islands, known as Wales and Pearse Islands. The American contention was that the line entered the canal on the southeast side of these islands, while the British contended that it lay along the northwest side of them.

"The decision of the boundary commission is substantially in accordance with the uniform claim of the United States, which was maintained by the joint high commission at both Quebec and Washington.

"The decision is eminently just to both the United States and Great Britain. A question of dispute has been settled in an honorable way and one serious cause of friction between two neighborly powers has been removed. In short, the rights of the two countries have been officially recognized and neither has lost any substantial interest to which it had a right."

M is the Man who sells booze on the sly,
And tries to make coin in the town while it's dry.
Who's not forced to rent a big store and then stock it.
His profits are made from his little hip pocket.

An Illustrated Alphabet for Spindle City Readers

The Full Dinner Pail

of most of the highest type of workingmen contains a liberal supply of bread made from Pillsbury's Best Flour.

HE USED A KNIFE

Foreman is Accused of Murder

DISPUTE OVER WOOD CHOPPING ENDED FATALLY

Accused Man Claims Self-Defense

By Associated Press to The Sun

BENNINGTON, Vt., Oct. 20.—The fifth murder to take place in Rensselaer county in as many years took place at East Schodack, Saturday afternoon, when George Thompson, a laborer in a lumber camp, was almost instantly killed by Jacob Holser, a foreman of the gang.

Last spring Holser and his wife went to the place, hired a large building, and ran the camp boarding house. Saturday morning Holser and Thompson, who had been good friends, had a dispute as to who was the best chopper. Words brought about blows, and the result was that Thompson overcame Holser. Later, Holser warned Thompson that, if he came near him, he would kill him with an axe.

Soon after, the quarrel was renewed, and after much wrangling, the men clinched again and both fell to the ground and struggled for some time. Thompson was again getting the better of Holser when the latter got a pocketknife with a blade three inches long out of his pocket and opened it.

With an almost superhuman effort, he rolled his antagonist over, and, getting on top of him, brought the knife down with full force. It sank deep into the heart of Mr. Thompson, who gave a few gasps and died. When Holser saw the result, he told some of his fellow-workmen what he had done, and gave himself up. He claims that he acted in self-defence. He is now in the Rensselaer jail awaiting a hearing.

Thompson had quite a reputation as an athlete. He was over six feet high and weighed over 200 pounds. Holser was a much lighter man.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Kennedy's Oysterettes
The Oyster Cracker with a taste to it.

Are You Going Away
If so you should call at Devine's Trunk Store. We can save you money enough to pay your car fare, either on a trunk or dress suit case or any other thing in the trunk line. Remember the place.
P. F. DEVINE'S TRUNK STORE
MERRIMACK STREET.

FEAR OF ARREST

Drove Young Man to Suicide

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20—Crazed by fear of arrest in connection with the robbery of the Manhattan hotel at Point Richmond last Saturday night, George Nottingham, son of a wealthy resident of Walnut Creek, shot and killed himself in the room of his divorced wife yesterday.

Walter Nottingham, the younger of the brothers, was arrested at Martinez Saturday night and made a confession of the robbery. The dead man left a note in which he exonerated his brother of intentional wrongdoing, saying that he committed the crime and forced his brother to participate.

After the robbery the two men escaped and two deputy sheriffs started in pursuit. In West Berkeley the deputies met the brothers. George Nottingham jumped behind his brother, drew two revolvers and opened fire, which a sheriff returned.

The brothers then retreated, closely followed by the officers. After the battle, which covered nearly two blocks, the men jumped behind some bushes and made off in the darkness.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

THE EVENING CLASSES OPENED LAST NIGHT.

The opening session of the evening classes of the Textile school was held last night. The evening students have the option of entering for one or more of the six courses and arrangements are made so far as possible for each to take such a section of each course as is best suited to his occupation in the mill. The list of courses is as follows:

Cotton spinning, woolen spinning and worsted spinning, designing, chemistry and dyeing, warp preparation and weaving, mechanical engineering. Certificates are awarded for the satisfactory completion of either of the above courses. Diplomas are awarded in exchange for certificates in those subjects which go to make up any one of the regular diploma courses.

The number of students enrolled this year is far greater than the number at the opening session of last year. The majority of the members of the entering class are from this city, Lawrence, Andover and Boston.

The list of instructors is as follows: Principal and professor of mechanical engineering, William W. Crosby, S. B., M. E.; professor of textile design and fabric structure, Franklin Umphrey; professor of chemistry and dyeing, Louis A. Olney, A. C.; head instructor in warp preparation and weaving, William Nelson; head instructor in woolen and worsted spinning, Edgar H. Barker; head instructor in cotton spinning, Otis L. Humphrey; instructor in chemistry, G. Carl Spencer S. B.; instructor in mechanical engineering, George H. Perkins, S. B.; instructor in woolen and worsted spinning and finishing, Arthur A. Stewart; instructor in chemistry, W. W. Ingraham, S. B.; instructor in cotton spinning, Stephen E. Smith; instructors in dyeing, Mr. Mathuson and Mr. Moffatt; instructor in power weaving, Edward Nelson; instructor in electrical engineering, G. B. Obear, S. B.; instructor in textile design, Arthur Ferguson.

If we lie, we contract debts that have to be met in future loss and unpleasantness. The publisher who lies about the circulation of his paper, not only injures himself, but attracts the average merchant to an atmosphere of injustice and falsehood.

CREW ESCAPED

Men Destitute and Suffered Hardships

By Associated Press to The Sun

OTTAWA, Oct. 20—After suffering terrible hardships in a 600-mile march through the wilds of Northern Canada, Captain Ferry and 47 members of the crew of the steamer Eldorado of Liverpool passed through this city yesterday en route for Montreal.

The Eldorado, a ship of 350 tons burden, struck an unchartered rock at the entrance of Hudson bay, near Fort George, and sank. Every member of the crew succeeded in getting ashore, but they were completely destitute of provisions and saved only the clothing they wore. The march through the wilderness for 42 days covered nearly 600 miles.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

N. E. LEAGUE

FINES HAVERHILL FOR NON-APPEARANCE.

The failure of the Haverhill team to put in an appearance, August 6, at New Bedford, was among the matters considered by the New England league at a special meeting on Saturday at the Revere House, Boston. Manager Doe of New Bedford lost $336.38 by Haverhill's absence, and after a hearing he was allowed $294.20.

The transfer of the Haverhill club from John J. Linehan to "Connie" Driscoll was ratified.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

WINS HER HEART

Food That Helps Baby and the Family Pleases Mother.

Show a mother how to feed her baby so that it will be healthy, rosy and plump and grow up strong and sturdy and the mother's gratitude is everlasting.

A mother says: "Five weeks ago I weaned baby but could not get her to take any kind of food until I tried Grape-Nuts which she relished from the first and on it she has plumped up and blossomed into a fat, chubby little girl.

"I feed Grape-Nuts to her regularly and use three packages a week for baby and my three-year-old boy alone, and I find that it regulates their bowels and keeps them nourished, strong and in good health all the time.

"Since feeding my children on Grape-Nuts I have used absolutely no medicine for either of them. Such food as this that does such wonders wins its ways to a mother's heart. Please accept our thanks for the good your food has done in our family where we all eat it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Children will grow up strong and healthy or weak and puny according to the food given. Grape-Nuts is a complete and perfect food made on scientific lines and this is easily proved by trial.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

POLES MUST GO

Wire Committee Takes a Firm Stand

Against Postal Telegraph Company—Wires Must Come Down if Company Has to Go Out of Business—Miskella Declares for Municipal Ownership of Conduits and No Free Franchises

The committee on wires of the city council at a meeting yesterday afternoon, opened up a discussion which promises to involve the entire city ere it is settled, for the committee after its predecessors had successfully "ducked" it for several years took up the matter of obtaining revenue from the granting of franchises, incidentally touching upon the question of municipal ownership of underground conduits.

No definite action was taken by the committee but they made a commendable start and undoubtedly will receive the endorsement of a large majority of the public.

Alderman Derby presided and there were present Messrs. Miskella and Casey of the committee, Wire Inspector McElholm, Edward D. McVey, Esq., and Manager Grover of the N. E. Tel. and Tel. company.

The city is on the verge of a war with the Postal and Western Union Telegraph companies, as the result of short-sighted action taken by the city council of 1900.

At that time the city council voted that all telephone and electric wires in the principal streets would have to come down by Jan. 1, 1904, and at the same time granted permission to lay conduits in those streets to the Lowell Electric Light Co., and the N. E. Tel. and Tel. company.

Alderman Miskella, now chairman of the board of aldermen, was then a member of the city council and he protested vigorously against such action. He saw reasons why permission should not be given to these companies to place their conduits in the city's streets and at that time he brought his objections before the board in emphatic words. He saw, too, the urgent necessity of installing conduits for the reception of telephone and electric wires and he argued that the city should lay the conduits and levy a reasonable tax on all corporations desiring to use them.

But the city council went ahead without heeding the protest of Mr. Miskella, and the latter then predicted a serious condition of affairs at the expiration of the time limit, and the conditions have come about exactly as Mr. Miskella predicted.

The Electric Light and Telephone companies have built conduits sufficiently large for their own use and have placed their wires under ground and are now ready to remove their poles. But the Western Union and Postal Union companies, not having pole locations of their own, have their wires on these poles about to be removed. Now if the poles are removed the telegraph companies have no place to go with their wires and will be put out of business temporarily and hence the clash.

The wire committee met yesterday afternoon to consider the petition and the Postal Telegraph company for permission to purchase and maintain the poles now owned by the Telephone company and occupied by the Postal wires. It also considered the petition of the Telephone company for permission to lay conduits in Merrimack street from city hall to Cabot street, which brought out the question of municipal ownership and free franchises and it also heard a letter from the Western Union company in which that company politely informs the committee that the company is not subject to municipal authority.

When the petition to purchase the poles was sent in by the Postal Telegraph Co., Alderman Miskella moved that the petitioners be given leave to withdraw and spoke in opposition to the petition.

A petition of the Boston & Northern street railway for a pole location in New Appleton street, between Central and Gorham streets, was first taken up. It was voted that the location be viewed before any action be taken.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

A petition of the New England Telegraph and Telephone company asking for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street, from city hall, to Cabot street, was read.

Alderman Miskella said that he would not favor granting the petition under consideration. "It brings back to my mind," he said, "a few years ago when the city government, through their generosity, gave the companies the right to lay conduits under certain conditions. I have seen the disadvantage of granting these unconditional franchises now. I believe that no company should be given privileges to build any more conduits here, and if it is necessary that conduits be constructed for the company's wires I think the city should build them. If companies put their wires underground, either because they are forced to or from choice, I think that the city should get a good substantial rental for conduits."

Alderman Casey agreed with him and seconded what he said.

E. D. McVey, who was present, was asked to address the committee. Mr. McVey readily consented and spoke in an interesting strain for a quarter of an hour. He said:

"It is a delicate question, this granting of petitions to these public service corporations. Deliberation in matters of this kind is very essential and your committee should study out what is best for the community before any more of these unconditional franchises are granted. I am not personally interested in matters of the local concern, but I am vitally interested in the petitions of the Postal and Western Union Telegraph companies with regard to the purchasing of poles in the principal streets.

"My opinion is that the city has power, notwithstanding the federal decisions on similar questions which it would seem are favorable to the corporations."

Manager C. F. Grover of the local office of the Telephone company was present on invitation and at this time was asked to explain why his company had petitioned for more conduits. Mr. Grover said:

"The petition is brought out at this time by reason of a contract between the city and Lowell Electric Light company, whereby the company agreed to place all wires under ground. We have had our wires on the poles accrued by the Electric Light company and since these are to be removed we felt that we had to ask for locations. We are now depending upon these poles altogether for providing upper Merrimack street with service. It comes to a condition where one or three things must be done. We must either keep our locations on poles, get an underground permit or terminate our contract with our patrons in that section of the city.

Mr. Grover was asked if his company would rent conduits from the city and he replied that he would like time to consult higher authority before answering the question, and it was moved that he be requested to consult such authority and ascertain the company's attitude for the committee.

Mr. Grover stated that if the service were terminated through a failure of the city to grant the petition only about 30 subscribers would be affected, so he thought the company would not go to much bother to retain the wires.

The matter was laid on the table pending action of the telephone company in regard to the question put to Mr. Grover.

POLES MUST GO.

Then came the petition of the telephone company for permission to remove its poles from the principal streets, which are the poles that the telegraph companies are trying to buy.

Alderman Miskella asked the superintendent of wires "What would be the result if we granted this petition today?" Superintendent McElholm said that the poles would come down and the Postal company would have to go out of business.

Mr. Derby asked Manager Grover if the Postal company paid rental for the use of the poles. He replied that none had been paid, but that rental could have been collected all along if the company had so desired.

Mr. Miskella said that if the telephone company could let space on their poles for wires of other companies the city should be reimbursed for granting the privilege in the first place.

THE DIE IS CAST.

It was then voted that the telephone company be given until January 1, 1904 to remove its poles from the down town streets.

Alderman Miskella then moved that all matters pertaining to the Postal company which might come before the committee in the future should be referred to the city solicitor so that he can prepare his data in the event of any legal proceedings. It was so voted.

A communication from the Western Union company with regard to the call box system was then read. It is the same as the one read before the aldermen a short time ago. After its perusal it was ordered referred to the city solicitor.

Many petitions for telephone pole locations were then read and acted upon.

The committee in acting upon new petitions for telephone pole locations voted that the sites be viewed and thus final action was deferred pending the view.

Mr. Miskella moved that the petition of the New England Telephone company be laid on the table for the time being, and that the petition of the Postal Telegraph and Cable company of New York be taken up and acted upon.

The petition was then read by Mr. Derby. It asked that permission be granted the company to purchase poles of the New England Telephone company, upon which their wires are now located. The company stated in its petition that it would have no means of conducting its business in this city unless the petition was granted. A brief discussion on the question ensued and before any action was taken another petition from the Postal company was read, asking for pole locations to string wires for messenger boxes about the down town streets. Mr. Casey said that it would be the height of inconsistency to grant either of the company's petitions. He said that when the city ordered that all wires in the principal streets be placed underground they aimed at clearing the streets of the poles and that the two local companies, the New England Telephone and the Lowell Electric Light company, were put to a great expense in placing their wires underground. After a brief discussion Alderman Miskella moved that the Postal company be given leave to withdraw on both petitions. The motion prevailed.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

On Relation of Employer to Employe

The following notice which applies to the public as well was received by Mayor Howe, yesterday:

Dear Sir:—The commission to revise the laws concerning the relations between employer and employe will give public hearings in room 444, State House, Boston, as follows:—

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 10 a. m.—Hours of labor, holidays, attachment and assignment of wages, arbitration, etc.

Wednesday, Oct. 28, 10 a. m.—Injunctions and conduct of strikes, including picketing, boycotting, blacklisting, violence and intimidation.

Thursday, Oct. 29, 10 a. m.—Employers' liability; workingmen's compensation for accidents, and insurance.

All persons desiring to present to the committee anything pertaining to the above subjects are invited to be present.

Unless otherwise ordered, the hearing on the 29th will close the public hearings given by the committee.

HENRY STERLING.
Secretary.

California Prune Wafers

Cure Biliousness and Constipation

The best family medicine for old and young. Made from fresh California Prunes, they contain in a highly concentrated form all the medical properties of a healthful laxative without any mineral or other objectionable ingredients

100 WAFERS, 25 CENTS

YOU CAN EAT WHAT YOU PLEASE if you follow each meal with a CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFER which quickly dissolves the most indigestible food, and helps to carry it through and out of the system in a gentle and healthful manner, without the slightest pain, griping or nausea.

SOLD BY ELLINGWOOD & CO., BRUNELLE'S PHARMACY, FRED HOWARD, A. E. MOORE, A. W. DOWS & CO., GEORGE A. WILLSON & CO., A. F. STORY & CO., PLUNKETT'S PHARMACY, FALLS & BURKINSHAW, JAMES O'BRIEN & CO.

THE REMARKABLE MUNICIPAL TANGLE IN NEW YORK

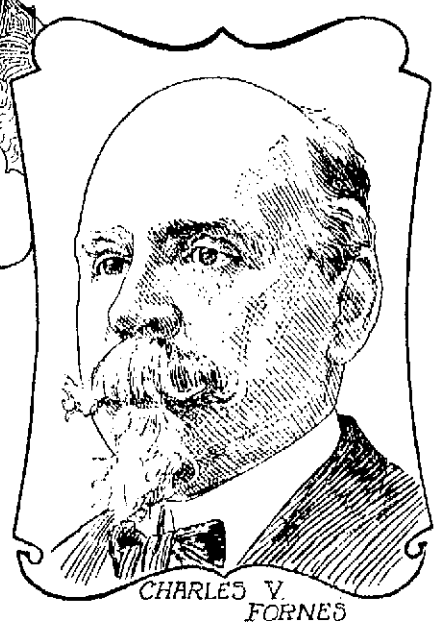
THE eyes of the country have for some time been centered on New York, where the most unique municipal campaign in the history of that city has been going on accompanied by vigor and invective unparalleled in mayoralty electioneering. To outsiders the complications that have arisen since Mayor Seth Low was renominated by the Republican and Citizens' Union conventions and Congressman George B. McClellan was named by the Democrats may be amusing, but to those immediately concerned, the people of Greater New York, there is little of the humorous in the situation. The trouble arises not from the fact that there are several candidates for mayor in the field, but because two of the men originally nominated by the fusionists—Edward M. Grout as comptroller and Charles V. Fornes as president of the board of aldermen—were later indorsed by the Democratic city convention. The result of this was that Mr. Grout and Mr. Fornes were forced off the fusion ticket by their embittered nominators, who asserted through ex-Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff that their nomination on the Republican ticket was made with the stipulation that they would not accept nominations on any ticket hostile to the Republican party, and they found themselves fought tooth and nail by the very men who were first to voice the sentiment that they should be given a renomination.

When these gentlemen were elected two years ago, Mr. Grout to the office of comptroller and Mr. Fornes to the presidency of the board of aldermen, they stood upon a fusion ticket indorsed by the Citizens' Union, the Republican party, the German American Reform union and the Greater New York Democracy, the party led by John C. Sheehan, formerly leader of Tammany Hall. The action of Tammany in indorsing their candidacy this year was regarded on all sides as a clever move by Leader Murphy to disrupt the forces formerly allied against the tiger and to draw many votes which, with Grout and Fornes on the fusion ticket, would ordinarily be cast for fusion rather than for Tammany. The situation from a Tammany standpoint was complicated, however, by the action of the Kings county Democracy, headed by that veteran politician Hugh McLaughlin. The Brooklynites predicted disaster to the ticket in the event of the nomination of Messrs. Grout and Fornes. In the convention itself the Kings county Democrats cast their votes for two of their own men for comptroller and for president of the board of aldermen and steadfastly refused to make the nominations of Grout and Fornes unanimous, although they joined in declaring for George B. McClellan, the Democratic nominee for mayor, after their choice, Judge Gaynor, had been defeated. As may be imagined, the feeling on both sides was very bitter, and there has been a great raking over of old stubble.

EDWARD M. GROUT

SETH LOW.

GEO. B. McCLELLAN



CHARLES V. FORNES

Edward M. Grout has in times past affiliated with the Independent Democrats, and in the recent correspondence with R. Fulton Cutting, chairman of the executive committee of the Citizens' Union, he has made no secret of the fact that his sympathies are with the Democratic party. Indeed, he has several times been honored by his party. He was the regular Democratic candidate for mayor of Brooklyn in the last municipal campaign held in that city before it became a portion of Greater New York, being defeated. In the first election held under the Greater New York charter Mr. Grout was the regular Democratic candidate for the presidency of Brooklyn borough. He was elected, but in 1901 accepted the fusion nomination for comptroller. His bitter denunciation during that campaign of the organization with which he had previously affiliated has rankled with the regulars and was responsible for the unbending attitude of the Kings county Democracy toward Mr. Grout when he was taken up by Tammany after he had been nominated by the Citizens' Union for comptroller.

According to a friendly biographer, it was entirely owing to Mr. Grout's efforts that the office of borough president assumed the dignity which it enjoys today in the municipal administration of New York. When he was elected borough president of Brooklyn Mr. Grout discovered, this biographer informs us, that the framers of the charter had created an office which was of little importance, and his first impulse was to resign. However that may be, he began an energetic campaign looking to the enlargement of the powers of his office, and it was through his activity in this direction that the provisions were inserted in the revised charter of the greater city making the borough president almost as powerful as the mayor and giving him large control over local institutions and improvements.

Mr. Fornes is a successful New York merchant who, although he has been actively identified with the business interests of Gotham for close upon thirty years and has been more or less interested in politics during that period, was only once a candidate for office prior to his election as president of the board of aldermen. In 1896 he ran for congress as a gold Democrat, his opponents being Lemuel Ely Quigg on the Republican ticket and John Quincy Adams, the Tammany nominee, Mr. Quigg being elected.

The fight over Messrs. Grout and Fornes excited more interest than the mayoralty campaign itself, but it goes without saying that the spellbinders of the opposing parties are lavishly active in their defense of and attack upon the administration of Mayor Low. The candidacy of the well known former chief of police, William S. Devery, who is running for the office of mayor on a platform that covers a great deal of ground, is not regarded seriously by the supporters of either Mr. Low or Mr. McClellan, although Chief Devery, it is evident, is very much in earnest in his endeavor to get himself elected mayor. His appearance in the field is the outcome of the action of the last Democratic state convention in refusing to recognize the delegation headed by him and, later, of Tammany's refusal to accept him as district leader and give him a place in the councils of the organization. So he had himself nominated for mayor and has since been waging a very picturesque campaign, filling his admirers with delight and good things to eat and drink. There are many who look upon Devery as a "joke," but it would not be wise for such to voice sentiments to this effect in his home district.

All in all, the situation is such as to confound the most expert politician, and not until the smoke of battle has cleared away will it be possible to estimate with any degree of exactitude the result of this in many ways the most remarkable municipal electoral struggle ever waged in the United States.

FRANCIS C. HARTLEY.

CANNIBALISM QUITE NATURAL.

Cannibalism and its origin has found an ingenious explanation from the pen of a Parisian doctor. This authority holds that in the primitive ages when man was unprovided with weapons he satisfied his carnivorous appetite with the weakest of his brethren, as being less capable of resistance than the beasts of the field.

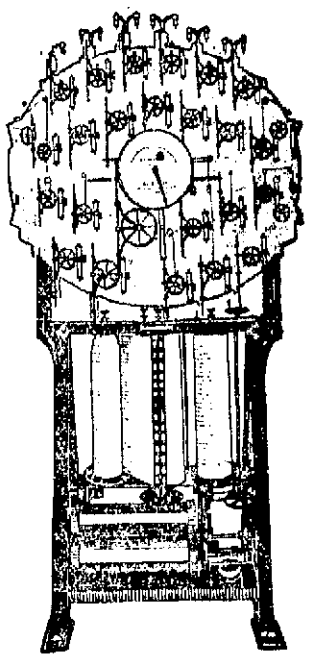
As civilization crept on members of a tribe ceased to eat their own people, but chose those of some different community whom they might have been able to overpower. By and by when weapons of defense and attack came into use men found their own race more difficult to overcome and accordingly turned for their daily nourishment to animals as less capable of defending themselves by artificial assistance.

From this M. Joulin argues that to kill one's own kind from hunger and for the victor to eat the vanquished were quite natural and excusable.

AN INGENIOUS MACHINE FOR PREDICTING TIDES.

The tide predictor is one of the most ingenious machines ever constructed. The first apparatus of the sort was built in England, where it was invented by Lord Kelvin, but there are now several of them in important maritime centers.

The principle of the tide indicator is the geometric construction known as



harmonic motion, the machine by an ingenious arrangement of pulleys and cylinders working out the result of the various tidal constituents and tracing on the drum a tidal curve, from which the tide table is constructed. The prediction of a year's tides can in this way be run off in about four hours, though great skill and care are required in manipulating the apparatus.

WHENCE COLORS COME.

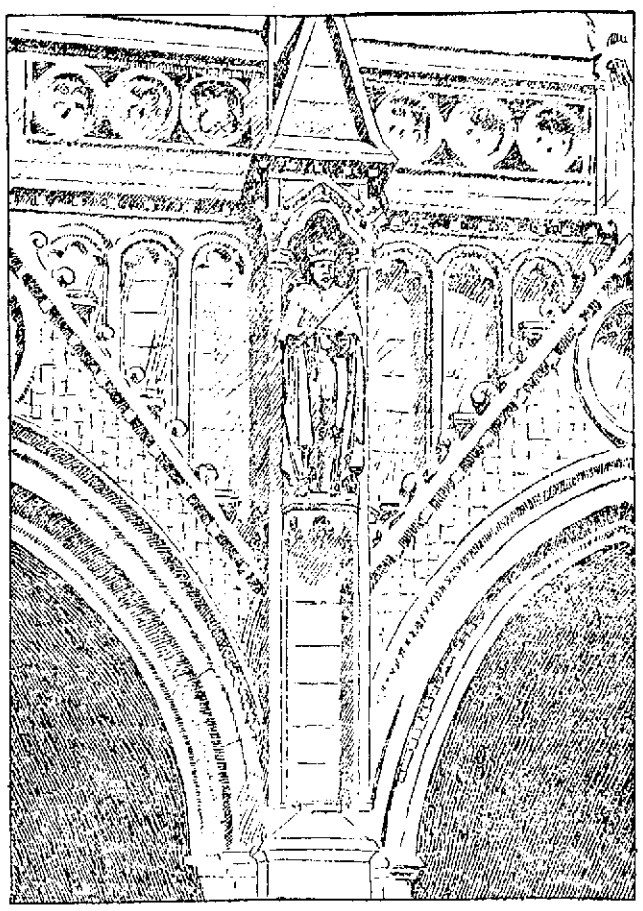
Bone black and ivory black are produced from ivory chips; gamboge is derived from the yellow sap of a Siamese tree, and crimson, carmine and scarlet are all formed from the cochineal insect.

Sepia is the inky fluid ejected by the cuttlefish when attacked to render its presence invisible in the water.

Raw umber and raw sienna are natural earths found near Umbria and Sienna, respectively, while the camel is the producer of Indian yellow.

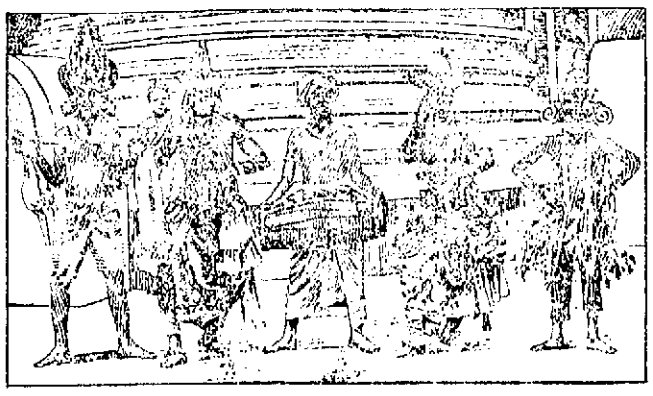
INTERESTING PERSONS, SCENES AND THINGS OF NOTE

KING EDWARD AS A CHURCH STATUE.



Edward VII. of England shares with the kaiser the honor of being immortalized in a church statue. His effigy in stone appears over the porch of Truro cathedral. Work on the cathedral was begun in 1880, when King Edward, as duke of Cornwall, laid the foundation stone. Truro cathedral is of especial interest because it is the first cathedral built since the cessation of cathedral building in the middle ages.

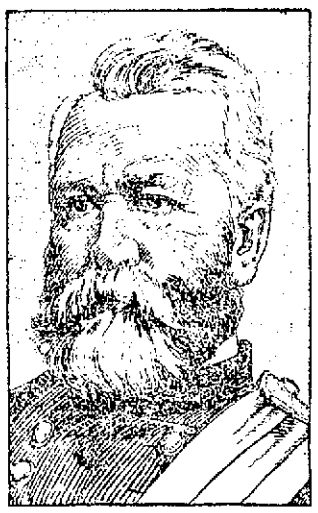
CINGALESE DEVIL DANCERS.



This is not a burlesque dance, as may be supposed from the grotesque costumes of the natives shown in the illustration. The picture represents a group of fanatic Cingalese prepared for one of the dances that they believe will propitiate their demon gods in case of sickness. The photograph from which the picture was made was taken at Kandy, Ceylon.

EDUCATOR OF THE FEUDISTS.

General O. O. Howard, whose latest portrait is herewith reproduced, is one of the best friends the rough and ready mountaineers of Kentucky and Tennessee possess. He has for some time been conducting an educational campaign in the feud districts, it being his

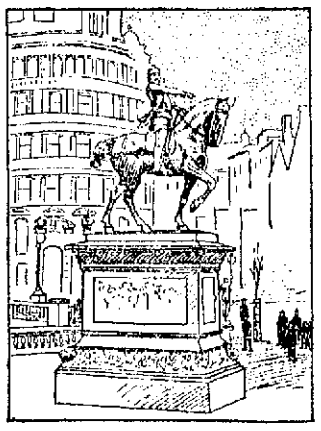


GENERAL O. O. HOWARD.

belief that the solution of the feud problem lies in educating the mountaineers. It was largely owing to his efforts that Lincoln Memorial university, near Cumberland Gap, Tenn., was established. Here many young men and women from the mountains have been educated and started in useful careers.

EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF THE BLACK PRINCE.

Not long ago there was unveiled at Leeds a statue of the Black Prince which is considered by connoisseurs the finest bit of equestrian statuary that the tight little island possesses. The statue is the work of Sculptor Brock and was presented to the city, together with other beautiful works of art, by Colonel Harding, an alderman of Leeds,



who has also been a generous contributor to the collections in the Fine Art gallery of that city. In recognition of his generosity and of the part he has taken in promoting the artistic tastes and possessions of the people of Leeds the colonel has been presented with the freedom of the city, the presentation being made the occasion of a great public demonstration of the esteem in which he is held by his fellow townsmen.

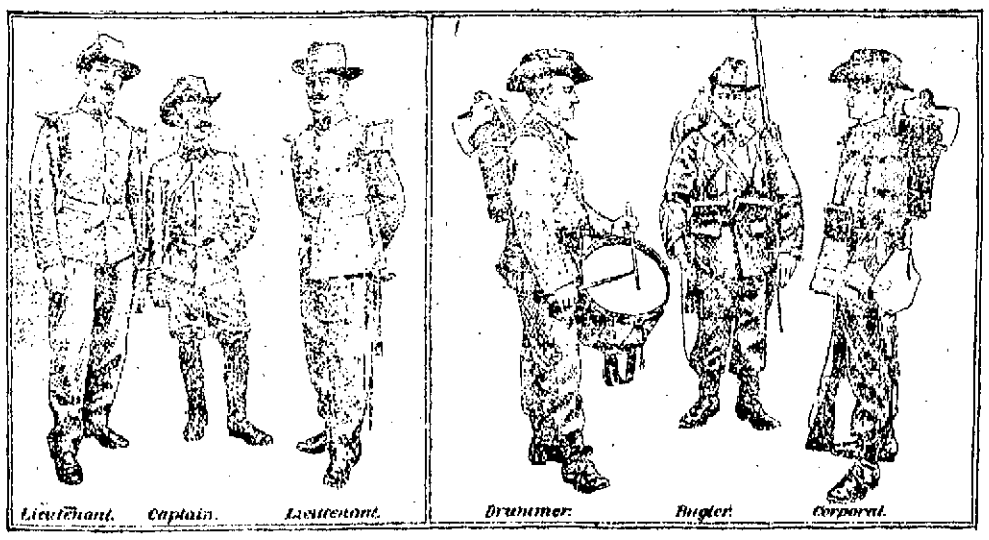
INDIA'S MOST GORGEOUS RAJAH.

This is not a picture of a character in comic opera, as one would naturally assume. Instead it is a very excellent likeness of a young man who is known as "India's most gorgeous rajah." He revels in the title of Rajah Madhava Singh. He was formerly the ruling

RAJAH MADHAVA SINGH.

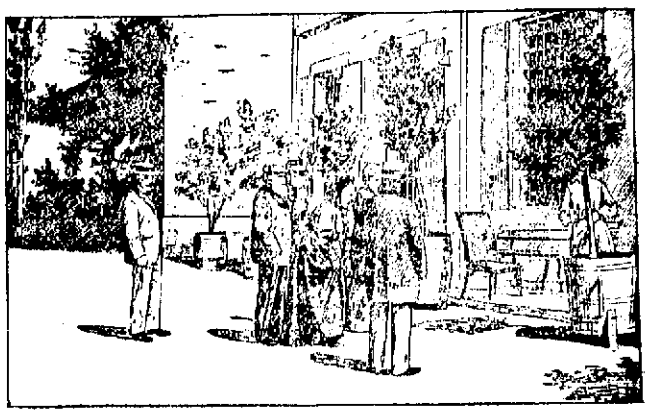
chief of Pannah, having succeeded his father in 1898. Three years later his people declared with practical unanimity that Madhava had been thoughtless enough to be implicated in the death of his uncle. He was thereupon deposed and is now merely one of the quarter million Pannahians instead of their ruler.

THE NEW UNIFORMS OF THE FRENCH ARMY.



Until the South Africa war opened the eyes of military authorities to the serious consequences of sending soldiers to war clad in bright and gaudy uniforms, offering splendid marks to the enemy's riflemen, the French army uniforms were designed with an eye to the picturesque rather than the militarian and were of types that tickled the vanity of officers and privates alike. Recently, however, a radical reform has been effected, and the French soldier of today is arrayed in a uniform which, as the illustration shows, is anything but picturesque. It is, however, unobtrusive, and the likelihood is that it will be the means of greatly reducing the mortality among the troops in the next war in which France may be engaged.

PRESIDENT LOUBET OF FRANCE RECEIVING A VISIT FROM HIS AGED MOTHER.



President Loubet of France recently said that while there were many good women in his country, there was no one, in his opinion, so good as the old lady shown in the illustration. She is the mother of the chief executive of France, and the scene depicted was enacted recently at the latter's country estate near Drome upon the occasion of a visit from Mme. Loubet to her distinguished and democratic son.

AUSTRIA'S FUTURE EMPRESS.

Although the personality of the Archduchess Otto of Austria, a portrait of whom is herewith reproduced, is but little known outside the empire, the archduchess is of international interest owing to the fact that in all probability she will live to see herself empress of Austria. Even if her husband does not become emperor—for he has an older brother who contracted a morganatic marriage—she will take rank as the first lady of the empire.

LOCAL NEWS

Coal—$6.75 at Stanley's.

Printer—F. A. M. Tolin's Printery.

Business printing, Lawler Print'g Co.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Tel. 439-4.

Colonial class every Tuesday evening, Associate hall; Middlesex orchestra. Gentlemen, 25 cents; ladies, 15 cents.

The Babbitt Optical Co., formerly at 23 Dutton street, now permanently located at Bon Marche Building, Suite 19. Take the elevator.

COLLEGE INITIAL

LOWELL BOY DOING GOOD WORK ON FOOTBALL TEAM.

Harry Coburn of this city is at Dartmouth college and is first substitute for the varsity football team and if events are natural with him in the game he will win the college initial. Coburn played his first game with the Beachmont foot ball team and later he filled the position of full back on the high school team. He is strong, fast, cool headed and, according to all accounts, has developed wonderfully under Dartmouth's professional training.

DEVERY AND ODELL

HELD MEETING AT FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, reiterated yesterday that William S. Devery and Gov. Odell had met at the Fifth Avenue hotel recently.

"They met," said Mr. Murphy. "I did not expect Devery to admit it. Nor could we expect any similar admission from Odell. I have positive proof of their meeting. They were seen there."

The Tammany leader was asked if he had anything to say to the report that Tammany Hall had gathered a fund of $200,000 for campaign purposes from disorderly house-keepers and others of that kind.

"There is no such fund," said Mr. Murphy. "Nor would such a fund collected from that source be used by this organization."

Mr. Murphy said the heavy registration showed the popular interest in the campaign determined not to permit the city to fall into the hands of "upstate" grafters.

M. Lynn Bruce, chairman of the republic county committee said yesterday:

"The registration was very gratifying. It is now a case of working all the time until election and we will win."

Mr. Bruce was asked what he thought of the statement made by Murphy last night to the effect that William S. Devery had conferred with Gov. Odell.

"That shows how panicky they are," replied Mr. Bruce. "It is absurd to make such ridiculous statements. They have no foundation."

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devoe Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

OLNEY'S LETTER

HON. RICHARD OLNEY.

Former Cabinet Officer Writes to Democrats

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Two hundred or more members of the Massachusetts Democratic club dined at the Revere House last night, hurrahed and cheered for Gaston and Olney, listened to speeches by the candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor, Chairman William S. McNary of the state committee, and Charles S. Hamlin, and heard confident predictions made of the defeat of Gov. Bates, not by a few scattering votes, but, as Mr. McNary put it, by a good, big substantial plurality.

But the most interesting feature of the dinner was the reading of a letter from the Hon. Richard Olney. The gathering got an inkling of what was coming when Chairman Corcoran arose, the letter in his hand, and proceeded to cheer with great enthusiasm for its author. It was several seconds before there was sufficient quiet to permit the reading of the letter, and at its conclusion there were more cheers. Mr. Olney wrote as follows:

The Hon. John W. Corcoran, president Democratic club of Massachusetts—Dear Sir: I am unable, for imperative personal reasons, to attend the dinner of the Democratic club, to take place this evening. But I am unwilling to forego the opportunity to say that the attitude of the Massachusetts democracy in the current campaign entirely accords with my own wishes and sentiments. It is especially commendable, in my judgment, that state issues are made a leading figure of the canvass. That course is justified not merely by the fact that only state officers are to be chosen. It is the right and expedient course, because, notwithstanding all the United States stands for, and the great space it fills in the popular eye, the people of a state, so far as their welfare and happiness depend upon good laws and their administration, must look chiefly, indeed almost altogether, to the government of the state.

The role of the republican party seems to be to complacently assume that there are no state issues of consequence—that all criticisms of the past and all suggestions for the future are mere "trivialities." If we are going into the subject of "trivialities" it is pertinent to notice that nothing more petty and frivolous has yet been injected into the campaign than the insinuation that the democratic candidate for secretary of state is objectionable as being an ex-confederate soldier. The author of this remarkable suggestion is no less a person than his excellency—a candidate for re-election and eulogized by Senator Hoar as measuring fully up to the standard of his great office. Is Senator Hoar mistaken in his man, or do we get, in his eulogism, the republican estimate of the size and pattern of man fit for the governorship of Massachusetts?

Let us look for a moment at what the republican party dismisses as democratic "trivialities":

1. The gross debt of the state between 1893, Russell's last year, and 1902, increased from $25,000,000 to $84,000,000, and the net debt from $13,000,000 to $66,000,000, increased by more than $5,000,000 this year. What, if any, is the justification of this extraordinary increase?

2. The state tax for this year is increased by $1,000,000—the best reason for which, as given by the auditor, is that it is such a little one—a reason suggesting that our auditor has been consorting with some of the New York captains of finance.

3. The city of Boston is put in the pillory as a community so unfit for local self-government that it cannot even police the city properly or ascertain and register its qualified voters. Is Boston thus discredited and disabled for any good reason or simply because, being a city of pronounced democratic proclivities, it is considered good republican politics to keep it under the republican thumb?

4. Though a tolerably peaceful, well-disposed and law-abiding people, we are the most tremendously governed community in this country, if not in Christendom—some 300 men sitting every year, and half of every year, to make new laws for us; while to get the laws executed there are, besides the governor and council, and the ordinary courts of justice, some 40 to 50 administrative boards and commissioners. Is this large aggregation of governmental machinery really required for a population numbering less than 3,000,000 of souls? If we can't do anything else, isn't it just possible that we could live and thrive with a few less boards and commissions?

5. By a common consent the character of the Massachusetts legislatures has of late years been steadily deteriorating and the general court of 1903 has seemed to be without friends or defenders in any quarter. Is the Massachusetts breed of men degenerating, or is the tendency of long and unchecked republican domination to bring inferior men to the front and to posts of great trust and power into feeble and incompetent hands?

These are some of the trivialities which republicans find it convenient not to notice. Their attitude is the same upon state as upon national questions. It is concisely expressed by the phrase to "stand pat." "Stand pat" is certainly a comfortable doctrine for republican office-holders, since it means that they are to keep their places, that whatever has been done is to be acquiesced in and condoned, and that only friends and partisans are to have that inside and first-hand information, that access to records, books, accounts, papers and facts generally, which is absolutely necessary to determine whether the republican party has been a faithful steward of the public interests so long intrusted to its charge. Will such an argument and appeal long satisfy and convince the people of the state? It certainly will not if they are wise and true to their own interests. It certainly will not if they read aright the object lessons afforded by the recent scandals at Washington. In spite of the immense official pressure naturally brought to bear to prevent exposures of "graft," peculations, malversations in office and other irregularities in the executive departments of the general government are constantly coming to the surface and inevitably give rise to the suspicion that for one case that is shown up there are many others which will never see the light. The fact is—and it is the same with the state as with the nation—long and unbroken tenure of power by one political party is inevitably demoralizing and fatal to its usefulness. When not honey-combed with corruption, as is too often the case, it loses its capacity for a sound and efficient administration of public affairs. Government under it becomes something in which place-men, rather than the people governed, are the first consideration; in which the rule of the boss is chronic and despotic; in which sinecures flourish because old offices are never abolished and new ones are constantly created; in which public stations of importance become the prizes of men of inferior ability and worth; and in which large expenditures as potent sources of influence and votes present temptations too strong to be resisted. That Massachusetts is suffering more or less from these mischiefs, and to a degree not ascertainable so long as the republican party continues in the saddle, only the most extreme partisan will have the hardihood to deny. It is equally true that relief from them is not to be looked for within the party itself. It must come from without, and cannot reasonably be expected from those who are legally and morally responsible for it. I remain, very truly yours,

RICHARD OLNEY.

23 Court street, Boston, Oct. 19, 1903.

Col. Gaston, who was accorded a vociferous ovation, again discussed the state debt, reiterating several of the charges he has previously made in relation to the state's expenditures as being extravagant and wasteful. In support of his assertion that Massachusetts has the greatest debt of any state in the Union, Col. Gaston gave the figures of debt of 11 states, and, anticipating that the republican reply to this charge might be to claim that such a comparison is not fair, because in Massachusetts the state has taken upon itself many public works, the cost of which in other states is borne by the cities or counties, he gave a table showing the combined debt of the counties, cities and towns of other states and of Massachusetts. Col Gaston claimed, in view of his presentation on this subject, that he was warranted in asserting that the state debt in Massachusetts would never disappear under republican rule.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TWO FRAUDS.

The merchant who would try to sell a pair of shoes without opening the box in which they came from the factory, would be regarded as a fraud and a trickster, and the newspaper which denies to the advertiser all the information he desires in reference to its circulation, must not expect the confidence of its patrons.

WEATHER WRETCHED

But with all the tough weather of last week we did a very good business. That's because we have the right goods at right prices.

This week we have for you a beautiful line of Trimmed Hats, priced from $4.00 to $7.50. They're all right—made them ourselves.

Big values in Black Ostrich from $1.98 up to $7.50. Fine goods that you'll pay more for elsewhere.

Outing and Children's Hats from $1.98 up to as high as you want to go.

We want you to get your order in early this week. We shall be rushed the last of the week.

HEAD & SHAW

...THE MILLINERS...

169 MERRIMACK STREET

NEW YORK CLOAK AND SUIT CO.

Ready-to-Wear Garments for Ladies and Misses

A few words with you regarding our SUIT SALE. The low prices we have made to start the season has had its effect. Style and Quality considered, our prices are beyond competition.

SUITS AT $10.75, $12.75, $15.00, $16.75, $18.75, $19.50 and upwards.

Come and look them over, and be convinced of their merits.

New Fall and Winter Capes

A Fine Kersey at $5.98. Others at $6.75, $7.50 to $25.00. All good values.

Walking Skirts

At $2.98 we are selling the finest skirt ever offered; colors, black and blue. Others, $3.98, $4.98, $5.75 and upwards.

Dress Skirt

At $3.98 a skirt perfect in fit, neatly trimmed; value, $5.00. At $3.98.

Waists, Rain Coats and Furs

Large assortment, correct styles, lowest prices. Come early and receive the two-fold benefit, "PRICE AND ASSORTMENT."

12 JOHN STREET

C. F. KEYES - - Auctioneer

OFFICE, OLD B. & M. STATION, GREEN ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1903, at 3 o'clock

THE RESIDENCE AT NO. 100 MT. WASHINGTON STREET, CONSISTING OF AN EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING HOUSE AND ABOUT 5400 SQUARE FEET OF LAND.

Regardless of what the weather might be, absolute sale will be made of the above property. Mr. Bolton not enjoying the best of health for the past few years, has decided to move to the far South, and his home which we offer for sale is as neat and as pretty a spot for a small dwelling as one would desire. It sets on the brink of the hill surrounded by a beautiful lawn, has fruit trees, shrubberies, creeping vines, a nice grape-vine and all the requirements of nature to beautify a home. The house contains eight rooms, bath, pantry, unfinished attic, and a fine, dry, cemented cellar. It is heated throughout with steam by one of Scannell & Whelley's best horizontal boilers, is lighted by gas, hot and cold water, and the only thing needed to make it perfect in every respect is a coat of paint on the outside.

The lot contains about 5400 square feet of land with a frontage of about 44 square feet on Mt. Washington street, and runs about 130 feet deep. It is bordered on the southerly side by a stone wall and has also a heavy stone wall in the rear. It has concrete walks and an entrance to cellar by bulkhead. The location is all that could be desired, having a very high elevation and being clustered in the best of neighborhoods; it is but a few minutes' walk to the Pawtucketville or Broadway line of electrics, and if you are looking for or thinking of purchasing a small home, make no mistake in allowing this sale to pass without giving it some attention.

TERMS: $250 must be deposited with the auctioneer as soon as struck off. Other terms made known at sale.

Immediately After Selling the Residence

I WILL DISPOSE OF SEVERAL LOTS OF FURNITURE INCLUDING A CUSTOM-MADE PARLOR SET, SIX PIECES; A BEAUTIFUL LARGE 6½ FOOT DARK OAK MANTEL, CUSTOM-MADE, LARGE BRUSSELS CARPET, COUCH, TABLES, DINING-ROOM TABLE, CHAIRS, BOOKCASE, REFRIGERATOR, CHAMBER SET, MIRRORS, KITCHEN UTENSILS, SHADES, PICTURES, ETC. TERMS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY WILL BE CASH.

Thursday, Oct. 22, 1903, at 3.30 o'clock

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF A FOUR-TENEMENT BLOCK AND ABOUT 3880 SQUARE FEET OF LAND AT NOS. 212 AND 214 CHARLES STREET.

By virtue of a license issued to us as administrators of the estate of the late William Morris, we shall sell by public auction on the premises, No. 212 and 214 Charles street, a well appointed, good paying piece of realty. Its construction is of the first-class order, its apartments are conveniently set, and its location is the very best for renting, about opposite the Training school, but a few minutes' walk to the postoffice or centre of the city; there are four very fine tenements of seven rooms each, bath and pantry, and there is never one of them idle more than a few days at a time. It rents at the present time for about $540 a year and undoubtedly could be made pay a little more. There are nice, large, front bay windows to each tenement, separate side and rear entrances to the lower tenements, and a rear entrance to the upper tenements; the sidewalks are concreted, there is an entrance to cellars in rear from yard, each tenement having its own cellar, and for a real estate investment one could not choose a better located or better adapted piece of tenement property in this section.

The lot contains about 3880 square feet of land and is level and dry.

The terms will be $400, to be paid to the auctioneer as soon as struck off. Other terms at sale.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
WILLIAM A. HOGAN,
Administrators of the estate of William Morris.

WELCH & DANAHEY
Practical Steam Fitters, Pipers Plumbers
1024 CENTRAL STREET.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON
(Successor to M. O'Flahavan.)
STOVES AND FURNACES
Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
115 MARKET STREET. Tel. 953-12.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law,
7 HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL
Notary Public. Telephone.

Wilfred Kershaw
(Organist at St. John's Church.)
TEACHER OF PIANO
ROOM 27, ASSOCIATE BLDG.
WEDNESDAYS FROM 2 TILL 7 P. M.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

GRAHAM R. WHIDDEN
FIRE INSURANCE
40 Middlesex Street, Lowel
TELEPHONE 175-2

$50 to California
by rail. $45 by water and rail.

MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY
18 Appleton St., Opp. Post Office

MRS. E. TURNER
PERMANENTLY REMOVES
Superfluous Hair and Moles
61 CENTRAL STREET.
Office Hours 9 to 4.

MARY G. HARRINGTON
VIOLIN
Room 0, Old City Hall Building — Residence, 110 Fremont Street.

THE LATEST NEWS—We were very glad to see so many people traveling through our store to see what we have. Everyone was pleased with our line of goods. It was something new. The only store of its kind in Lowell. What we keep is for your own use. Come in and see the most curious shop. Why go to Boston for such goods when you have a store in your own city? Japan, China, India, Turkey, Persia, and Egyptian goods, beaded chains and lace. The latest novelties in jewelry. Oriental Bazaar, 318 Merrimack street.

J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
320, 322, 324 Market St.
Personal attention given to every detail. Funeral chapel, also morgue, connected with this establishment. Tel. 250-2.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

GRAND ANNIVERSARY SALE

IN KITCHEN FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

Special Values at our 3d Annual Sale Beginning TOMORROW

FOR OUR ANNIVERSARY SALE

Mrs. Potts' Iron Handles, usual price 10c	5c EACH
Asbestos Mats, fireproof, usual price 5c	2c EACH
9 in. Tin Pie Plates, usual price 5c	2c EACH
Porcelain Lined Enamel Kettles, light blue outside, white inside; usual price 50c	29c EACH
White Enamel Wood Newspaper Racks, usual price 25c	10c EACH
12 quart Gray Enamel Stove Pots, tall shape, covered; usual price $1.00	59c EACH
Nickle Soap Dishes, usual price 25c	10c EACH
Tea and Coffee Pots in blue and white ware, all sizes, have enamel covers; usual price 50c and 60c	34c EACH
Large size Enamel Tea Kettles, blue outside, white inside; regular price $1.00	59c EACH
Gray Enamel Double Milk or Rice Boilers, 3 parts; usual price 60c	39c EACH
6 quart Gray Enamel Convex Kettles, with covers; usual price 60c	39c EACH
A special lot of Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, 2 pint size; usual price 25c	10c EACH
Fine Nickle Plated Tea and Coffee Pots, 3 pint size; usual price 50c	25c EACH
All sizes Heavy Tin Sauce Pans, usual price 15c and 20c	10c EACH
All styles Bread Pans, Cake Pans, Biscuit Pans, Loaf Pans; usual price 10c and 15c	5c EACH
Full Size Dust Pans, painted brown; usual price 10c	5c EACH
4 pint Gray Enamel Sauce Pans, usual price 30c	19c EACH
8 pint Gray Enamel Sauce Pans, usual price 50c	29c EACH
Best Steel Fry Pans, fit Nos. 7 or 8 stoves, cold handles; usual price 35c and 50c	17c EACH
Heavy Tin Dish Pans, usual price 20c	10c EACH
Large Dinner Pails, with cup on cover; usual price 25c	14c EACH
Best Gray Enamel Dish Pans; usual price 50c	29c EACH
Best Floor Brooms; usual price 25c	19c EACH
Nickle Crumb Pans and Scrapers; usual price 25c	10c EACH
1 quart Gray Enamel Milk Cans; usual price 25c	17c EACH
Steel Blade Knives and Forks; usual price 50c	33c A SET
Large Boxes Tooth Picks; usual price 5c	2c PER BOX
Gold Dust Washing Powder	4c A PACKAGE
100 feet Cotton Clothes Line and 60 Clothes Pins, usual price 35c, for	25 CENTS
Large size Bread Boxes, painted brown, ventilated sides, ornamented fronts; regular price 75c	39c EACH
25-pound Sugar Canisters; usual price 50c	25c EACH
Fine Glass Cream Pitchers and Spoon Holders, cut pattern, 10c values	5c A PIECE
Fine Glass Spoon Trays; 10c value	5c EACH
Fine Decorated Crockery Pint Bowls	5c EACH
Blue Decorated Oat Meal Dishes	5c EACH
All sizes of Yellow Ware Nappies, from 7 in. to 12 in., usual price 15c and 20c	10c EACH
Hotel Crockery Cups and Saucers, double thick; some with handles, others without; a great trade for restaurants	80c DOZEN
Plain Crepe Paper in full 10 ft. rolls; usual price 10c	5c ROLL
Black Jet Tea Pots, English make, warranted fireproof, handsome decorations; usual price 60c	39c EACH
Stoneware Slop Jars, plain; usual price 75c	49c EACH
Stoneware Slop Jars, fancy shape, with bail and cover; usual price $1.00	79c EACH
China Tea Cups and Saucers	10c A PAIR
Best Nickle Plated, centre draft, Sewing or Reading Lamps complete with 10 inch white shade and chimney; usual price $1.75	$1.19 EACH
A special lot of Best Opaque Window Curtains, with insertion and fringe, new combinations of colors; usual price 50c	25c EACH

THIS SALE WILL LAST ONLY FOUR DAYS: FROM WEDNESDAY MORNING TO SATURDAY NIGHT

A. G. Pollard & Co.

DON'T WAIT...
Why wait until tomorrow morning to get today's news of the world? Buy a late edition of the Sun and be a day ahead. Compare the night edition of THE SUN with the next morning's papers and you will see the point.

THE LOWELL SUN

EYES
are made to see with. Can't you see that The Sun is the leader among Lowell papers? Appearances show for themselves. You see everybody reading it everywhere.
IT IS LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY OCTOBER 20 1903 | 10 PAGES ONE CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK

PATROL WAGON

Turned Into a Court Room

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—For the first time in the history of Chicago, police court has been held in a patrol wagon. Justice Caverly climbed into the wagon, which was standing in front of the city hall and administered the oath to two detectives who were armed with a warrant charging Lucy Miles with larceny. The woman lay on a cot in the vehicle, having been brought from the County hospital. She was held in bonds of $1,800 and the case was continued for ten days. A commitment was issued by the magistrate and she was taken to the County jail hospital.

The woman, who is 26 years of age, is charged with stealing $700 worth of silverware from the Colonial hotel at Coney Island, N. Y. She came to Chicago with the stolen property and was found by detectives suffering from appendicitis. An operation was performed on her at the County hospital and she was discharged. The jail officers refused to take her without a mittimus and as she needed medical attention, the Harrison street police station annex could not receive her.

Justice Caverly helped the officers out of the dilemma by holding court in the patrol wagon.

HIGH SCHOOL FIRE

BLAZE STARTED BY OVERHEATED METAL

Fire was discovered on the roof of the high school building in Kirk street at 1.25 this afternoon. Men were at work repairing the metal work and the metal had been heated to such a temperature that it set fire to the wood work. Word was sent to the central fire station and a portion of the department responded. The damage was slight.

DYNAMITE FOUND

ON TRACKS OF THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MISSOULA, Mont., Oct. 20.—Two sticks of dynamite were found by the section men near the mouth of Hell Gate canyon on the Northern Pacific tracks east of here late yesterday just before the passage of the east bound passenger train. Armed guards are now patrolling the canyon a distance of 10 miles.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

Maple Sap SYRUP
EXTRA QUALITY
$8.00 worth Trading Stamps (green or blue) with a $1.00 purchase.
$4.00 worth with each 50c purchase.
$2.00 worth with each 25c purchase.
Maple Syrup
Fruit Syrups
or Lime Juice
62 Central St.

TO LET—Tenement on Baldwin street; rent $8. Apply Mrs. M. C. Pratt, 1652 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Young men to learn pulling over. Apply at Stover & Bean's, Hood building, Thorndike street.

FOUND—A small sum of money in Pollard's store Monday afternoon. Owner can have by calling at 5/6 Lawrence street.

IN GOOD STANDING

12th Anniversary Observed by Wamesit Lodge

Wamesit lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., celebrated the 12th anniversary of its founding last night. The anniversary ceremonies were attended by nearly every member of the organization, and there were visitors from other local lodges and from out of town. An old fashioned English supper was served and when the inner man cried "enough," Chairman John S. Jackson called to order. He told of the success of the lodge and said that in the treasury at the present time there is the snug sum of $2573. Songs, speeches and recitations filled in the evening and the occasion was one that will long be remembered by the visitors as well as the members of the organization.

FUNERALS

HORTON—The funeral of Catherine Horton took place yesterday afternoon from the funeral chapel of Undertaker Molloy. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

RUNELS—The funeral of Dolly Runels took place from her home, 4 Davis square, yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. R. A. Greene of the Grace Universalist church. The bearers were Daniel, Charles, Henry and George Runels. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of Undertaker C. M. Young.

DEATHS

SLOAN—Horace J. Sloan, well known as a drug clerk in this city, died at his home, 93 Westford street, this morning after an illness of several months. During the Spanish-American war Mr. Sloan went to Porto Rico with the ambulance corps and there contracted the disease which caused his death. Mr. Sloan was one of the best known clerks in this city and had a host of friends. He is survived by a wife and a father and mother, all residing in this city.

Funeral from his late residence, 93 Westford street, Wednesday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock. Friends invited.

WALLACE—James Wallace died last evening at his residence, 86 Jewett street, aged 81 years and 8 months. He leaves a wife. He was an old resident of this city, having come here from Scotland, his native land, in 1841. He was employed for many years as a section hand by the Lowell Carpet company, but retired about 16 years ago.

JOHNSON—Mrs. Caroline Johnson, wife of John A. Johnson, died yesterday at the Lowell General hospital, aged 43 years.

REIDY—Daniel Reidy, aged two months and five days, son of Daniel and Catherine, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 1403 Middlesex street.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

CAN COMBINE AS WELL AS OTHERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 20.—Judge Smith McPherson, of the federal court, has rendered an opinion in which he holds that the anti-compact law placed on the statute books of Iowa in 1896 is invalid and asserts that insurance companies have as good right to combine as other commercial interests.

The opinion is of far-reaching importance, affecting every company in the state, 55 of which asked an injunction restraining the state auditor from enforcing the law, which prohibited two or more companies entering an agreement to fix rates.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Local forecast: Fair tonight and Wednesday; cooler Wednesday; brisk to high westerly winds, diminishing Wednesday.

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A little better than any other"

C. C. A.
UNION MADE
10c CIGARS
C. C. A. CIGAR CO., Boston

SUPERIOR COURT

The McBride-Moffatt Case is Still On

The case of McBride vs. Moffatt et al., an action of tort, the ad damnum placed at $5000, which opened Friday afternoon, was on trial all day yesterday.

During the latter part of the afternoon Supt. Moffatt was on the stand and was cross-examined by Lawyer Gove of Boston.

"Were you notified before the patrol wagon came that two arrests had been made?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"Yes, sir," answered Supt. Moffatt.

"Who gave you the information?"

"I could not tell."

"The sergeant didn't?"

"No, sir."

Resuming his testimony, Supt. Moffatt said: "It takes the patrol wagon five minutes, sometimes eight, to go from the police station to the depot. The most of the crowd around the depot were looking up the railroad track in the direction which they thought the president's train would come. When I first saw Sergt. Connors near the depot he was making his way through the crowd."

"When a prisoner is brought into the station is the time of his arrival recorded?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"Yes, sir," answered the witness.

"Is the time also recorded when a patrol box is rung in?"

"Yes, sir."

In answer to questions asked by Mr. Gove witness said: "I know that the name of the prisoner and the time of his arrest was put on the blotter, for I examined the blotter that day, but could not say as to whether or not the time of the wagon call was down, for I didn't examine the tape."

Lawyer Gove asked witness if the blotter could be brought into court in the morning and Supt. Moffatt said that it could.

Lawyer Gove then asked: "Did you make any inquiry from McBride when the sergeant brought him to you?"

Witness answered "I did not."

"You didn't know of the arrest of the other two men when McBride was brought to you?"

"No, sir."

"When did you first hear that 'Sheeney Mike' might be in Lowell?"

"It was that forenoon."

"What time?"

"Before 12 o'clock."

"And when did you first hear of Desautelles?"

"When I reached the station house after the president had left."

"After you had given the order for McBride to be locked up how long did you remain there?"

"A very short time after the patrol wagon left."

"Did McBride say anything when he was brought up to you?"

"I have no recollection of him saying anything. If he had said anything I believe I would have remembered it."

"You didn't know that the patrol wagon had been rung for at that time?"

"No sir."

"At the time you first saw McBride that morning your horse was standing still, headed towards Central street, I believe?"

"Yes sir."

"You waited five or ten minutes before you saw him again?"

"Yes sir."

"There were officers of yours about there, were there not?"

"There probably were. A number were in plain clothes in the crowd."

"Did you try to get hold of any of them?"

"I did not."

"Did you attempt to go and catch McBride yourself?"

"I did not."

Resuming witness testified: "There were six officers in uniform detailed for duty on the depot grounds. They were Officers Boyle, Curran, Gerow, Conway, John J. Donovan and Timothy Dwyer. When the patrol came Inspector Walsh had hold of one man, Sergt. Connors had McBride, and I could not say who had the third man. It was either Officer Burnett or Hamilton. If it was Officer Burnett he was in uniform, but if it was Officer Hamilton he was in citizen's clothes.

"The man from Lynn who had complained of being robbed was in the office at the police station when I arrived from the depot. He said that he had seen the three men arrested at the depot and that none of them were the parties who had robbed him. I do not know this man, and to my knowledge I had never seen him before. He said he lived in a suburb outside of Lynn. I did not get his name either."

"Did you give orders that anybody who was arrested that morning should not be admitted to bail?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"No sir."

"You knew that they tried to bail McBride?"

"No sir."

"Did you see McBride's brother there?"

"I saw him after Mr. McBride had been released. He came into my office and said he was going to bring suit against me."

"Did he then ask what his brother was arrested for?"

"I do not remember; he said a good many things; I remember him asking me how long suspicion was going to rest on his brother."

The next witness called was Officer Frank Fox who testified: "I am a police officer and have been one going on 15 years. I know McBride, and have known him for ten years. I know of various convictions against him since then. I have seen McBride between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902, several times at different places. I have seen him around the Boston & Northern railroad station, Merrimack square, and at the Middlesex street station. I have seen him on more than one occasion standing in one place longer than half an hour.

"I saw him on the morning of the 26th of August, 1902. I, with other officers, left the police station that morning at two minutes before eight and saw him at the junction of Central and Jackson streets. I was the rear man in the squad and called the attention of my side partner to McBride. My side partner was a reserve officer. I think his name was Kennedy. McBride was going in the direction of the postoffice. It was not later than five or six minutes past eight when I saw him."

Cross-examined witness said: "I saw McBride go up Central street to the postoffice and he turned in the broad path in front of the office. I was not in a position to see whether or not he entered the postoffice. I did not see him again that day. I have seen him at different times standing at the railroad depot, the electric car station and standing around Merrimack square."

"Is Merrimack square near the Merrimack street railroad station?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"No sir," answered witness, "Merrimack square takes in from Ellingwood's drug store to where The Sun building is."

At this point witness and counsel had a lively tilt, the latter having considerable trouble in trying to have the witness answer questions the way he wanted him to.

Witness went on to tell that his beat was in Pawtucketville, but stated that he had seen McBride in the evening between 6.30 and nine o'clock. He also saw him during his noon hour while going to dinner.

On rebuttal witness said: "I have on two occasions tried to get near him to speak to him, but on both occasions when he saw me coming he walked away."

Napoleon Provencher, a police officer, testified: "I know McBride by sight. I have known him three years. Saw him opposite the postoffice a little after eight o'clock on the morning that the president was here. He was standing at the postoffice door."

Cross-examined witness said: "I left the police station with the detail shortly before eight o'clock. I did not see McBride on Central street that morning."

Police Officer George W. Marshall testified: "I have known McBride for about eight years. I saw him on the 26th of August at the door of the postoffice; Officer Provencher was with me at the time. We left the station house shortly before eight o'clock and arrived at the common at five or six minutes past eight."

Cross-examined: "When I saw McBride he was walking towards the door of the postoffice. His side was towards me. I also used to see him when I was on the Centralville beat."

OFFICER HAMILTON TESTIFIES.

The first witness at this morning's session was Police Officer Charles A. Hamilton, who testified: "I have known William F. McBride for seven years. On the morning of the 26th of August, 1902, I saw McBride at the corner of King and Middlesex street, which is about 75 yards from the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike street. It was about five minutes past eight, or between that and quarter past eight. There were a number of fellows talking together. I knew McBride, "Sheeney Mike," Patrick Casey, a fellow named Boyle, and saw several others whom I didn't know. There were seven in the group.

"When Casey saw me coming he took out his handkerchief and immediately the crowd went down King street. I then looked to see if I could find another police officer and seeing Officer Burnett I informed him what I saw. Officer Burnett and I then went down Jackson street but could not see any of the crowd. We afterwards met Casey and Desautelles and placed them under arrest. We brought them over to Inspector Walsh and then took them over to the patrol box.

"I have seen McBride quite a number of times, between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902. I should say that I saw him on a average of twice a week. I have seen him on Merrimack and Central streets, around Merrimack square and saw him at the Bon Marche on the day before Christmas of 1901. I went into the store with him, followed him around, and then followed him out, and went into Pollard's with him. I was watching him for about half an hour. His wife was with him and I don't believe that either of them bought anything in either store. I have seen him in the square at all hours on different days. The day before Christmas when I saw McBride I was in citizen's clothes and was detailed to watch the department store."

Cross-examined witness testified:

For a while I was on a beat which brought me through Western avenue but I never saw McBride there for my beat started at 12.30 o'clock.

"On that morning in Middlesex street Casey was the only one I noticed facing me and when he took out his handkerchief they all looked at him and then started down King street. I saw the chief driving through Middlesex street. I did not communicate with him. We had no communication the night before or that morning in regard to the Lynn man. I arrived at the station house about 7.15 that morning and I heard in a general way that there was a man from Lynn "who had been touched up yesterday," and had called at the station. When I came back to the station that morning I did not see McBride.

"My purpose in getting Officer Burnett was to have him assist me in catching some of the fellows. It was on our way back that we met Casey and Desautelles."

On rebuttal, witness said: "When I did not see them in Jackson street I turned back thinking that they knew we would follow them and double on their track. On our way back we met Casey and Desautelles and arrested both of them."

"Who is this Patrick Casey?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"I object," said Lawyer Gove," and the court ruled accordingly.

INSPECTOR MAHER ON STAND.

Inspector Martin J. Maher testified: "I have known McBride for six or seven years and on the morning of the 26th of August I saw him near the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike streets. It was about 8.20. He came up Middlesex street in back of me and turned the corner into Thorndike street. When he passed me I followed him to see if he would mingle in with the crowd. I followed him to the other side of the canal and saw him go into the Cady building in Western avenue. I then went back to the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike streets.

"The next I saw of him was about 10 minutes later, about 8.30 o'clock, when I saw Sergt. Connors putting him in the patrol wagon at the depot. I received information of a Lynn man being robbed, from Supt. Moffatt. Inspector Laflamme was with me at the time. Supt. Moffatt told us to keep a sharp lookout for pickpockets. He said that the description of one of the parties who had robbed the Lynn man answered McBride's description, a tall fellow, straw hat and light complexion. I knew of McBride's conviction. I had seen him between September of 1900 and August 26, 1902. Sometimes I saw him twice a day. I would see him three or four times a week at least. Sometimes on Merrimack, Central and Bridge streets, mostly on Central street, between Market street and Towers' corner."

Cross-examined Lawyer Gove asked: "Do you know where the Mathew Temperance society is?"

"Yes sir, over Brazier's store."

"Did you ever see him go in there?"

"No sir."

"Did you ever see him come out of there?"

"No sir."

Witness then said that in going from Centralville to Western avenue it would be much nearer to go up Merrimack and Dutton Sts. than go around by the way of Middlesex street, and also that the Highlands car which went up Dutton street went by Western avenue while the Middlesex street car went within about 100 yards of Western avenue.

"When you got back after going down to Western avenue did you remain at the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike streets?" asked Mr. Gove.

"Yes, sir; I came right back."

"You remained there how long?"

"I remained there until after the president came in."

"How long should you say you had been away from that corner?"

"Ten minutes."

"Did you make any delay at Western avenue?"

"I stayed and watched where McBride went."

"How long?"

"Just long enough to see him go into the building."

"When you got back did you notice whether the police had anyone under arrest at the depot?"

"I did."

"Had arrest been made before you followed McBride?"

"It was made while I was away."

"How long after you got back before you saw McBride arrested?"

"Probably 10 or 15 minutes. The first I saw of him after leaving him at the Cady building, he was being put into the patrol wagon."

INSPECTOR WALSH.

Police Inspector John A. Walsh after answering the preliminary questions, testified: "Have known McBride nine or ten years. I saw him on the morning of the 26th of August. He was about 10 or 12 feet from the police box at the depot. I had Casey and Desautelles who had been handed to me by Officer Hamilton. When I first saw him he was in the middle of the crowd."

"What did you see him do?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"McBride worked his way toward the box and bowed to Casey. McBride began to laugh at Casey and I said to Casey: 'He is giving you the laugh.' About that time Sergt. Connors made a start towards McBride and McBride started to walk away. The next time I saw him was in the patrol wagon."

Witness testified to receiving instruction from Supt. Moffatt to be on the lookout for local and out-of-town pickpockets, and also told me about the Lynn man being robbed, saying that one of the men described fitted McBride. Witness saw McBride a number of times on the street and also at a circus.

SERGT. CONNORS TESTIFIES.

Sergt. Martin Connors, one of the defendants, was the next witness called and testified: "I have known McBride for five or six years and also know of his convictions. On the morning of the 26th of August, 1902, I left the police station about 8 o'clock. Lieut. Webster and myself had charge of a squad of officers which was detailed to the Middlesex street station. I saw the superintendent before I left the station. He told me about a Lynn man being robbed and told me that the man had called at his office. He said that the description given of one of the men, by the Lynn man, answered the description of McBride.

"I left the station about eight o'clock and arrived at the depot about quarter or twenty minutes past eight."

"When did you first see McBride that morning?" asked City Solicitor Hogan.

"I first saw McBride when I was standing at the patrol box where Inspector Walsh had two men under arrest. McBride came up and looked at the two men being arrested."

"What did he do at that time if anything?"

"I saw him bow and smile."

"To whom?"

"I should say to the men under arrest."

"What did you do then?"

"McBride stayed there one or two minutes, and I started towards him, but when he saw me he made his way through the crowd. He was about to cross the railroad tracks when I placed my hand on his shoulder and said I wanted him. The superintendent told me that morning if I saw McBride anywhere in the crowd to arrest him. After arresting him I started towards the patrol box and he asked me what he was being arrested for, and I said 'You know.' He saw the superintendent in his carriage and asked me if I would take him over to the superintendent. I brought him over and said 'This is Mr. McBride, Mr. Superintendent.' "

"What conversation was had between him and the superintendent?"

"He wanted to know what he was arrested for and the superintendent said to me: 'Go down and lock him up.' I started to go towards the patrol box when I noticed the patrol wagon come up and I waited for the wagon and placed McBride in it."

Witness further testified to seeing McBride on previous occasions around Towers' corner and Central streets.

Cross-examined, Sergt. Connors said: "On the morning of the 26th Supt. Moffatt went into the guard room and told the officers to be on the lookout for pickpockets." At this point a discussion arose between witness and counsel as to what Supt. Moffatt said in his cross-examination yesterday afternoon in reference to what the superintendent had said about McBride. The court ordered recess in order to enable the stenographer to look up his note.

Resuming witness testified: "When I first saw McBride he was coming through the crowd towards the box, where Inspector Walsh had the two prisoners. He remained where he was until I started towards him. He was about to flee from me when I noticed him. When I got up to him I placed my hand on his shoulder and said 'I want you.' I took him to the superintendent who said 'Go down and lock him up.' I hadn't seen him that day until I saw him in the crowd. I had been around there about half an hour before I arrested Mr. McBride."

OFFICER HICKSON TESTIFIES.

Police Officer John Hickson testified: "I was on the patrol wagon that brought in McBride, Casey and Desautelles. The call came into the police station about 8.41. When I arrived at the depot the three prisoners were there. It was a covered wagon, covered with canvas, the back of the wagon being open. When I arrived at the station I took them before the keeper to have them booked. Casey was the first man booked. Desautelles was next. Desautelles was asked where he lived and after trying to think where he lived, turned around to McBride and said, 'What is the name of that street, Mac?' McBride refused to answer, and Deputy Welch who was standing nearby, said: 'Why don't you answer, McBride?' He still refused to answer. McBride refused to answer any question."

The call sheet was then introduced showing that a call had been sent in from box 57 at 8.43 and the return call was entered as 8.48, and the cause of arrest "Suspicious person."

Witness said he handcuffed McBride and Desautelles together. Casey was not handcuffed.

DEPUTY WELCH.

Deputy Redmond Welch testified: "I have known McBride for about 10 years. I saw McBride a number of times between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902 mostly on Central street in the afternoon. Have seen him standing on the street a number of times, 30 minutes on one occasion.

"On one occasion he came up to me and demanded why I said certain things about his wife the day before in police court. He said, 'I will sue you and make you pay for what you said yesterday.' I told him to go away and mind his business. He then walked away, uttering threats."

Resuming, witness testified: "No one could refuse or consent to give bail on that day without coming to me, for I was in charge of the station that morning. No one tried to offer bail for McBride. P. L. McBride did not make any application for bail for his brother.

"On the morning of the 26th of August I was sitting at a table in my office and a man entered the room and coming up to the rail he asked if I was the chief of police, and I said 'No,' and directed him into the superintendent's room. As he started for the door the superintendent came out of his office and the man said: 'I lost my pocketbook with about $50 in Lynn yesterday.' The superintendent told the man to go into his room and both went into the superintendent's office."

"About 10.30 o'clock, while in the court room, Supt. Moffatt came up the rear stairs and told me that the man from Lynn had seen the three men arrested and could not identify any of them as the men who had robbed him. He told me to inform the court of that fact, and I did so."

Cross-examined witness testified: McBride arrived at the police station at 8.55, taken to a cell and locked up. At ten o'clock the prisoners were taken upstairs to the court room. The men were discharged before eleven o'clock.

"Officer Gregg had charge of the blotter that morning. I don't remember seeing P. L. McBride in court that morning and I don't remember seeing him down stairs, or in fact around the station that morning."

Some people at 40 look like 60! Gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

EXTRA SESSION

Congress Will Meet on November 9

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, OCT. 20.—THE PRESIDENT TODAY ISSUED A PROCLAMATION CALLING THE 58TH CONGRESS IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION NOVEMBER 9 AT 12 O'CLOCK.

THE PROCLAMATION STATES THAT THE PURPOSE OF THE SESSION IS TO CONSIDER THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CUBA WHICH REQUIRES THE APPROVAL OF CONGRESS.

BANK ROBBERY

An Alleged Theft of $50,000 Revealed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 20—AN ALLEGED THEFT OF $50,000 FROM THE BOSTON NATIONAL UNION BANK LAST NOVEMBER WAS REVEALED TODAY WHEN ELMER E. LEAVITT OF THIS CITY WAS ARRAIGNED BEFORE JUDGE FORSAITH IN THE MUNICIPAL COURT, CHARGED WITH THE DEED.

LEAVITT PLEADED NOT GUILTY AND WAS HELD FOR A HEARING NOVEMBER 4 IN BAIL OF $5,000.

Have you ever seen the best House heating BOILER in the WORLD?
The Winchester
Call and See It
WELCH BROS., Agts.
143 Middle Street

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, steam heat, gas and bath, with home conveniences, in private family. 522 Central street.

THE SUN LATEST 5 O'CLOCK

STOLE BRASS

Two Men Were Fined $15 Each

The case of John Smith and Thomas Casey, charged with the larceny of certain brass fittings, the property of C. B. Coburn & Co., came up on continuance in police court today.

The men were arrested by Officers Atkinson and Brown a few days ago. They were carrying a bag containing a quantity of brass fittings that the police at first thought was part of the plunder taken from the bobbin factory at the corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets, but later, the C. B. Coburn Co. reported that brass fittings had been stolen from the company's storehouse in Ayer City and the fittings found in the possession of the men were identified by employes of the Coburn company.

Both men pleaded not guilty today, and representatives of the company testified that the fittings, in evidence, had been stolen from the store house in Ayer City. The defendants were found guilty and were sentenced to pay a fine of $15 each.

SHE CARRIED A WAD.

Annie J. Eabson, 62, was in court yesterday morning charged with drunkenness and again today for the same offence. She was released yesterday and this morning she was placed on probation.

She had $8 in her possession and she is bound for a point out of town where employment awaits her. She worked at the beaches all summer, she said, and succeeded in saving about $100. She used to live in Lowell and stopped off here to visit for a day. She was unable to locate her old friends, but she found new ones, who were very hospitable. They told her where she could get all the whiskey she wanted, provided she had the price, and Annie bought several pints and half pints. The police think she was very fortunate to land at police station with her money in her possession.

Probation Officer Slattery took Annie's money and placed it in the bank for her and put her on a train bound for Stirling Junction, where she expects to spend the winter.

MARY MADE A MISTAKE.

Mary Whitely said she wasn't drunk when Officer Maloney arrested her, last evening, but the officer said she was helplessly drunk.

Mary had a suspended sentence hanging over her. The suspension of her former sentence was revoked and the sentence of three months to jail stood confirmed. The new complaint was placed on file. Mary was just foolish enough to appeal from the old sentence and to illumine her mistake Judge Hadley took the new complaint from the file and added three more months to Mary's sentence, making it six months instead of three months in jail. She appealed from both sentences and was ordered in $400 for the superior court.

"I don't want to prosecute the case, I'd rather lose my money," said Timothy Burns, a complainant in a larceny case, in police court today.

James O'Mally was the defendant and he pleaded not guilty. The phraseology of the complaint was not suited to the case and O'Mally was ordered in $200 for his appearance in court tomorrow morning.

Burns got his pay check at the Merrimack counting room yesterday morning. He endorsed, but could not collect until between 12 and 1 o'clock. He started home and met O'Mally on the way. They went somewhere, had several drinks and finally Burns said he went to sleep and when he awoke O'Mally and his time check were gone.

This was about 2 o'clock. He hustened to the counting room and learned that his pay had been drawn. He suspected O'Mally and reported the case to the police.

In police court today Burns said he didn't want to do anything about it. "Do you want to let him have the money?" asked Corporation Officer Noyes, who had the case in hand.

"Let him have the money," replied Burns. "He'll know better next time and it wouldn't do me any good if he was sent to jail. Let it go. I'm satisfied."

The fact that he was satisfied, however, didn't cut much ice. The court wasn't satisfied and a new complaint was ordered and O'Mally was ordered till tomorrow morning.

William Rivers, charged with keeping liquor, was ordered in $300 for his appearance before the court on Wednesday morning.

C. E. Bacon was charged with the larceny of about $7 from Victor H. J. Belleisle. The evidence in this case wasn't before the court and a continuance was ordered. Bacon was held in $200 for his appearance in court Saturday morning.

William H. White, for drunkenness, was sentenced to five months at the workhouse.

John Sawyer, charged with threatening, had his case continued to Saturday.

Peptiron Pills

(Chocolate-coated)

Strengthen the Nerves

Tone the Stomach

Feed the Brain

And cure nervousness, neuralgia, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, anemia, and that long train of aches and pains attending an overworked and underfed brain.

They are a happy combination of the best nerve tonics, digestives and brain and blood nutrients; are pleasant to take and readily assimilated.

Peptiron Pills, (chocolate-coated,) 50c, or $1 — the latter a full month's treatment. Prepared by C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

PROPOSALS

Sealed bids will be received by the Trustees of Public Cemeteries for erection of a barn and carriage sheds.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the superintendent's office at Edson cemetery.

Proposals must be at the office of the superintendent by 12 M Tuesday, Oct. 20, 1903.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

A certified check for $500 must accompany each bid.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
Public Burial Grounds.
CHAS. A. WOTTON, Supt.
Lowell, Mass., Oct. 15, 1903.

FOR 28 YEARS THE

7-20-4

has been the New England favorite 10c cigar. Competent judges say they are now better than ever.

LITTLE GOLD DUST

is a 5c. cigar has a record that speaks for itself. For sale by all dealers.

M. J. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N.H.

D. Y. GENERALIS, M. D.

GREEK DOCTOR

First to Pass Examination Here

Dr. Demosthene Generalis of this city is the first Greek physician to successfully pass the examination before the board of registration in medicine in Boston. He was notified of the result of his examination a few days ago.

He is a native of Sparta, Greece, a graduate of the University of Athens and a remarkably bright and versatile young man.

He descended from the great family of Candia, the members of which served their country as vice-president and also as military officials. He arrived here from New York two years ago and has played a leading part in Greek affairs here.

He first made application to the board of registration in medicine to pass an examination in the Greek language and upon being informed that such would be illegal, he started in to perfect himself in English, which he did in rather brief time.

Dr. Generalis is a former lieutenant and physician in the Greek army, and also has been identified with military and civil hospitals in Greece. For his services as physician in the Graeco-Turkish war, his government awarded him a certificate of honor. Since coming to this country, Dr. Generalis has been connected with the Presbyterian hospital in New York, the Massachusetts General and Boston Lying-in hospitals.

WOMAN'S CLUB

Pleasing Concert by Male Quartet

At the rooms of the Woman's club yesterday afternoon a delightful concert was given by the Schubert male quartet of Boston, Robert Martin first tenor, Charles W. Swaine second tenor, William W. Walker baritone and accompanist, Dr. George R. Clark basso. A waltz song by the quartet was very pleasing. A new arrangement of the familiar plantation melody, "Nellie Gray," was received with much favor. Mr. Martin's solo, "My Dreams," was given with fine effect.

Mr. Walker sang a group of three dainty ballads, "Love Me or Not," "A Memory" and "The Pretty Creature," with Mr. E. K. Baldwin at the piano, and for an encore he gave "Over the Mountains."

The quartet appeared in "There Was a Man in Thessaly," which is the old bramble-bush song in a new setting. An Irish folk song with simulated bag-pipe accompaniment was very realistic and a mirth producing effort. Mr. Swain gave an excellent rendition of "Queen of the Earth," and for an encore he sang "The Sweetest Flower that Blows." Dr. Clark pleased the audience in a fine rendition of "My Little Woman." He was obliged to give a second number, which was "When I Gaze Upon Her." The concert close with the quartet selection "Sunset."

LINCOLN CLUB

GAVE A RECEPTION TO SENATOR McKINLEY.

The Lincoln club tendered a reception to Senator McKinley at the rooms in Barristers hall, last evening, and republicans, great and small and fat and thin, turned out to shake with "Sunny Jim," from "Ezra" Kendall, the long lad, down to little Fred Raper, who makes up in enthusiasm what he lacks in stature.

Three noted citizens, conspicuous by their absence, were "Tommy" Little, Alfred Morrissette and "Tommy" Byrne. Their invitations evidently went wrong.

President Horton H. Hilton, the first ward eight legislative candidate, occupied the chair and after a speech of welcome introduced the speakers of the evening. Senator McKinley was the first speaker and the crowd which extended to the corridors gave him a warm reception. He rooted for the whole ticket.

Mr. Hilton then modestly referred to his own little contest and announced that Col. Ripley would be unable to attend owing to the death of his mother in Boston. He then introduced W. H. I. Hayes and "Bill" let go one of his famous speeches.

Harry L. Timmons was next introduced and he hoped they were all well and happy and about to vote for him.

Among the other speakers were Cecil L. Adams, William H. Brown, ex-Senator Putnam, Joseph A. Legare.

A. G. Walch, the city committee orator, added to the gayety of the occasion by referring to Col. Gaston as "a jap copper candidate," and nobody could tell the answer.

After the rhetoric had been digested, music was served. Ed. Mason travelled over the lyrics from the classic heights of Cavalleria down to the ten, twenty and thirty harmony of "I Love to see my dear old mother work." Michael Gorman, Lowell's popular balladist gave an acceptable medley. Johnnie McNamara gave a few minstrel songs and those who couldn't sing played whist until a late hour.

FITZ FAVORITE

Betting Men Pick Him to Win

A report from San Francisco states that Bob Fitzsimmons is a 10 to 4 favorite in the betting on his bout with George Gardner.

JEFFRIES PICKS FITZ.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20—James J. Jeffries champion heavyweight pugilist, is staying here on his way east. Jeff is going to New York to consider several theatrical offers. In an interview he said:

"I have heard a lot about a fellow named Munroe, who wants to get a battle with me. He isn't looking for any of my game. As for Fitz he's the best middleweight in the business and will double them all up as fast as they come along. He'll turn the trick with Gardner, too."

Jeff says he is ready to take on any first-class heavyweight when called upon, but says he is entitled to a rest. He has negroes, however, and says that if he is to be licked he wants a white man to do it.

HUSBAND ECCENTRIC

AGED WIFE SAYS THAT IS WHY SHE LEFT HIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20—Wallace R. Mercer, aged 76 years, who was married last June to a widow whom he had loved in childhood, now announces that she has left his bed and board at 236 Carpenter avenue, Mayfair, and that he will pay no more bills incurred by her.

Mercer, who is a civil war veteran, first met the present Mrs. Mercer in Salem, Mass., when both were children. They loved each other, but Robert Thompson came along and married the young woman. Mr. Mercer then married Miss Teresa Hopkins of Gloucester and his first wife lived with him 42 years before she died. Mr. Thompson also died about the same time, and in the exchange of condolence the old love was revived. Later they were married and came here, and now they have parted again.

Mrs. Mercer is living with a grandson in Barrington, and complains that her husband is eccentric.

Exypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

GRIM REMAINED

GANS COULD NOT KNOCK HIM OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—"Joe" Gans, the lightweight champion, and "Joe" Grim, the Italian pugilist of this city, who stood six rounds before Bob Fitzsimmons and received severe punishment last week, met last night in a six-round fight at the Washington sporting club.

Gans had the better of the fight from beginning to end, sending Grim to the floor one or more times in nearly every round. The Italian received a severe pounding, but the colored champion was unable to knock him out.

ON FULL TIME

Business Good in Local Cotton Mills

The cotton mills of Lowell will run full blast all winter. At least that is what the mill agents believe at the present time. The fact that there will be no curtailment in the local mills is due in a great measure to the strike.

Agent Nourse of the Lawrence hosiery says that his company is doing its usual amount of work for this time of the year. Agent Connell of the Tremont and Suffolk states that he does not fear a lull and that if the cotton crop in the South is not damaged by premature frosts the raw product will be abundant.

"The Massachusetts mills are running on full time and I do not know of anything which should cause a change of conditions for the present," said Agent Southworth.

Another indication of the cotton mill situation is that the wearers of the Boott mills recently received, without the asking, a material increase in wages.

Machinists, however, report that every day adds to the number who are discharged on account of the lack of work. One machinist who was thus deprived of a position told a reporter that he had applied in every machine shop in the city without success.

Portions of the Bigelow Carpet mills are shut down notwithstanding any report to the contrary, and employes are being sent out every day. At the Middlesex mills the operatives are working on short time and do not know when they will be notified to return to the usual 58-hour schedule.

$10,000 SUIT

ALIENATION OF WIFE'S AFFECTIONS IS ALLEGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WATERBURY, Ct., Oct. 20—The arrest on Saturday night of George J. Atkinson, who was married only a few weeks ago, in a civil suit for $10,000 damages for alienation of a wife's affections, has caused a big sensation in this city because of the prominence of the parties involved. The plaintiff is Ervis E. Wright, a contract painter, who has one of the finest residences in this place, and Atkinson is an employe of the New England Manufacturing company.

Women detectives employed by Wright to watch his wife and Atkinson are said to have secured most of the evidence upon which the suit rests. It is asserted that the number of notes she wrote to Atkinson at the Watch company first directed suspicion to the actions of Mrs. Wright and caused gossip.

It was announced last night that Mrs. Wright has made a confession to her husband's attorney, and that the attorney advises the husband, under the circumstances, not to bring the suit.

AFTER COAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

VALAIS, France, Oct. 20—Four Russian torpedo boats bound for Port Arthur, put into Brest last night for coal.

HELD IN LOWELL

Next Reunion of 30th Regiment

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 20.—The 30th annual reunion of the 26th Massachusetts regimental association was held in Music hall in this city. It was the anniversary of the battle of Cedar Creek, renowned as the engagement in which Sheridan won the day after his famous ride from Winchester, and the 26th participated in that historic event.

At rollcall yesterday 44 veterans responded, every company in the regiment being represented. Of this number there were present 15 survivors of Co. G, which was recruited in this city and went to the front under command of Capt. James Brady, now collector of the port here.

The business meeting was presided over by Pres. Patrick F. Hogan of Andover. The secretary reported that during the year there had been 16 deaths among the members. Among the names read of those deceased was that of James S. Shaw of this city, who arose and protested against being put down on the record as a dead one.

Sec. Cushing and the other members agreed that Comrade Shaw's point was well taken and in view of the evidence before them, decided that it would be expedient in the interests of undisputable facts to erase his name from the list.

The following officers were elected: Capt. James Brady, Fall River, pres.; Lieut. S. P. Blodgett, Passaic, N. J., vice pres.; E. F. Cushing, Somerville, sec.; D. H. Hall, West Acton, treas.; J. J. Packard, Co. A.; B. J. Balcom, Co. B; C. F. Peterson, Co. C; J. F. Barnes, Co. D; L. J. Robbins, Co. E; G. P. Boston, Co. F; C. P. Hoar, Co. G; J. F. Alexander, Co. H; C. M. Swain, Co. I; Frank Balcom, Co. K; executive committee.

It was voted to amend the constitution to change the date of the annual reunions, which will hereafter be held Sept. 19 instead of Oct. 18. Lowell was selected for the reunion in 1904.

Following the business meeting a dinner was served by the Women's relief corps. Addresses were made by Congressman William S. Greene, Dr. J. H. Gilbert, Rev. E. J. Ayres and others. Mr. Ayres is pastor of the Quarry street M. E. church in this city and it transpired in the course of his remarks that although a small lad at the time he, too, had been around as well as the veterans at the table about him when the battle of Cedar Creek was fought.

His father commanded a company in a confederate regiment that fought against the 6th Mass. on that occasion, while the clergyman himself was with the commissary outfit in the rear, young boy though he was, a driver of one of the wagons.

WATER SERVICES

Water and Health Boards Hear From Them

The water board will meet at 8 o'clock this evening and again discuss water services in the mills, while at the meeting of the board of health this afternoon Agent Knapp will submit his report on the water services in corporations.

THE KILTIES.

The Kilties Band proved itself worthy of an interested hearing, and the novel features of the performance were such as to attract those who desire a "performance" as well as a "concert." The forty bandsmen in their kilts, plaids and tartans made a picturesque showing, and their playing made an immediate impression upon their auditors, which was expressed in enthusiastic applause and a demand for encores.—Cincinnati (Ohio) Commercial Tribune.

The Kilties appear in Huntington hall twice on Friday of this week. Tickets are on sale at Carter & Sherburne's.

Judge a Shoe

By the leather of which it's made; judge the leather by the label (shown below) that identifies it as **Wolff's Ideal Leather.** The leather that keeps the feet cool in summer, warm in winter. Makes heavy shoes soft, light shoes strong. Made in kid, calf, goat, colt or cow hide. Write for booklet "How to Buy Shoes."

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THE HEART OF CHICAGO

Elegant special scenery. Wonderful mechanical devices. Mysterious electrical effects. A vivid picture of the great fire.

Matinee Prices for Ladies - 10c and 20c

Sixth Grand Concert Tour,

'THE KILTIES'

GORDON HIGHLANDERS, Belleville, Canada.

Canada's Crack Military Band

Concerts Friday Afternoon and Evening, Oct. 23, in Huntington Hall.

40 Musicians, 10 Soloists, 16 Vocal Choir, 6 Highland Dancers, 2 Bagpipers, 4 British Military Buglers, 1 Giant Drum Major, etc.

Appearing in full Kilted Regimentals. Has created a furore of enthusiasm in 200 American cities.

PRICES—Afternoon 25, 35, 50c; Evening, 50, 75, $1.00.

Tickets on sale at Carter & Sherburne's, Merrimack square, Tuesday.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

CASTO

AL. HAYNES, Manager.

ALL WEEK AFTERNOON AND EVENING OCT. 19

FRANK CARDINER —AND— LOTTIE VINCENT

In the Comedy, AN IDYL OF THE LINKS

The Roberts Four

Kelly and Reno

Maud Day Caine

Matinees.....10 and 20c
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Seats may be reserved for 10c extra.
Telephone 815-3.

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Odd Fellows' Temple - 84 Middlesex St.

WEEK OF OCTOBER 19

The Charron Conservatory Stock Co. Present the one-act farce entitled

The Troubles of Marmaduke

And great vaudeville bill, headed by

WOOD AND BERRY
MOONEY AND HOLBIRN
THE GREAT GILBERT
TALKATIVE MISS RUSSELL
CHARLES AND HELEN MACK
HUGH McVEY
MA JUNE

POPULAR PRICES—Evening, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinee, 10c and 20c.

Doors Open at 2 and 7. Performances commence at 2.30 and 8 o'clock.

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you can get more advertising and a wider distribution throughout the city and suburbs in The Sun than you can get for three dollars in all the other papers in Lowell. Why? Because The Sun has a larger circulation than all the other daily papers combined.

It is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

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—OF—

Richmond and Crescent Ranges

Save money by buying nothing and Bed Room Furniture, Oil Cloths, Rugs and Carpets at reasonable terms.

this month. Parlor, Kitchen, w. Bargains for everybody

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OUR RULE—PERFECT WORK, PAINLESS PROCESS, POPULAR PRICES.

Patrons ordering a

SET OF BEST TEETH

Will be given a Gold Crown or two Gold Fillings FREE.

GOLD CROWNS .....$3.00 to $5.00
GOLD FILLINGS $1.00
SILVER FILLINGS 50c

HOURS—8 a.m. to 9 p.m. Sundays 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS, Rooms 16-17-18-19 Runels Bldg., Lowell, Mass.

EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

ALASKAN AWARD

Signed by all But the Canadians

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20, 2.20 p. m.—The engrossed copy of the Alaskan award was signed at 2.10 p. m.

The Canadians declined to sign the award as previously cabled to the Associated Press.

Messrs. Jette and Alyesworth, the Canadian commissioners, made a statement regarding the award as follows:

"The decision of the Alaskan boundary tribunal has been given, and in view of its character the people of Canada are, in our judgment, entitled to such explanation which will enable them to comprehend fully the manner in which their interests have been dealt with. We take up the points of the decision in the order in which they are presented by the treaty under which the tribunal was constituted:

"First—The Portland canal. There are two channels parallel with each other with four islands between them. The Canadian contention is that the northern channel should be adopted. The United states contended for the southern channel. On the result of the decision depended the possession of the four islands, Kannaghmut, Sitklan, Wales and Pearse.

When the tribunal met after the argument and considered this question the view of the three British commissioners was that the Canadian contention was absolutely unanswerable. A memorandum was prepared and read to the commissioners embodying our views and showing it to be beyond dispute that the Canadian contention in this branch of the case should prevail; and that the boundary should run to the northward of the four islands named, thus giving them to Canada. Notwithstanding these facts, the members of the tribunal other than ourselves have signed an award giving two of the islands, Kannaghunut and Sitklan, to the United States. These two islands are the outermost of the four. They command the entrance of the Portland channel and the ocean passage to Port Simpson, their loss wholly destroys the strategic value to Canada of the Wales and Pearse islands. There is no opinion in our process of reasoning whereby the line thus decided upon by the tribunal can be justified. It was never suggested by counsel in the course of argument that such a line was possible. Either the four islands belong to Canada or belong to the United States. In the award, Lord Alverstone agrees with the United States commissioners that the islands should be divided, giving the two which possess stragetic value to the United States.

Second:—The line northward from Portland channel. Substantially the Canadian contention regarding this line was that there are mountains parallel with the coast, within the meaning of the treaty of 1825 and that the tops of such mountains should be declared the boundary, the mountains nearest the sea being taken. The United States contention was that there are no mountains parallel with the coast within the meaning of the treaty and that the boundary must therefore be fixed under the provision of the original treaty relating to 10 leagues and so be run a distance of 35 miles from the shore, including in the term "shore" the heads of all inlets, bays, etc. The tribunal finds that the Canadian contention is correct as to the existence of the mountains within the terms of the treaty, but the fruits of victory have been taken from Canada by fixing as a mountain line a row of mountains so far from the coast as to give the United States substantially nearly all the territory in dispute.

WHY THEY REFUSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20—Messrs. Jette and Aylesworth, the Canadian commissioners in a statement of their reasons for refusing to sign the award, say they consider the finding of the tribunal regarding the islands at the entrance of Portland channel and the mountain line, is not a judicial one. They add:

"We urged our views as strongly as we were able, but we have been compelled to witness the sacrifice of the interests of Canada. We were powerless to prevent it, though satisfied that the course which the majority was determined to pursue in respect to the matters above specially referred to ignored the just rights of Canada."

NO PUBLIC MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20, 12.31 p. m.—In consequence of the attitude maintained by the Canadian commissioners, Lord Chief Justice Alverstone decided this morning not to hold the proposed public meeting of the Alaskan boundary commission, but to hand its decision to Messrs. Foster and Sifton, respective agents of the American and Canadian governments.

The Canadian ministers not only declined to sign the award, but said they would publicly withdraw from the commission. They, as well as all the Canadians connected with the case, are very bitter. Telegrams from Premier Laurier and other prominent persons in Canada show that this sentiment is shared generally throughout the Dominion.

WE GET TWO ISLANDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20—The Alaska award relating to the Portland canal gives the United States two islands, Kannaghunut and Sitklan, commanding the entrance of the Portland channel and the ocean passage to Fort Simpson and destroying the strategic values of Wales and Pearse islands, which are given to Canada.

A COMPLETE VICTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20—The mountain line adopted as the boundary lies so far from the coast as to give the United States substantially all the territory in dispute.

The line completely clears all the bays and inlets and means of access to the sea, giving the United States a complete land barrier between Canada and the sea, from the Portland canal to Mount St. Elias.

Around the head of the Lynn canal the line follows the water-shed, somewhat in accordance with the present provisional boundary.

FLOATING ICE

THREATENS DANGER TO RIVER STEAMERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 20.—A dispatch from Dawson says:

Sixteen river steamers are battling against the floating ice in the Yukon in serious danger of being caught in such positions that they will be crushed next spring. Unless the river clears itself of ice for a few days none of these boats will be able to reach its destination.

The condition is unprecedented so early in the year. Three of the steamers, owned by the White Pass & Yukon line, are now on their way up the Yukon from Dawson with 150 passengers each. They may not be able to proceed more than a third or a half of the distance. They already have been two days making 50 miles against the running ice. If these boats fail to get through their passengers will have to walk hundreds of miles. Many are thinly clad and extreme suffering would result from such exposure.

The mails and several hundreds of thousands in gold shipments are aboard these steamers.

$5000 VOTED

TO HELP ALONG INVESTIGATION OF GRAFT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—An appropriation of $5000 has been voted by the council to pay the expense of uncovering rascality around the city hall.

This action was taken when Alderman Herrmann told the council that his committee investigating "graft" would be able to accomplish great things if it only had some money to work with. He said the committee wanted to look into grave abuses in administrative methods as well as specific charges of misconduct.

FREEDOM OF CITY

WATERFORD DOES HONOR TO ANDREW CARNEGIE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DUBLIN, Oct. 20.—The freedom of the city of Waterford was bestowed on Andrew Carnegie yesterday.

In his speech of thanks Mr. Carnegie declared he was proud to be associated on the roll of freemen with John Redmond and John Dillon, two patriots who were doing what they thought was best for their country, according to their lights.

Mr. Carnegie also paid a tribute to the tens of thousands of Irish persons who had been in his employ, saying he always felt proud when they said they "liked the little boss." Immigration to America was now lessening, and he was glad to know that Ireland, after long centuries of misfortune, was about to march forward on a brighter path.

A large measure of justice had recently been given to Ireland, which, he trusted, was only the precursor of more to come. It seemed to him that "the prince had made a memorable visit to the Cinderella of nations, and that she was soon to become a princess among her sister nations."

Mr. Carnegie subsequently laid the foundation of a library and was entertained at a public banquet.

PREHISTORIC ANIMALS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BILLINGS, Mont., Oct. 20.—Bones of prehistoric animals, gathered in eastern Montana for the Carnegie Museum of Pittsburg, have been brought here for shipment. There are several tons which have been collected in old river beds and other places during the summer by representatives of the Pittsburg institution.

50c WALTHAM MAIN SPRINGS, Warranted
INGERSOLL WATCHES, ONLY 75c.
ALARM CLOCKS, ONLY 50c.
All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware at wholesale prices, must be sold.
WALTHAM WATCH REPAIRING CO.
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GROCER
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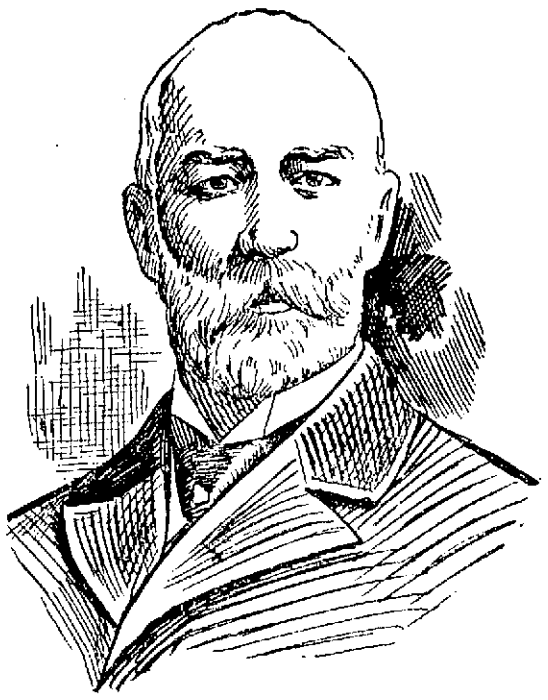
CHOICE TEAS COFFEES and SPICES
Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold" and "Banquet."



THE LATE GORDON McKAY, Millionaire Inventor.

McKAY'S MONEY

What Will Become of Millions?

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—With the death of Gordan McKay, the aged inventor, whose shoe machinery made possible the great shoe factories of Lynn, Brockton and Haverhill, arises the question: "What will become of the $20,000,000 or more which he left?"

While there are various rumors as to what will happen the money, one thing is sure, and that is that not more than three or four people know to a certainty what will become of it, and these are not talking.

One report has it that Harvard University will get from $2,000,000 to $7,000,000. This report has it that the money is to aid the Lawrence Scientific School.

Countess von Bruening, his former wife, is expected to receive a generous allowance by the will. His mansion at Newport, it is thought, will go to her for one thing.

His sister, Mrs. Dexter of Boston, is also expected to be well remembered in the will.

Pittsfield, Mass., his birthplace, is considered to have a claim upon him, while the great shoe centres, such as Lynn, Haverhill and Brockton, which paid him most of his money, may be remembered with a great trade school.

All these things, however, are the reports of those who pretend to know, and apparently have as much foundation as the report that distant relatives plan a contest in the event of being unmentioned in the will.

JOSEPH SMITH

Ridicules Amity With the British

The Boston papers this morning printed the following extract of an address by Joseph Smith of this city:

The New England members of the American Irish Historical Society held forth at Hotel Brunswick last evening, Mr. James Jeffrey Roche, editor of the Boston Pilot presiding. The day was the anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis and his forces at Yorktown. The feature of the evening was the speech of Mr. Joseph Smith of Lowell.

Previous to the dinner there was a reception in the parlors.

The after-dinner exercises were opened with an address of welcome by Editor Roche. Judge Lee, who followed said it was a great pleasure for Irishmen to celebrate the capitulation of Yorktown, and that the society was interested in doing all it could to elevate the Irish race.

Mr. Smith said, in part:

"I hardly know whether a gathering of this character is strictly respectable in this section of America, since the inauguration of that yellow dog policy which is called international amity; in any case it isn't popular. That beautiful system necessitates a system of obliterating the facts of history and the creation of a sort of literary skillygalee which is to be fed into the children of the public schools, in order that recollections offensive to our British and provincial brethren may be obviated. It may be noted parenthetically, that in all efforts for a friendly policy with the plus and humane British empire, it is the forgiving and forgetting, for our esteemed and amiable friends, the Britons, may ignore temporarily any given number of unpleasant facts when political conditions require it, but they neither forget nor forgive.

"It must be very satisfying and consoling to our racial self-respect to find the Irish and the Americans of Irish origin engaged so heartily in this work, and it undoubtedly must excite the admiration of those simple Christians who love to turn the other cheek to him who slaps the first one. That there should be a limit to Irish zeal is after all a mere question of taste and judgement.

"If our municipal Bismarks desire to lavish their affection and the city's wealth on those absurd creatures, the lion and the unicorn, we should remember that the animals like the statesmen, have been out in the cold a long time and a kindred experience makes us wonderfully sympathetic—and generous when some other fellow pays the shot. If our gallant young soldiers desire to follow at the tail of the British flag and a procession of international jags, let us remember that they are having in perfectly friendly way an experience in common with our continental and Boer farmers following the tail of a British procession which moved more rapidly, perhaps than the Boston spectacle."

"So let us tonight give notice that, while we are gathered here to celebrate that day at Yorktown, we do so in a proper and shamefaced way, we celebrate an American victory and offer our apologies to our Anglo-Saxon brethren for the somewhat impetuous conduct of Washington's army. If the native born American of these parts is apologetic and non-enthusiastic about Yorktown it may be considered indecent on the part of our adopted Americans to grow too jubilant on such occasions. I feel that the difference in our attitude may be explained by saying we are Americans by choice, selection and deliberation, while our native-born brethren are Americans by accident, and some of them resent the indiscretion of their parents in selecting this country for them.

"I make these remarks in order that our feeble attempts to recall a day that is called glorious in American history may not be construed into an assault on international unity, nor a reproach to those good and great friends of ours, the Anglo-Saxons who saved this republic so numerously and persistently from Bunker Hill to Manila bay, and who have just relinquished the job of saving a slice of Alaska for John Hay."

Mr. Smith then spoke of the services of the Irish regiments of France during the revolution, and said he felt it was the duty of the society to work for the erection of a monument to them at Washington.

Others who spoke were the Rev. Fr. Patterson, Admiral Grimell and Col. Moran. The meeting was remarkable for the amount of material adduced concerning the revolutionary period. The part that men of Irish blood took in the great struggle was especially well set forth.

ACROSS THE LINE

Pelhamite Scores Railroad Commissioners

Pelham is a bit stirred up over the finding of the New Hampshire Railroad commissioners in the Pelham accident. "There are men in this town," said an up-to-date citizen of Pelham the other day, "who take it for granted than anything and everything an official body does or says is all right. They think the commissioners did the right thing in their report. Perhaps they did, but I don't see it that way.

"I attended that hearing and it was as plain as the nose on your face that the attorney for the company was ambitious to put the weight of the blame on Starter Stevens and the commissioners sat there like stocks. I can't remember three important questions that they asked. Starter Stevens wasn't any more to blame for that accident than was the company.

"The company's attorney told the commissioners that day the company did all in its power to preserve life and property, but that it could not make brains for its employes. I was thinking at the time that one of the commissioners might have made quite a hit by suggesting that it would be well for the company to hire men who have brains of their own.

"I see that they have made Stevens a conductor again. The way I think about that is that if Stevens wasn't good and safe enough for starter he's not good enough for conductor. Stevens should have been left at his old position or else discharged entirely. You may be sure that as starter he would have been more careful in the future and the company ought to be decent enough to realize that its lack of system was more to blame than Stevens' lack of presence of mind.

"I tell you one thing, I'd rather place my life in Stevens' hands than in the hands of some of the officials of that road."

AUSTRIA'S LETTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 20.—The department of state has forwarded to President Francis the letter of Austria's minister of foreign affairs, announcing the Austrian government's decision to officially participate in the world's fair.

INSOMNIA

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented."
Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 597
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

GOLDEN JUBILEE

Of Rev. Fr. Mangin's Ordination Observed

WITH A BANQUET AT ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE

Cablegram Bore Special Blessing From Pope

The festival in honor of Rev. Fr. Mangin's jubilee concluded yesterday with a banquet in the lower hall of St. Joseph's college.

One of the features of the closing of the festivities was the reading of a telegram of congratulation from Pope Pius X, and conferring a special blessing from His Holiness upon the venerable priest.

The telegram was read by Rev. Fr. Campeau. The priests present at the banquet were:

Rev. Fr. Mangin, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Emery, O. M. I., rector of the University of Ottawa; Rev. Fr. William O'Brien, rector of St. Patrick's church; Rev. Fr. Fournier, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Campeau, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Dubriel, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Amyot, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Lamothe, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Viand, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Graton, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Diss, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Brullard, O. M. I., of St. Joseph's rectory; Rev. Fr. Ronan, of St. Peter's; Rev. Fr. Remey, S. M., Haverhill; Rev. Fr. J. P. Duffy, O. M. I., Tewksbury; Rev. Fr. H. de la Chapelle, S. M., Boston; Rev. Fr. H. M. Thery, S. M., Lawrence; Rev. Fr. Vinas, S. M., Lawrence; Rev. Fr. J. A. Sirois, O. M. I., Tewksbury; Rev. Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Tresch, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Desroches, O. M. I., North Billerica; Rev. Fr. C. A. Paquette, O. M. I., Plattsburg, N. Y.; Rev. Fr. Barrett, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Dorgan, O. M. I., rector of the Immaculate Conception church; Rev. Fr. Shaw, rector of St. Michael's.

Congratulatory remarks were made by several of the priests and besides the telegram sent by Pope Pius X, one from Rev. Fr. Lefebvre, O. M. I., provincial of the Oblates, was read.

Fr. Mangin presided at the banquet and spoke both in French and English. He gave an interesting history of the Catholic church in Lowell, the coming of the Oblate Fathers and their splendid work here for the cause of education and religion.

THE CITY COUNCIL

Both Branches Will Meet This Evening

Both branches of the city council will meet at city hall this evening, and considerable business will come before them. The aldermen will receive the report of the wire committee while the lower branch will deal with paving loans.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TOWN MEETING

Special One at Tewksbury Last Evening

At a special town meeting held at Tewksbury last evening a motion to authorize the town treasurer to borrow $1100 to repair the damage on the new school caused by the explosion was defeated by a vote of 33 to 27. It required a two-thirds vote to pass it. The meeting was well attended and discussion relative to the defeated article was quite spicy.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

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CUTICURA SOAP
Vastly superior to all other shaving soaps for tender, irritated and humory skins.

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GREEN OR BLUE DISCOUNT STAMPS.
$5.00 worth stamps with 1 lb. 50c. Baking Powder.
$3.00 worth of stamps with 1 lb. 50. Tea.
$1.00 worth stamps with 1 lb. 25c. Coffee.
50c. worth stamps with 1 lb. 15c. Butterine.
50c. worth stamps with 1 pkg. Force.
20c. worth stamps with 1 pkg. Presto.
Corned Beef ....3c. to 6c. lb.
Smoked Shoulder....8c. lb.
Best canned Tomatoes....3 for 25c.
Best canned Peas....3 for 25c.
Best Canned Corn....10c.
Best canned Pears....10c.
Challenge Milk....3 for 25c.
Mince Meat....8c pkg.
BEST GLOBE BUTTERINE.
15c. lb.; tubs from 11c. lb. up.
CHOICE LINE OF TEAS.
75c. Best Oolong....60c. lb.
60c. Best Formosa Oolong....50c., 4 lbs. $1.
50c. Golden Tips Assam....50c., 4 lbs. $1.
50c. English Breakfast....50c., 7 lbs. $1.

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The most reliable Piano House. All the best Pianos sold on easy monthly or weekly payments. Sheet music and musical instruments.

Coal $6.75 Per Ton
Coke $5 Per Chal.
Dry Bobbin Wood, 5 Baskets $1.00
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DR. LOUGEST
Has Had More Experience in the Treatment, and Made More Great Cures of Difficult, Protracted and Chronic Diseases and Weaknesses of Men Than Any Other Living Specialist

Dr. Lougest's treatment has been tested on more than twenty thousand (20,000) young, middle-aged and old men, who, as the results of errors or excesses, were tortured by the woes of nervous debility or decay. It has never yet failed, even in the worst cases, to bring back manly power, remove every trace or symptom of weakness, build up the physical and mental health, and prepare man anew for the duties and pleasures of both married and single life.

Lost manhood, seminal weakness, effects of youthful indiscretions, nervous debility, pimples and blotches, hair falling out, loss of memory and energy, impotence, rheumatic pains, discharges and all private diseases quickly and permanently cured by an original and never-failing treatment. Blood poison, ulcers, stricture, varicocele and diseases of the kidneys, bladder and blood cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Dr. Lougest's treatment for the complete cure of stricture and all unnatural discharges is the most wonderful of modern times. No matter how long the discharge has continued nor how many self-styled specialists have failed to relieve, let alone cure, Dr. Lougest will positively guarantee to stop the discharge entirely within 20 three days by means of his New Method Treatment. This treatment removes stricture, positively without pain, detention from business or the use of dangerous or injurious medicines. No Experiment! No Failure! Nine-tenths of all the long standing discharges, strictures and weaknesses of men are caused by the experiments of the many inexperienced and self-styled specialists of the present day.

Many a man who has been fooled by the "Pay When Cured" racket, knows that it is the last and only resort of a dying-out pretenders to get a patient into his clutches. Beware of such schemes. Don't be deceived by misleading statements such as these seemingly charitable offers.

Don't entrust your lives to anyone not qualified by years of experience to treat you. Don't even step your foot across the threshold of an office run by inexperienced, irresponsible illiterate pretenders. You had better save your money and let the disease take its own course than be mutilated and experimented upon and in the end lose both your money and life.

Dr. Lougest's offices occupy the entire building of five floors at 313 Columbus avenue, and they are supplied with every known means and device that science, skill, knowledge and money can provide that will aid in determining the exact location and nature of these diseases and effecting their cure promptly and thoroughly, and by the same sure methods as are used in the most celebrated Paris hospitals, which invariably result in

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either by mail or at Dr. Lougest's office, also a free examination, if needed, with the X-Ray light. If unable to call, write for Dr. Lougest's Book "Diseases and Weaknesses of Men." Rates for treatment are reasonable. A binding guarantee given with every case accepted for a cure.
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FROM YESTERDAY'S LATE EDITIONS

SERIOUS CHARGE

Democrats Claim Illegal Registration of Republicans

COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING PETITION, WHICH IS SELF-EXPLANATORY, HAVE BEEN SENT TO THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF REGISTRARS, BY THOMAS F. QUINN, CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE AND FRANK McMAHON, DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISOR OF REGISTRATION:

LOWELL, MASS., OCT. 19, 1903.

JOHN P. FARLEY, ESQ.,

CHAIRMAN BOARD OF REGISTRARS, LOWELL, MASS.

I, AS DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISOR OF REGISTRARS OF LOWELL, MOST RESPECTFULLY PETITION YOUR HONORABLE BOARD TO STRIKE OUT FROM YOUR CHECK-LISTS OF 1903 THE HEREWITH LISTS OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES THAT YOU HAVE REGISTERED AS VOTERS OF LOWELL FOR 1903, THAT HAVE RESIDED IN DIFFERENT STATES THAN MASSACHUSETTS, ON MAY 1, 1902, WHICH I BELIEVE ARE ILLEGALLY REGISTERED.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS,

FRANK McMAHON,

DEMOCRATIC SUPERVISOR OF REGISTRATION.

(PER CALLAHAN.)

Paul Hill, 228 Worthen street; residence, May 1, 1902, Vermont.

Joseph Walker, 269 Appleton street; residence, May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Frank A. Walker, 264 Appleton street, residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Charles A. Hooper, 9 Sawtelle place; residence, May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Levi A. Parks, 39 Chelmsford street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Charles P. Hopkins, 10 Grove street, residence, May 1, 1902, Maine.

Wales A. May, 618 Broadway street; residence May 1, 1902, Vermont.

Allen S. Marsden, 85 Coburn street; residence May 1, 1902, Pennsylvania.

Isaiah Wagner, 38 Fremont street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

John B. Harley, 103 Beech street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

Myron P. Ober, 48 May street; residence May 1, 1902, New Hampshire.

David Kinghorn, 33 Old Meadow road; residence May 1, 1902, Pennsylvania.

Henry W. F. Dunklee, 190 Pawtucket street; residence May 1, 1902, Vermont.

William F. Lucas, 103 Hall street; residence May 1, 1902, Manila.

William H. Darnell, 26 Varney street; on list of 1903.

William H. Darnell, 26 Varney street; registered Oct. 12, 1903. (Look this up; I believe it is the same man).

William E. Bagshaw, 120 Middlesex street; residence May 1, 1902, Rhode Island.

Walter S. Jewett, 523 Westford street; residence May 1, 1902, New York.

HE WILL RECOVER

James P. Walsh Not Internally Injured

The many friends of James P. Walsh an account of whose misfortune appeared in The Sun recently, will be pleased to learn that he is on the road to recovery and there is no longer any fear as to the outcome of his injuries. At first it was feared that he had been injured internally, but such happily is not the case, and while it will be a long time before he will be able to leave the hospital he will ultimately be around again. One of his legs is broken in three places and his shoulder and wrist broken.

PAY YOUR TAXES

Interest Starts If Not Paid Tomorrow

The city treasurer's office was crowded this afternoon with tax payers rushing with their bills at the 11th hour, for interest goes on after tomorrow.

Officer "Tom" Sanborn was on duty at the door of the city treasurer's office all day and kept the crowd in line. There was a steady stream of people up to closing time.

REV. FR. RONAN

RECEIVED THE PAPAL BLESSING FOR HIS CONGREGATION.

High mass at St. Peter's church yesterday was celebrated by Rev. Daniel J. Hefferman and the sermon, an eloquent effort, was preached by Rev. Wm. H. Grant. The reverend preacher took for his subject the opening lines of the apostles' creed, "I believe in God, etc.," and treated his subject in a scholarly manner.

Prior to the sermon Rev. Michael Ronan, the rector of the parish, read the announcements of the week. He further stated that it was just four months ago yesterday that he, with a party of Americans, knelt at the feet of the late holy father, Leo XIII and received his blessing. It was the last party of Americans that saw the late pontiff before he passed away.

After a brief conversation with the venerable pontiff in which he spoke of his great love for the church in America, Rev. Fr. Ronan obtained the privilege of bestowing the papal blessing on his congregation which will be done next Sunday at the high mass. Fr. Ronan will also preach, commenting on the impressions made on him during his stay in Rome.

DEATHS

CLANCY—Rose L. Clancy, aged 3 months, child of William and Mary E., died this morning at the home of her parents, 6 Lane's court, off Liberty street.

HODSON—Died at Chelmsford, yesterday, Henry R. Hodson, aged 56 yrs. 3 mos. and 12 days. He leaves besides his widow, three sons and two brothers.

HARTON—Carrie Harton, aged 32 years, died yesterday at her home, 3 Davidson street. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, Frederick.

Mr. J. N. Carter of California, formerly of this city is here on his annual visit to old friends. He still

STOLE TIME CHECK

Timothy Ryan Was Too Good to His Friend

Timothy Ryan called at the police station this afternoon and asked the police to assist him in locating one Mr. O'Mally whom Timothy had wined and dined, and who, just to show his appreciation of Timothy's hospitality, stole his pocketbook containing his time check. Timothy had signed the check in the morning and O'Mally succeeded in passing it all right.

Ryan is employed on the Merrimack corporation. He also lost his hat but he does not charge O'Mally with stealing it. Timothy was pretty well over the bay when he called at the police station, and he stated that he was especially mad at O'Mally because, he said he had used him so well. The police will hunt O'Mally up.

REV. JOAQUIN V. ROSA

WILL BE GIVEN RECEPTION WHEN HE RETURNS.

The arrangements for the reception to Rev. Joaquin V. Rosa, the popular pastor of St. Anthony's (Portuguese) church, now in the Azores and Portugal for the benefit of his health, upon his return are well under way, and a successful event is assured.

Rev. Fr. Rosa is expected in Lowell the latter part of the month and the various committees are hustling to make the affair a success, one worthy of the popular clergyman.

During the absence of Fr. Rosa the parish is under the care of Rev. Fr. Ferreira.

FUNERALS

GILBERT—The funeral of Wolford N. Gilbert took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock at his home, 98 Andrews street. Rev. G. F. Kenngott was the officiating clergyman and there was singing by Miss Spofford. The bearers were members of Post 185 G. A. R., and the post conducted their burial service. Undertaker Young had charge of the funeral arrangements and burial was in the Edson cemetery.

CHIKLOUK—The funeral of Miss Apaulina Chiklouk took place Saturday afternoon from her home, 41 Emery street. A libera was sung at St. Jean Baptiste church. The bearers were John and Andrew Chiklouk and Frank and Edward Chiklouk. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

PAVING CENTRAL STREET.

The work of paving Central street from Hosford Square to Davis Corner with tar macadam is being pushed along rapidly. The preliminary work of repairing gas mains, straightening curbings, and removing objectionable and useless poles and posts has been completed and all that remains to be done is to lay the paving.

CHELMSFORD

Since Sept. 14, three deaths from accidental causes have occurred in the town. On that date Alfred Clarke was drowned in River Meadow Brook. On Oct. 6, Leon Holt was accidentally choked, while the tragic fate of Henry R. Hodson on Saturday is reported in another column.

The Harvest concert of the Unitarian Sunday school was given in the auditorium yesterday morning, and was a grand success. The church was prettily decorated with autumn foliage, fruits, flowers, etc. Supt. William H. Hall conducted the service and Miss Emma L. Parkhurst was organist. The program included: Readings by Alfred Howard, William Adams, Miss M. Florence Parham, Richard Davis; recitations, Marjorie Armstrong, Della Parkhurst, Harry Parkhurst, Dorothy Hall, Hosmer Sweetsir, Leora Chandler, Ervin Hunt, Charlie Douglass, Paul Chandler, Blanche Spaulding; dialogue, Ethel Parker, Nellie Redman, Alice Barton, Helen Knowlton, Helen Lord, Marion Adams; dialogue, Elmer Hill, Frank Batchelder, Minot Secord, John Dix, Raymond Chandler, Sidney Perham; anthem, the choir; vocal quartette, Mrs. Arthur M. Warren, Mrs. W. A. Parkhurst, Mrs. I. H. Knight, Mrs. C. e. Bartlett, song, Marjorie Armstrong, Ruth Packard, Miriam Warren, Rachel Fletcher; male quartette, James C. Byam, Harry L. Parkhurst, W. C. Ward, G. T. Parkhurst; song, Miss Parkhurst's class; song, school. Appropriate remarks to the school were made by the pastor.

CITY HALL NOTES

MEETINGS SCHEDULED FOR THIS WEEK.

The wire committee is scheduled for a thrice postponed meeting at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The aldermen will meet in adjourned, and the council in regular session tomorrow evening.

The soldiers' monument committee will meet on Thursday evening.

BIG INCREASE

IN MEMBERSHIP OF LADIES' AUXILIARY, A. O. H.

A net increase of 2000 members was reported at the meeting of the State officers of the ladies' auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, held in the United States hotel, Boston, yesterday.

The gathering was presided over by Miss Katherine E. Sheridan, State president, who has just arrived from Ireland, where she had spent nearly all summer.

The principal business before the meeting was making arrangements for the coming State convention at Holyoke, and taking action on various amendments to the constitution.

Previous to hearing the reports of the officers, Miss Sheridan, Miss Ellen M. Hayes, state vice president, of Abington; Mrs. D. C. Finley, State secretary, and Mrs. Mary McCarthy, State treasurer, were empowered to cooperate with the county officers of Hampden and Hampshire county board to make arrangements to hold the convention of the ladies' auxiliary the same week the convention of the A. O. H. is being held.

According to the reports of the officers, the membership in the 131 auxiliaries in the state is close to 13,000, with five new auxiliaries.

MACHINISTS' SMOKE TALK.

The local machinists will hold a smoke talk at their quarters in Bay State hall, Wednesday evening. The organization is very strong at present, and it is expected that the craft will be largely represented at Wednesday night's affair.

HALF PINT OF WHISKEY.

Officers Brown and Grady caught William Rivers in the act of selling whiskey from a half pint bottle at 9 Maiden Lane this afternoon. Rivers was locked up.

Superintendent Thomas Lees of the Boston and Northern Street Railway represented that company at a special meeting of a committee of the Nashua city council appointed to secure a system of transfer checks on the Boston & Northern and the Hudson, Pelham and Salem Electric lines.

A party took place on Saturday afternoon at 11 Marlboro street, when Master Wallace Pardoe invited a number of his playmates to celebrate with him his seventh birthday. It was a joyous affair.

$30,000 SUIT

ENTERED AGAINST WORCESTER & SOUTHBRIDGE STREET RAILWAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 19—An attachment for $30,000 was made against the Worcester & Southbridge Street Railway company today, a firm of Boston attorneys having filed papers in the Supreme court in behalf of Augusta E. Corbin of Webster.

The attachment was filed to recover on a note against the company which is held by the Corbin estate.

W. A. Bailey, F. D. Perry, George W. Wells and Fred Thayer were named as the defendants in the papers filed today.

FACTORY WILL RUN

ABANDONED SHOP WILL BE USED AGAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MARLBORO, Mass., Oct. 19—The abandoned Boyd & Carey shoe factory here, one of the largest buildings in the state, has been purchased by the Rice & Hutchins shoe company, and the manufacture of shoes will be resumed in the old plant after an idleness of five years.

In announcing the purchase, the Rice & Hutchins company state that it is their intention to largely increase the output of their factories in this city during the coming year.

The operation of this factory will mean an increase of 15 per cent. in the number of men employed by the firm.

MISS DEVENS MARRIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LENOX, Mass., Oct. 19—At noon today, in Trinity church, Miss Frances F. Devens, of New York, became the bride of Captain Charles H. Vosturne-Baniery, Royal Engineers, British army. Rev. Arnold Arrowsmith, rector of the church, performed the ceremony.

Karo CORN SYRUP

The new table delicacy that everybody loves. A wholesome, clean, pure syrup, good for every home use. Sold in air-tight tins which keep its goodness free from dirt and dust, an common with common syrup. 10c, 25c and 50c. At grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 378 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

FATALLY SHOT

Man Killed While Hunting for Crows

By Associated Press to The Sun

EXETER, N. H., Oct. 19—Word was received here today of a shooting fatality which occurred at Kensington, a small town several miles from here, late yesterday, the victim being Irvin A. Kimball, of Newton.

Kimball, in company with Joseph Osgood, of Amesbury, Mass., was visiting relatives in Kensington and the two men went out to hunt for crows yesterday afternoon. About dusk they started a flock of the birds and fired at them. Both re-loaded their weapons, when Osgood's was suddenly discharged, its entire contents entering Kimballs' leg. Both men fainted, but Osgood soon recovered, and carried his companion to the nearest farm house, three quarters of a mile away.

It was impossible to secure medical aid promptly and three hours after the accident Kimball died.

Since Kimball's death, Osgood has been in a comatose condition and it is feared his brain has been seriously affected by the shock. The affair is regarded as purely accidental, and the authorities have not been notified.

Kimball was a clerk at a market in Haverhill, Mass. He was 37 years of age and leaves a father, mother, four sisters and two brothers.

FORGERY CHARGE

Bank Cashier is Under Arrest

By Associated Press to The Sun

PRINCETON, Wis., Oct. 19—J. E. Leimer, cashier of the Princeton state bank, has been arrested charged with forgery. State Bank Examiner Bergh states that Leimer had confessed that his forgeries amount to $69,000.

The Princeton state bank is closed and the officers of the Montello state bank, of which Leimer is vice-president, have been ordered by the state officials not to open its doors for business today.

Speculation in grain, Leimer claims was the cause. Leimer came here as cashier of the Princeton bank eight years ago and the examiners believe that the alleged forgeries have covered a period of six years. It is believed that the depositors will be paid in full with money now on hand.

BANKERS ARRIVING

FOR THE ANNUAL CONVENTION IN SAN FRANCISCO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—The delegates to the 29th annual convention of the bankers' association are beginning to arrive, and it is estimated that by Tuesday evening 2000 bakers and their guests will be here. The special car, George C. Boggs, treasurer of the Rock Island, carrying a party of New York bankers arrived last night.

The trust company of the association will meet Tuesday morning and the savings bank section in the afternoon.

Wednesday the regular session of the convention will begin. The delegates will be welcomed by Gov. Pardee, Mayor Schmidtz and James D. Phelan, the last named representing the financial interests of the city.

On Friday, the closing day, Ellis H. Roberts, treasurer of the United States, will read a paper on "Effect of the Inflow of Gold."

FIELD CASE

WILL BE RE-OPENED BY THE PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19—President Roosevelt, at the request of Senator Proctor, has decided to investigate further the case of U. S. Marshal Field of Vermont, who was removed because of the escape of two Chinamen who were in the custody of one of Marshal Field's deputies.

SAW MILL BURNED

IT IS SAID THE LOSS WILL BE $20,000.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BARTHURST, N. B., Oct. 19—It was larned here today that the large saw mill owned by John Robertson of this place, at Burnsville Corner, together with a million feet of lumber, was burned yesterday.

The loss is $20,000, with $3,000 insurance on the building.

The mill was run by water power and gave employment to a large number of men.

The First Pill

the biggest seller in the world! Why? Because the best to cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache and all troubles from Disordered Stomach is

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c

A MEETING OF TWO LADIES

"Why, how do you do, Miss Bobs! I am awfully glad to see you, dear, Are you well? I am glad of that. O, say, is that the dress you were telling me about the last time I saw you?"

"Yes, how do you like it?"

"O, it's just too nice for anything. It fits awfully good. Who made it for you?"

"Why, don't you know E. man Snyder, the famous New York ladies' tailor, is here now and makes all my clothes. His place is

90 CHELMSFORD STREET

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

A BOLD ROBBERY

Money Taken From a Postmaster

By Associated Press to The Sun

PARRSBORO, N. S., Oct. 19.—The government detectives are investigating a $2700 robbery reported by the postmaster at Port Greville. That official states that while carrying the money from his postoffice, which is not equipped with a safe, to his home an unknown man snatched the package from his hand and escaped. The money was sent from the Union bank here to the Colonial Copper company at Cape d'Or, to meet the wages due the employes. Owing to a train being delayed, the mails were held up here. The postmaster was taking the money to his home for safe keeping, and was holding it by means of the twine around the package when it was seized by the thief.

CHARGES PREFERRED

AGAINST AGENT OF BLACK FOOT RESERVATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Oct. 19.—As a result of the massacre of seven Indians on the Black Foot reservation, a week ago, by Little Plume, Miss Helen P. Clark, former county superintendent of schools for Lewis and Clark county, has preferred charges of mal-administration against Major J. H. Monteath, agent of the Black Foot (Piegan) reservation.

Miss Clarke is a daughter of Malcolm Clarke, the pioneer friend of the Piegans, who married one of the tribe and was later murdered.

Miss Clarke, in affidavits, charges that gambling is common. Miss Clarke attributes the recent massacre to Little Plume being crazed by liquor.

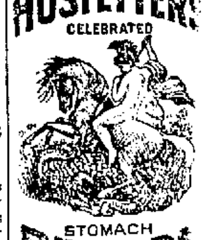
MILLS DESTROYED

BIG FIRE IN GREENPOINT SECTION OF BROOKLYN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Fire early today in the Greenpoint section of Brooklyn destroyed several large planing mills, lumber yards and cooperage shops and caused a loss estimated at more than $200,000. Vogel & Kelges suffered the heaviest loss.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

The Bitters will put the system in such good condition that disease cannot obtain a foothold. It will purify the blood, restore the appetite and cure Insomnia, Heartburn, Sick Headache Indigestion, Dyspepsia, or Kidney Ailments. Be sure to try it.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENTS...

on sale at the drawing school

—BY—

W. T. S. BARTLETT,

653-659 MERRIMACK ST.

The Uptown Hardware Store.

The Good Old Summer

time is almost in and we must turn our attention to the Fall and Winter Clothing, and the

BAY STATE DYE WORKS,

is the place to bring ladies or gents' Clothing, where the work of dyeing or cleaning or pressing is done at the lowest prices consistent with first-class work. The more time we have the better job we can do, so get your goods in now before the rush. Remember the place,

BAY STATE DYE WORKS

54 Prescott Street,

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-Law

And Public Administrator.

137 Central Street. Telephone

BURGLAR CHASE

Deputies Hot on the Trail

By Associated Press to The Sun

NORTH ANSON, Maine, Oct. 19.—Just when the officers were about to capture the two Norridgewock burglars they learned the men had been given two days' food and instructions that would carry them on their way toward Canada.

The deputies with a dozen men last night went into the woods beside Mt. Bigelow where the men at 4 o'clock built a fire to dry their clothing, and found they had disappeared. The officers have been instructed by Sheriff Lang to arrest the man who rendered the assistance and hold him as an accomplice. Messengers were sent today into the numerous lumber and sporting camps around Eustis, and it was believed the burglars were in closer quarters than at any time in the chase. They must obtain more food, and after passing Eustis will be obliged to follow the Canadian road closely in order to proceed north. The burglars had revolvers and belts of cartridges when last seen. Later it was reported they were seen today six miles above Eustis.

POLICE CALLED

DISTURBANCE AT N. Y. BUILDING LOAN BANKING CO.'S MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Stockholders of the New York Building Loan Banking Co., for which Charles M. Preston is temporary receiver, attended the meeting called at the offices of the company today to vote a stock assessment of 20 per cent. Only 200 of the 400 or 500 present could get into the room where the meeting was held. Those who did get in made such an uproar that one of the stockholders, a policeman, telephoned the West 30th street station for the reserves.

When Lawyer James P. Eustis tried to explain the purpose of the call, the Protective League of Boston representing 3,000 stockholders took command of the meeting and passed resolutions declaring the call in contempt of court, a violation of the injunction of September 12, charging gross mismanagement by the officers and directors, demanding their resignation and denouncing the state banking authorities for "allowing an insolvent banking concern to continue to do business for years."

A resolution was also adopted requesting that the appointment of Charles M. Preston as temporary receiver be made permanent.

SEARCH FOR WOMAN

POLICE RESERVES OF BROOKLYN ARE OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—All the police reserves of Brooklyn were last night searching the swamps and fields around Bath Beach for Antoinette Dellamota, a young Italian woman, who fired two shots at Mrs. Elizabeth Marvin, both of which took effect in the lower part of her body. Mrs. Marvin was taken to the Norwegian hospital in a critical condition. Two months ago Mr. Marvin had dispossessed the Dellamota woman from a flat he owned and the Italian believed Mrs. Marvin was responsible for it.

Packer's Tar Soap

For toilet and bath. Pure as the Pines.

CARTER'S Cough Balsam 25c

WILL CURE THAT COUGH

Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICED DRUG STORE

Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

Don't Delay

But have YOUR EYES EXAMINED today by

Optician George C. Rogers,

145 MERRIMACK STREET.

Up One Flight

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL

Opens Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1903.

Courses in Cotton and Wool Manufacturing.
Chemistry and Dyeing.
Weaving.
Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
Decorative Art and Designing. Special class for women.
Languages.

Special Day Course in Decorative Art.

While the Decorative Art course is mainly preparatory to textile design, it also prepares for any branch of Decorative Art, such as wall paper, book illustration, lithography, interior decoration, stained glass, etc., etc., and for pictorial art in water and oil. The facilities now offered permit of thorough instruction in these specialties. The classes are open to ladies and gentlemen in connection with textile design or otherwise and have been specially popular with ladies. Pupils can enter at any time. Instruction from 9 to 4 P. M. except Saturday and Wednesday afternoons.

Evening Classes Open October 19.

Courses in Cotton Spinning.
Woolen and Worsted Spinning.
Designing.
Chemistry and Dyeing.
Warp Preparation and Weaving.
Mechanical Engineering.

The certificate of the school will be awarded to all who successfully complete either of the courses. Graduates of other schools will be admitted without examinations.

For all others who have not previously attended the Lowell Textile school examinations will be held in the subjects of Arithmetic and English at the school on

Monday, October 19, 1903, at 7 O'clock, P. M.

The evening courses will be free to residents of the city of Lowell. To all others the fee will be $2.50 per term or $5 per year. Application for admission or catalogue may be made by postal card addressed to the principal, W. W. CROSBY, S. B., Lowell, Mass.

BODY RECOVERED

Mystery Surrounds the Death of Physician

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19—The disappearance of a woman doctor, Miss Hickman, which has been a sensation here for the past two months, has been partially cleared by the finding of her body in an unfrequented part of Richmond park.

Miss Hickman, who was a fully qualified doctor of medicine, was performing her duties at the Royal Free hospital the afternoon of Aug. 15, when she left the hospital. Since that time the police of the whole country have unavailingly searched for her. She was a healthy woman, 29 years of age, and took nothing with her except a few pounds sterling in cash. The reason for her disappearance is a complete mystery.

Owing to the decomposition of the body and the fact that it was badly gnawed by rats, the remains were only identified by means of a medal which Miss Hickman won in a swimming competition and by her ambulance cross.

HANGED HIMSELF

MAN WAS ARRESTED ON SUSPICION OF MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—It is believed by the police that the mystery of the murder of Mrs. Kate Lauman, whose dead body was found lying by the roadside near Normandy, Thursday, has been partially solved through the suicide yesterday of John Williams, a negro, arrested late last night as a suspect.

Williams hanged himself in his cell during the excitement caused by a small fire. Williams believed, it is thought, that a mob was approaching the jail to lynch him.

PAINTERS DISTRIBUTE LABELS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Oct. 19.—Twenty-two locals of Boston and vicinity were represented here today at the convention of Massachusetts district council 25, Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers of America. John F. O'Neil of Boston presided. Several sets of labels were issued to painters in Chelsea, Lawrence and Boston, and it was stated that in the near future labels will be required on all painting done by strictly local men.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, druggist. Trial bottles free.

J. F. ROGERS UNDERTAKER

OFFICE—316 Central street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Dr. Emmons'

Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

We are agents for

H. W. JOHN'S Asbestos Pipe Covering

It comes in three-foot sections, and is easily applied.

(Prices on application)

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market Street

PORTABLE GAS LAMPS

We have just opened a very attractive lot of Portable Gas Lamps. They're beauties every one and the assortment is quite varied.

Bartlett & Dow,

216 Central St.

FIVE KILLED

Bad Train Wreck Near Keysville, Va.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19—A telegram was received at the headquarters of the Southern Railway company in this city today stating that a passenger train and a mixed train had collided at Keysville, Va., at 6.15 o'clock this morning.

Conductor Atwell, Flagman Dillon and Fireman Daniel Panchon were killed, as was also one railway mail clerk.

One negro passenger suffered a broken arm and was badly cut about the face; C. D. Farmer, engineer of the passenger train, had his ankle broken and was badly bruised; Fireman Jackson of the same train was severely cut about the head; Engineer J. D. Tyler, who was a passenger on the mixed train, was severely bruised.

The telegram stated that physicians had been sent to the scene.

BOLD BURGLARY

MONEY, BANK BOOK AND DEEDS STOLEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19—A mysterious robbery is puzzling the Winchester police, and the authorities of other nearby places are doing their prettiest to assist in discovering who robbed the home of Miss Mary F. Smith on Ridge street in Winchester, Saturday night. Miss Smith lives alone in a sparsely settled place. She is 75 years old and very deaf.

Sometimes her brother, also old, calls of an evening and often passes the night there. Saturday evening the brother and sister were sitting in the sitting room till about 10 o'clock, when Miss Smith went up stairs to her room.

To her amasement the articles in the chamber had been turned topsy turvey. Burnt matches littered the floor. A bank book on the Arlington Savings bank, showing a deposit of $130, was missing. Two deeds were also gone from their accustomed hiding place. A ring, a breast pin and two pocketbooks could not be accounted for, and it is supposed they were taken. An envelop containing a sum of money was overlooked by the intruder. The house was ransacked while the Smiths were sitting together, presumably about 10 o'clock. The man or men responsible for the robbery, entered by a bulkhead. The case was not reported till yesterday morning and the police have but a slight clew.

NOT FORGOTTEN

TRIBUTE TO MEMORY OF CAPT. ADAMS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Though dead, Captain J. G. B. Adams, for many years sergeant-at-arms at the State House, is not forgotten, for this afternoon a further tribute to his memory was placed on his grave in Lynn by those who were intimately associated with him on Beacon Hill. Captain "Jack", as he was known far and wide, was formerly commander of state G. A. R. He died on October 19, 1900.

At noon today Captain David T. Remington, doorkeeper of the senate, with all the messengers and pages of the upper branch of the state legislature, went to Lynn. With the delegates today was Captain Waldron of the house, who had been invited to make a short address. The party took with them a magnificent wreath of palms, autumn leaves, ferns and white roses, which was placed on the grave. Attached to the wreaths is a streamer of white satin, on which are inscribed the words: "Not Forgotten, Captain."

DAUGHTERS OF REBEKAH.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 19—The tenth annual meeting of the Grand Assembly of the Maine Daughters of Rebekah, opens this evening at 6 o'clock, when officers will be elected and business transacted.

This afternoon at a special meeting of a local lodge the degree staff of Aurora lodge of Belfast exemplified the Rebekah degree.

The visiting delegates were entertained by local Rebekahs until the opening of the grand assembly.

The past grand representatives association composed of former representatives to the sovereign grand lodge will have a banquet this evening.

The grand lodge will meet tomorrow and the grand encampment Wednesday.

MARY CLEGG HELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 19—Mary Clegg was held for trial in the District court this morning on a charge of assault on John Lynch, who is at the City hospital. The affair was the result of a drunken row yesterday and no serious results are anticipated for the victim.

DIED SUDDENLY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 19.—Information has been received from the Culvre Shooting club in St. Charles county, of the sudden death of Councilman L. W. Morton. Mr. Morton was a director of the world's fair and chairman of the committee on fine arts.

BISHOP VERNIER ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Bishop Paul Lois Vernier of Tahiti has arrived here on his way to Paris where he will spend a vacation of six months before returning to his island home.

Bishop Vernier is the French representative of the Calvinistic church in Tahiti and that part of the south seas. He has religious jurisdiction over 125 islands of the Society group. It is said that he is likely to be appointed French governor of the islands upon the first change in the political situation.

RECEIVED BY KING

ALASKAN BOUNDARY TRIBUNAL GIVEN AN AUDIENCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19—After a brief secret session this morning the Alaskan boundary commissioners drove to Buckingham palace, where they were received by King Edward. Ambassador Choate accompanied the United States commissioners and introduced them to the king, who had previously been informed of the terms of the agreement reached by the tribunal.

$59,000 GONE

CHURCH FUNDS TAKEN BY FORMER TREASURER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Rev. John B. Peters of St. Michael's Episcopal church announces that the defalcation of church funds by Henry T. Edson, treasurer of the parish, who several months ago killed Mrs. Fanny Pullen and committed suicide amounted to $59,000. Of this amount $10,000, the rector stated, had been returned to the church by the wife of Mr. Edson in making over to the church two life insurance policies. A part of the remainder will fall upon a bank through its liability in connection with the forgeries.

MARRIED AGAIN

BECAUSE THE FIRST MARRIAGE WAS NOT RECORDED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Although they were lawfully married by a priest 21 years ago in Newark, and have raised a large family, Cesare Pinzelli, a prosperous fruit dealer, and his wife have found it necessary to re-marry. The second ceremony was made necessary by failure to have the old marriage dully recorded in the office of the clerk. There was, consequently, a lack of evidence demanded by the Italian government before a legacy of $5,000 can be paid to a daughter of the couple.

NEW RECRUITS

WILL BE KEPT FROM THE OLDER BOYS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 19—One hundred and ninety-nine naval apprentices were sent from the naval training station this morning to Portsmouth, N. H., where they will be assigned to the training ship Monongahela under repairs there.

The draft left Newport at 9 a. m., and are expected to arrive at their destination at 3 p. m.

They are in special cars and are in charge of Gunner Phillips.

This leaves only about 200 boys at the station and these will be sent to the Alliance in a week or two, then recruiting of apprentices will be resumed, but hereafter new recruits will be kept from the older boys that they may not infect the whole station with disease as before.

CREW ESCAPED

GAINED THE SHORE OVER THE MAIN BOOM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PORTLAND, Maine, Oct. 19.—The unknown schooner reported last night as wrecked on the southwesterly side of Burnt Island, was the Post Boy, Captain D. S. Nickerson, with hard coal for Bangor from Port Johnson, N. Y. The vessel swung around so that the entire crew escaped to shore over the main boom before they were reached by the life-savers. She broke up within an hour. The Post Boy was built at Bucksport, Maine, in 1872, was of 171 gross tonnage, 103 feet long, 27 feet broad, and 8 feet deep.

The schooner Maud Snare, wrecked on Hart Island off Port Clyde, is breaking up. The woman who escaped with the crew was the mate's wife.

ANOTHER ARREST

IN CONNECTION WITH THE BOSTON MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19—Investigation today by the police into the death of Alberto Molene, who was shot and instantly killed at a party here last night, led to the arrest of Domenico Elito, an Italian who lived in the house where the party was held.

Both Rosario Bertano, who was arrested last night, charged with the crime, and Elito deny having committed the crime.

The police do not expect to have the case ready for court proceedings before tomorrow.

VERMONT BUTTERINE

1 lb. best, 15c; 10 lbs. best, $1.50; 10 lbs. good, $1.40. New Vermont Butter, best, 25c; teas, 20c, 25c, 30c; coffee 15c. Wholesale packages at any price. Goods No. 1; honest goods.

FLYNN'S MARKET 137 GORHAM ST

ALASKAN BOARD

Will Hold a Public Meeting

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 19—The Alaska boundary committee will have one more meeting.

It will be a public meeting and it will be held at noon tomorrow at the foreign office.

At that time and place, the agreement, which was verbally agreed on Saturday, and was exclusively cabled by the Associated Press at the time, and which today has been confirmed, will be read.

The London Daily Telegraph, commenting editorially on The Associated Press' exclusive announcement Saturday, of the agreement arrived at in the boundary arbitration, says:

"In ordinary circumstances no more importance would attach to such an announcement than would be accorded to the usual gossip current at the close of an inquiry of this sort, but The Associated Press has gained a well-earned reputation for the accuracy of its reports on international questions which have their center in London. It is therefore very probable that this particular statement is substantially correct. No official information is available, but there is confirmation of the report from other sources."

MARKET WEAK

RESULT OF FAILURE OF MARYLAND TRUST CO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—The failure of the Maryland Trust company of Baltimore caused a weak stock market today. Liquidation was general but the decline in Baltimore & Ohio and Southern Railway preferred was attributed directly to selling induced by the failure. These stocks, United States Steel and Amalgamated Copper were notably weak, but losses of 1 1-2 to over 2 points were quite general during the first hour. The industrials were conspicuous in the decline also. Selling by foreign houses owing to the renewed uneasiness over the far eastern situation and the financial conditions in London aggravated the weakness.

MILLIONAIRE DEAD

GORDON McKAY WAS ILL FOR SEVERAL MONTHS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 19—Gordon McKay, the millionaire inventor of the McKay Shoe-making machine, died at his residence on Marine avenue, in this city at noon today, after an illness of several months.

He was born in Pittsfield, Mass., in 1821.

CONTEST ENDED

WAS WAGED FOR POSSESSION OF COMPANY'S PLANT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAULT STE MARIE, Oct. 19.—The contest over the possession of the plant of the Consolidated Lake Superior company which has been in progress in and out of the courts for a number of weeks, ended today when James Bicknell, representing the receiver, was given possession of the office building and all the subsidiary factory buildings. This peaceful surrender is the result of the agreement reached in New York last Friday whereby all the directors and officials of the subsidiary companies resigned their places being filled by Speyer & Co., who selected B. F. Fackenthal, the present receiver, as president of all the subsidiary companies. In return, Speyer & Co. have agreed to postpone the date of the sale of the securities of the company which they hold until December 15.

DOWIE'S FORCES

HAVE BEGUN HOUSE TO HOUSE CANVASS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—After attending an early service in Madison Square Garden, John Alexander Dowie's "Restoration Host" numbering nearly four thousand, began today a house to house canvass of the city. Before giving them his final instructions, Dr. Dowie said:

"I am going out to do a little restoration work myself, and I wont be far from Wall street. Pray for me."

The majority of the audience at the early service was composed of Zionists. No robes were worn. Dr. Dowie preached a sermon on "The Sin of Idolatry" with applications to present conditions.

"A Divine Healing Meeting" was held in the garden from 10 a. m. to noon, at which Dowie delivered an address on "The Opening of the Beautiful Gate of Divine Healing."

MORE SMALL-POX.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FARMINGTON, Me., Oct. 19—Four new cases of small-pox at Chesterville, nine miles from here, were reported today. There have been 10 cases in all.

EMPLOYES IDLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 19—The Middletown Iron and Tube works today laid off 250 men on account of lack of orders. The works employ about 800 men.

A Face Disfigured

from skin diseases is unsightly and unnecessary. ZEMA-CURA cures all skin diseases—eczema, acne, herpes, pimples, blackheads, hives, erysipelas. ZEMA-CURA is a liquid applied externally. No matter how long you have suffered ZEMA-CURA will cure. Try a bottle today. At your druggists or express prepaid on receipt of price. THE ZEMA-CURA CO., 3 West 2nd Street, N. Y.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

FISHERMEN WIN

HERRINGS CAN BE BROUGHT IN FREE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 19—The American fishermen who sought free entry at Boston of herrings caught in the Bay of Islands, New Foundland, are successful in their contentions, the United States Board of General Appraisers having decided in their favor.

The case attracted widespread attention among fishermen and fish importers in this country and also in New Foundland and Canada. Collector Lyman of Boston, when the fish were landed, was not satisfied that they were the product of United States fishermen, which is invariably admitted free of duty regardless of origin and he assessed a duty.

A protest was made on the ground that under Paragraph 626 of the tariff act of 1897, the fish should have been admitted without duty. This act provides for the free entry of products of American fisheries.

The cargo was brought to this port by the Gloucester schooner A. E. Whyland, which in March, 1902, at the Bay of Islands, caught a cargo of herrings with the assistance of men, boats and gear hired for the purpose under a license from the New Foundland government. The question for decision was whether fish caught under a license under a foreign government, with the assistance of men, boats and gear employed abroad, could properly be deemed to be the product of American fisheries.

The general board of appraisers finally decides that the question of engaging men, boats and gear in a foreign country is not material, in view of the broad language of the statute and an order was issued accordingly to return the duty.

BADLY DAMAGED

BRITISH BATTLESHIP WAS IN COLLISION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FERROL, Spain, Oct. 19—The British battleship Prince George, which was towed here yesterday after having been in collision with the British battleship Hannibal, during the naval manoevres off Cape Finisterre, was found to be extensively damaged by the Hannibal's ram. This caused her to take an immense quantity of water, necessitating incessant pumping. She has been beached for temporary repairs, preparatory to being towed back to England where she will be placed in dry dock.

SOLDIER KILLED

GUARD OF TROOPS SEARCHING FOR MURDERER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MISSOURI, Mont., Oct. 19.—Private Kennedy, a United States soldier, stationed at Fort Missouri, was shot and killed at that post yesterday. John Tulley, another private, who is said to have killed Kennedy during a quarrel has fled to the mountains. He is being pursued by a sheriff's posse and a guard from the fort.

$75,000 LOSS

BUSINESS BLOCKS AND RAILROAD STATION DESTROYED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LOGANSPORT, Ind., Oct. 19—Fire supposed to be of incendiary origin, has destroyed five business blocks and the railroad station besides damaging several other buildings at Galveston, Ind. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

PASTOR RESIGNED

SAYS HE WANTS TO MAKE MONEY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SPRINGFIELD, Oct. 19—The belief that his first duty was to lay aside money for old age actuated Rev. Thomas D. McLean, pastor of the Union Evangelical church of Ludlow to tender his resignation yesterday.

His letter, which he read from the pulpit, stated that the Ludlow church did not fully conform to his idea of an ideal church, and that he had decided to embark in the real estate business, having accepted an advantageous offer from a New York firm which made a specialty of developing new property.

Rev. Mr. McLean said that his heart was still in the ministry, and that if he resumed preaching after saving sufficient money to insure himself and family against want he could preach with greater conviction than at present, with poverty staring him in the face.

RISKED HIS LIFE

MAN ENTERED BURNING BUILDING TO SAVE CHILD.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—Knowing that his baby girl had been deserted on the third floor of 105 Division street, through which flames were sweeping, Jacob Frank ran a gauntlet of fire and smoke to save her yesterday afternoon. Spectators who saw him plunge into the hallway and start unhesitatingly up the stairs believed that he was going to certain death.

Firemen found him unconscious in the bed room of his home 15 minutes later, clasping in his arms the dead body of his baby. He was taken to Gouverneur hospital, where the surgeons said his injuries would probably prove fatal.

The flames were confined to the building, although there was constant danger of a three-story wooden tenement adjoining catching fire, and the tenants were ordered out.

E. H. WHITE

Successor to Fish & Plummer.

137 CENTRAL STREET

Our Motto: "Honest Representation, Fair Dealing, Justice to the Owner, Satisfaction to the Buyer."

$1000 BUYS A FINE 8-ROOM COTTAGE with bath, in exceptionally fine neighborhood; plenty of fruit; 6300 feet of land; near street cars, stores. Terms, $500 down, balance easy payments.

FOR SALE—Cigar and tobacco store and two lots of land; store is centrally located and doing a good business. Price for store and house lots $850.

$1300 BUYS A VERY PRETTY COTTAGE of 7 rooms; over 5000 feet of land.

$1600 BUYS A NICE 5-acre POULTRY FARM; good building.

$2100 BUYS a well arranged two-tenement house near the Bleachery.

MUNYON'S PAW PAW

ACTS QUICKLY

Sufferers from Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Insomnia or General Debility Are Benefited Immediately

A SINGLE DOSE

Is often enough to convince even the most skeptical that Paw Paw will drive disease out of the system and make you well

WILL YOU TRY IT?

Munyon cannot help but feel gratified over the great success which has followed the introduction of his newly-discovered stomach and nerve tonic. He is naturally elated to have all his claims so fully justified thus early in his great campaign for health.

Munyon claimed that Paw Paw would surely cure dyspepsia and hundreds have testified that Paw Paw has driven their dyspepsia and other stomach troubles away and given life a new charm for them.

Munyon claimed that men and women condemned to a life of misery through nervousness could be quickly cured by Paw Paw and testimony is piling up daily from hundreds in this vicinity that their nervous disorders were quickly relieved and finally cured by Paw Paw.

Munyon claimed that insomnia—that dread destroyer of health and happiness—could be controlled and cured with Paw Paw, and scores who had not known what it was to have a good night's rest in months or years have had balmy sleep brought back to their pillows.

Munyon is elated, as well he may be. Not because of his success as the world estimates it, but because right here where he is well known he has been the means of bringing health and happiness into homes where disease and misery had established and entrenched themselves—of replacing weakness with strength, distress and sorrow with hope and renewed ambition.

But let the people talk. They are anxious to be heard.

See what they have to say:

George Deering, an Employe of the Boston Post, writes:

Professor Munyon:

Being in great need of a tonic I was advised to try Munyon's Paw Paw, and I am indeed pleased to state that I am feeling very much stronger, both mentally and physically, since taking the first dose. I no longer have that tired feeling and think all the credit due Munyon's Paw Paw. Yours truly,

(Signed) GEORGE DEERING,
21 White st., East Boston, Mass.

MADE HIM FEEL YEARS YOUNGER

I have for years been afflicted with nervous dyspepsia and intestinal indigestion and heart palpitation. Paw Paw has cured me and made me feel years younger. I advise all my friends and former patients to use this medicine and it will cure you. Paw Paw is a marvelous medicine and I cannot speak too highly of its merits.

(Signed) A. J. WESSEN.
343 Main street, Auburn, Me.

Reader, are you going to let such testimony as this fall on listless ears? Are you going to go on suffering and sorrowing when help and health are so ready to your hand? No! A thousand times no. If you are a sufferer from any stomach trouble, if you are continually upset from nervousness, if sleeplessness is the bane of your existence and the trouble which is undermining your health, go to the nearest drug store today and tell them you want a bottle of Munyon's Paw Paw. Do it now, and you'll gladly join the health procession of those who have been cured by Munyon.

Pint bottles, $1.00. Paw Paw Laxative Pills, 25 cents per box. At all druggists.

HAIRINE

Makes the hair grow, stops falling hair, cures dandruff. Will not darken blond hair.

PRICE ONLY

15Cts.

One bottle will convince you that it is the most wonderful hair tonic on the market.

At druggists—15, 40 and 75 cts a BOTTLE.

(By mail, 5 cents extra for postage.)

ELLINGWOOD & CO., Druggists, Lowell

Beal Streit Co., 79-81 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 6, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants, and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in city. Merrimack Loan Co., 18 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, Room 36, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Lehnas, Room 9, Barristers hall.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

SPECIAL NOTICES

WE WISH TO INFORM you that we are giving a Galvanized Coal Hod with a pound of our 60c tea. You may order by mail or telephone. Dickson's Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The two o'clock and five o'clock editions of The Sun are on sale every day at both newsstands in the Union station, Boston.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—At Metcalf's employment rooms, 100 wood choppers. 45 Merrimack street, room 8. Frenchmen, take notice.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 251 Central street.

WANTED—A competent girl for housework in small family. Apply 101 Cabot street.

WANTED—A young lady to demonstrate cake. Apply to W. H. Cozner, Giuter Grocery company.

WANTED—A woman to keep house for a working family. Apply at the Sun office.

WANTED—A good pant maker. John Thompson, tailor, 339 Davis square.

WANTED—Housegirl for small family. Call after 10 o'clock in the forenoon at 8 Coral street.

WANTED—An experienced kitchen girl at 78 Appleton street.

WANTED—Reliable men, over 30 years of age, to look after our business in Hampden county; good permanent position. C. R. Burr & Co., nurserymen, Hartford, Conn.

OUR MEN make $3 to $10 a day fitting glasses; our 24-page Free Eye Book tells all about it; we establish you in business for yourself. Jacksonian Optical College, (Chartered), 104 Main street, Jackson, Michigan.

WANTED—Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

MEN—Work for us at home a few hours a day; $12 per week; must have small space in cellar, yard, barn or attic; no outfit to buy and no canvassing; addressed envelope for contract. United Product Co., G. G. Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—Carriage painters at Goyette's, 280 Thorndike street.

AN ENERGETIC representative wanted in the smaller cities of New England to handle a quick selling article needed by every man; article is protected by patent, retails for 50c., has no competition and sells at sight; party must have tact, perseverance, integrity and a few hundred dollars; fakirs need not answer; the right man can make money. Reply with particulars of yourself, Dept. H., Box 303 Madison square, New York city.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Between Dracut and Lowell one rubber tire from a Goddard buggy. Reward for return to O. J. Poitras & Co., 63 Franklin street, Lawrence, Mass.

LOST—Locket and chain Saturday at Opera house. Return to 38 Union street.

LOST—A gold locket between Fletcher street and Merrimack square. The finder will please return to Sun office.

LOST—Oct. 9, a black cocker spaniel, with snip lip. Reward 59 Fulton street.

LOST—Between Wannalancit street and Middlesex street depot, $30 in bills. Liberal reward at Sun office.

LOST—Lady's pocketbook between Warwick and Westford streets, Sunday afternoon. Reward 104 Lawrence street.

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have by calling at 84 Chapel street.

LOST—In the vicinity of Andover street, a blue and cream colored parrot, white head. Reward for return to Dolan's block, Andover street.

LOST—Wednesday, Oct. 14, small gold open-face watch. Receive reward by returning to 12 Walker street.

BUSINESS CHANCES

"THIS BEATS NEW JERSEY"—Charters procured under South Dakota laws for a few dollars; write for corporation laws, blanks, by-laws and forms to Philip Lawrence, late assistant secretary of state, Huron, Beadle Co., South Dakota.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to October 12, 1903. Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.22, x6.42, *7.45, *8.50, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.28, *6.30, x6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.24, 7.31, *7.48, w*8.30, *8.57, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m., w12.05, 12.11, w12.35, 1.44, *1.50, w2.30, x3.03, w*3.10, *3.1?, w3.55, 4.25, w5.06, 5.22, x5.49, w*6.15, *6.22, w7.00, 7.29, w9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30, 7.24, w8.15, 8.48, 9.10 a. m.; w12.05, w1.05, 2.25, w5.30, 5.58, w8.00 p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.50, w9.25, w10.50 a. m., w12.05, 1.28, w2.30, w3.55, w5.06, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, wq11.25 p. m. Sundays, w5.18 a. m.; w12.05, w6.30 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, n2.30, n3.55, w5.06, 5.28 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, w3.55, w5.06, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, q11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.16 a. m.; 12.05, 5.30 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.06, 2.30, 3.55, 6.16 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.31 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m.

For Skowhegan, 8.30 a. m.

For Bangor, Belfast and Rockland, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., 5.06 p. m. (5.06 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland,) on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport, Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

Last trip of season Oct. 30, 1903.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, *7.48, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 4.28 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.48 a. m.; 1.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, Stations on W. N. & P. and Fitchburg divisions, 7.07, 11.55 a. m.; 5.00 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Stations on W. N. & P. division, Nashua to Portland, Me., 9.03 a. m.; (3.40 p. m. to Rochester only.)

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 5.39 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.51, 9.03, 9.39, *10.39 a. m.; *12.09, 1.00, *1.31, 3.40, *5.39, 6.27, *8.10, *9.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m.; 2.00, 6.?, *8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.51, *9.39 a. m.; *12.09, *1.31 (to Franklin only,) 5.10, *b8.16 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.,) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.51 a. m.; 1.31 p. m.

For Stations on White Mt. Division, 9.39, *10.39 a. m.; 1.39 p. m. (5.39 p. m. to Plymouth); *10.10, 9.24 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *10.39 a. m.; *1.31, *b9.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.39 a. m.; *12.09, *b8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air line, *10.39 a. m.; *10.10 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *10.39 a. m.; *9.10 p. m. (daily except Saturdays.

References:

aVia Wakefield Junction.

*Express. bDaily.

qWednesdays and Saturdays only.

wVia Western Division.

xVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junc.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

FOR SALE

HENS FOR SALE—24 Rhode Island Reds. Call Dartmouth street, North Chelmsford, opposite Truant school.

FOR SALE—Wood lot, 16½ acres, two miles from Pawtucket bridge; price $850; a great bargain. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen building.

FOR SALE—Phonograph outfit, with records. Inquire at Sun office.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred B. P. Rock pullets, cockerels and yearlings, I. K. Felch's strain. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmere, Dracut.

FOR SALE—A tool chest with tools. Apply 14 Payton street.

FOR SALE—A chamber set at 68 First street.

FOR SALE—Oldsmobile 1902 model, emergency brake; has been but little used. Inquire Upton & Gilman's, Middlesex St.

FOR SALE—Restaurant doing a good business; a good investment; ill health the cause for wishing to sell. Call at 60 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices, 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1½ in., 20c; $10 ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c. linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 152 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS

MARTIN HONAN, Grocer, 750 Gorham street, handles the choicest goods; quality considered, our prices are the lowest in the city; call in and see for yourself; discount stamps given.

SHIRT WAISTS GIVEN FREE at Highland Remnant Store, 30 Pine street. We want 10,000 ladies to call and see our stock of Ottomans, Vestings, Silks, Sateens, Madras Cloth, Mercerized Waistings and Shirtings, Ginghams, Flannelettes, etc., which we carry and sell by the yard and pound. Come and be convinced that you can buy more and better goods here for your money than you can get in any other place in the city. Highland Remnant Store.

MRS. ADAMS, Clairvoyant and Card Reader and ladies' employment office. 355 Gorham street, opp. Court house.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

DR. A. THOMPSON'S PREVENTION AND CURE. It prevents and cures colds, pneumonia, attacks of fever, sore throat, sore lungs, hard or painful coughs, la grippe and rheumatism in any stage. All druggists, 25c. per bottle.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen, Bon Marche studio.

MADAME LENORE, clairvoyant and card reader, 71 Tyler street. Ladies 25c, gentlemen 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 12 and 2 to 10 p. m.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 310 Central St.

MRS. FLETCHER, 769 Gorham street, trance business medium and card reader.

J. W. GREENLAW, carpenter and general jobber, 58 Middle street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 836-13.

DRINK GLORIA—Look out for imitations and don't be an easy mark for frauds. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 281 Middlesex street.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvrain Bros., Merrimack street, opp. City hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound given positive relief. Powerful combination. Used by 200,000 women. Price 25 cents. Druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects. Cures dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents falling hair. Harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

TO LET

TO LET—Tenement of 7 rooms at 20 Hurd street. Apply 37 West 5th street.

TO LET—Tenement of 4 rooms and pantry at 36 Mead street.

TENEMENTS TO LET—On Ludlam street, containing five rooms, with bath, pantry and large yard. Inquire on premises or Louis Clements, 411 Broadway.

TO LET—Furnished front room, use of bath, $1 a week. 555 Middlesex street, side door.

TO LET—Nice cottage of six rooms. 5 West Burnside avenue.

TO LET—Furnished front room, steam heat, bath room, etc. 26 W. 6th street, one flight.

TO LET—Cottage at 34 Mead street. Apply 16 Floyd street.

TO LET—Five room tenement at 55 West Third street. Inquire within or 94 Middlesex street.

TO LET—5, 6, 7-room tenements in good repair. 164 Lawrence street.

TO LET—Warm, sunny tenements for the winter; Middlesex street, 3 rooms, $7.50 per month; 4 rooms, $8, and 6 rooms, $10. Marshall street, 3 rooms, $6.50. Beside Northern depot, 3 rooms, $8, and 4 rooms $9. Concord street, 3 rooms, $5.50, and five rooms, $7.50. Centralville, 5 rooms, $6.50. Every one of the above is in first-class condition and we invite your inspection. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

Furnished Rooms

Best furnished rooms in the city, with steam heat, in the Elliott building, 24 Middlesex street.

WANTED

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms for man and wife on Broadway or Middlesex street. Address R. G., 189 Middlesex St.

BOARDERS WANTED at 367 Lincoln street, near Gorham street.

WANTED—One or two small children to take care of. Inquire Sun office.

WANTED—A couple of children to board by nurse of 10 years' experience in institutions; good home. Address K., Sun office.

WANTED—Boarders at the Temple cafe, 220 Middlesex street; gents $3; ladies $2 per week. Miss A. Frost, prop.

LADIES wishing to make their own dresses will now have the opportunity to learn the Penley Dress Cutting System at 62 London street. Come now.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two-tenement house in Pawtucketville, close to Pawtucket Sq.; owner resides in another city and must sell; a good investment; price $2400. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen bldg.

HOME PARK House lots given away free for the next 10 days. This is a chance to get a $500 foot lot FREE near Lowell; they cost from $50 to $75 and we will give you one free. The S. Lagasse company have within the last few years sold a lot of property and have put out a lot of money for selling the same, such as agents' commissions, etc., amounting to thousands of dollars. For the next ten days we will give away these fine house lots, which represent money, to you or anyone that will come and give their names and pay the little amount for surveying and writing out the deeds. You can have your lot now; first come, first served. Remember they are free and you don't have to buy anything, simply call and give us your name. We do this to advertise. The S. Lagasse company, 33 Hildreth street, Centralville, P. O. If you can't come today, come tomorrow.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

What will the Dowelites accomplish in New York? Nothing except to arouse curiosity as to their methods and their mission.

It is well to know that at last the city water service is to be permanently separated from the fire service of the mills.

The Somerville Journal seems to be afraid that Gaston will be elected. The Journal is warranted in this assumption since Captain Talbot sounded the general alarm.

Mark Hanna is endeavoring to show that the hub of the universe is in Ohio, and that he stands on the extreme end. Just at present he seems to be in great dread of falling off.

The wholesale arrest of the Chinese of Boston will set the celestials to thinking whether they have any rights which the police of Boston are bound to respect. If the Chinese would only declare their intention of becoming citizens both the political parties would be scampering to see which could do most for the protection of the Chinese.

WHERE A NEW BRIDGE IS NEEDED.

When the need of new bridges is being considered why is that flimsy, dangerous structure, the canal bridge on East Merrimack street, overlooked. It puts an unnecessary turn in that street and between the corner of the sidewalk in front of the Runels building and the car track there is not room enough for a wagon to pass. There is here actual need for a new bridge and a straightening of the sidewalk on the north side.

SENATOR LODGE AND RECIPROCITY.

A year ago, in the republican state convention, Senator Lodge was driven into a corner on the question of reciprocity with Canada. He did not want to favor reciprocity with Canada or any other country, but did not wish to say so. Hence he fell back upon the pretext that until Canada settled the Alaskan boundary question he would never favor reciprocity. Now that the boundary question is disposed of to Mr. Lodge's satisfaction, we wonder what argument he will have to offer against reciprocity.

NEED OF A MUSIC SCHOOL.

A musical union has been organized in one of the French Catholic churches. It is a power for good. Music schools in which working people can get instruction or training are too scarce. It would be a good thing if the city should conduct an evening school in music. It would provide at least a means of discovering musical talent and good voices among the poorer classes. At the present time some of the best musical talent in Lowell remains undiscovered and consequently undeveloped.

RICHARD OLNEY'S LETTER.

Hon. Richard Olney's letter to the Massachusetts Democratic club upon the issues in the state campaign is a rouser. It emphasizes what Col. William A. Gaston has been preaching throughout the state for the past month. Olney goes even further in assailing republican extravagance and republican assaults upon the principle of home rule for cities. Verily the campaign is getting very hot for Governor Bates and his lieutenants. They have been utterly unable to make any adequate answer to the charges hurled at them from democratic platforms. The republican campaign at the present time can be described only as "Confusion worse confounded."

THE CANADIANS PROTEST.

The Canadian commissioners on the boundary question refused to sign the Alaskan boundary decision, rather to save their popularity in Canada than as a protest against the justice of the award. There is no doubt that the decision is right and just, nor is there a doubt that King Edward would rather see the claims of the United States vindicated than have any cause for international unpleasantness. The protest of the Canadians will avail nothing except to preserve the good opinion of their compatriots.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY DECISION.

In the settlement of the Alaskan boundary question by a commission representing the United States and England, the former has won a great diplomatic victory. However clear our title may have been, the Canadians during the past few years had been piling clouds upon it until we almost came to believe that they were right and that we were mistaken. So little was known of the country that the boundary line was never definitely fixed except on paper until recent surveys following the discovery of gold in Alaska. It was then found that a continuous mountain range was assumed to exist where in reality it did not exist.

Alaska was ceded to the United States by Russia. It was agreed that the boundary should follow the summits of the mountains parallel to the coast and that wherever the summits are more than ten marine leagues inward the boundary shall follow a line parallel to the coast at that distance.

There were a great many territorial and legal questions involved, all requiring careful study and investigation and referring back to the treaty of 1825 between England and Russia under which the boundary was originally fixed.

We submitted the matter to a court of arbitration with the result that all the main contentions of Canada have been overruled.

Had we lost we should have had to part with a very rich mineral territory as large as the state of Maine and that includes the chief ports with a population of 20,000 Americans.

The best feature of the decision, however, is the amicable manner in which a question more important than many that led to destructive wars has been settled by a tribunal representing the parties to the controversy. It is an example which the other nations of the world may well follow. We doubt, however, whether any two nations of the old world would adopt this method of settling such international dispute.

The nations of Europe are so jealous of one another that it is difficult to persuade the parties to an international dispute to adopt this method of reaching a peaceful settlement. Had a similar dispute arisen between Russia and England, the former would have sent her troops to take possession of the territory and would then invite the latter to put her out. The result might be a repetition of the Crimean war with greater loss of life; for the death-dealing engines of the present day are far ahead of those of half a century ago in their power of destruction.

The Alaskan boundary decision is to be hailed as a triumph for international peace that may well be emulated by the other nations of the world.

SEEN AND HEARD

The local lodge of Elks have several members on the sick list, among them being Daniel D. Driscoll, the former well-known oarsman.

A reader of The Sun asks: "When did the new standard of time go into effect in Lowell?" On November 18, 1883.

In preparing lists of the ten greatest books, all the judges seem to have overlooked the bank book.

"Tom" Bolton, the harness man, is selling out, and proposes to locate in the southwest. He is one of the most honest, genial men in Lowell, and his going away will be exceedingly regretted by a wide circle of friends. "Tom" was something of "jiner," having been connected with several local societies for years, and he was always an active, useful member. Mr. Bolton's friends wish him God-speed in his new home.

It is cheerful to record that there is less desertion from the United States army than there was a few years ago. There are two reasons for this: Our soldiers have more active duty than formerly; and also, an enlisted man is now permitted to buy his discharge if he gets tired of army life. Desertion used to be the only way; buying it out is really easier than running away, and besides it is much safer. Then again the hours of duty have been shortened, and other changes made to make life more endurable for the American soldier. Yet with all that, Lowell is a poor locality for enlistments, though the recruiting officers do their best to gather in raw recruits.

Several of the local banks cater for women's business, one of the banks having a special apartment for women customers. Some bankers have a prejudice against women depositors, because of their lack of punctuality, their indifference to business rules, their tendency to overdraw and their inability to keep their balances straight; but close observers say such objections are unjust, and that when a woman once learns how to look after her money she gives very little trouble. So far as the matter of overdrafts is concerned they have more trouble from men, and men customers as a rule exact accommodations which women never expect. New York banks have a rule not to pay checks drawn by women in excess of their deposits, and therefore there is no loss on that account. Women have no notes to be discounted, no drafts to be cashed, and never ask for loans on doubtful collaterals.

There are all sorts of election schemes in this "land of the free," but we are shy on "barkers." The election "barker" is peculiar to France. At critical moments in a candidate's speech the "barker" puts him out by imitating a dog, and an efficient man at the business is worth good money at such times. Half a dozen of them in Paris are reputed to earn enough at election times to last them for a year. A "barker" would be useful to the local republican politicians who want to break into the county ring.

A FAIR DIVISION.

A story is told of an old farmer and his wife who agreed to separate. They had only one child.

"Everything friendly?" inquired a neighbor.

"Oh yes," replied the old man carelessly.

"No trouble about making a fair division of the property?"

"Oh, no. She gets the kid and the canned fruit, and I git the pig an' the apples. That's even enough ain't it?"

HIS CONCLUDING THOUGHT.

Thomas H. Byrne, the mill boy orator, made a ringing speech before the Ward Three Social club a few nights ago and while the members were delighted to hear Tommy talk they were not particularly taken with the way he ended. His concluding thought was as follows:

"Don't poison your neighbor's well, shoot his hogs, steal his wife, or burn his barn. Live at peace with all and let your motto be, 'Onward and Upward.' I may parenthetically and pathetically observe that unless all you fellows vote for me for representer in the 26th Middlesex district your motto will be 'Backward and Downward.'"

SETTLED AT LAST.

A legal luminary has come to the front and settled the hen question—a question that was productive of a great deal of argument and diligent searches for laws and ordinances. He told a lawyer interested in the case that an injunction could be issued against the hen cackling.

"But how can the issuing of an injunction against a cackling hen stop her cackling?" asked the ordinary lawyer.

"That's easy," said the legal luminary. "The hen presumably will disregard the injunction. This makes her guilty of contempt of court, and you can shoot a hen for contempt of court. Follow me?"

MIGHT HAVE STOPPED.

A poor fellow who had his legs taken off just below the knees may be seen struggling along the streets with the aid of crutches, his shortened legs shod with sole leather arrangements. There's pity in the heart of every man that sees him, but the pity of the ordinary motorman is not as great as his fear of the company's command not to stop between white posts. I saw the poor fellow with his shortened legs signal a car to stop just as it turned the corner from Central to Merrimack street. The motorman saw him and pointed to the white post. The cripple had to renew his efforts and struggle on to the point indicated by the motorman. 'Tis well for conductors and motormen to observe the rules laid down for them, but there are times when a little departure from the rules would do no harm, and the instance cited here was one of them.

AN INQUISITIVE WOMAN.

A Lowell woman who made the ascent of the White Mountains by means of the cog railroad this summer is telling a story of a friend who accompanied her on her trip. Her friend was very nervous and asked the conductor a long list of tedious questions and her interview with him wound up as follows:

"Would the car go to the bottom of the mountain if the engine should give out?"

"No, I guess not."

"What would prevent it?"

"We would apply the brakes."

"If the brakes should break, what then?"

"Well, you notice there are wing-shaped projections on the sides of the car. They are arranged so as to catch the wind and impede the progress of the car."

"But if the wings should break, where would we go then?"

"I don't know," replied the conductor wearily, "it all depends upon what kind of a life you've led."

ADAMS

China Closets

The glass home for handsome china. There is no place that the dainty china looks as well as in a glass front cabinet. The housekeeper appreciates having the china kept free from dust also. Price,

$15 to $35

Adams & Co.,

Furniture and Carpets.

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block.

the many advantages offered by the Uncle Sam Shoes, and their universal and steadily growing popularity is easily understood. The highest class Union workmanship; the best grades of selected leathers; perfection in fit, style and comfort—all these points make the

Uncle Sam Shoes

For Men, - $3.00

the greatest shoe of the day, and acknowledged by wearers as such. Add to these advantages the famous

Guarantee:

If the uppers break through before the soles wear through, a new pair, FREE

and you "foot up" a shoe total never before equaled.

Uncle Sam Shoes Shined Free at our Stores

Corner Central and Prescott Streets

DOMINION LINE

TO

EUROPE

Fast Twin-Screw Service

BOSTON to QUEENSTOWN and LIVERPOOL.

Com'w'lth	Oct. 22	Mayflower	Nov. 6
Cambroman	Oct. 29	Columbia	Nov. 12
		Com'w'lth	Nov. 19

1st class, $60 upwards; 2d class, $42.50; 3d class at low rates.

From Boston TO MEDITERRANEAN DIRECT

AZORES, GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Vancouver . . . . . Nov. 21

1st class, $50 upwards; 2d class, $50.

Company's Office, 77 State St. Boston, or David Murphy, 18 Appleton street, D. F. Lewis, 5 Bridge street, Lowell.

CUNARD LINE

Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,250 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.

Ivernia sails Nov. 7, Dec. 8.

Cilonia Nov. 21, Dec. 22.

Saxonia Oct. 24, Nov. 28.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply ALEXANDER MARTIN, agent, 126 State street, Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass.

J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.

O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.

PHIL & WIDEN, 49 Lundberg street, Lowell, Mass.

ANDERS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

The **Washington Savings Institution**

Deposits Oct. 31, 1892

$49,024.10

Deposits Oct. 31, 1902

$1,052,000.00

A gain of over a million dollars in 10 years.

265 Central Street

GEORGE M. HARRIGAN, Treas.

ANNUAL CONVENTION

OF THE UNITARIAN SUNDAY SCHOOL SOCIETY.

The following is the program of exercises for the annual convention of the Unitarian Sunday school society, which will be held at the First Unitarian church, this city, tomorrow and Thursday.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 4 p. m.

Kindergarten and primary department, Mrs. Clara Bancroft Beatley, principal of the Disciples school, Boston, will preside.

Address of greeting by the president of the Unitarian Sunday School society.

Four brief addresses by the following teachers:

Mrs. Mero S. Brooks, Brookline, Mass. Subject, "Underlying Principles."

Mrs. Clara H. Parker, Woburn, Mass. Subject, "The Song and Story."

Miss Lilian B. Poor, principal of Kindergarten, Bowditch school, Boston. Subject, "The Children of the Bible."

Mrs. Clara Wing Guild, Medford, Mass. Subject, "A Lesson for the Little People."

A half-hour of questions and discussion will follow the addresses.

Wednesday Evening at 7.45.

Five 15-minute addresses by the following speakers:

The Relation of the Sunday School to

1. Home. Speaker, Rev. Ida C. Hulton, Alsten, Mass.
2. Church. Speaker, Rev. F. J. Gauld, Leominster, Mass.
3. Denomination. Speaker, Rev. B. R. Bulkeley, Beverly, Mass.
4. State. Speaker, Rev. A. P. Record, Newport, Mass.
5. Civilization. Speaker, Rev. Edward A. Horton, Boston, Mass.

Thursday, Oct. 22 Forenoon.

9.00. Devotional meeting conducted by Rev. Augustus M. Lord, Providence, R.I.

9.30. Opening of the business meeting of the society.

9.45. Reading of the directors' annual report by President Edward A. Horton.

10.15. Consideration of directors' report, discussion of amendments, election of officers and miscellaneous business.

11.00. Address by Rev. James Eells, First church of Boston. Subject, "Teaching by Parable and Story."

11.25. Address by Rev. W. F. Greenman, Watertown, Mass. Subject, "The New Lessons—Life Studies."

11.50. Address by Rev. F. F. Dole, Jamaica Plain, Mass. Subject, "The Main Object of the Sunday School."

12.15. General discussion and remarks. Speeches limited to two minutes each.

12.25. Intermission and collation.

Afternoon.

2.00. Opening of the afternoon session, transaction of unfinished business and other matters.

2.20. Three 25-minute addresses:

1. Rev. Edward Cummings, South Congregational church, Boston, Mass. Subject, "The Law of Progress and How to Teach Its Lessons."
2. Rev. A. S. Garver, Second Parish, Worcester, Mass. Subject, "Pictorial Aids in Sunday School Work."
3. Rev. W. W. Fenn, professor in Harvard Divinity school, Cambridge, Mass. Subject, "The Bible in Modern Scholarship."

3.45. General discussion and remarks. Speeches limited to three minutes each.

4.00. Adjournment.

Those in attendance at this annual meeting are entertained by: First Unitarian church, Rev. Charles T. Billings, pastor; Unity Congregational church, Rev. George C. Wright, pastor.

SUPPER AND SALE

UNDER AUSPICES OF WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

James A. Garfield, Women's Relief Corps, No. 33, Auxiliary to Post 120, G. A. R., held a well attended supper and sale at the headquarters of Post 120, G. A. R., last night.

A very appetizing supper was served from 5 until 8 o'clock and was well patronized.

The proceeds of the affair will be added to the fund of the corps. The kitchen was in charge of the following committee:

Paulina Crawford, chairman; assisted by Mesdames Greenleaf, Warden and Connell. The dining room was in charge of Mrs. Mary E. Offutt, chairman; assisted by Mrs. Katherine Robbins, Mrs. Lestina Parker, Mrs. Juliette Blood, Mrs. Velina Perkins, and Miss Marion Connell.

The sales tables were in charge of the following committees: Fancy work, Mrs. Viola Farmer and Mrs. Dexter; handkerchief table, Mrs. Caroline Noyes; domestic table, Mrs. Annie F. Cheney, and Mr. Helen J. Talbot; apron table, Mrs. M. F. Smiley and Mrs. Storm; fancy quilt table, Mrs. Anne E. Tuttle; mystery table, Mary E. Smith.

A short entertainment consisting of vocal and literary exercises was given, and was very much appreciated.

FOUND DYNAMITE

ON BOSTON & NORTHERN TRACKS AT ANISQUAM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 20—What is believed to have been a second attempt to blow up a car on the Boston & Northern Street railway, was made public by the police yesterday. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

According to the statement given out by the police, a man and woman brought a stick of dynamite to the station Saturday afternoon and turned it over to the police with the information that it had been found on the Boston & Northern tracks near Anisquam bridge, in Anisquam.

An examination of the explosive which was in the form of a stick about seven inches in length, showed that four loaded caps had been put in place ready for detonation.

A similar stick of dynamite was found on the street railway company's tracks at Anisquam within a few hundred feet of the place where Saturday's find was made, about three weeks ago.

BILLY GARDNER

FAILED TO KEEP ENGAGEMENT WITH COFFEY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 20—Billy Gardner of Lowell did not keep his engagement to meet Kid Coffey of New York in a 6-round contest here last night and George Ashley of this city was substituted. Ashley had not trained for the bout, but he made a creditable showing and gained the decision over the New York man after 15 fast rounds. The bell saved Coffey from a knockout in the final round.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

Not One in Thirty

of the underwear manufacturers makes underwear to fit. He doesn't know how, or he won't take the trouble to work out the details. His method is to grind out so many thousand shirts and drawers, varying only in breast and waist measures. Short men and tall men are served with the same garment if they're the same circumference.

We have a manufacturer who produces for us underwear that fits as our clothes fit. Shorter sleeves and shorter legs for the stout man, besides regular sizes for the man of average proportion. In fine wool and merino — medium and heavy weights — white, natural wool and camel's hair. This underwear that fits from $1.00 to $2.00 per garment.

Union Suits made the same way

DUNN'S OPINION

Of the Andrews Street Powder Magazines

POWDER EXPERT EXPLAINS THE DANGER

To Special Committee on Explosives

As a result of the disagreement among the members of the special committee on explosives as to the advisability of demanding that the powder magazines in Andrews street be removed, the opinion of Capt. Dunn, the United States army expert, in relation thereto, is made public for the first time. The opinion is in reply to the following communication from the chairman of the committee:

"I write to request information relative to the magazines of the U. S. Cartridge company located in Andrews street, and designated as magazines Nos. 4 and 10. The company refuses to remove the magazines unless legally compelled to do so, which, it is very doubtful, can be done. They say that they will not store gunpowder in these magazines, but insist upon the right to store manufactured product.

"Would you kindly advise me to what extent there is danger in the storage of manufactured goods in these magazines, and if there would not be less danger if stored in a wooden building? Would you advise me that no explosive substance, either in balls or manufactured form be allowed to be stored in these magazines?

"Would you also kindly write a short specification as to the modern construction of a magazine, to be put in an ordinance, we are now preparing?"

Captain Dunn's communication in reply to the above reads as follows:

"I am in receipt of your letter of the 13th inst., which arrived during my temporary absence from the proving ground. I also received the copy of the newspaper containing report of the inquest, for which I have neglected to thank you.

"As to the position of the U. S. Cartridge company on the removal of their magazines, Nos. 4 and 10, I scarcely know what to say in the way of advice. My personal opinion is that no explosive material should be stored in a building so close to a dwelling as these magazines are.

"Of all explosive materials that could be stored in them, the least dangerous would be manufactured cartridges packed in regular boxes for shipment. In these cartridges the powder charges are separated and it would be very difficult—almost impossible—to produce a serious explosion. Even in a burning wooden building the cartridges would not be all exploded at once, consequently no great damage would be done by them. When the company speaks of storing its manufactured product, this, of course, includes primers in large quantities, and there is no question but what it could put a sufficient number of primers in one of these buildings to do serious damage in case of explosion. These primers would all explode together.

"It is not practicable to give you the specification you desire. There is nothing, even in the government service, such as standard specifications for the construction of the magazine. It is almost the same question as furnishing specifications for any other building, according to the use desired. A magazine could be large or small, or built of different materials. The only point is that protection should be furnished either by isolation or by earth traverses. Of course, if the building is placed underground, the best form of earth traverse is secured. A brick building is better for protection against fire than a wooden one, and yet, in case of explosion, without protection by traverses, a brick building is far more dangerous to surrounding dwellings on account of the projectiles that are formed by the detached bricks. No such projectiles would be found in a wooden structure, and therefore an explosion might occur with this building which would not destroy life.

"The only thing I see that you could do in the way of an ordinance would be to prescribe that no black powder or commercial smokeless powder greater in quantity than 50 pounds, and no percussion or detonating caps greater in quantity than one gross of commercial size boxes should be stored in any building within the city limits. I would be in favor of prohibiting the storing of dynamite and kindred high explosives in any quantity; but, if you think it best to allow this point, limit the quantity to ten pounds.

"Such an ordinance would, of course, conflict with the practice of the U. S. Cartridge company and would cause them to remove their present magazines, unless such ordinance would be contrary to the laws of the state of Massachusetts.

"You might, in connection with the ordinance, say that magazines for storage of larger quantities of explosives could be placed in the city provided they were put underground, or above ground protected by earth traverses extending at least to the top of the walls of the building; requiring also, that the buildings so used should not be located within one hundred yards of any dwelling.

"Respectfully yours,

"B. W. DUNN,

"Captain Ordnance Dept., U. S. A."

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

MERRILL'S BOND

SUIT WILL BE BROUGHT TO RECOVER IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—The prosecution in the case of Moody Merrill, banker and financier, through District Attorney Stevens, yesterday, ordered that suit be entered against the defendant's bondsmen for the forfeiture of the $10,000 bail unless he is produced.

The bondsmen who shared this surety are Isaac B. Rich and Marcellus Coggan.

The writ is returnable early in November and according to custom the defendant will be allowed about ten days in which to file an answer to the suit. If no step is taken before that time judgment will be entered.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

OFFICERS ELECTED

AT INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 20.—Yesterday's sessions of the International Missionary convention of the Christian Church were given over to the foreign Christian Missionary society. The feature of the morning session was the reading of a telegram from ex-Gov. Drake of Iowa stating that he will give $5000 to start a bible college in India. Gov. Drake has already donated $5000 each for bible colleges in Japan and China.

President A. McLean of Cincinnati in his annual report stated that the society has a total of 12 stations and out-stations, at which are located 117 missionaries and 290 native helpers. The total receipts for the year were $210,000, an increase of $31,000 over last year.

The afternoon session was devoted principally to the reading of reports, the election of officers and addresses by well-known clergymen who urged a more vigorous campaign in mission work.

The following officers were elected: President, A. McLean, Cincinnati; recording secretary, S. M. Jefferson, Covington; treasurer, S. M. Cooper, Cincinnati; corresponding secretary, F. M. Rains, Cincinnati.

STEAM HEATING
WATER HEATING
FURNACE HEATING
CARROLL BROS.'
Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

Is Catarrh Your Life's Cloud?—Eminent nose and throat specialists in daily practice highly recommended Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder as safe, sure, permanent, painless and harmless in all cases of cold in the head, tonsilitis, hoarseness and catarrh. It gives relief in 10 minutes and banishes the disease like magic. Sold by Falls & Burkinshaw.—10.

MEN AND WOMEN.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CRESCEUS' MILE

Great Stallion Beat Two Minute Mark

HE LOST NEARLY A SECOND BY BREAK

His Time Recorded as 1.59 3-4

By Associated Press to The Sun

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 2.—Cresceus, George Ketcham's sorrel stallion, once more established himself as king of trotters yesterday afternoon, when he not only circled the Wichita track in the remarkable time of 1.59¾, beating the two-minute mark set by Major Delmar and Lou Dillon, but he did it without the wind shield, which has come to be looked upon as almost a necessity to record breakers.

The day was ideal, and the track in perfect condition, while the horse himself was never better.

A C. Jordan, a starter of 12 years' experience in association stands, was the starter, and also officiated as timer. The other timers were F. Stearns and H. F. Hamman, the judges were S. B. Amiden, B. H. Harndon and George S. Freeman, all responsible men and true sportsmen.

Watches held in the grand stand caught the time as low as 1.58; others two minutes. Probably 2000 people were present, the meeting being a special arranged to take the place of a two days' meet scheduled for last week.

At 2.30 o'clock Cresceus appeared on the track and was given a couple of miles to limber up, after which Mr. Ketcham sent him a mile in 2.15, announcing to friends later that it was the fastest mile he had ever been able to drive him without company. It was about 3.15 o'clock when the horse came out for the final test.

He was anxious, as was shown from the fact that when he scored down for the word he lost his stride and ran under the wire, an unusual thing for him, and noted by his driver as a good sign. The next time he came down like a whirlwind, with Mike the Tramp, his ever faithful running mate, just nosing ahead. Around the first turn they sped at terrific speed, making the first quarter in 30s flat. The half was reached in 59¾s., and the three-quarters in 1.30. At the home stretch the runner drew away from him and the great stallion went the rest of the journey alone. Just at the south end of the grand stand, about 100 feet from the wire, he struck his knee and lost his stride, but caught it again and went under the wire trotting like a machine.

When he returned to the stand he was given an ovation. President Irwin of the association and other admiring friends seized Driver Ketcham and carried him on their shoulders into the judges' stand. It is believed Cresceus lost fully three-quarters of a second by the break near the wire.

CHELSEA OFFICER

CAME TO THIS CITY YESTERDAY FOR MAURICE SPINGEN.

Maurice Spingen, wanted in Chelsea, for lewd and lascivious behavior, was arrested by Inspector Heatherweight of Chelsea and Officer Duncan of this city yesterday. Spingen was taken from a furniture store in Gorham street.

THEIR WINTER TOGS.

The police moved into their black helmets yesterday. The blue took the place of the gray and the "cops" know for sure that winter is at hand. It is not strange, perhaps, that some of the officers like the winter chapeau better than the summer one. The latter is lighter and the men who prefer the gray say that fellows who fancy the blue are governed by the thought that the blue is more becoming.

POLITICAL NOTES

James E. Donnelly, former member of the school committee from Ward Four is a candidate for the democratic nomination for purchasing agent.

The Ward Three Social club is certainly liberal when it invites "Tommy" Byrne, the independent candidate, to appear at its smoke talk and make a speech. "Tommy" was right there and made one of his characteristic orations.

Reps. O'Brien and McMahon were the guests at a smoke talk, held under the auspices of the democratic town committee of North Reading at that place, Friday night, and they received a royal reception from the democrats of the town. William Ryer presided and Messrs. O'Brien and McMahon were the principal speakers. They were assured the support of the united democracy of the town and vicinity, and were invited to speak at a democratic rally to be held in the town at an early date.

Last year there was a republican rally or smoke talk of some nature or other nearly every night in the week but this year they have been few and far between thus far. There are some uncharitable enough to assign no license as the cause for the falling off in the republican smoke talk enthusiasm though another reason is that there were no big fights before the caucuses, barring ward eight and hence few sore spots to heal up.

OFFICIAL DENIAL

ROOSEVELT AND CABINET HAVE NOT SPLIT.

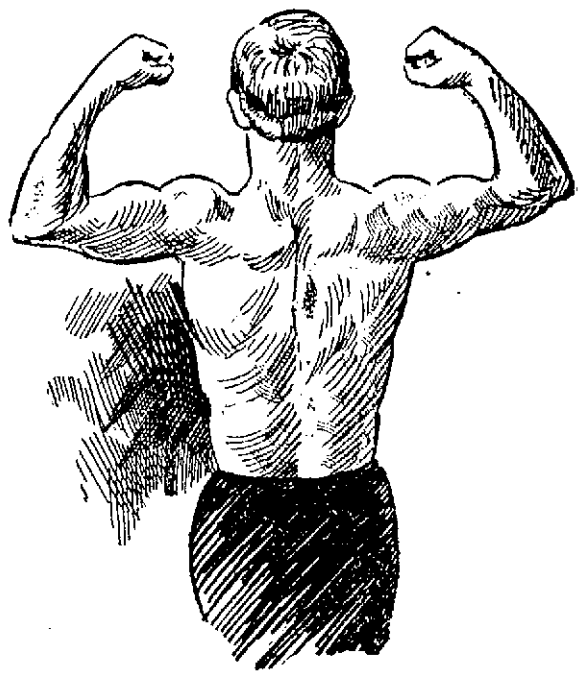
By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—President Roosevelt last night authorized the statement that there is no truth whatever in the rumors of differences of opinion between himself and Secretary Shaw or members of the cabinet, growing out of the report which has been made to him by Charles J. Bonaparte and Holmes Conrad of their investigations into charges affecting the postal service.

IRON-OX Tablets For the Bowels.

Not purgative nor cathartic, but gently laxative and tonic. For sale by druggists, 25 cents.

FIRST GAME



KINNON, NEW BASKET BALL PLAYER SIGNED BY MANAGER GRAY.

Chicopee Will be Here Saturday Night

Manager James Gray of the Lowell basket ball team is enthusiastic over the outlook for the season, which will open in this city Saturday night.

The first game will be an exhibition and will be played in Huntington hall with the Chicopee team, which is the old Marlboro aggregation.

Charlie Connors will referee and the teams will be picked from the following players:

Chicopee—J. Sheridan, Lynch, Punch, Bill Sheridan, Healey, Macalouski and McCarthy of the Connecticut league.

Lowell—Smith, Holleron, McKinnon, Allard, Fields, Tighe, Abbott and O'Neil.

The bleachers, fence and netting that Manager Gray purchased from "Bill" Parsons will be set up for the game. Play will be called at 8.30 o'clock.

Manager Gray says that in Smith he has the best man in the game today. Chicopee wanted Smith and made a claim for his services, but he was awarded to Lowell. He played with Chicopee last year.

McKinnon of Dorchester, the new player signed by Manager Gray, was in Lowell Sunday. He is a big, active fellow and has the looks of a strong player. He will be given a good chance to show his worth and if he stands the test, will be played regularly.

Capt. "Billy" Holleron wrote to Manager Gray yesterday as follows: "Don't sign any more players. Here is the team I want: Abbott and Holleron, backs; Allard and Joe Kynoch, forwards; and Cairns, centre. We have all these men but Kynoch and I think we can get him, so lay low and sign no more men yet."

All the local games will be played in Huntington hall. Lowell will open the league season in Haverhill, Oct. 29 and Haverhill will open in Lowell Nov. 3, state election night.

The Lowell team will practice Wednesday night in the C. M. A. C. clubhouse. The suits for the players will reach Lowell Saturday. The colors will be bottle green, cardinal and gray.

THE THEATRES

HEART OF CHICAGO AT ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Lincoln J. Carter's "Heart of Chicago" opened a three nights and daily matinee engagement at the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon.

The attendance that greeted the company in the afternoon was all that could be desired, the house being well filled, the audience being made up mostly of ladies. In the evening the house was also well filled, and as in the afternoon, the majority of those present were ladies.

This is a melodrama in which the plot is strongly brought out and told in an interesting and clever style and is interpreted by a splendidly balanced company, who read their lines in a forceful dramatic way. A space of twenty years elapses between the first and second acts, giving time to bring the plot to an interesting climax. In the fourth act is witnessed the thrilling railroad scene, in which the headlight of an engine appears in the distance and gradually approaching until the engine comes in full view, steaming and puffing as it approaches the footlights. The effect is most striking and realistic, and the applause given at this scene last night was so vociferous that it was necessary to ring the curtain up five times before the audience ceased applauding.

The first act is laid in Chicago at the time of the fire, and after a lapse of twenty years. The second act is also laid in Chicago. The third act brings the audience to Washington street, south of city hall, and the fourth act is at the draw bridge at Whiting, on the Central, where the great railroad scene is presented. The fifth and last act is in the home of John Ames and also the world's fair.

The leading roles of Edward Coleman and Robert Sage are taken by Garrette Campbell, who plays the different parts in an admirable manner, while Willard Rohman as John Ames, the arch villain, is at all times the centre of attraction. His many schemes and villainous ways bring hisses from the gallery, but his part is well played. Ravena Knowlton, as Emily Coleman and Miss Afton is well fitted for her parts. As Emily Coleman she is a devoted wife who scorns the offers of John Ames, while as Miss Afton she is a devoted daughter, and a strong admirer of her rescuer, Robert Sage.

The other parts are well taken and as a whole the company is a first-class one.

The performance of "The Heart of Chicago" is well worth witnessing and should be seen by the theatre goers of this city. Performances will be given this afternoon and evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

CASTO THEATRE

The fourth week of the Casto season opened Monday with well filled houses. The program this week is purely a comedy bill interspersed with high class singing, dancing and acrobatic work. Frank Gardiner and Lottie Vincent in Gardiner's original comedy, "An Idyl of the Links," scored an immense hit. The comedy is an exceptionally bright concection of witty lines, songs clever dancing and acrobatic work. There is not a dull moment in it, and the action is spirited. As the golfer Mr. Gardiner is inexpressibly funny and as the love-lorn girl, Miss Vincent, who by the way is one of the original "Three Rosebuds," is very clever and pretty. The four Roberts presented the comedy of sentiment and fun entitled "The Doll Maker's Dilemma." This is a distinct departure from most comedy acts, and as presented by this clever quartet is most enjoyable. The troubles of poor Hans Meyer, the doll maker, are set forth in a ludicrous manner. Maud Day Caine made her first appearance in this city and was an immediate hit. For the first time here Miss Caine sang Mable McKinley's latest song success, "Anona." Her selections are very good and her voice is the sweetest heard on the Casto stage in some time. Kelly and Reno, "the wildman and the dummy," were great favorites, and the adventures of the dummy are startling and ludicrous. Martella and Lancaster offered a novelty which was most enjoyable. The gentleman is an acrobatic comedian who does some difficult "stunts" without much effort, but in an exceedingly humorous manner. The lady is an acrobat and contortionist of the highest ability and the team was obliged to respond to several encores yesterday. Benah and Miller, a comedy singing and dancing duo, were enthusiastic favorites. They have played here before and were a success, and this success they will repeat this week. The act is entirely new, the songs are up-to-date and as dancers they have no superiors. Harry Dudley is a tenor singer of great merit, and Alice Cheslyn is a talking and singing comedienne who was a favorite with the audiences. Reserved seats will be in demand this week and can be secured by calling telephone 815-3.

A LEAKY BOAT

HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR DEATH OF TWO YOUNG MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20. A leaky boat is held to be responsible for the supposed death of Orlando P., and Frank L. Higgins, brothers, of Somerville. The young men have been missing since Sunday morning and yesterday their relatives and the police reluctantly concluded that they had been lost during a squall. They left home Sunday for East Boston, with the intention of proceeding in the boat to South Boston. It is thought that the craft either filled with water or was capsized during a squall. Orlando Higgins was a printer and was 28 years old. His brother was 26. Both men were married.

PONTIFICAL MAJOR DOMO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ROME, Oct. 20—Mgr. Bisleti has been named pontifical major domo in succession to Mgr. Deagwodo.

DEAD MEN

Tell no tales, neither do dead newspapers. The Sun is alive and will tell your advertising tale to the masses. Have you an advertising tale to tell? Tell it in The Sun. The people will read it, and your success is certain.

The Sun leads all other local papers in circulation and is by far the cheapest and most effective advertising medium in Lowell. It is

IT IS . . . .

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

NO MORE MIDWAY

Middlesex North Society Cuts It Out

AND LIKEWISE THE HORSE TROTS

Fair Henceforth Will be Purely Agricultural

The Middlesex North Agricultural society will run no more midways or horse trots at its fairs, and the public henceforth must be content with the contemplation of well rounded swine and heavyweight "punkins."

The decision to abandon the latter day fair features was reached at a meeting of the trustees, held at the Merrimac House, this city, yesterday afternoon, and came after a discussion of the growing debt of the society. The trustees realize that they could not compete with Brockton, Rochester and other places and decided not to try. The vote was practically unanimous that in order to reduce expenses the midway, horse trotting and other "costly and unprofitable features" will henceforth be eliminated from the fair.

There was a large attendance, 28 being present, and President Albert H. Trull occupied the chair. A. A. Upton of North Reading sent in his resignation as a vice president and Elliott H. French of Tewksbury resigned as trustee. Both resignations were accepted. Joshua Clark of Tewksbury was chosen trustee to succeed Mr. French and Arthur H. Cluer of Lowell vice president to succeed Mr. Upton. The latter's resignation was due to declining health, after a membership of 40 years, and the trustees voted to send him a letter of appreciation of his long service.

The reports of the treasurer and auditor were presented and accepted. Geo. W. Trull was elected committee on institutes. The premium list was adopted with some revisions intended to improve it. The next annual fair will be held about the same date as this year.

GANG OF BANDITS

Took Possession of Oregon Town

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWBURG, Oregon, Oct. 20—For two hours yesterday this place was practically under control of a gang of bandits whose object was to blow up the building of the Bank of Newburg and loot the vault.

Though several charges of dynamite exploded, the steel failed to give way and the bandits departed. The vault contained probably $20,000. The building was practically wrecked.

BIENNIAL SESSION

OF SUPREME COUNCIL, 33D DEGREE MASONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The supreme council, 33d degree, of Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons of the southern jurisdiction, met yesterday in biennial session. Congressman James D. Richardson of Tennessee, grand commander, presided. His biennial allocution in which he declared his intention of retiring from politics after his present term in congress and devoting himself to his masonic obligations, was the principal feature of the day.

In his address Mr. Richardson said the masonic order was the strenuous enemy of nihilism, socialism, communism, anarchism and those who seek to breed revolts and outbreaks against law and order.

He strongly urged the discontinuance of the use of intoxicants at the public banquets and functions of the council and those of subordinate bodies.

McLAUGHLIN WON

Old Leader Retains His Power

CARL SCHURZ IS OUT FOR FUSION

Tammany Is Making an Aggressive Fight

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20—Kings county's regular democratic organization repudiated Tammany, Edward M. Grout and Charles V. Fornes and indorsed the stand taken by Hugh McLaughlin at a meeting of its county committee last night. McLaughlin retains his leadership, and the plan to extend Tammany's authority to Brooklyn will have to wait.

Senator P. H. McCarren, acting in behalf of Charles F. Murphy, forced the meeting of the county committee for the purpose of compelling the machine to throw McLaughlin overboard and to swallow Grout and Fornes. He offered a resolution embodying this idea and made a speech in support of it. Mr. McLaughlin's supporters silently offered a substitute resolution which practically referred the entire subject to Mr. McLaughlin himself. The substitute was adopted by the county committee by a vote of 48 to 41.

Mr. McLaughlin retains control of both the county and the executive committees and the party machinery in his hands. Ignored by Tammany and by Mr. McClellan, will be used to bring about the defeat of the ticket headed by Mr. McClellan. If Mr. Murphy should elect his candidate the war on McLaughlin will be renewed with the aid of the municipal patronage, and Mr. McLaughlin's margin of seven votes in a total of 289 was too narrow to encourage him to submit to a further trial of strength.

In a most vigorous manner yesterday Carl I. Schurz announced his advocacy of the fusion cause. He said: "There is only one very simple question before the people: Do the citizens of New York wish to continue to be decently governed? Then they must elect Law and his associates. Do they wish to be again robbed and blackmailed and disgraced? Then they will vote for McClellan and the Tammany crew. Whatever efforts be made to obscure the matter by sideshows the pretense that a Tammany victory this year would benefit the democratic party in the presidential election next year is especially grotesque."

Senator Platt returned to the Fifth Avenue hotel yesterday, from his wedding trip, and declared himself ready to do any touch and tumble labbing for the fusion ticket he might be called to take part in.

NEW WARSHIPS

Preparing for Government Trial Speed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—Two United States warships, both practically completed, although still in the hands of their builders, are in the harbor here prepared for the official government speed test over the Cape Ann course. The battleship Missouri, which arrived from Newport News last evening, will go over the course on Wednesday, and on Thursday the protected cruiser Denver, which arrived Sunday evening from Philadelphia, will be tried over the same course. The Missouri, which is a sistership to the new Maine and the Ohio, and with one exception the largest warship which has ever been tried off this coast, will be required to make 18 knots an hour for four hours, while the requirements for the Denver call for 16.5 knots an hour for four hours.

The Missouri is the product of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, while the Denver was built by Neafie & Levy of Philadelphia.

There are also in the harbor five other vessels of the navy which will be used as mark boats, the cruisers Chicago, Baltimore, Atlanta and Buffalo and the tug Iwana. These vessels will take up their positions between Cape Ann and Cape Porpoise early Wednesday morning.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Merrimack Council, No. 7, I. O. O. F., met in Odd Fellows' Temple in Middlesex street last evening with a fairly large attendance. A communication was received that the grand master and his suite would visit the Merrimack Council on Nov. 2. Routine business was transacted and a committee appointed to arrange for the reception of the officers of the grand lodge. A meeting will be held Monday evening next, when the report of the committee appointed last night will be heard.

Wamesit Lodge, No. 7102, I. O. O. F., Manchester Unity, celebrated its eleventh anniversary last night. The evening program opened with a regular meeting, at which four applications were acted upon. At 8 o'clock a supper was served, followed by a literary and musical entertainment in charge of Mr. John H. Jackson. The proceedings were brought to a close by the presentation of framed past grand's emblems to seventeen past officers of the lodge. The presentation was made by Past Grands Fenley and Jackson, Dist. Grand Master Smith and John Orrell, P. S. About one hundred and fifty were present.

BANK CLOSED

THE ASSISTANT CASHIER IS MISSING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANKATO, Minn., Oct. 20—The Mapleton State bank was closed yesterday pending an investigation of the books.

The assistant cashier, Alfred A. Buck has disappeared. Mr. Buck went to Walker a week ago Saturday on business and left there ostensibly for nothing has been heard from him. He is the only son of Judge Daniel Buck of this city, a former justice of the Supreme court, who is president and owner of half the stock of the bank.

A letter from the missing officer was found saying that his shortage was $18,700 with the bank and between $7,000 and $8,000 with his father, who has placed personal funds in his possession to loan. The capital stock of the bank is but $10,700 and the deposits $52,000.

The surplus is nearly $6,000, and this and the assessment will nearly cover the losses. Reports from Mapleton yesterday afternoon said that the shortage has been found to be $20,000, but that the bank will reopen in two or three days. Judge Buck places his loss at $21,000.

PLATFORM

OF MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRACY 1903

We reaffirm the principles of democracy, which are eternal and immutable, and vary only in their application and expression as the needs and dangers of our country demand. The democratic party, still the bulwark of the people against privilege, the defender of the man against the dollar, shall fight the trust oligarchy now as it fought the political oligarchy with Jefferson. The republican party, once the party of Lincoln, has deserted the creed of its founders and betrayed their principles; the democratic party is true to itself at its best.

First of all, we place the question whether those laws shall continue which put the livelihood of eighty millions of people in the power of the few; which enable the same hands that control the railroads to control the mines, that control the banks to control the treasury, that own the people's necessities to own the people's government. The trusts—monopolies made by law—entrenched behind a prohibitive tariff, buttressed subsidies and special rates, plunder our people with the one hand, while with the other they reach foreign conquest and sell their product cheap abroad that they may sell it dear at home. We condemn the hypocrisy of that party which, admitting the evil, makes the remedy dependent upon a constitutional amendment, which it never intends to pass; which creates a great bureau of state to investigate and does not investigate; which calls off its president when too fresh upon their trail. We despise that hypocrisy which outdoes populism in placing the treasury money at the service of favored banks, contemplates an asset currency or loans secured by bonds of municipalities designated to favor political exigencies or at the caprice of the secretary of the treasury, and breaks the law to favor Wall street speculators. We despise that hypocrisy which in the Pennsylvania platform condemns the coal trust, while Quay refuses to enforce the Pennsylvania constitution which forbids the railroads to control the coal mines. And we are dismayed at the "world of graft" where congressmen sell everything to their own government, from gloves to tombstones, where needed improvements in the postal service, such as package delivery and the international postal convention, are prevented because money has been stolen in the frauds of the department or wasted on railroad rates; where the Indians are cheated of their lands for the profit of the beef or cattle trust, and even the Dawes commission is perverted to an agency of swindlers; where the five hundred millions to be spent for national irrigation improvements is pre-empted by the beet-sugar trust, or the land-grabs of senators and senators' friends. We favor immediate regulation of trusts under the interstate commerce and taxation powers of congress, and the admission free of duty on articles controlled by the trusts on raw materials of manufacture and the necessaries of life.

We condemn the policy of conquest and subjugation, not only for its injustice and danger abroad, its sacrifice of the Monroe doctrine and reliance on powerful armaments alone, its waste of life and health and treasure against a pitiful money profit, its policy of competition with the cheap labor of Asia, but for its betrayal of the principles of the founders and its corruption of American manhood; setting the false ideal of war before American youth and resulting in a militarism which arbitrarily promotes or degrades its servants. We demand that Cuba be treated as we promised; we demand that the Philippines be treated like Cuba. As citizens, the Philippines endanger our civilization; as subjects, they make our republic an empire.

Reciprocity with Canada, long the hope of Massachusetts, must soon be achieved or abandoned forever. The blind selfishness of high protection renders inevitable a blow at our commerce that will fall most heavily upon this community. Forced by the hostility of republican tariff policy to adopt preferential duties which give advantages to England in Canada's market, Canada now contemplates a retaliatory tariff to exclude American goods from her market. We demand as a natural right an opportunity to preserve and enlarge our commerce with our northern neighbor. We urge that the broadest grounds of national policy as well as considerations of local advantage require the restoration of amicable relations, and call upon our representatives in congress to labor for its accomplishment. The republican party has repudiated the doctrine of William McKinley that "the period of exclusiveness is passed," and its solemn pledges in behalf of reciprocity, repeated in successive platforms, were but empty sound.

We hold that the principles of a civil service reform should not be deserted by an official, however high, or for a political exigency however great. And we say again that United States senators should be elected by the people and not by legislatures packed or corrupted. We want this great reform now; not by the vain pretense of asking for a constitutional amendment but by state legislation allowing the people to express their choice of senatorial candidates at the polls. The national senate is becoming a wealthy oligarchy, self-perpetuating and all-powerful, and we again condemn its usurpation of powers and patronage not given it by the Constitution.

We demand legislation throughout the country which shall equalize the hours of labor, shorten the hours of women and children, prohibit the labor of the very young in factories and protect our mechanics and our employers by bringing other states to the Massachusetts standing. We demand from congress a national labor code which shall limit the hours of continuous employment of railroad engineers, telegraph operators and switchmen, and generally protect all trainmen and others engaged in interstate commerce, by uniform law throughout the country. We condemn the abuse by some federal courts of the high writ of injunction in matters which are primarily subject to police control under the criminal law of the state; and we believe that without crippling the necessary powers of courts of equity but for the guidance of the judges themselves there should be legislation defining the limits of imprisonment for contempt. We favor tribunals for voluntary arbitration in all labor disputes, with power to enforce their decrees, particularly in matters affected with a public interest or industries producing coal or other necessaries of life.

We charge that the republican party, in its national policy today, stands squarely against the interests of Massachusetts. It opposes free coal, free iron, free meat, free hides, free lumber and admits that it does so. It "stands pat" on the Dingley tariff and snaps back the duty on anthracite coal.

Coming to its state record we censure its extravagance, its increased state tax, its wasteful creation of offices. Its long continuance in power has resulted in the creation of numerous permanent boards, responsible to no one, which usurp the powers of the legislature and degrade its character, and deprive the executive of his prerogative. By its rotation system in towns it has kept able men from the legislature; by its mortgage of offices years ahead it has transformed our executive to a cut-and-dried succession. Only a change of party can remedy these abuses.

We condemn the sacrifice of our home interests by its congressmen under orders from Washington by our legislature under orders from New York. In congress it has failed sufficiently to improve our harbor; it has opposed the building of the Cape Cod canal at the behest of railroads, which railroads it has given into New York control. We call attention to the deterioration of our railroad service, the discrimination against the port of Boston, both by the railroads and the New York shipping trust, the higher freights, the loss of trade. We demand an interstate commerce commission that can fix rates. We promise an administration that shall demand fair treatment for this state, and, if not accorded, revoke leases of our railroads, as the laws provide. This we ask, with good shipping laws, that our maritime supremacy be restored and Boston enjoy again the full advantage of its Atlantic harbor and its situation only 40 miles form a direct all-water route to New York.

While in favor of a corporation law which shall enable Massachusetts men to do business under Massachusetts charters, protect the public from irresponsible foreign corporations and give the safeguard of Massachusetts courts, we censure the action of the General Court in departing from the recommendations of its own commission, particularly in matters of taxation, thereby discriminating in favor of, or wholly exempting, the larger trusts; and we demand that the law be so amended as to secure equality of taxation, to hold directors to a stricter accountability for the truth of all returns made to the state and to the public, and finally to require of all trusts and foreign corporations doing business in Massachusetts the same publicity and equivalent taxation to that imposed upon our corporations.

We believe in allowing to the individual citizen in the conduct of his life the largest measure of personal liberty consistent with the maintenance of law and order and with the rights of others. Lawful business should not be hampered by unnecessary restrictions, nor innocent recreation forbidden. We are tired of interference with local self-government. We demand that the political liberty of Boston be restored and that no city or town be hampered or restricted of its liberties by state law without a referendum to the voters therein, and that a referendum shall be granted in all proper cases upon petition of a fair proportion of the voters concerned.

We demand the abolition of the state police commission, which exists in defiance of the will of the people of Boston, over whom it exercises absolute rule in three branches of government. Boston is singled out in the commonwealth and branded as unfit to grant its licenses, control its police and list its voters.

The infliction of this new system upon the city against its official protest, and for reasons already proved groundless, was the culmination of partisan discrimination. The governmental powers still remaining within its control may be seized upon pretexts as baseless as those urged for the last usurpation. The way is being prepared rapidly by this invasion of municipal rights for the tyranny of a state boss.

We believe in public control and ownership in proper cases of public utilities, and that, while it is dangerous and destructive of individual freedom to burden our political system with the operation of ordinary industries, all monopolies belong to the people who grant the franchise, and therefore should be sold at auction or granted in consideration of advantages secured to the public, and we call public attention to the failure of the republican legislature to pass such a law, though favored in the governor's message. We believe that the city or town affected should have the right to vote, by referendum, on any law which gives away its property or abridges its civic rights.

Equal rights for all men, be they black or white, Christian or Hebrew, colonist or continental, is the democratic watchword which still we hope our country may carry through the world. We should condemn lynchings in the south or in the north, as we condemn massacres in Russia or murders in the Philippines. Hence we favor an early declaration of our purpose in the Philippines and oppose the repeal of the 14th or 15th amendment.

We believe that the mission of America is one of peace; that the Monroe doctrine was better than conquered colonies; that civilization by trade is better than civilization by cannon; that our problems are social and domestic, not military and European; that we should govern others as we govern ourselves, and in the principles of the Declaration of Independence.

The report of the resolution committee was accepted and its provisions adopted.

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EVERY HORSE KNOWS HIS OATS—

that's one thing you can't fool him on. After he has once munched the well cleaned, sound and appetizing sort we supply he will accept any other only with reluctance. Our grain and feed for live stock of all kinds are well and favorably known—this only to spread the good word still further.

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Money Deposited Now Goes on Interest

SATURDAY,

Nov. 7th

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenant idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

CANADA BALKED

Would Not Sign Alaskan Tribunal Decision

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A draft of the decision reached by the Alaska boundary commissioners was signed by a majority of the commissioners last evening.

Messrs. Aglesworth and Jette, the Canadian commissioners, refused to sign.

The decision grants all the American contentions with the exception of the one relating to the Portland canal.

The signatories were Lord Chief Justice Alverstone and Senator Lodge, Senator Turner and Secretary Root, the American commissioners.

They constituted a majority and insured finality.

Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette carried their outspoken disapproval of the decision to the point of refusing to sign even that section of the decision giving the Portland canal to Canada, and they emphasized their attitude by walking out of the cabinet room in the foreign office before the signatures of the others had been affixed to the historical document which has already been printed and is ready for the session to be held tomorrow.

The only thing remaining to be done at this session is for the majority of the tribunal to complete and sign the map which accompanies the decision and which minutely determines the course of the boundary in accordance with the American contentions.

An engrossed copy of the decision also will be signed on Tuesday.

The refusal of Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette to coincide in Lord Alverstone's view was only known to a few persons here last night, but at the foreign office and in high government circles it has created a painful impression.

There is no hope expressed that the Canadian commissioners will reconsider their attitude and sign the engrossed copy of the decision, which will stand as the international record of the tribunal's finding.

FAIRBANK'S EXPLANATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 20—United States Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, who was chairman of the American members of the joint high commission that met at Quebec in 1898 to consider the Alaskan boundary question, last night gave an explanation of the dispute over the boundary and a brief outline of the subject. He said:

"The decision of the Alaskan boundary commission is merely a recognition of the rights of the United States which they purchased from Russia in 1867. In a treaty between Russia and Great Britain in 1825, the boundary between the two countries in Alaska was fixed and when the United States purchased Alaska she acquired the territory which belonged to Russia and which was defined in the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain.

"The dispute with which the commission has been concerned is the boundary of Mount St. Elias. The American contention was that under the treaty between Russia and Great Britain, the latter was to be excluded from an outlet to the ocean and that the coast line should follow around the heads of all of the inlets, while the British contended that the line should run from headland to headland. If their contention had prevailed, Skagway, Dyea and other settlements many miles from the mouths of the inlets would have fallen into British territory. Under the decision, these belong to the United States, as we have always contended.

"There was some ground of dispute as to the line entering Portland Canal. The entrance to Portland Canal is in north latitude 54.40, being the northern boundary of Canada on the Pacific coast. Lying at the mouth of the canal are two islands, known as Wales and Pearse Islands. The American contention was that the line entered the canal on the southeast side of these islands, while the British contended that it lay along the northwest side of them.

"The decision of the boundary commission is substantially in accordance with the uniform claim of the United States, which was maintained by the joint high commission at both Quebec and Washington.

"The decision is eminently just to both the United States and Great Britain. A question of dispute has been settled in an honorable way and one serious cause of friction between two neighborly powers has been removed. In short, the rights of the two countries have been officially recognized and neither has lost any substantial interest to which it had a right."

M is the Man who sells booze on the sly,
And tries to make coin in the town while it's dry.
Who's not forced to rent a big store and then stock it.
His profits are made from his little hip pocket.

An Illustrated Alphabet for Spindle City Readers

The Full Dinner Pail

of most of the highest type of workingmen contains a liberal supply of bread made from Pillsbury's Best Flour.

HE USED A KNIFE

Foreman is Accused of Murder

DISPUTE OVER WOOD CHOPPING ENDED FATALLY

Accused Man Claims Self-Defense

By Associated Press to The Sun

BENNINGTON, Vt., Oct. 20.—The fifth murder to take place in Rensselaer county in as many years took place at East Schodack, Saturday afternoon, when George Thompson, a laborer in a lumber camp, was almost instantly killed by Jacob Holser, a foreman of the gang.

Last spring Holser and his wife went to the place, hired a large building, and ran the camp boarding house. Saturday morning Holser and Thompson, who had been good friends, had a dispute as to who was the best chopper. Words brought about blows, and the result was that Thompson overcame Holser. Later, Holser warned Thompson that, if he came near him, he would kill him with an axe.

Soon after, the quarrel was renewed, and after much wrangling, the men clinched again and both fell to the ground and struggled for some time. Thompson was again getting the better of Holser when the latter got a porkknife with a blade three inches long out of his pocket and opened it.

With an almost superhuman effort, he rolled his antagonist over, and, getting on top of him, brought the knife down with full force. It sank deep into the heart of Mr. Thompson, who gave a few gasps and died. When Holser saw the result, he told some of his fellow-workmen what he had done, and gave himself up. He claims that he acted in self-defence. He is now in the Rensselaer jail awaiting a hearing.

Thompson had quite a reputation as an athlete. He was over six feet high and weighed over 200 pounds. Holser was a much lighter man.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Kennedy's Oysterettes
The Oyster Cracker with a taste to it.

Are You Going Away
If so you should call at Devine's Trunk Store. We can save you money enough to pay your car fare, either on a trunk or from suit case or any other thing in the trunk line. Remember the place.
O. F. DEVINE'S TRUNK STORE
89 MERRIMACK STREET.

FEAR OF ARREST

Drove Young Man to Suicide

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20—Crazed by fear of arrest in connection with the robbery of the Manhattan hotel at Point Richmond last Saturday night, George Nottingham, son of a wealthy resident of Walnut Creek, shot and killed himself in the room of his divorced wife yesterday.

Walter Nottingham, the younger of the brothers, was arrested at Martinez Saturday night and made a confession of the robbery. The dead man left a note in which he exonerated his brother of intentional wrongdoing, saying that he committed the crime and forced his brother to participate.

After the robbery the two men escaped and two deputy sheriffs started in pursuit. In West Berkeley the deputies met the brothers. George Nottingham jumped behind his brother, drew two revolvers and opened fire, which a sheriff returned.

The brothers then retreated, closely followed by the officers. After the battle, which covered nearly two blocks, the men jumped behind some bushes and made off in the darkness.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

THE EVENING CLASSES OPENED LAST NIGHT.

The opening session of the evening classes of the Textile school was held last night. The evening students have the option of entering for one or more of the six courses and arrangements are made so far as possible for each to take such a section of each course as is best suited to his occupation in the mill. The list of courses is as follows:

Cotton spinning, woolen spinning and worsted spinning, designing, chemistry and dyeing, warp preparation and weaving, mechanical engineering. Certificates are awarded for the satisfactory completion of either of the above courses. Diplomas are awarded in exchange for certificates in those subjects which go to make up any one of the regular diploma courses.

The number of students enrolled this year is far greater than the number at the opening session of last year. The majority of the members of the entering class are from this city, Lawrence, Andover and Boston.

The list of instructors is as follows: Principal and professor of mechanical engineering, William W. Crosby, S. B., M. E.; professor of textile design and fabric structure, Fenwick Crapsley; professor of chemistry and dyeing, Louis A. Olney, A. C.; head instructor in warp preparation and weaving, William Nelson; head instructor in woolen and worsted spinning, Edgar H. Barker; head instructor in cotton spinning, Otis L. Humphrey; instructor in chemistry, G. Carl Spencer, S. B.; instructor in mechanical engineering, George H. Perkins, S. B.; instructor in woolen and worsted spinning and finishing, Arthur A. Stewart, instructor in chemistry, W. W. Brannan, S. B.; instructor in cotton spinning, Stephen E. Smith; instructors in dyeing, Mr. Mattieson and Mr. Moffatt; instructor in power weaving, Edward Nelson; instructor in electrical engineering, G. D. Ghear, S. B.; instructor in textile design, Arthur Ferguson.

If we lie, we contract debts that have to be met in future loss and unpleasantness. The publisher who lies about the circulation of his paper, not only injures himself, but attacts the average merchant to an atmosphere of injustice and falsehood.

CREW ESCAPED

Men Destitute and Suffered Hardships

By Associated Press to The Sun

OTTAWA, Oct. 20—After suffering terrible hardships in a 600-mile march through the wilds of Northern Canada, Captain Ferry and 47 members of the crew of the steamer Eldorado of Liverpool passed through this city yesterday en route for Montreal.

The Eldorado, a ship of 350 tons burden, struck an unchartered rock at the entrance of Hudson bay, near Fort George, and sank. Every member of the crew succeeded in getting ashore, but they were completely destitute of provisions and saved only the clothing they wore. The march through the wilderness for 42 days covered nearly 600 miles.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

N. E. LEAGUE

FINES HAVERHILL FOR NON-APPEARANCE.

The failure of the Haverhill team to put in an appearance, August 6, at New Bedford, was among the matters considered by the New England league at a special meeting on Saturday at the Revere House, Boston. Manager Doe of New Bedford lost $336.38 by Haverhill's absence, and after a hearing he was allowed $294.20.

The transfer of the Haverhill club from John J. Linehan to "Connie" Driscoll was ratified.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

WINS HER HEART

Food That Helps Baby and the Family Pleases Mother.

Show a mother how to feed her baby so that it will be healthy, rosy and plump and grow up strong and sturdy and the mother's gratitude is everlasting.

A mother says: "Five weeks ago I weaned baby but could not get her to take any kind of food until I tried Grape-Nuts which she relished from the first and on it she has plumped up and blossomed into a fat, chubby little girl.

"I feed Grape-Nuts to her regularly and use three packages a week for baby and my three-year-old boy alone, and I find that it regulates their bowels and keeps them nourished, strong and in good health all the time.

"Since feeding my children on Grape-Nuts I have used absolutely no medicine for either of them. Such food as this that does such wonders wins its ways to a mother's heart. Please accept our thanks for the good your food has done in our family where we all eat it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Children will grow up strong and healthy or weak and puny according to the food given. Grape-Nuts is a complete and perfect food made on scientific lines and this is easily proved by trial.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

POLES MUST GO

Wire Committee Takes a Firm Stand

Against Postal Telegraph Company—Wires Must Come Down if Company Has to Go Out of Business—Miskella Declares for Municipal Ownership of Conduits and No Free Franchises

The committee on wires of the city council at a meeting, yesterday afternoon, opened up a discussion which promises to involve the entire city ere it is settled, for the committee after its predecessors had successfully "ducked" it for several years took up the matter of obtaining revenue from the granting of franchises, incidentally touching upon the question of municipal ownership of underground conduits.

No definite action was taken by the committee but they made a commendable start and undoubtedly will receive the endorsement of a large majority of the public.

Alderman Derby presided and there were present Messrs. Miskella and Casey of the committee, Wire Inspector McElholm, Edward D. McVey, Esq., and Manager Grover of the N. E. Tel. and Tel. company.

The city is on the verge of a war with the Postal and Western Union Telegraph companies, as the result of short-sighted action taken by the city council of 1900.

At that time the city council voted that all telephone and electric wires in the principal streets would have to come down by Jan. 1, 1904, and at the same time granted permission to lay conduits in those streets to the Lowell Electric Light Co., and the N. E. Tel. and Tel. company.

Alderman Miskella, now chairman of the board of aldermen, was then a member of the city council and he protested vigorously against such action. He saw reasons why permission should not be given to these companies to place their conduits in the city's streets and at that time he brought his objections before the board in emphatic words. He saw, too, the urgent necessity of installing conduits for the reception of telephone and electric wires and he argued that the city should lay the conduits and levy a reasonable tax on all corporations desiring to use them.

But the city council went ahead without heeding the protest of Mr. Miskella, and the latter then predicted a serious condition of affairs at the expiration of the time limit, and the conditions have come about exactly as Mr. Miskella predicted.

The Electric Light and Telephone companies have built conduits sufficiently large for their own use and have placed their wires under ground and are now ready to remove their poles. But the Western Union and Postal Union companies, not having pole locations of their own, have their wires on these poles about to be removed. Now if the poles are removed the telegraph companies have no place to go with their wires and will be put out of business temporarily and hence the clash.

The wire committee met yesterday afternoon to consider the petition and the Postal Telegraph company for permission to purchase and maintain the poles now owned by the Telephone company and occupied by the Postal wires. It also considered the petition of the Telephone company for permission to lay conduits in Merrimack street from city hall to Cabot street, which brought out the question of municipal ownership and free franchises and it also heard a letter from the Western Union company in which that company politely informs the committee that the company is not subject to municipal authority.

When the petition to purchase the poles was sent in by the Postal Telegraph Co., Alderman Miskella moved that the petitioners be given leave to withdraw and spoke in opposition to the petition.

A petition of the Boston & Northern street railway for a pole location in New Appleton street, between Central and Gorham streets, was first taken up. It was voted that the location be viewed before any action be taken.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

A petition of the New England Telegraph and Telephone company asking for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street, from city hall to Cabot street, was read.

Alderman Miskella said that he would not favor granting the petition under consideration. "It brings back to my mind," he said, "a few years ago when the city government, through their generosity, gave the companies the right to lay conduits under certain conditions. I have seen the disadvantage of granting these unconditional franchises now. I believe that no company should be given privileges to build any more conduits here, and if it is necessary that conduits be constructed for the company's wires I think the city should build them. If companies put their wires underground, either because they are forced to or from choice, I think that the city should get a good substantial rental for conduits."

Alderman Casey agreed with him and seconded what he said.

E. D. McVey, who was present, was asked to address the committee. Mr. McVey readily consented and spoke in an interesting strain for a quarter of an hour. He said:

"It is a delicate question, this granting of petitions to these public service corporations. Deliberation in matters of this kind is very essential and your committee should study out what is best for the community before any more of these unconditional franchises are granted. I am not personally interested in matters of the local concern, but I am vitally interested in the petitions of the Postal and Western Union Telegraph companies with regard to the purchasing of poles in the principal streets.

"My opinion is that the city has power, notwithstanding the federal decisions on similar questions which it would seem are favorable to the corporations."

Manager C. F. Grover of the local office of the Telephone company was present on invitation and at this time was asked to explain why his company had petitioned for more conduits. Mr. Grover said:

"The petition is brought out at this time by reason of a contract between the city and Lowell Electric Light company, whereby the company agreed to place all wires under ground: We have had our wires on the poles accrued by the Electric Light company and since these are to be removed we felt that we had to ask for locations. We are now depending upon these poles altogether for providing upper Merrimack street with service. It comes to a condition where one or three things must be done. We must either keep our locations on poles, get an underground permit or terminate our contract with our patrons in that section of the city.

Mr. Grover was asked if his company would rent conduits from the city and he replied that he would like time to consult higher authority before answering the question, and it was moved that he be requested to consult such authority and ascertain the company's attitude for the committee.

Mr. Grover stated that if the service were terminated through a failure of the city to grant the petition only about 30 subscribers would be affected, so he thought the company would not go to much bother to retain the wires.

The matter was laid on the table pending action of the telephone company in regard to the question put to Mr. Grover.

POLES MUST GO.

Then came the petition of the telephone company for permission to remove its poles from the principal streets, which are the poles that the telegraph companies are trying to buy.

Alderman Miskella asked the superintendent of wires "What would be the result if we granted this petition today?" Superintendent McElholm said that the poles would come down and the Postal company would have to go out of business.

Mr. Derby asked Manager Grover if the Postal company paid rental for the use of the poles. He replied that none had been paid, but that rental could have been collected all along if the company had so desired.

Mr. Miskella said that if the telephone company could let space on their poles for wires of other companies the city should be reimbursed for granting the privilege in the first place.

THE DIE IS CAST.

It was then voted that the telephone company be given until January 1, 1904 to remove its poles from the down town streets.

Alderman Miskella then moved that all matters pertaining to the Postal company which might come before the committee in the future should be referred to the city solicitor so that he can prepare his data in the event of any legal proceedings. It was so voted.

A communication from the Western Union company with regard to the call box system was then read. It is the same as the one read before the aldermen a short time ago. After its perusal it was ordered referred to the city solicitor.

Many petitions for telephone pole locations were then read and acted upon.

The committee in acting upon new petitions for telephone pole locations voted that the sites be viewed and thus final action was deferred pending the view.

Mr. Miskella moved that the petition of the New England Telephone company be laid on the table for the time being, and that the petition of the Postal Telegraph and Cable company of New York be taken up and acted upon.

The petition was then read by Mr. Derby. It asked that permission be granted the company to purchase poles of the New England Telephone company, upon which their wires are now located. The company stated in its petition that it would have no means of conducting its business in this city unless the petition was granted. A brief discussion on the question ensued and before any action was taken another petition from the Postal company was read, asking for pole locations to string wires for messenger boxes about the down town streets. Mr. Casey said that it would be the height of inconsistency to grant either of the company's petitions. He said that when the city ordered that all wires in the principal streets be placed underground they aimed at clearing the streets of the poles and that the two local companies, the New England Telephone and the Lowell Electric Light company, were put to a great expense in placing their wires underground. After a brief discussion Alderman Miskella moved that the Postal company be given leave to withdraw on both petitions. The motion prevailed.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

On Relation of Employer to Employe

The following notice which applies to the public as well was received by Mayor Howe, yesterday:

Dear Sir:—The commission to revise the laws concerning the relations between employer and employe will give public hearings in room 444, State House, Boston, as follows:—

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 10 a. m.—Hours of labor, holidays, attachment and assignment of wages, arbitration, etc.

Wednesday, Oct. 28, 10 a. m.—Injunctions and conduct of strikes, including picketing, boycotting, blacklisting, violence and intimidation.

Thursday, Oct. 29, 10 a. m.—Employers' liability; workingmen's compensation for accidents, and insurance.

All persons desiring to present to the committee anything pertaining to the above subjects are invited to be present.

Unless otherwise ordered, the hearing on the 29th will close the public hearings given by the committee.

HENRY STERLING.
Secretary.

California Prune Wafers

Cure Biliousness and Constipation

The best family medicine for old and young. Made from fresh California Prunes, they contain in a highly concentrated form all the medical properties of a healthful laxative without any mineral or other objectionable ingredients

100 WAFERS, 25 CENTS

YOU CAN EAT WHAT YOU PLEASE if you follow each meal with a CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFER which quickly dissolves the most indigestible food, and helps to carry it through and out of the system in a gentle and healthful manner, without the sickest pain, griping or nausea.

SOLD BY ELLINGWOOD & CO., BRUNELLE'S PHARMACY, FRED HOWARD, A. E. MOORE, A. W. DOWS & CO., GEORGE A. WILLSON & CO., A. F. STORY & CO., PLUNKETT'S PHARMACY, FALLS & BURKINSHAW, JAMES O'BRIEN & CO.

THE REMARKABLE MUNICIPAL TANGLE IN NEW YORK

THE eyes of the country have for some time been centered on New York, where the most unique municipal campaign in the history of that city has been going on accompanied by vigor and invective unparalleled in mayoralty electioneering. To outsiders the complications that have arisen since Mayor Seth Low was renominated by the Republican and Citizens' Union conventions and Congressman George B. McClellan was named by the Democrats may be amusing, but to those immediately concerned, the people of Greater New York, there is little of the humorous in the situation. The trouble arises not from the fact that there are several candidates for mayor in the field, but because two of the men originally nominated by the fusionists—Edward M. Grout as comptroller and Charles V. Fornes as president of the board of aldermen—were later indorsed by the Democratic city convention. The result of this was that Mr. Grout and Mr. Fornes were forced off the fusion ticket by their embittered nominators, who asserted through ex-Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff that their nomination on the Republican ticket was made with the stipulation that they would not accept nominations on any ticket hostile to the Republican party, and they found themselves fought tooth and nail by the very men who were first to voice the sentiment that they should be given a renomination.

When these gentlemen were elected two years ago, Mr. Grout to the office of comptroller and Mr. Fornes to the presidency of the board of aldermen, they stood upon a fusion ticket indorsed by the Citizens' Union, the Republican party, the German American Reform union and the Greater New York Democracy, the party led by John C. Sheehan, formerly leader of Tammany Hall. The action of Tammany in indorsing their candidacy this year was regarded on all sides as a clever move by Leader Murphy to disrupt the forces formerly aligned against the tiger and to draw many votes which, with Grout and Fornes on the fusion ticket, would ordinarily be cast for fusion rather than for Tammany. The situation from a Tammany standpoint was complicated, however, by the action of the Kings county Democracy, headed by that veteran politician Hugh McLaughlin. The Brooklynites predicted disaster to the ticket in the event of the nomination of Messrs. Grout and Fornes. In the convention itself the Kings county Democrats cast their votes for two of their own men for comptroller and for president of the board of aldermen and steadfastly refused to make the nominations of Grout and Fornes unanimous, although they joined in declaring for George B. McClellan, the Democratic nominee for mayor, after their choice, Judge Gaynor, had been defeated. As may be imagined, the feeling on both sides was very bitter, and there has been a great raking over of old stubble.

EDWARD M. GROUT

SETH LOW.

GEO. B. McCLELLAN

CHARLES V. FORNES

Edward M. Grout has in times past affiliated with the independent Democrats, and in the recent correspondence with R. Fulton Cutting, chairman of the executive committee of the Citizens' Union, he has made no secret of the fact that his sympathies are with the Democratic party. Indeed, he has several times been honored by his party. He was the regular Democratic candidate for mayor of Brooklyn in the last municipal campaign held in that city before it became a portion of Greater New York, being defeated. In the first election held under the Greater New York charter Mr. Grout was the regular Democratic candidate for the presidency of Brooklyn borough. He was elected, but in 1901 accepted the fusion nomination for comptroller. His bitter denunciation during that campaign of the organization with which he had previously affiliated has rankled with the regulars and was responsible for the unbending attitude of the Kings county Democracy toward Mr. Grout when he was taken up by Tammany after he had been nominated by the Citizens' Union for comptroller.

According to a friendly biographer, it was entirely owing to Mr. Grout's efforts that the office of borough president assumed the dignity which it enjoys today in the municipal administration of New York. When he was elected borough president of Brooklyn Mr. Grout discovered, this biographer informs us, that the framers of the charter had created an office which was of little importance, and his first impulse was to resign. However that may be, he began an energetic campaign looking to the enlargement of the powers of his office, and it was through his activity in this direction that the provisions were inserted in the revised charter of the greater city making the borough president almost as powerful as the mayor and giving him large control over local institutions and improvements.

Mr. Fornes is a successful New York merchant who, although he has been actively identified with the business interests of Gotham for close upon thirty years and has been more or less interested in politics during that period, was only once a candidate for office prior to his election as president of the board of aldermen. In 1896 he ran for congress as a gold Democrat, his opponents being Lemuel Ely Quigg on the Republican ticket and John Quincy Adams, the Tammany nominee, Mr. Quigg being elected.

The fight over Messrs. Grout and Fornes excited more interest than the mayoralty campaign itself, but it goes without saying that the spellbinders of the opposing parties are incessantly active in their defense of and attack upon the administration of Mayor Low. The candidacy of the well known former chief of police, William S. Devery, who is running for the office of mayor on a platform that covers a great deal of ground, is not regarded seriously by the supporters of either Mr. Low or Mr. McClellan, although Chief Devery, it is evident, is very much in earnest in his endeavor to get himself elected mayor. His appearance in the field is the outcome of the action of the last Democratic state convention in refusing to recognize the delegation headed by him and, later, of Tammany's refusal to accept him as district leader and give him a place in the councils of the organization. So he had himself nominated for mayor and has since been waging a very picturesque campaign, filling his admirers with delight and good things to eat and drink. There are many who look upon Devery as a "joke," but it would not be wise for such to voice sentiments to this effect in his home district.

All in all, the situation is such as to confound the most expert politician, and not until the smoke of battle has cleared away will it be possible to estimate with any degree of exactitude the result of this in many ways the most remarkable municipal electoral struggle ever waged in the United States.

FRANCIS C. HARTLEY.

CANNIBALISM QUITE NATURAL.

Cannibalism and its origin has found an ingenious explanation from the pen of a Parisian doctor. This authority holds that in the primitive ages when man was unprovided with weapons he satisfied his carnivorous appetite with the weakest of his brethren, as being less capable of resistance than the beasts of the field.

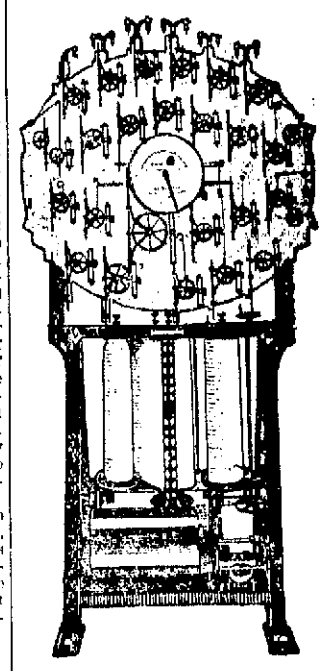
As civilization crept on members of a tribe ceased to eat their own people, but chose those of some different community whom they might have been able to overpower. By and by when weapons of defense and attack came into use men found their own race more difficult to overcome and accordingly turned for their daily nourishment to animals as less capable of defending themselves by artificial assistance.

From this M. Joulin argues that to kill one's own kind from hunger and for the victor to eat the vanquished were quite natural and excusable.

AN INGENIOUS MACHINE FOR PREDICTING TIDES.

The tide predictor is one of the most ingenious machines ever constructed. The first apparatus of the sort was built in England, where it was invented by Lord Kelvin, but there are now several of them in important maritime centers.

The principle of the tide indicator is the geometric construction known as



harmonic motion, the machine by an ingenious arrangement of pulleys and cylinders working out the result of the various tidal constituents and tracing on the drum a tidal curve, from which the tide table is constructed. The prediction of a year's tides run in this way he run off in about four hours, though great skill and care are required in manipulating the apparatus.

WHENCE COLORS COME.

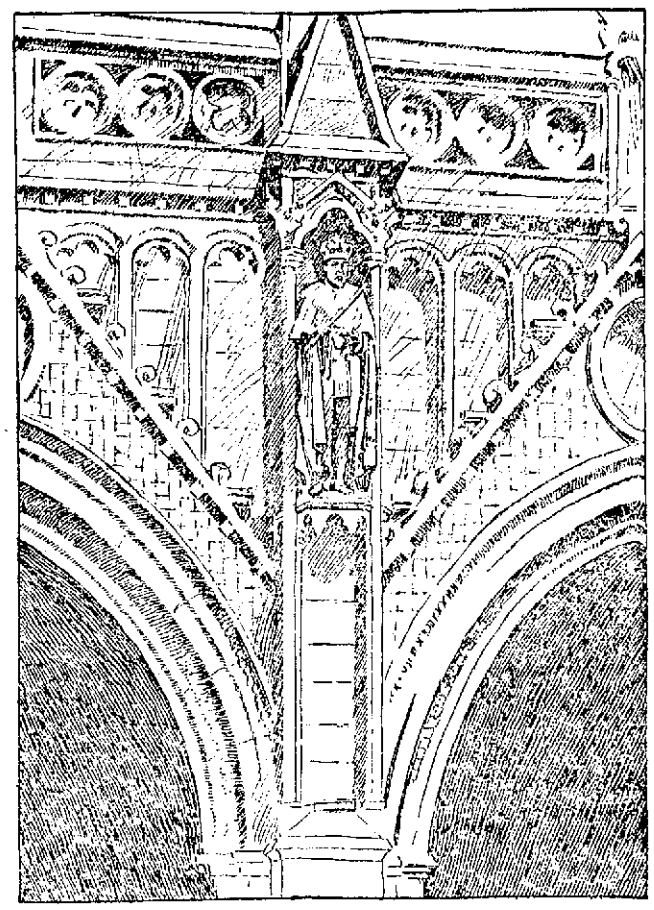
Bone black and ivory black are produced from ivory chips; gamboge is derived from the yellow sap of a Siamese tree, and crimson, carmine and scarlet are all formed from the cochineal insect.

Sepia is the inky fluid ejected by the cuttlefish when attacked to render its presence invisible in the water.

Raw umber and raw sienna are natural earths found near Umbria and Sienna, respectively, while the camel is the producer of Indian yellow.

INTERESTING PERSONS, SCENES AND THINGS OF NOTE

KING EDWARD AS A CHURCH STATUE.



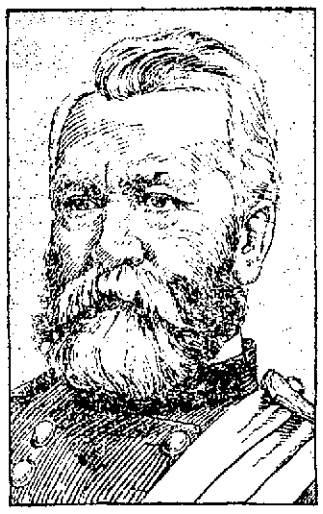
Edward VII. of England shares with the kaiser the honor of being immortalized in a church statue. His effigy in stone appears over the porch of Truro cathedral. Work on the cathedral was begun in 1880, when King Edward, as duke of Cornwall, laid the foundation stone. Truro cathedral is of especial interest because it is the first cathedral built since the cessation of cathedral building in the middle ages.

CINGALESE DEVIL DANCERS.

This is not a burlesque dance, as may be supposed from the grotesque costumes of the natives shown in the illustration. The picture represents a group of lunatic Cingalese prepared for one of the dances that they believe will propitiate their demon gods in cases of sickness. The photograph from which the picture was made was taken at Kandy, Ceylon.

EDUCATOR OF THE FEUDISTS.

General O. O. Howard, whose latest portrait is herewith reproduced, is one of the best friends the rough and ready mountaineers of Kentucky and Tennessee possess. He has for some time been conducting an educational campaign in the feud districts, it being his

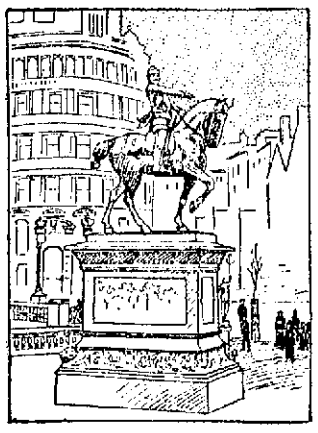


GENERAL O. O. HOWARD.

belief that the solution of the feud problem lies in educating the mountaineers. It was largely owing to his efforts that Lincoln Memorial university, near Cumberland Gap, Tenn., was established. Here many young men and women from the mountains have been educated and started in useful careers.

EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF THE BLACK PRINCE.

Not long ago there was unveiled at Leeds a statue of the Black Prince which is considered by connoisseurs the finest bit of equestrian statuary that the tight little island possesses. The statue is the work of Sculptor Brock and was presented to the city, together with other beautiful works of art, by Colonel Harding, an alderman of Leeds,



who has also been a generous contributor to the collections in the Fine Art gallery of that city. In recognition of his generosity and of the part he has taken in promoting the artistic tastes and possessions of the people of Leeds the colonel has been presented with the freedom of the city, the presentation being made the occasion of a great public demonstration of the esteem in which he is held by his fellow townsmen.

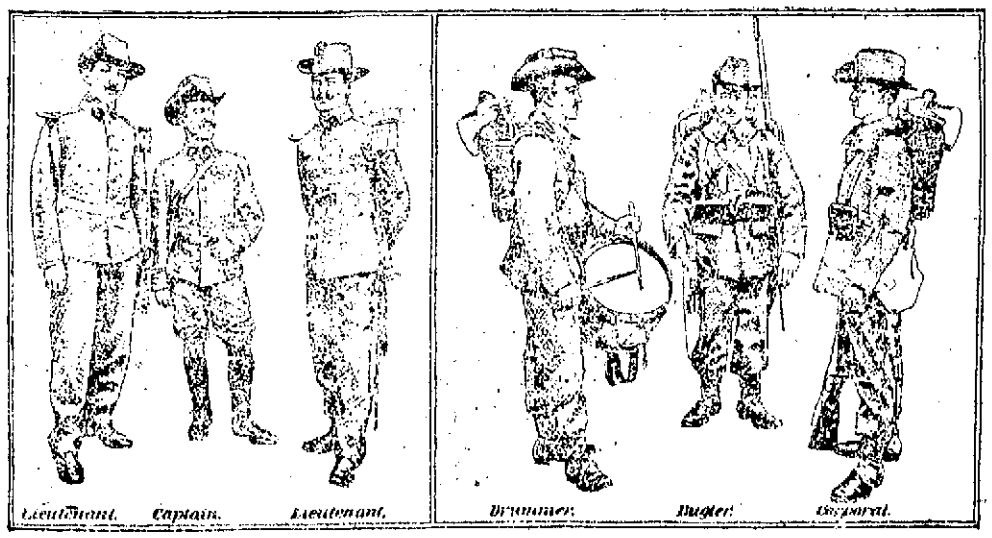
INDIA'S MOST GORGEOUS RAJAH.

This is not a picture of a character in comic opera, as one would naturally assume. Instead it is a very excellent likeness of a young man who is known as "India's most gorgeous rajah." He revels in the title of Rajah Madhava Singh. He was formerly the ruling

RAJAH MADHAVA SINGH.

chief of Pannah, having succeeded his father in 1898. Three years later his people declared with practical unanimity that Madhava had been thoughtless enough to be implicated in the death of his uncle. He was thereupon deposed and is now merely one of the quarter million Pannahians instead of their ruler.

THE NEW UNIFORMS OF THE FRENCH ARMY.



Until the South Africa war opened the eyes of military authorities to the serious consequences of sending soldiers to war clad in bright and gaudy uniforms, offering splendid marks to the enemy's riflemen, the French army uniforms were designed with an eye to the picturesque rather than the militarian and were of types that tickled the vanity of officers and privates alike. Recently, however, a radical reform has been effected, and the French soldier of today is arrayed in a uniform which, as the illustration shows, is anything but picturesque. It is, however, unobtrusive, and the likelihood is that it will be the means of greatly reducing the mortality among the troops in the next war in which France may be engaged.

PRESIDENT LOUBET OF FRANCE RECEIVING A VISIT FROM HIS AGED MOTHER.

President Loubet of France recently said that while there were many good women in his country, there was no one, in his opinion, so good as the old lady shown in the illustration. She is the mother of the chief executive of France, and the scene depicted was enacted recently at the latter's country estate near Drome upon the occasion of a visit from Mme. Loubet to her distinguished and democratic son.

AUSTRIA'S FUTURE EMPRESS.

Although the personality of the Archduchess Otto of Austria, a portrait of whom is herewith reproduced, is but little known outside the empire, the archduchess is of international interest owing to the fact that in all probability she will live to see herself empress of Austria. Even if her husband does not become emperor—for he has an older brother who contracted a morganatic marriage—she will take rank as the first lady of the empire.

LOCAL NEWS

Coal—$6.75 at Stanley's.

Printer—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

Business printing, Lawler Print'g Co.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Tel. 439-4.

Colonial class every Tuesday evening. Associate hall; Middlesex orchestra. Gentlemen, 25 cents; ladies, 15 cents.

The Babbitt Optical Co., formerly at 25 Dutton street, now permanently located at Bon Marche Building, Suite 19. Take the elevator.

COLLEGE INITIAL

LOWELL BOY DOING GOOD WORK ON FOOTBALL TEAM.

Harry Coburn of this city is at Dartmouth college and is first substitute for the varsity football team and if events are natural with him in the game he will win the college initial. Coburn played his first game with the Beaulmont foot ball team and later he filled the position of full back on the high school team. He is strong, fast, cool headed and, according to all accounts, has developed wonderfully under Dartmouth's professional training.

DEVERY AND ODELL

HELD MEETING AT FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, reiterated yesterday that William S. Devery and Gov. Odell had met at the Fifth Avenue hotel recently.

"They met," said Mr. Murphy. "I did not expect Devery to admit it. Nor could we expect any similar admission from Odell. I have positive proof of their meeting. They were seen there."

The Tammany leader was asked if he had anything to say to the report that Tammany Hall had gathered a fund of $200,000 for campaign purposes from disorderly housekeepers and others of that kind.

"There is no such fund," said Mr. Murphy. "Nor would such a fund collected from that source be used by this organization."

Mr. Murphy said the heavy registration showed the popular interest in the campaign determined not to permit the city to fall into the hands of "upstate" grafters.

M. Lynn Bruce, chairman of the republic county committee said yesterday:

"The registration was very gratifying. It is now a case of working all the time until election and we will win."

Mr. Bruce was asked what he thought of the statement made by Murphy last night to the effect that William S. Devery had conferred with Gov. Odell.

"That shows how panicky they are," replied Mr. Bruce. "It is absurd to make such ridiculous statements. They have no foundation."

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; taken less of Devoe Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

OLNEY'S LETTER

HON. RICHARD OLNEY.

Former Cabinet Officer Writes to Democrats

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Two hundred or more members of the Massachusetts Democratic club dined at the Revere House last night, hurrahed and cheered for Gaston and Olney, listened to speeches by the candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor, Chairman William S. McNary of the state committee, and Charles S. Hamlin, and heard confident predictions made of the defeat of Gov. Bates, not by a few scattering votes, but, as Mr. McNary put it, by a good, big substantial plurality.

But the most interesting feature of the dinner was the reading of a letter from the Hon. Richard Olney. The gathering got an inkling of what was coming when Chairman Corcoran arose, the letter in his hand, and proceeded to cheer with great enthusiasm for its author. It was several seconds before there was sufficient quiet to permit the reading of the letter, and at its conclusion there were more cheers. Mr. Olney wrote as follows:

The Hon. John W. Corcoran, president Democratic club of Massachusetts —Dear Sir: I am unable, for imperative personal reasons, to attend the dinner of the Democratic club, to take place this evening. But I am unwilling to forego the opportunity to say that the attitude of the Massachusetts democracy in the current campaign entirely accords with my own wishes and sentiments. It is especially commendable, in my judgment, that state issues are made a leading figure of the canvass. That course is justified not merely by the fact that only state officers are to be chosen. It is the right and expedient course, because, notwithstanding all the United States stands for, and the great space it fills in the popular eye, the people of a state, so far as their welfare and happiness depend upon good laws and their administration, must look chiefly, indeed almost altogether, to the government of the state.

The role of the republican party seems to be to complacently assume that there are no state issues of consequence—that all criticisms of the past and all suggestions for the future are mere "trivialities." If we are going into the subject of "trivialities" it is pertinent to notice that nothing more petty and frivolous has yet been injected into the campaign than the insinuation that the democratic candidate for secretary of state is objectionable as being an ex-confederate soldier. The author of this remarkable suggestion is no less a person than his excellency—a candidate for re-election and eulogized by Senator Hoar as measuring fully up to the standard of his great office. Is Senator Hoar mistaken in his man, or do we get, in his eulogism, the republican estimate of the size and pattern of man fit for the governorship of Massachusetts?

Let us look for a moment at what the republican party dismisses as democratic "trivialities":

1. The gross debt of the state between 1893, Russell's last year, and 1902, increased from $35,000,000 to $54,-000,000, and the net debt from $13,-000,000 to $66,000,000, increased by more than $5,000,000 this year. What, if any, is the justification of this extraordinary increase?

2. The state tax for this year is increased by $1,000,000—the best reason for which, as given by the auditor, is that it is such a little one—a reason suggesting that our auditor has been consorting with some of the New York captains of finance.

3. The city of Boston is put in the pillory as a community so unfit for local self-government that it cannot even police the city properly or ascertain and register its qualified voters. Is Boston thus discredited and disabled for any good reason or simply because, being a city of pronounced democratic proclivities, it is considered good republican politics to keep it under the republican thumb?

4. Though a tolerably peaceful, well-disposed and law-abiding people, we are the most tremendously governed community in this country, if not in Christendom—some 300 men sitting every year, and half of every year, to make new laws for us; while to get the laws executed there are, besides the governor and council, and the ordinary courts of justice, some 40 to 50 administrative boards and commissioners. Is this large aggregation of governmental machinery really required for a population numbering less than 3,000,000 of souls? If we can't do anything else, isn't it just possible that we could live and thrive with a few less boards and commissions?

5. By a common consent the character of the Massachusetts legislatures has of late years been steadily deteriorating and the general court of 1903 has seemed to be without friends or defenders in any quarter. Is the Massachusetts breed of men degenerating, or is the tendency of long and unchecked republican domination to bring inferior men to the front and to posts of great trust and power into feeble and incompetent hands?

These are some of the trivialities which republicans find it convenient not to notice. Their attitude is the same upon state as upon national questions. It is concisely expressed by the phrase to "stand pat." "Stand pat" is certainly a comfortable doctrine for republican office-holders, since it means that they are to keep their places, that whatever has been done is to be acquiesced in and condoned, and that only friends and partisans are to have that inside and first-hand information, that access to records, books, accounts, papers and facts generally, which is absolutely necessary to determine whether the republican party has been a faithful steward of the public interests so long intrusted to its charge. Will such an argument and appeal long satisfy and convince the people of the state? It certainly will not if they are wise and true to their own interests. It certainly will not if they read aright the object lessons afforded by the recent scandals at Washington. In spite of the immense official pressure naturally brought to bear to prevent exposures of "graft," peculations, malversations in office and other irregularities in the executive departments of the general government are constantly coming to the surface and inevitably give rise to the suspicion that for one case that is shown up there are many others which will never see the light. The fact is—and it is the same with the state as with the nation—long and unbroken tenure of power by one political party is inevitably demoralizing and fatal to its usefulness. When not honey-combed with corruption, as is too often the case, it loses its capacity for a sound and efficient administration of public affairs. Government under it becomes something in which place-men, rather than the people governed, are the first consideration; in which the rule of the boss is chronic and despotic; in which sinecures flourish because old offices are never abolished and new ones are constantly created; in which public stations of importance become the prizes of men of inferior ability and worth; and in which large expenditures as potent sources of influence and votes present temptations too strong to be resisted. That Massachusetts is suffering more or less from these mischiefs, and to a degree not ascertainable so long as the republican party continues in the saddle, only the most extreme partisan will have the hardihood to deny. It is equally true that relief from them is not to be looked for within the party itself. It must come from without, and cannot reasonably be expected from those who are legally and morally responsible for it. I remain, very truly yours,

RICHARD OLNEY.

23 Court street, Boston, Oct. 19, 1903.

Col. Gaston, who was accorded a vociferous ovation, again discussed the state debt, reiterating several of the charges he has previously made in relation to the state's expenditures as being extravagant and wasteful, in support of his assertion that Massachusetts has the greatest debt of any state in the Union, Col. Gaston gave the figures of debt of 11 states, and, anticipating that the republican reply to this charge might be to claim that such a comparison is not fair, because in Massachusetts the state has taken upon itself many public works, the cost of which in other states is borne by the cities or counties, he gave a table showing the combined debt of the counties, cities and towns of other states and of Massachusetts. Col Gaston claimed, in view of his presentation on this subject, that he was warranted in asserting that the state debt in Massachusetts would never disappear under republican rule.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TWO FRAUDS.

The merchant who would try to sell a pair of shoes without opening the box in which they came from the factory, would be regarded as a fraud and a trickster, and the newspaper which denies to the advertiser all the information he desires in reference to its circulation, must not expect the confidence of its patrons.

WEATHER WRETCHED

But with all the tough weather of last week we did a very good business. That's because we have the right goods at right prices.

This week we have for you a beautiful line of Trimmed Hats, priced from $4.00 to $7.50. They're all right—made them ourselves.

Big values in Black Ostrich from $1.98 up to $7.50. Fine goods that you'll pay more for elsewhere.

Outing and Children's Hats from $1.98 up to as high as you want to go.

We want you to get your order in early this week. We shall be rushed the last of the week.

HEAD & SHAW

...THE MILLINERS...

169 MERRIMACK STREET

NEW YORK CLOAK AND SUIT CO.

Ready-to-Wear Garments for Ladies and Misses

A few words with you regarding our SUIT SALE. The low prices we have made to start the season has had its effect. Style and Quality considered, our prices are beyond competition.

SUITS AT $10.75, $12.75, $15.00, $16.75, $18.75, $19.50 and upwards. Come and look them over, and be convinced of their merits.

New Fall and Winter Capes

A Fine Kersey at $5.98. Others at $6.75, $7.50 to $25.00. All good values.

Walking Skirts

At $2.98 we are selling the finest skirt ever offered; colors, black and blue. Others, $3.98, $4.98, $5.75 and upwards.

Dress Skirt

At $3.98 a skirt perfect in fit, neatly trimmed; value, $5.00. At $3.98.

Waists, Rain Coats and Furs

Large assortment, correct styles, lowest prices. Come early and receive the two-fold benefit, "PRICE AND ASSORTMENT."

12 JOHN STREET

C. F. KEYES - - Auctioneer

OFFICE, OLD B. & M. STATION, GREEN ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1903, at 3 o'clock

THE RESIDENCE AT NO. 100 MT. WASHINGTON STREET, CONSISTING OF AN EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING HOUSE AND ABOUT 5400 SQUARE FEET OF LAND.

Regardless of what the weather might be, absolute sale will be made of the above property. Mr. Bolton not enjoying the best of health for the past few years, has decided to move to the far South, and his home which we offer for sale is as neat and as pretty a spot for a small dwelling as one would desire. It sets on the brink of the hill surrounded by a beautiful lawn, has fruit trees, shrubberies, creeping vines, a nice grape-vine and all the requirements of nature to beautify a home. The house contains eight rooms, bath, pantry, unfinished attic, and a fine, dry, cemented cellar. It is heated throughout with steam by one of Scannell & Whalley's best horizontal boilers, is lighted by gas, hot and cold water, and the only thing needed to make it perfect in every respect is a coat of paint on the outside.

The lot contains about 5400 square feet of land with a frontage of about 44 square feet on Mt. Washington street, and runs about 130 feet deep. It is bordered on the southerly side by a stone wall and has also a heavy stone wall in the rear. It has concrete walks and an entrance to cellar by bulkhead. The location is all that could be desired, having a very high elevation and being clustered in the best of neighborhoods; it is but a few minutes' walk to the Pawtucketville or Broadway line of electrics, and if you are looking for or thinking of purchasing a small home, make no mistake in allowing this sale to pass without giving it some attention.

TERMS: $350 must be deposited with the auctioneer as soon as struck off. Other terms made known at sale.

Immediately After Selling the Residence

I WILL DISPOSE OF SEVERAL LOTS OF FURNITURE INCLUDING A CUSTOM-MADE PARLOR SET, SIX PIECES; A BEAUTIFUL LARGE 6½ FOOT DARK OAK MANTEL, CUSTOM-MADE, LARGE BRUSSELS CARPET, COUCH, TABLES, DINING-ROOM TABLE, CHAIRS, BOOKCASE, REFRIGERATOR, CHAMBER SET, MIRRORS, KITCHEN UTENSILS, SHADES, PICTURES, ETC. TERMS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY WILL BE CASH.

Thursday, Oct. 22, 1903, at 3.30 o'clock

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF A FOUR-TENEMENT BLOCK AND ABOUT 3880 SQUARE FEET OF LAND AT NOS. 212 AND 214 CHARLES STREET.

By virtue of a license issued to us as administrators of the estate of the late William Morris, we shall sell by public auction on the premises, No. 212 and 214 Charles street, a well appointed, good paying piece of realty. Its construction is of the first-class order, its apartments are conveniently set, and its location is the very best for renting, about opposite the Training school, but a few minutes' walk to the postoffice or centre of the city; there are four very fine tenements of seven rooms each, bath and pantry, and there is never one of them idle more than a few days at a time. It rents at the present time for about $540 a year and undoubtedly could be made pay a little more. There are nice, large, front bay windows to each tenement, separate side and rear entrances to the lower tenements, and a rear entrance to the upper tenements; the sidewalks are concreted, there is an entrance to cellars in rear from yard, each tenement having its own cellar, and for a real estate investment one could not choose a better located or better adapted piece of tenement property in this section.

The lot contains about 3880 square feet of land and is level and dry.

The terms will be $400, to be paid to the auctioneer as soon as struck off. Other terms at sale.

JOHN W. McENOY,
WILLIAM A. HOGAN,
Administrators of the estate of William Morris.

WELCH & DANAHEY
Practical Steam Fitters, Pipers Plumbers
1024 CENTRAL STREET.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON
(Successor to M. O'Flahavan.)
STOVES AND FURNACES
Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
117 MARKET STREET. Tel. 953-12.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law,
HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL
Notary Public. Telephone.

Wilfred Kershaw
(Organist at St. John's Church.)
TEACHER OF PIANO
ROOM 27, ASSOCIATE BLDG.
WEDNESDAYS FROM 2 TILL 7 P. M.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

GRAHAM R. WHIDDEN
FIRE INSURANCE
40 Middlesex Street, Lowel
TELEPHONE 176-2

$50 to California
by rail. $45 by water and rail.
MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY
18 Appleton St., Opp. Post Office

MRS. E. TURNER
PERMANENTLY REMOVES
Superfluous Hair and Moles
61 CENTRAL STREET.
Office Hours 9 to 4.

MARY G. HARRINGTON
VIOLIN
Room 9, Old City Hall Building — Residence, 110 Fremont Street.

THE LATEST NEWS We were very glad to see so many people traveling through our store to see what we have. Everyone was pleased with our line of goods. It was something new. The only store of its kind in Lowell. What we keep is for your own use. Come in and see the most curious shop. Why go to Boston for such goods when you have a store in your own city? Japan, China, India, Turkey, Persia, and Egyptian goods beaded chains and laces. The latest novelties in jewelry. Oriental Bazaar, 318 Merrimack street.

J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
320, 322, 324 Market St.
Personal attention given to every detail. Funeral chapel, also morgue, connected with this establishment. Tel. 639-3.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

GRAND ANNIVERSARY SALE

IN KITCHEN FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

Special Values at our 3d Annual Sale Beginning TOMORROW

FOR OUR ANNIVERSARY SALE

Mrs. Potts' Iron Handles, usual price 10c	5c EACH
Asbestos Mats, fireproof, usual price 5c	2c EACH
9 in. Tin Pie Plates, usual price 5c	2c EACH
Porcelain Lined Enamel Kettles, light blue outside, white inside; usual price 50c	29c EACH
White Enamel Wood Newspaper Racks, usual price 25c	10c EACH
12 quart Gray Enamel Stove Pots, tall shape, covered; usual price $1.00	59c EACH
Nickle Soap Dishes, usual price 25c	10c EACH
Tea and Coffee Pots in blue and white ware, all sizes, have enamel covers; usual price 50c and 60c	34c EACH
Large size Enamel Tea Kettles, blue outside, white inside; regular price $1.00	59c EACH
Gray Enamel Double Milk or Rice Boilers, 3 parts; usual price 60c	39c EACH
6 quart Gray Enamel Convex Kettles, with covers; usual price 60c	39c EACH
A special lot of Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, 2 pint size; usual price 25c	10c EACH
Fine Nickle Plated Tea and Coffee Pots, 3 pint size; usual price 50c	25c EACH
All sizes Heavy Tin Sauce Pans, usual price 15c and 20c	10c EACH
All styles Bread Pans, Cake Pans, Biscuit Pans, Loaf Pans; usual price 10c and 15c	5c EACH
Full Size Dust Pans, painted brown; usual price 10c	5c EACH
4 pint Gray Enamel Sauce Pans, usual price 30c	19c EACH
8 pint Gray Enamel Sauce Pans, usual price 50c	29c EACH
Best Steel Fry Pans, fit Nos. 7 or 8 stoves, cold handles; usual price 35c and 50c	17c EACH
Heavy Tin Dish Pans, usual price 20c	10c EACH
Large Dinner Pails, with cup on cover; usual price 25c	14c EACH
Best Gray Enamel Dish Pans; usual price 50c	29c EACH
Best Floor Brooms; usual price 25c	19c EACH
Nickle Crumb Pans and Scrapers; usual price 25c	10c EACH
1 quart Gray Enamel Milk Cans; usual price 25c	17c EACH
Steel Blade Knives and Forks; usual price 50c	33c A SET
Large Boxes Tooth Picks; usual price 5c	2c PER BOX
Gold Dust Washing Powder	4c A PACKAGE
100 feet Cotton Clothes Line and 60 Clothes Pins, usual price 35c, for	25 CENTS
Large size Bread Boxes, painted brown, ventilated sides, ornamented fronts; regular price 75c	39c EACH
25-pound Sugar Canisters; usual price 50c	25c EACH
Fine Glass Cream Pitchers and Spoon Holders, cut pattern, 10c values	5c A PIECE
Fine Glass Spoon Trays; 10c value	5c EACH
Fine Decorated Crockery Pin Bowls	5c EACH
Blue Decorated Oat Meal Dishes	5c EACH
All sizes of Yellow Ware Nappies, from 7 in. to 12 in., usual price 15c and 20c	10c EACH
Hotel Crockery Cups and Saucers, double thick; some with handles, others without; a great trade for restaurants	80c DOZEN
Plain Crepe Paper in full 10 ft. rolls; usual price 10c	5c ROLL
Black Jet Tea Pots, English make, warranted fireproof, handsome decorations; usual price 60c	39c EACH
Stoneware Slop Jars, plain; usual price 75c	49c EACH
Stoneware Slop Jars, fancy shape, with bail and cover; usual price $1.00	79c EACH
China Tea Cups and Saucers	10c A PAIR
Best Nickle Plated, centre draft, Sewing or Reading Lamps complete with 10 inch white shade and chimney; usual price $1.75	$1.19 EACH
A special lot of Best Opaque Window Curtains, with insertion and fringe, new combinations of colors; usual price 50c	25c EACH

THIS SALE WILL LAST ONLY FOUR DAYS: FROM WEDNESDAY MORNING TO SATURDAY NIGHT

A. G. Pollard & Co.

DON'T WAIT...
Why wait until tomorrow morning to get today's news of the world? Buy a late edition of the Sun and be a day ahead. Compare the night edition of THE SUN with the next morning's papers and you will see the point.

THE LOWELL SUN

EYES
are made to see with. Can't you see that The Sun is the leader among Lowell papers? Appearances show for themselves. You see everybody reading it everywhere.
IT IS LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY OCTOBER 20 1903 10 PAGES ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK

31 LOST

Steamer Wrecked and Only Captain and Six of Crew Escaped

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, OCT. 20.—THE MARINE EXCHANGE REPORTS THAT THE STEAMER SOUTH PORTLAND, FROM ASTORIA, FOR SAN FRANCISCO, HAS BEEN WRECKED AT BANDON, ON THE OREGON COAST.

THIRTY-ONE OF HER PASSENGERS AND CREW ARE MISSING. THE CAPTAIN AND SIX OTHERS SUCCEEDED IN REACHING SHORE.

THE SOUTH PORTLAND WAS AN IRREGULAR STEAMER 185 FEET IN LENGTH, AND WAS FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE CAROLINE NULLER. SHE WAS OWNED BY W. A. SCAMMEL OF SAN FRANCISCO AND SAILED FROM ASTORIA, OCTOBER 18, WITH A FEW PASSENGERS AND A CARGO OF GRAIN.

BANDON, THE POINT WHERE SHE WENT ASHORE LAST NIGHT IS A REMOTE PLACE ON THE SOUTHWESTERN OREGON COAST.

REGISTRATION CASES

Republicans Failed to File Complaints

But Democrats Did and Hearings Will be Given—Good Joke on Republican Supervisor and Clerks

The republican papers this morning attempted to hoodwink the public in regard to the complaint made by Supervisor of Registration McMahon to the registrars of voters in regard to 20 or more cases of alleged illegal registration by stating that the clerk of the Democratic City committee had made a ludicrous mistake by taking the precinct books of 1902 to find the addresses of the men whom he alleged resided out of the state on May 1, 1902.

Now there are five clerks at the republican headquarters and only one at the democratic, yet none of these live seems to be aware of the fact that the precinct books of 1903 contain the residences of all persons assessed thereon, and also their residences on May 1 of the year previous.

For instance, Paul Hill, whose number on the assessors' books is 101,280, resided at 228 Worthen street on May 1, 1903, but his residence May 1, 1902 was in Vermont. These facts are to be found not in the precinct books of 1902, as the republican papers allege, but right in the books of the present year.

The supervisor of registration does not claim that a person has to reside in the state on May 1 the year previous and allows that it is sufficient for him to be living in the state one year prior to his registration, but if the applicants for registration give false answers to the questions relating to their residence they are liable to a fine or imprisonment, and these men who were living out of the state on May 1, 1902, will be given an opportunity to prove that they were here one year before they were registered for the registrars will give a hearing to Mr. McMahon on his charges as submitted to them on Oct. 19, the last day for filing such complaints.

One of the morning papers stated today that Charles E. Hartwell, the republican supervisor, laughed heartily when he read of Mr. McMahon's charges, but the laugh is clearly on Mr. Hartwell this time, for although he made a great show of having evidence of three cases of illegal registration, he did not know when the time for filing such complaint expired and it expired while he was telling the public through the republican newspapers what he was going to do. Mr. Hartwell is a hard worked man. He draws a salary from the city as a clerk in the assessors office, he is also a clerk for the republican city committee and he is the republican supervisor of registration. Clerk Callahan of the democratic headquarters attends to all the headquarters work himself and thus far has had the several clerks of the republicans very much to the bad.

Clerk Callahan notified the registrars of voters of the cases which he regards as suspicious and the registrars will give a hearing on the matter at a later date.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Local forecast: Fair tonight and Wednesday; cooler Wednesday; brisk to high westerly winds, diminishing Wednesday.

Have you ever seen the best House heating BOILER in the WORLD?
The Winchester
Call and See It
WELCH BROS., Agts.
143 Middle Street

LOGUE PARDONED

Pardon Committee So Recommends to Governor

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 20.—THE PARDON COMMITTEE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, THIS AFTERNOON, VOTED TO RECOMMEND THAT GOVERNOR JOHN L. BATES GRANT THE PETITION OF THOMAS F. LOGUE, FOR A PARDON FROM THE STATE PRISON, WHERE HE IS SERVING A LIFE SENTENCE FOR HIGHWAY ROBBERY, COMMITTED IN LOWELL ON FEBRUARY 11, 1899.

JESSE LEWISOHN

Wins Out in Gambling Case

By Associated Press to The Sun

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 20 Jesse Lewisohn need not answer the questions of the district attorney of New York county with regard to his alleged relations with Richard A. Canfield and his alleged gambling house.

The court of appeals today handed down a decision sustaining the writ of habeas corpus granted to Lewisohn by the appellate division of the first department.

The court declares unconstitutional the section of the penal code barring witnesses in gambling cases from immunity on the claim that their evidence would tend to incriminate them.

ATTEMPT ABANDONED

TO RUN EIGHT WHEELED CARS ON HIGH STREET LINE.

The street railway company intended to run eight wheeled cars on the High street line and made a trial last night. Much difficulty was found in rounding the curve at the corner of East Merrimack and High streets, and the attempt was abandoned.

INTEREST IS ON.

The time for paying tax bills without interest expired this afternoon, and the city treasurer's office up to the closing time was crowded with 11th hour taxpayers.

HIS PAY ENVELOPE

Young Man Lost it While Wrestling

Arthur Dufrane, 17, was arrested by Officer Briggs near the Hamilton mills today on a warrant charging him with larceny. It seems that while wrestling with a young fellow by the name of Tupin a few days ago Dufrane slipped his hand in Tupin's pocket and stole his pay envelope containing a week's wages. Dufrane will be arraigned tomorrow morning.

Mr. William F. Hills, vice president of the Traders bank, left Lowell Friday for San Francisco, Cal., where he will attend the bankers' convention.

Mr. and Mrs. George Barris of Elm street are entertaining Mrs. D. M. Gourley and Mrs. D. Dunbar of Randolph, Vt., also Mr. Geo. Cole, who leaves soon to spend the winter in Mexico and Arizona.

Some people at 40 look like 60! Gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

PAID THE TAXES

Two Corporations Made a Protest

Two corporations paid their taxes this morning under protest and two others, the Merrimack and Boott, offered no objection at all.

The tax of the Tremont & Suffolk is $45,256.99, and in his letter accompanying the check, the treasurer says that the assessors "did not enter in their books opposite the description of each building the value of the machinery used in said building, and did not enter in said books the buildings in said manufacturing establishment, describing each cotton factory with the number of spindles and looms used in the same, nor enter in said books the cotton factories of said Tremont and Suffolk mills with the number of spindles and looms used in the same respectively."

The Lawrence company paid $8,443.56 and charged that the assessors did not place a fair cash valuation on the property.

SENTENCES COMMUTED

PRESIDENT ACTS IN BEHALF OF MINERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The president has commuted to expire immediately the sentences of Marion Marshall, Cyrus Raynes, Burton Harper, coal miners, who were convicted in West Virginia of resisting a United States marshal. They were sentenced June 11, 1903, Marshall and Harper to imprisonment for eight months and Raynes to imprisonment for five months in the Raleigh jail.

TERRIBLE STORM

CAUSED LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY DAMAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 20.—Information received here from Mazatland, Mexico, states that a terrible storm which visited that vicinity a few days ago, caused loss of life and great damage. In the city several lives were lost and others suffered injuries. Ships in the harbors were wrecked, a Danish steamer was completely wrecked and the crew were drowned.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

FELL FROM MAST

ABLE SEAMAN LOST HIS LIFE DURING STORM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20—The British ship Crown of Scotland, overdue and reinsured at 15 per cent., has arrived here. She left New Castle, England, April 11. She encountered various kinds of unfavorable weather and was in some terrible weather at Cape Horn, during which B. P. Flevisskirsch, an able seaman, lost his life by falling from the mainmast into the sea.

THREE CHINESE

ARE HELD ON CHARGE OF MURDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

VANCOUVER, B.C., Oct. 20—Three Chinese are charged with the murder of another Chinaman at French Bar last summer. The trial will begin at Clinton, B. C., on Wednesday. It is said that two of the prisoners have induced the eldest to accept the onus of the crime. The provincial police say that, following a Chinese custom, the two young prisoners have paid the older man for his life.

FUNERALS

CLANCY—The funeral of Rose L. Clancy took place this afternoon from her parents' home, 5 Lane's court, off Liberty street, and was largely attended. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery, interment being in charge of Undertaker Davey.

BLINKHORN—The funeral of the late John Blinkhorn took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from his late home, 47 Stanley street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased. The funeral cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church in Sixth street where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at nine o'clock by Rev. Eugene A. Carney. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Thomas P. Boulger sang the Gregorian mass. Mr. Boulger rendered the "Pie Jesu" at the offertory and at the conclusion of the service "Plains of Peace" was sung by Miss Nano M. Gallagher. As the remains were leaving the church the choir sang "Thy Will be Done." Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ.

The bearers were Messrs. Thomas F. Morris, Sr., Walter Coleman, Michael Finlay, Edward Shields, William Costello and James Finlan.

Among those present at the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Bernard McQueeney of Nashua, and the following delegation from Court City of Lowell: James McMahon, Michael McQuade and James Coleman.

There was a profusion of beautiful and appropriate floral offerings in evidence, showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by his many friends and acquaintances, the following being the most prominent: Wreath of chrysanthemums, Mr. J. L. McDonald; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Keith; crescent on base, Lowell Packing Co.; cross, Thomas H. Gallagher; wreath, Ingalls family; sickle and sheaf, inscribed "Father," from the family; spray of chrysanthemums, Mullen family.

The interment was in the Catholic cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Carney. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

Miss Mary Rowe, daughter of Capt. Rowe of the Lyon police, who has been visiting the Misses Duffy of Pleasant street, has returned to her home.

WOMAN INSANE

As Result of the South Lowell Explosion

In the probate court, before Judge McIntyre, this morning, the petition of Mary Waterhouse to be appointed guardian of her sister, Nellie Walker, was heard. From the evidence given out it tended to show that Nellie Walker became violently insane as the result of the Riverside park explosion on July 29, of this year, although she had not been considered in normal mental condition some time prior to the explosion.

Mr. Waterhouse in the course of his testimony said that the explosion had undoubtedly affected her mind. He said that the ceiling fell down in the kitchen and she complained about her head for 15 days and later she was taken to the city farm by a police officer. Witness said that afterwards he took her back to his house, and the first day she was rational until after dark, but refused to go to bed. The following Saturday she was taken away again. She suffered from a religious craze, said the witness, and was constantly afraid of snakes.

Witness said that she had a father who had been to see her and know about the petition and there was no opposition to the petition. The petition was granted by Judge McIntyre. The insane woman is now at the city farm. John W. McEvoy, representing the guardian, will sue the owners of the powder magazine.

REMOVALS ILLEGAL

EMPLOYES REMOVED FOR POLITICAL REASONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—The civil service commission has requested the treasury department to reinstate four watchmen and one roller in the United States mint at Philadelphia where removals have been found to have been for political reasons.

The president has taken great interest in the case and has instructed that the condition of affairs at the mint be thoroughly remedied, regarding them as flagrant violations of the law. The secretary of the treasury takes the same position.

BOULTON'S VIEWS

HE DOES NOT BELIEVE IN COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20—S. B. Boulton, chairman of the London labor conciliation and arbitration board, has arrived here from Honolulu on the steamer Sierra on his way to England. The board of which Mr. Boulton has been chairman for the last 12 years is an important factor in the settlement of differences between capital and labor in England. It is composed of 12 members selected from the London chamber of commerce and a similar number from the various trades unions. The board at all times stands ready to arbitrate all disputes that are voluntarily laid before it and during its 12 years of existence it is claimed that it has accomplished much in its way in the British metropolis. In discussing the work of his board, Mr. Boulton said:

"I do not believe in compulsory arbitration and I do not think it possible anywhere. The questions brought before the board for adjustment are brought to it voluntarily. No labor organization is compelled to have its labor difficulties arbitrate by our board merely because it has representatives on the board."

TWO CROATIANS

CHARGED WITH MURDERING A CONTRACTOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Penn., Oct. 20.—District Attorney Underwood has made his formation against two Croatians named Milovar Kovolck and Milovar Pattrovlek, charging them with the murder of Contractor Samuel T. Ferguson who was killed at West Middletown on September 25. The men who had been formerly employed by the Ferguson Construction company, have been traced to an ocean steamer on which they took passage for their native land. Measures have been taken to secure the arrest and return of the men.

PROBATE COURT.

A session of the probate court was held today, Judge Lawton presiding. The following wills were admitted to probate:

James Deering, Lowell; Henry Denham, Ashland; Susan M. Fifield, Lowell; Charles F. Haskell, Lowell; Reuben S. Hoar, Littleton; David Smith, Lowell; Levi Wallace, Ayer; Rhoda P. Coburn, Lowell; Louisa F. Boynton, Lowell.

Administrations granted were: William H. Carleton, Cambridge; Sarah M. Piper, Lowell; James Sullivan, Lowell; Benjamin G. Brown, Somerville; Olive A. Scranton; Lowell; Edward J. Rowley, Weston; George Austin, Lowell; George F. Bowen, Lowell; Ovid Lapointe, Lowell; Helen A. Sawyer, Littleton.

Rev. Alexander Blackburn, D. D., pastor of the White Temple, Ore., and previously pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, for seven years, has received a call to become pastor of the First Baptist church, Salem.

GOT HER CHILDREN

MRS. BUCK RETURNS WITH ABDUCTED ONES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20—Mrs. J. D. Buck has returned to this city from New York with her two little children who had been abducted by their father several months ago. The boy is nine and the girl seven years old. Buck suddenly disappeared one day with his children, leaving the mother penniless. Mrs. Buck plucky went to work, accumulated $300 and with the assistance of the California society for the prevention of cruelty to children, trailed her husband and children on a farm at Mina, N. Y. She went east alone and two weeks ago reached Mina. She drove up to the school the children were attending and awaited their coming. They gladly agreed to return with her and concealed themselves in the buggy. After several narrow escapes from her pursuing husband she succeeded in reaching California.

DEATHS

KANE—Mabel Kane, infant daughter of Michael and Mary Kane, died this afternoon at the home of her parents, 47 Cross street.

SWEENEY—Mrs. Delia A. Sweeney, wife of John J. Sweeney, died this morning at her home, 1 Pleasant street, Dracut, Navy Yard, aged 83 years. Deceased was a well known resident of Dracut, and her early demise will be mourned by a large circle of friends. Besides her husband, she is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Kate Dunn of Lawrence, and Mrs. Margaret McAuley of Kenwood, Dracut. The interment will be in Manchester, N. H., under the direction of Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BROCKTON, Mass., Oct. 20—Hundreds of delegates representing the Sunday schools of the state are coming into the city today to attend the annual convention of the state Sunday school association, which is due to open at 2.30 this afternoon and continue through Thursday.

The merchants along the main streets of the city have decorated their places of business in honor the city's guests.

The bulk of the delegates with State President W. C. Kings of Springfield, Secretary Hamilton S. Conant of Boston and the speakers of the afternoon and evening services arrived in the city on the 1.43 train.

Some of the best known Sunday school workers of the country are to attend including Dean Buell of the Boston university Theological school; Rev. F. E. Clark, the founder of the Christian Endeavor movement; Marion Lawrence of Toledo, Ohio; Mrs. Mary Bryner Foster, one of the international workers; Rev. Everett D. Burr of the Newton Centre Baptist church; Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut of Morristown, N. J.; Dr. A. F. Schauffler, D. D., of New York; Rev. D. N. Beach of the Bangor Theological seminary and others.

EPWORTH LEAGUE MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 20—The Providence district, Epworth league, which includes Rhode Island and a portion of Massachusetts, met here today in annual convention. The cabinet of the first general conference district, composed of officers from Boston, Lynn, Woburn, Attleboro, Waltham, in Massachusetts; St. Johnsbury, Vt., Portland, Me., and from this city was in attendance.

The address of welcome was given by G. H. Newton, president of Trinity Union Epworth league, and the response was by Rev. W. McCreery, Jr., president of the Providence district, Epworth league.

The closing address of the forenoon was by Rev. Joshua M. Frost of St. Johnsbury, Vt.

A series of addresses and discussions was the feature of the afternoon session. The subjects taken up were:

"Christian Stewardship," by R. L. L. Dorr, Woburn, Mass.

"The New Department," Miss Elizabeth Northup, Waltham, Mass.

"The Junior League Five Points," Mrs. X. L. J. Everett, superintendent of the Norwich Junior league.

Your dealer has this superior brand in stock and he realizes that they are "A little better than any other"
C. C. A.
UNION MADE
10c CIGARS
C. C. A. CIGAR CO., Boston.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK

STOLE BRASS

Two Men Were Fined $15 Each

The case of John Smith and Thomas Casey, charged with the larceny of certain brass fittings, the property of C. B. Coburn & Co., came up on continuance in police court today.

The men were arrested by Officers Atkinson and Brown, a few days ago. They were carrying a bag containing a quantity of brass fittings that the police at first thought was part of the plunder taken from the bobbin factory at the corner of Lincoln and Tanner streets, but later, the C. B. Coburn Co. reported that brass fittings had been stolen from the company's storehouse in Ayer City and the fittings found in the possession of the men were identified by employes of the Coburn company.

Both men pleaded not guilty today, and representatives of the company testified that the fittings, in evidence, had been stolen from the store house in Ayer City. The defendants were found guilty and were sentenced to pay a fine of $15 each.

SHE CARRIED A WAD.

Annie J. Babson, 62, was in court yesterday morning charged with drunkenness and again today for the same offence. She was released yesterday and this morning she was placed on probation.

She had $88 in her possession and she is bound for a point out of town where employment awaits her. She worked at the beaches all summer, she said, and succeeded in saving about $100. She used to live in Lowell and stopped off here to visit for a day. She was unable to locate her old friends, but she found new ones, who were very hospitable. They told her where she could get all the whiskey she wanted, provided she had the price, and Annie bought several pints and half pints. The police think she was very fortunate to land at police station with her money in her possession.

Probation Officer Slattery took Annie's money and placed it in the bank for her and put her on a train bound for Stirling Junction, where she expects to spend the winter.

MARY MADE A MISTAKE.

Mary Whitely said she wasn't drunk when Officer Maloney arrested her, last evening, but the officer said she was helplessly drunk.

Mary had a suspended sentence hanging over her. The suspension of her former sentence was revoked and the sentence of three months to jail stood confirmed. The new complaint was placed on file. Mary was just foolish enough to appeal from the old sentence and to illumine her mistake Judge Hadley took the new complaint from the file and added three more months to Mary's sentence, making it six months instead of three months in jail. She appealed from both sentences and was ordered in $400 for the superior court.

"I don't want to prosecute the case, I'd rather lose my money," said Timothy Burns, a complainant in a larceny case, in police court today.

James O'Mally was the defendant and he pleaded not guilty. The phraseology of the complaint was not suited to the case and O'Mally was ordered in $200 for his appearance in court tomorrow morning.

Burns got his pay check at the Merrimack counting room yesterday morning. He endorsed, but could not collect until between 12 and 1 o'clock. He started home and met O'Mally on the way. They went somewhere, had several drinks and finally Burns said he went to sleep and when he awoke O'Mally and his time check were gone.

This was about 2 o'clock. He hastened to the counting room and learned that his pay had been drawn. He suspected O'Mally and reported the case to the police.

In police court today Burns said he didn't want to do anything about it. "Do you want to let him have the money?" asked Corporation Officer Noyes, who had the case in hand.

"Let him have the money," replied Burns, "he'll know better next time and it wouldn't do me any good if he was sent to jail. Let it go, I'm satisfied."

The fact that he was satisfied, however, didn't cut much ice. The court wasn't satisfied and a new complaint was ordered and O'Mally was ordered till tomorrow morning.

William Rivers, charged with keeping liquor, was ordered in $300 for his appearance before the court on Wednesday morning.

C. F. Bacon was charged with the larceny of about $7 from Victor H. J. Belle Isle. The evidence in this case wasn't before the court and a continuance was ordered. Bacon was held in $200 for his appearance in court Saturday morning.

William H. White, for drunkenness, was sentenced to five months at the workhouse.

John Sawyer, charged with threatening, had his case continued to Saturday.

WOMAN'S CLUB

Pleasing Concert by Male Quartet

At the rooms of the Woman's club yesterday afternoon a delightful concert was given by the Schubert male quartet of Boston, Robert Martin first tenor, Charles W. Swaine second tenor, William W. Walker baritone and accompanist, Dr. George R. Clark basso. A waltz song by the quartet was very pleasing. A new arrangement of the familiar plantation melody, "Nellie Gray," was received with much favor. Mr. Martin's solo, "My Dreams," was given with fine effect.

Mr. Walker sang a group of three dainty ballads, "Love Me or Not," "A Memory" and "The Pretty Creature," with Mr. E. K. Baldwin at the piano, and for an encore he gave "Over the Mountains."

The quartet appeared in "There Was a Man in Thessaly," which is the old bramble-bush song in a new setting. An Irish folk song with simulated bag-pipe accompaniment was very realistic and a mirth producing effort. Mr. Swain gave an excellent rendition of "Queen of the Earth," and for an encore he sang "The Sweetest Flower that Blows." Dr. Clark pleased the audience in a fine rendition of "My Little Woman." He was obliged to give a second number, which was, "When I Gaze Upon Her." The concert closed with the quartet selection "Sunset."

LINCOLN CLUB

GAVE A RECEPTION TO SENATOR McKINLEY.

The Lincoln club tendered a reception to Senator McKinley at the rooms in Barristers hall, last evening, and republicans, great and small and fat and thin, turned out to shake with "Sunny Jim," from "Ezra" Kendall, the long lad, down to little Fred Roper, who makes up in enthusiasm what he lacks in stature.

Three noted citizens, conspicuous by their absence, were "Tommy" Little, Alfred Morrissette and "Tommy" Byrne. Their invitations evidently went wrong.

President Horton H. Hilton, the first ward eight legislative candidate, occupied the chair and after a speech of welcome introduced the speakers of the evening. Senator McKinley was the first speaker and the crowd which extended to the corridors gave him a warm reception. He rooted for the whole ticket.

Mr. Hilton then modestly referred to his own little contest and announced that Col. Ripley would be unable to attend owing to the death of his mother in Boston. He then introduced W. H. I. Hayes and "Bill" let go one of his famous speeches.

Harry L. Timmons was next introduced and he hoped they were all well and happy and about to vote for him.

Among the other speakers were Cecil L. Adams, William H. Brown, ex-Senator Putnam, Joseph A. Legare.

A. G. Walch, the city committee orator, added to the gayety of the occasion by referring to Col. Gaston as "a pop-squirt candidate," and nobody could tell the answer.

After the rhetoric had been digested, music was served. Ed. Mason travelled over the ivories from the classic heights of Cavaleria down to the ten, twent and thirt' harmony of "I Love to See My Dear Old Mother Work." Michael Gorman, Lowell's popular balladist, gave an acceptable medley. Johnnie McNamara gave a few minstrel gags and those who couldn't sing played whist until a late hour.

D. Y. GENERALIS, M. D.

GREEK DOCTOR

First to Pass Examination Here

Dr. Demosthene Generalis of this city is the first Greek physician to successfully pass the examination before the board of registration in medicine in Boston. He was notified of the result of his examination a few days ago.

He is a native of Sparta, Greece, a graduate of the University of Athens and a remarkably bright and versatile young man.

He descended from the great family of Candia, the members of which served their country as vice-president and also as military officials. He arrived here from New York two years ago and has played a leading part in Greek affairs here.

He first made application to the board of registration in medicine to pass on examination in the Greek language and upon being informed that such would be illegal, he started in to perfect himself in English, which he did in rather brief time.

Dr. Generalis is a former lieutenant and physician in the Greek army, and also has been identified with military and civil hospitals in Greece. For his services as physician in the Graeco-Turkish war, his government awarded him a certificate of honor. Since coming to this country, Dr. Generalis has been connected with the Presbyterian hospital in New York, the Massachusetts General and Boston Lying-in hospitals.

FITZ FAVORITE

Betting Men Pick Him to Win

A report from San Francisco states that Bob Fitzsimmons is a 10 to 4 favorite in the betting on his bout with George Gardner.

JEFFRIES PICKS FITZ.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20—James J. Jeffries champion heavyweight pugilist, is staying here on his way east. Jeff is going to New York to consider several theatrical offers. In an interview he said:

"I have heard a lot about a fellow named Munroe, who wants to get a battle with me. He isn't looking for any of my game. As for Fitz he's the best middleweight in the business and will double them all up as fast as they come along. He'll turn the trick with Gardner, too."

Jeff says he is ready to take on any first-class heavyweight when called upon, but says he is entitled to a rest. He bars negroes, however, and says that if he is to be licked he wants a white man to do it.

HUSBAND ECCENTRIC

AGED WIFE SAYS THAT IS WHY SHE LEFT HIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20—Wallace R. Mercer, aged 76 years, who was married last June to a widow whom he had loved in childhood, now announces that she has left his bed and board at 236 Carpenter avenue, Mayfair, and that he will pay no more bills incurred by her.

Mercer, who is a civil war veteran, first met the present Mrs. Mercer in Salem, Mass., when both were children. They loved each other, but Robert Thompson came along and married the young woman. Mr. Mercer then married Miss Teresa Hopkins of Gloucester and his first wife lived with him 42 years before she died. Mr. Thompson also died about the same time, and in the exchange of condolence the old love was revived. Later they were married and came here, and now they have parted again.

Mrs. Mercer is living with a grandson in Barrington, and complains that her husband is eccentric.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

GRIM REMAINED

GANS COULD NOT KNOCK HIM OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20—"Joe" Gans, the lightweight champion, and "Joe" Grim, the Italian pugilist of this city, who stood six rounds before Bob Fitzsimmons and received severe punishment last week, met last night in a six-round fight at the Washington sporting club.

Gans had the better of the fight from beginning to end, sending Grim to the floor one or more times in nearly every round. The Italian received a severe pounding, but the colored champion was unable to knock him out.

ON FULL TIME

Business Good in Local Cotton Mills

The cotton mills of Lowell will run full blast all winter. At least that is what the mill agents believe at the present time. The fact that there will be no curtailment in the local mills is due in a great measure to the strike.

Agent Nourse of the Lawrence hosiery says that his company is doing its usual amount of work for this time of the year. Agent Connell of the Tremont and Suffolk states that he does not fear a lull and that if the cotton crop in the South is not damaged by premature frosts the raw product will be abundant.

"The Massachusetts mills are running on full time and I do not know of anything which should cause a change of conditions for the present," said Agent Southworth.

Another indication of the cotton mill situation is that the weavers of the Boott mills recently received, without the asking, a material increase in wages.

Machinists, however, report that every day adds to the number who are discharged on account of the lack of work. One machinist who was thus deprived of a position told a reporter that he had applied in every machine shop in the city without success.

Portions of the Bigelow Carpet mills are shut down notwithstanding any report to the contrary, and employes are being sent out every day. At the Middlesex mills the operatives are working on short time and do not know when they will be notified to return to the usual 58-hour schedule.

$10,000 SUIT

ALIENATION OF WIFE'S AFFECTIONS IS ALLEGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WATERBURY, Ct., Oct. 20—The arrest on Saturday night of George J. Atkinson, who was married only a few weeks ago, in a civil suit for $10,000 damages for alienation of a wife's affections, has caused a big sensation in this city because of the prominence of the parties involved. The plaintiff is Ervis E. Wright, a contract painter, who has one of the finest residences in this place, and Atkinson is an employe of the New England Manufacturing company.

Women detectives employed by Wright to watch his wife and Atkinson are said to have secured most of the evidence upon which the suit rests. It is asserted that the number of notes she wrote to Atkinson at the Watch company first directed suspicion to the actions of Mrs. Wright and caused gossip.

It was announced last night that Mrs. Wright has made a confession to her husband's attorney, and that the attorney advises the husband, under the circumstances, not to bring the suit.

AFTER COAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

VALAIS, France, Oct. 20—Four Russian torpedo boats, bound for Port Arthur, put into Brest last night for coal.

HELD IN LOWELL

Next Reunion of 30th Regiment

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 20.—The 30th annual reunion of the 26th Massachusetts regimental association was held in Music hall in this city. It was the anniversary of the battle of Cedar Creek, renowned as the engagement in which Sheridan won the day after his famous ride from Winchester, and the 26th participated in that historic event.

At rollcall yesterday 44 veterans responded, every company in the regiment being represented. Of this number there were present 15 survivors of Co. G, which was recruited in this city and went to the front under command of Capt. James Brady, now collector of the port here.

The business meeting was presided over by Pres. Patrick F. Hogan of Andover. The secretary reported that during the year there had been 16 deaths among the members. Among the names read of those deceased was that of James S. Shaw of this city, who arose and protested against being put down on the record as a dead one.

Sec. Cushing and the other members agreed that Comrade Shaw's point was well taken and in view of the evidence before them, decided that it would be expedient in the interests of undisputable facts to erase his name from the list.

The following officers were elected: Capt. James Brady, Fall River, pres.; Lieut. S. P. Blodgett, Passaic, N. J., vice pres.; E. F. Cushing, Somerville, sec.; D. H. Hall, West Acton, treas.; J. J. Packard, Co. A.; B. J. Balcom, Co. B; C. F. Peterson, Co. C; J. F. Barnes, Co. D; L. J. Robbins, Co. E; G. P. Boston, Co. F, C. P. Hoar, Co. G; J. F. Alexander, Co. H; C. M. Swain, Co. I; Frank Balcom, Co. K; executive committee.

It was voted to amend the constitution to change the date of the annual reunions, which will hereafter be held Sept. 19 instead of Oct. 18. Lowell was selected for the reunion in 1904.

Following the business meeting a dinner was served by the Women's relief corps. Addresses were made by Congressman William S. Greene, Dr. J. H. Gilbert, Rev. E. J. Ayres and others. Mr. Ayres is pastor of the Quarry street M. E. church in this city and it transpired in the course of his remarks that although a small lad at the time he, too, had been around as well as the veterans at the table about him when the battle of Cedar Creek was fought.

His father commanded a company in a confederate regiment that fought against the 6th Mass. on that occasion, while the clergyman himself was with the commissary outfit in the rear, young boy though he was, a driver of one of the wagons.

WATER SERVICES

Water and Health Boards Hear From Them

The water board will meet at 8 o'clock this evening and again discuss water services in the mills, while at the meeting of the board of health this afternoon Agent Knapp will submit his report on the water services in corporations.

THE KILTIES.

The Kilties Band proved itself worthy of an interested hearing, and the novel features of the performance were such as to attract those who desire a "performance" as well as a "concert." The forty bandsmen in their kilts, plaids and tartans made a picturesque showing, and their playing made an immediate impression upon their auditors, which was expressed in enthusiastic applause and a demand for encores.—Cincinnati (Ohio) Commercial Tribune.

The Kilties appear in Huntington hall twice on Friday of this week. Tickets are on sale at Carter & Sherburne's.

Judge a Shoe

By the leather of which it's made; judge the leather by the label (shown below) that identifies it as **Wolff's Ideal Leather**. The leather that keeps the feet cool in summer, warm in winter. Makes heavy shoes soft, light shoes strong. Made in kid, calf, goat, colt or cow hide. Write for booklet "How to Buy Shoes."

WOLFF PROCESS LEATHER CO., Philadelphia.

THIS SHOE IS MADE OF WOLFF'S Ideal LEATHER PATENTED

THE SUN

Is on Sale

At both Newstands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column

Peptiron Pills

(Chocolate-coated)

Strengthen the Nerves

Tone the Stomach

Feed the Brain

And cure nervousness, neuralgia, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, anemia, and that long train of aches and pains attending an overworked and underfed brain.

They are a happy combination of the best nerve tonics, digestives and brain and blood nutrients; are pleasant to take and readily assimilated.

Peptiron Pills, (chocolate-coated,) 50c. or $1—the latter a full month's treatment. Prepared by C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

PROPOSALS

Sealed bids will be received by the Trustees of Public Cemeteries for erection of a barn and carriage sheds.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the superintendent's office at Edson cemetery.

Proposals must be at the office of the superintendent by 12 M. Tuesday, Oct. 2?, 1903.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

A certified check for $500 must accompany each bid.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES Public Burial Grounds.
CHAS. A. WOTTON, Supt.
Lowell, Mass., Oct. 15, 1903.

FOR 28 YEARS THE

7-20-4

has been the New England favorite 10c cigar. Competent judges say they are now better than ever.

LITTLE GOLD DUST

as a 5c. cigar has a record that speaks for itself. For sale by all dealers.
R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N.H.

DECORATED
Cup, Saucer and Plate
WITH
One Pound of Our
60 Cent Tea

O'Brien Bros TEA DEALERS.
227 Central Street
Tel. 679-5. Free Delivery

Academy of Music

RICHARD F. MURPHY, Prop. and Mgr.

Three Nights and Daily Matinees,
COMMENCING MONDAY,
OCTOBER 19

THE HEART OF CHICAGO

Elegant special scenery. Wonderful mechanical devices. Mysterious electrical effects. A vivid picture of the great fire.

Matinee Prices for Ladies - 10c and 20c

Sixth Grand Concert Tour,

'THE KILTIES'

GORDON HIGHLANDERS,
Belleville, Canada.

Canada's Crack Military Band

Concerts Friday Afternoon and Evening, Oct. 23, in Huntington Hall.
40 Musicians, 10 Soloists, 16 Vocal Choir, 6 Highland Dancers, 2 Bagpipers, 4 British Military Buglers, 1 Giant Drum Major, etc.
Appearing in full Kilted Regimentals. Has created a furore of enthusiasm in 300 American cities.
PRICES—Afternoon 25, 35, 50c; Evening, 50, 75, $1.00.
Tickets on sale at Carter & Sherburne's, Merrimack square. Tuesday.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

CASTO

AL. HAYNES, Manager.

ALL WEEK AFTERNOON AND EVENING **OCT. 19**

FRANK GARDINER
—AND—
LOTTIE VINCENT
In the Comedy,
AN IDYL OF THE LINKS

The Roberts Four
Kelly and Reno
Maud Day Caine

Matinees..........10 and 20c
Ladies to Best Orchestra Seats..........10c
Evening..........10, 15 and 25c
Seats may be reserved for 10c extra.
Telephone 815-8.
Box Office Open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

TEMPLE - THEATRE

Odd Fellows' Temple - 84 Middlesex St.
WEEK OF OCTOBER 19
The Charron Conservatory Stock Co.
Present the one-act farce entitled
The Troubles of Marmaduke
And great vaudeville bill, headed by,
WOOD AND BERRY
MOONEY AND HOLBIRN
THE GREAT GILBERT
TALKATIVE MISS RUSSELL
CHARLES AND HELEN MACK
HUGH McVEY
MA JUNE
POPULAR PRICES—Evening, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Doors Open at 2 and 7. Performances commence at 2.30 and 8 o'clock.

For One Dollar

you can get more advertising and a wider distribution throughout the city and suburbs in The Sun than you can get for three dollars in all the other papers in Lowell. Why? Because The Sun has a larger circulation than all the other daily papers combined.

It is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
Richmond and Crescent Ranges

Save money by buying noDining and Bed Room Furnithis month. Parlor, Kitchen, w. Bargains for everybody, ture, Oil Cloths, Rugs and Carpets at reasonable terms.

PETER DAVEY
134 MARKET STREET

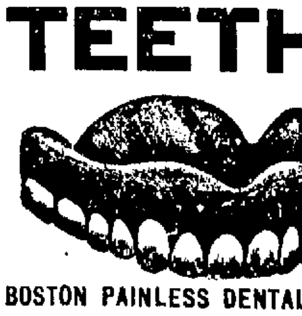
UNDERTAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

DAY AND NIGHT CALLS
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

HACKS FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS

TELEPHONE.
Office and Store 79-2. Residence 81-3

TEETH



OUR RULE—PERFECT WORK, PAINLESS PROCESS, POPULAR PRICES.
Patrons ordering a
SET OF BEST TEETH
Will be given a Gold Crown or two Gold Fillings FREE.
GOLD CROWNS ....$3.00 to $5.00
GOLD FILLINGS $1.00
SILVER FILLINGS 50c
HOURS—8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS, Rooms 16-17-18-19 Runels Bldg., Lowell, Mass.

EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

ALASKAN AWARD

Signed by all But the Canadians

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20, 2.20 p. m.—The engrossed copy of the Alaskan award was signed at 2.10 p. m.

The Canadians declined to sign the award as previously cabled to the Associated Press.

Messrs. Jette and Alyesworth, the Canadian commissioners, made a statement regarding the award as follows:

"The decision of the Alaskan boundary tribunal has been given, and in view of its character the people of Canada are, in our judgment, entitled to such explanation which will enable them to comprehend fully the manner in which their interests have been dealt with. We take up the points of the decision in the order in which they are presented by the treaty under which the tribunal was constituted:

"First—The Portland canal. There are two channels parallel with each other with four islands between them. The Canadian contention is that the northern channel should be adopted. The United states contended for the southern channel. On the result of the decision depended the possession of the four islands, Kannaghunut, Sitklan, Wales and Pearse.

When the tribunal met after the argument and considered this question the view of the three British commissioners was that the Canadian contention was absolutely unanswerable. A memorandum was prepared and read to the commissioners embodying our views and showing it to be beyond dispute that the Canadian contention in this branch of the case should prevail and that the boundary should run to the northward of the four islands named, thus giving them to Canada. Notwithstanding these facts, the members of the tribunal other than ourselves have signed an award giving two of the islands, Kannaghunut and Sitklan, to the United States. These two islands are the outermost of the four. They command the entrance of the Portland channel and the ocean passage to Port Simpson, their loss wholly destroys the strategic value to Canada of the Wales and Pearse islands. There is no opinion in our process of reasoning whereby the line thus decided upon by the tribunal can be justified. It was never suggested by counsel in the course of argument that such a line was possible. Either the four islands belong to Canada or belong to the United States. In the award, Lord Alverstone agrees with the United States commissioners that the islands should be divided, giving the two which possess strategic value to the United States.

Second:—The line northward from Portland channel. Substantially the Canadian contention regarding this line was that there are mountains parallel with the coast, within the meaning of the treaty of 1825 and that the tops of such mountains should be declared the boundary, the mountains nearest the sea being taken. The United States contention was that there are no mountains parallel with the coast within the meaning of the treaty and that the boundary must therefore be fixed under the provision of the original treaty relating to 10 leagues and so be run a distance of 35 miles from the shore, including in the term "shore" the heads of all inlets, bays, etc. The tribunal finds that the Canadian contention is correct as to the existence of the mountains within the terms of the treaty, but the fruits of victory have been taken from Canada by fixing as a mountain line a row of mountains so far from the coast as to give the United States substantially nearly all the territory in dispute.

WHY THEY REFUSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20—Messrs. Jette and Aylesworth, the Canadian commissioners in a statement of their reasons for refusing to sign the award, say they consider the finding of the tribunal regarding the islands at the entrance of Portland channel and the mountain line, is not a judicial one. They add:

"We urged our views as strongly as we were able, but we have been compelled to witness the sacrifice of the interests of Canada. We were powerless to prevent it, though satisfied that the course which the majority was determined to pursue in respect to the matters above specially referred to ignored the just rights of Canada."

NO PUBLIC MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20, 12.31 p. m.—In consequence of the attitude maintained by the Canadian commissioners, Lord Chief Justice Alverstone decided this morning not to hold the proposed public meeting of the Alaskan boundary commission, but to hand its decision to Messrs. Foster and Sifton, respective agents of the American and Canadian governments.

The Canadian ministers not only declined to sign the award, but said they would publicly withdraw from the commission. They, as well as all the Canadians connected with the case, are very bitter. Telegrams from Premier Laurier and other prominent persons in Canada show that this sentiment is shared generally throughout the Dominion.

WE GET TWO ISLANDS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20—The Alaska award relating to the Portland canal gives the United States two islands, Kannaghunut and Sitklan, commanding the entrance of the Portland channel and the ocean passage to Fort Simpson and destroying the stragetic values of Wales and Pearse islands, which are given to Canada.

A COMPLETE VICTORY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20—The mountain line adopted as the boundary lies so far from the coast as to give the United States substantially all the territory in dispute.

The line completely clears all the bays and inlets and means of access to the sea, giving the United States a complete land barrier between Canada and the sea, from the Portland canal to Mount St. Elias.

Around the head of the Lynn canal the line follows the water-shed, somewhat in accordance with the present provisional boundary.

FLOATING ICE

THREATENS DANGER TO RIVER STEAMERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 20.—A dispatch from Dawson says:

Sixteen river steamers are battling against the floating ice in the Yukon in serious danger of being caught in such positions that they will be crushed next spring. Unless the river clears itself of ice for a few days none of these boats will be able to reach its destination.

The condition is unprecedented so early in the year. Three of the steamers, owned by the White Pass & Yukon line, are now on their way up the Yukon from Dawson with 150 passengers each. They may not be able to proceed more than a third or a half of the distance. They already have been two days making 50 miles against the running ice. If these boats fail to get through their passengers will have to walk hundreds of miles. Many are thinly clad and extreme suffering would result from such exposure.

The mails and several hundreds of thousands in gold shipments are aboard these steamers.

$5000 VOTED

TO HELP ALONG INVESTIGATION OF GRAFT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—An appropriation of $5000 has been voted by the council to pay the expense of uncovering rascality around the city hall.

This action was taken when Alderman Herrmann told the council that his committee investigating "graft" would be able to accomplish great things if it only had some money to work with. He said the committee wanted to look into grave abuses in administrative methods as well as specific charges of misconduct.

FREEDOM OF CITY

WATERFORD DOES HONOR TO ANDREW CARNEGIE.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DUBLIN, Oct. 20.—The freedom of the city of Waterford was bestowed on Andrew Carnegie yesterday.

In his speech of thanks Mr. Carnegie declared he was proud to be associated on the roll of freemen with John Redmond and John Dillon, two patriots who were doing what they thought was best for their country, according to their lights.

Mr. Carnegie also paid a tribute to the tens of thousands of Irish persons who had been in his employ, saying he always felt proud when they said they "liked the little boss." Immigration to America was now lessening, and he was glad to know that Ireland, after long centuries of misfortune, was about to march forward on a brighter path.

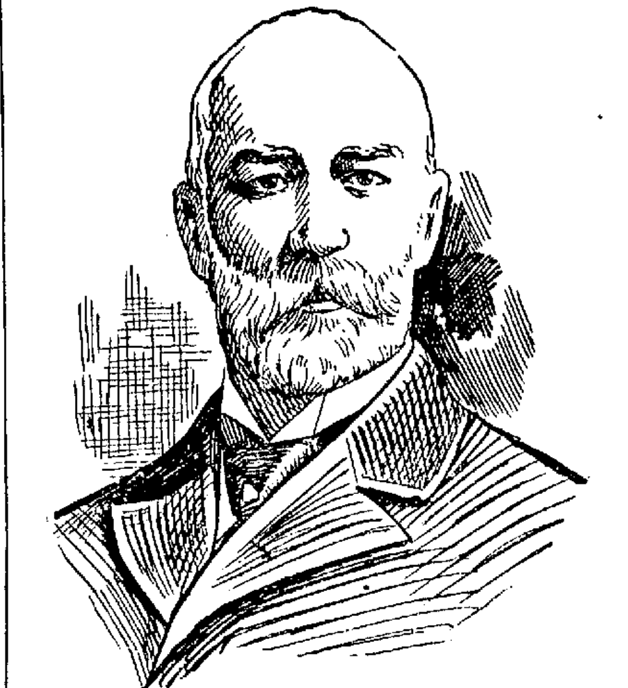
A large measure of justice had recently been given to Ireland, which, he trusted, was only the precursor of more to come. It seemed to him that "the prince had made a memorable visit to the Cinderella of nations, and that she was soon to become a princess among her sister nations."

Mr. Carnegie subsequently laid the foundation of a library and was entertained at a public banquet.

PREHISTORIC ANIMALS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BILLINGS, Mont., Oct. 20.—Bones of prehistoric animals, gathered in eastern Montana for the Carnegie Museum of Pittsburg, have been brought here for shipment. There are several tons which have been collected in old river beds and other places during the summer by representatives of the Pittsburg institution.



THE LATE GORDON McKAY, Millionaire Inventor.

McKAY'S MONEY

What Will Become of Millions?

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—With the death of Gordan McKay, the aged inventor, whose shoe machinery made possible the great shoe factories of Lynn, Brockton and Haverhill, arises the question: "What will become of the $20,000,000 or more which he left?"

While there are various rumors as to what will happen the money, one thing is sure, and that is that not more than three or four people know to a certainty what will become of it, and these are not talking.

One report has it that Harvard University will get from $2,000,000 to $7,000,000. This report has it that the money is to aid the Lawrence Scientific School.

Countess von Brurning, his former wife, is expected to receive a generous allowance by the will. His mansion at Newport, it is thought, will go to her for one thing.

His sister, Mrs. Dexter of Boston, is also expected to be well remembered in the will.

Pittsfield, Mass., his birthplace, is considered to have a claim upon him, while the great shoe centres, such as Lynn, Haverhill and Brockton, which paid him most of his money, may be remembered with a great trade school.

All these things, however, are the reports of those who pretend to know, and apparently have as much foundation as the report that distant relatives plan a contest in the event of being unmentioned in the will.

JOSEPH SMITH

Ridicules Amity With the British

The Boston papers this morning printed the following extract of an address by Joseph Smith of this city:

The New England members of the American Irish Historical Society held forth at Hotel Brunswick last evening, Mr. James Jeffrey Roche, editor of the Boston Pilot presiding. The day was the anniversary of the surrender of Cornwallis and his forces at Yorktown. The feature of the evening was the speech of Mr. Joseph Smith of Lowell.

Previous to the dinner there was a reception in the parlors.

The after-dinner exercises were opened with an address of welcome by Editor Roche. Judge Lee, who followed said it was a great pleasure for Irishmen to celebrate the capitulation of Yorktown, and that the society was interested in doing all it could to elevate the Irish race.

Mr. Smith said, in part:

"I hardly know whether a gathering of this character is strictly respectable in this section of America, since the inauguration of that yellow dog policy which is called international amity; in any case it isn't popular. That beautiful system necessitates a system of obliberating the facts of history and the creation of a sort of literary skillygalee which is to be fed into the children of the public schools, in order that recollections offensive to our British and provincial brethren may be obviated. It may be noted parenthetically, that in all efforts for a friendly policy with the pius and humane British empire, it is the forgiving and forgetting; for our esteemed and amiable friends, the Britons, may ignore temporarily any given number of unpleasant facts when political conditions require it, but they neither forget nor forgive.

"It must be very satisfying and consoling to our racial self-respect to find the Irish and the Americans of Irish origin engaged so heartily in this work, and it undoubtedly must excite the admiration of those simple Christians who love to turn the other cheek to him who slaps the first one. That there should be a limit to Irish zeal is after all a mere question of taste and judgement.

"If our municipal Bismarks desire to lavish their affection and the city's wealth on those absurd creatures, the lion and the unicorn, we should remember that the animals like the statesmen, have been out in the cold a long time and a kindred experience makes us wonderfully sympathetic—and generous when some other fellow pays the shot. If our gallant young soldiers desire to follow at the tail of the British flag and a procession of international jags, let us remember that they are having in perfectly friendly way an experience in common with our continental and Boer farmers—following the tail of a British procession which moved more rapidly, perhaps than the Boston spectacle."

"So let us tonight give notice that, while we are gathered here to celebrate that day at Yorktown, we do so in a proper and shamefaced way. We celebrate an American victory and offer our apologies to our Anglo-Saxon brethren for the somewhat impetuous conduct of Washington's army. If the native-born American of these parts is apologetic and non-enthusiastic about Yorktown it may be considered indecent on the part of us adopted Americans to grow too jubilant on such occasions. I feel that the difference in our attitude may be explained by saying we are Americans by choice, selection and deliberation, while our native-born brethren are Americans by accident, and some of them resent the indiscretion of their parents in selecting this country for them.

"I make these remarks in order that our feeble attempts to recall a day that is called glorious in American history may not be construed into an assault on international amity, nor a reproach to those good and great friends of ours, the Anglo-Saxons who saved this republic so numerously and persistently from Bunker Hill to Manila bay, and who have just relinquished the job of saving a slice of Alaska for John Hay."

Mr. Smith then spoke of the services of the Irish regiments of France during the revolution, and said he felt it was the duty of the society to work for the erection of a monument to them at Washington.

Others who spoke were the Rev. Fr. Patterson, Admiral Grinnell and Col. Moran. The meeting was remarkable for the amount of material adduced concerning the revolutionary period. The part that men of Irish blood took in the great struggle was especially well set forth.

ACROSS THE LINE

Pelhamite Scores Railroad Commissioners

Pelham is a bit stirred up over the finding of the New Hampshire Railroad commissioners in the Pelham accident. "There are men in this town," said an up-to-date citizen of Pelham the other day, "who take it for granted than anything and everything an official body does or says is all right. They think the commissioners did the right thing in their report. Perhaps they did, but I don't see it that way.

"I attended that hearing and it was as plain as the nose on your face that the attorney for the company was ambitious to put the weight of the blame on Starter Stevens and the commissioners sat there like stocks. I can't remember three important questions that they asked. Starter Stevens wasn't any more to blame for that accident than was the company.

"The company's attorney told the commissioners that day the company did all in its power to preserve life and property, but that it could not make brains for its employes. I was thinking at the time that one of the commissioners might have made quite a hit by suggesting that it would be well for the company to hire men who have brains of their own.

"I see that they have made Stevens a conductor again. The way I think about that is that if Stevens wasn't good and safe enough for starter he's not good enough for conductor. Stevens should have been left at his old position or else discharged entirely. You may be sure that as starter he would have been more careful in the future and the company ought to be decent enough to realize that its lack of system was more to blame than Stevens' lack of presence of mind.

"I tell you one thing, I'd rather place my life in Stevens' hands than in the hands of some of the officials of that road."

AUSTRIA'S LETTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 20.—The department of state has forwarded to President Francis the letter of Austria's minister of foreign affairs, announcing the Austrian government's decision to officially participate in the world's fair.

GOLDEN JUBILEE

Of Rev. Fr. Mangin's Ordination Observed

WITH A BANQUET AT ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE

Cablegram Bore Special Blessing From Pope

The festival in honor of Rev. Fr. Mangin's jubilee concluded yesterday with a banquet in the lower hall of St. Joseph's college.

One of the features of the closing of the festivities was the reading of a telegram of congratulation from Pope Pius X, and conferring a special blessing from His Holiness upon the venerable priest.

The telegram was read by Rev. Fr. Campeau. The priests present at the banquet were:

Rev. Fr. Mangin, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Emery, O. M. I., rector of the University of Ottawa; Rev. Fr. William O'Brien, rector of St. Patrick's church; Rev. Fr. Fournier, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Campeau, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Dubriel, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Amyot, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Lamothe, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Viaud, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Graton, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Diss, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Brullard, O. M. I., of St. Joseph's rectory; Rev. Fr. Ronan, of St. Peter's; Rev. Fr. Remey, S. M., Haverhill; Rev. Fr. J. C. Duffy, O. M. I., Tewksbury; Rev. Fr. H. de la Chapelle, S. M., Boston; Rev. Fr. H. M. Thery, S. M., Lawrence; Rev. Fr. Vinas, S. M., Lawrence; Rev. Fr. J. A. Sirois, O. M. I., Tewksbury; Rev. Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Tresch, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Desroches, O. M. I., North Billerica; Rev. Fr. C. A. Paquette, O. M. I., Plattsburg, N. Y.; Rev. Fr. Barrett, O. M. I.; Rev. Fr. Dorgan, O. M. I., rector of the Immaculate Conception church; Rev. Fr. Shaw, rector of St. Michael's.

Congratulatory remarks were made by several of the priests and besides the telegram sent by Pope Pius X, one from Rev. Fr. Lefebvre, O. M. I., provincial of the Oblates, was read.

Fr. Mangin presided at the banquet and spoke both in French and English. He gave an interesting history of the Catholic church in Lowell, the coming of the Oblate Fathers and their splendid work here for the cause of education and religion.

THE CITY COUNCIL

Both Branches Will Meet This Evening

Both branches of the city council will meet at city hall this evening, and considerable business will come before them. The aldermen will receive the report of the wire committee while the lower branch will deal with paving loans.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TOWN MEETING

Special One at Tewksbury Last Evening

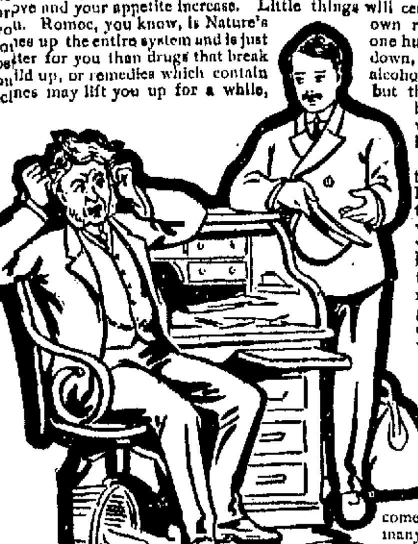
At a special town meeting held at Tewksbury last evening a motion to authorize the town treasurer to borrow $1500 to repair the damage on the new school caused by the explosion was defeated by a vote of 83 to 27. It required a two-thirds vote to pass it. The meeting was well attended and discussion relative to the defeated article was quite spicy.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

Could Kick a Dog.

ROMOC

You are mad at everything, says the Romoc man to the over-worked, nerve-broken-down business man. I have seen people just like you before; almost willing to break up your home on account of those irritating nerves of yours. Now, take my advice and get over this nervousness. There is no need of it. Just take Romoc and it will not be very many days before you will find that your nerves are quieter and stronger. Your digestion will immediately improve and your appetite increase. Little things will cease to irritate you. Romoc, you know, is Nature's own remedy. It tones up the entire system and is just one hundred per cent better for you than drugs that break down, rather than build up, or remedies which contain alcohol. Such medicines may lift you up for a while, but they drop you back to earth with a sickening thud.



All I ask you to do is to give Romoc a fair trial, and you will realize that your best friend is Nature, and that Romoc, her remedy, is the greatest medicine in the world.

Won't you please buy a bottle of Romoc on my assurance that it will do you good, and you will become one of the many in this city advocating Romoc.

Ask for ROMOC LAXATIVE TABLETS—SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION.

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Many a man who has been fooled by the "Pay When Cured" racket, knows that it is the last and only resort of a dying-out pretenders to get a patient into his clutches. Beware of such schemes. Don't be deceived by misleading statements such as these seemingly charitable offers.

Don't entrust your lives to anyone not qualified by years of experience to treat you. Don't even step your foot across the threshold of an office run by inexperienced, irresponsible illiterate pretenders. You had better save your money and let the disease take its own course than be practised and experimented upon and in the end lose both your money and life.

Dr. Lougest's offices occupy the entire building of five floors at 313 Columbus avenue, and they are supplied with every known means and device that science, skill, knowledge and money can provide that will aid in determining the exact location and nature of these diseases and effecting their cure promptly and thoroughly, and by the same sure methods as are used in the most celebrated Paris hospitals, which invariably result in

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either by mail or at Dr. Lougest's office, also a free examination, if needed, with the X-Ray light. If unable to call, write for Dr. Lougest's Book, "Diseases and Weaknesses of Men." Rates for treatment are reasonable. A binding guarantee given with every case accepted for a cure.

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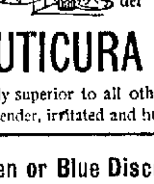

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Corned Beef	3c. to 6c. lb.
Smoked Shoulder	9c. lb.
Best canned Tomatoes	3 for 25c.
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Mince Meat	8c pkg.

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15c. lb.; tubs from 11c. lb. up.

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75c. Best Oolong	50c. lb.
60c. Best Formosa-Oolong	30c., 4 lbs. $1.
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50c WALTHAM MAIN SPRINGS, Warranted

INGERSOLL WATCHES, ONLY 75c.

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CHOICE TEAS COFFEES and SPICES

Try our new brands of Flour, the best in the city. "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold" and "Banquet."

THE SUN EXTRA

6 O'CLOCK

LITTLE ONE'S LOT

Sent to Station With Drunken Father

MOTHER WAS ALSO ARRESTED FOR DRUNKENNESS

The Child Rode All Day in Cold

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Early last evening a patrolman in the South End, on Washington street, saw a wagon loaded with produce coming up the street, first on one side and then on the other. The driver couldn't seem to tell just which way straight ahead was, and on the seat with him sat a little girl, 4 or 5 years old, pretty and with a lot of golden hair. She was hanging on to the side and back of the seat with all her might and watching the man in a frightened way as he turned the horse this way and that.

The patrolman took the man, girl and team to the East Dedham street station.

The man had just time to say that his name was Sharpe and that he lived in Needham before he went to sleep. The team was put up at a stable nearby, and then the little girl was taken into the signal room at the station and the only easy chair in the place was given her.

She said the man that had just been locked up was her father and that they were on their way home, after trying all day to sell some produce. Some had been sold and the rest they were taking back.

She said she didn't mind riding around all day although it was a little cold, but she was pretty sleepy and would like to go home, if she could. So the lieutenant telephoned to the Needham police to send her mother after her. Her mother, however, didn't come. She, too, had been arrested for drunkenness in the West End a few days ago.

So there was nothing for the lieutenant to do but to send her to the Chardon street home, and while she was waiting to be taken there she fell asleep in the big chair. There wasn't a patrolman who came into the room that didn't stop and look at the little girl. "Lost?" asked a big, burly one, with the reputation of being hard-hearted, and when he was told about her he shifted his night stick to his other hand and tenderly patted the golden head and walked out in silence.

In a short time Patrolman Waite started with the child for the home. She was sorry when she found that she wasn't going home to Needham, but When Waite told her that he would see that she a good bed she seemed to think he was a pretty nice man. By the time they got to the corner of Washington street they were good friends, and she wasn't quite so afraid of the big man in blue and brass buttons, and trudged along, now and then brushing away at her cheek and then glancing up to see if the big police man was looking.

MAY BE TROUBLE

Unless Company Meets Men Half Way

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The motormen employed by the Interborough Rapid Transit company were awaiting today the arrival of the grand chiefs of the two brotherhoods of engineers and firemen, and in the meantime making no move in the strained situation resulting from a failure of the officers and employes to agree upon a method of conducting examination of motormen.

Chief William L. Jenks of the local union of motormen said today that the officials of the company disclosed that the reports of the physical condition made to the company by a physician last year were incomplete, but Mr. Jenks declared that the reports of the examination received by the men were complete.

There will be no meetings of the men until the arrival of the high officials of the brotherhoods.

"It will not greatly matter what Grand Chief Stone of the International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers sets out to do," said Mr. Jenks. "If the company does not meet the men half way there will be trouble."

WILL MEET EDITORS

DOWIE ASKED PEOPLE TO PRAY FOR HIM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—About one thousand persons, half of whom were Zionists, attended John Alexander Dowie's early service in Madison Square Garden today. He preached on "Blasphemy." He then said he was going to meet the editors of the New York papers at his hotel and requested his followers to pray for him. The 600 members of the Dowie choir will join the house visitation force, increasing its number to 1440. Deacon Speicher said the work was greater than anticipated.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

SOUTH PARIS, Maine, Oct. 20.—Members from all sections of the state are gathered here for the three days' convention of the Maine Sunday school association. The opening program this afternoon included a praise service, an address by Rev. A. S. Ladd, D.D., presiding elder on the Lewiston district of the Maine Methodist conference, on "What the Times demand of our Sunday Schools" and a devotional service conducted by Rev. Alfred W. Anthony of Cobb Divinity school, Lewiston. The welcoming address will be given this evening when it is expected the delegates will be present in large numbers.

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

10.10 a. m.—London prices foreshadowed the opening prices in the stock market here, which was based on the hope that the threatened further troubles at Baltimore and Pittsburg had been averted. Pennsylvania yielded a shade and United States Steel pfd. ex-dividend ran off ⅞. Otherwise gains were the rule and the prominent railroad stocks gained liberal fractions.

SUPERIOR COURT

The McBride-Moffatt Case is Still On

The case of McBride vs. Moffatt et al., an action of tort, the ad damnum placed at $5000, which opened Friday afternoon, was on trial all day yesterday.

During the latter part of the afternoon Supt. Moffatt was on the stand and was cross-examined by Lawyer Gove of Boston.

"Were you notified before the patrol wagon came that two arrests had been made?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"Yes, sir," answered Supt. Moffatt.

"Who gave you the information?"

"I could not tell."

"The sergeant didn't?"

"No, sir."

Resuming his testimony, Supt. Moffatt said: "It takes the patrol wagon five minutes, sometimes eight, to go from the police station to the depot. The most of the crowd around the depot were looking up the railroad track in the direction which they thought the president's train would come. When I first saw Sergt. Connors near the depot he was making his way through the crowd."

"When a prisoner is brought into the station is the time of his arrival recorded?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"Yes, sir," answered the witness.

"Is the time also recorded when a patrol box is rung in?"

"Yes, sir."

In answer to questions asked by Mr. Gove witness said: "I know that the name of the prisoner and the time of his arrest was put on the blotter, for I examined the blotter that day, but could not say as to whether or not the time of the wagon call was down, for I didn't examine the tape."

Lawyer Gove asked witness if the blotter could be brought into court in the morning and Supt. Moffatt said that it could.

Lawyer Gove then asked: "Did you make any inquiry from McBride when the sergeant brought him to you?"

Witness answered "I did not."

"You didn't know of the arrest of the other two men when McBride was brought to you?"

"No, sir."

"When did you first hear that 'Sheeney Mike' might be in Lowell?"

"It was that forenoon."

"What time?"

"Before 12 o'clock."

"And when did you first hear of Desautelles?"

"When I reached the station house after the president had left."

"After you had given the order for McBride to be locked up how long did you remain there?"

"A very short time after the patrol wagon left."

"Did McBride say anything when he was brought up to you?"

"I have no recollection of him saying anything. If he had said anything I believe I would have remembered it."

"You didn't know that the patrol wagon had been rung for at that time?"

"No sir."

"At the time you first saw McBride that morning your horse was standing still, headed towards Central street, I believe?"

"Yes sir."

"You waited five or ten minutes before you saw him again?"

"Yes sir."

"There were officers of yours about there, were there not?"

"There probably were. A number were in plain clothes in the crowd."

"Did you try to get hold of any of them?"

"I did not."

"Did you attempt to go and catch McBride yourself?"

"I did not."

Resuming witness testified: "There were six officers in uniform detailed for duty on the depot grounds. They were Officers Boyle, Curran, Gerow, Conway, John J. Donovan and Timothy Dwyer. When the patrol came Inspector Walsh had hold of one man, Sergt. Connors had McBride, and I could not say who had the third man. It was either Officer Burnett or Hamilton. If it was Officer Burnett he was in uniform, but if it was Officer Hamilton he was in citizen's clothes.

"The man from Lynn who had complained of being robbed was in the office at the police station when I arrived from the depot. He said that he had seen the three men arrested at the depot and that none of them were the parties who had robbed him. I do not know this man, and to my knowledge I had never seen him before. He said he lived in a suburb outside of Lynn. I did not get his name either."

"Did you give orders that anybody who was arrested that morning should not be admitted to bail?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"No sir."

"You knew that they tried to bail McBride?"

"No sir."

"Did you see McBride's brother there?"

"I saw him after Mr. McBride had been released. He came into my office and said he was going to bring suit against me."

"Did he then ask what his brother was arrested for?"

"I do not remember; he said a good many things; I remember him asking me how long suspicion was going to rest on his brother."

The next witness called was Officer Frank Fox who testified: "I am a police officer and have been one going on 15 years. I know McBride, and have known him for ten years. I know of various convictions against him since then. I have seen McBride between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902, several times at different places. I have seen him around the Boston & Northern railroad station, Merrimack square, and at the Middlesex street station. I have seen him on more than one occasion standing in one place longer than half an hour.

"I saw him on the morning of the 26th of August, 1902. I, with other officers, left the police station that morning at two minutes before eight and saw him at the junction of Central and Jackson streets. I was the rear man in the squad and called the attention of my side partner to McBride. My side partner was a reserve officer. I think his name was Kennedy. McBride was going in the direction of the postoffice. It was not later than five or six minutes past eight when I saw him."

Cross-examined witness said: "I saw McBride go up Central street to the postoffice and he turned in the broad path in front of the office. I was not in a position to see whether or not he entered the postoffice. I did not see him again that day. I have seen him at different times standing at the railroad depot, the electric car station and standing around Merrimack square."

"Is Merrimack square near the Merrimack street railroad station?" asked Lawyer Gove.

"No sir," answered witness. "Merrimack square takes in from Ellingwood's drug store to where The Sun building is."

At this point witness and counsel had a lively tilt, the latter having considerable trouble in trying to have the witness answer questions the way he wanted him to.

Witness went on to tell that his beat was in Pawtucketville, but stated that he had seen McBride in the evening between 6.30 and nine o'clock. He also saw him during his noon hour while going to dinner.

On rebuttal witness said: "I have on two occasions tried to get near him to speak to him, but on both occasions when he saw me coming he walked away."

Napoleon Provencher, a police officer, testified: "I know McBride by sight. I have known him three years. Saw him opposite the postoffice a little after eight o'clock on the morning that the president was here. He was standing at the postoffice door."

Cross-examined witness said: "I left the police station with the detail shortly before eight o'clock. I did not see McBride on Central street that morning."

Police Officer George W. Marshall testified: "I have known McBride for about eight years. I saw him on the 26th of August at the door of the postoffice; Officer Provencher was with me at the time. We left the station house shortly before eight o'clock and arrived at the common at five or six minutes past eight."

Cross-examined: "When I saw McBride he was walking towards the door of the postoffice. His side was towards me. I also used to see him when I was on the Centralville beat."

OFFICER HAMILTON TESTIFIES.

The first witness at this morning's session was Police Officer Charles A. Hamilton, who testified: "I have known William F. McBride for seven years. On the morning of the 26th of August, 1902, I saw McBride at the corner of King and Middlesex street, which is about 75 yards from the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike street. It was about five minutes past eight, or between that and quarter past eight. There were a number of fellows talking together. I knew McBride, "Sheeney Mike," Patrick Casey, a fellow named Boyle, and saw several others whom I didn't konw. There were seven in the group.

"When Casey saw me coming he took out his handkerchief and immediately the crowd went down King street. I then looked to see if I could find another police officer and seeing Officer Burnett I informed him what I saw. Officer Burnett and I then went down Jackson street but could not see any of the crowd. We afterwards met Casey and Desautelles and placed them under arrest. We brought them over to Inspector Walsh and then took them over to the patrol box.

"I have seen McBride quite a number of times, between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902. I should say that I saw him on a average of twice a week. I have seen him on Merrimack and Central streets, around Merrimack square and saw him at the Bon Marche on the day before Christmas of 1901. I went into the store with him, followed him around, and then followed him out, and went into Pollard's with him. I was watching him for about half an hour. His wife was with him and I don't believe that either of them bought anything in either store. I have seen him in the square at all hours on different days. The day before Christmas when I saw McBride I was in citizen's clothes and was detailed to watch the department stores."

Cross-examined, witness testified: For a while I was on a beat which brought me through Western avenue but I never saw McBride there for my beat started at 12.30 o'clock.

"On that morning in Middlesex street Casey was the only one I noticed facing me and when he took out his handkerchief they all looked at him and then started down King street. I saw the chief driving through Middlesex street. I did not communicate with him. We had no communication the night before or that morning in regard to the Lynn man. I arrived at the station house about 7.15 that morning and I heard in a general way that there was a man from Lynn "who had been touched up yesterday," and had called at the station. When I came back to the station that morning I did not see McBride.

"My purpose in getting Officer Burnett was to have him assist me in catching some of the fellows. It was on our way back that we met Casey and Desautelles."

On rebuttal, witness said: "When I did not see them in Jackson street I turned back thinking that they knew we would follow them and double on their track. On our way back we met Casey and Desautelles and arrested both of them."

"Who is this Patrick Casey?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"I object," said Lawyer Gove," and the court ruled accordingly.

INSPECTOR MAHER ON STAND.

Inspector Martin J. Maher testified: "I have known McBride for six or seven years and on the morning of the 26th of August I saw him near the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike streets. It was about 8.20. He came up Middlesex street in back of me and turned the corner into Thorndike street. When he passed me I followed him to see if he would mingle in with the crowd. I followed him to the other side of the canal and saw him go into the Cady building in Western avenue. I then went back to the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike streets.

"The next I saw of him was about 10 minutes later, about 8.30 o'clock, when I saw Sergt. Connors putting him in the patrol wagon at the depot. I received information of a Lynn man being robbed, from Supt. Moffatt. Inspector Laflamme was with me at the time. Supt. Moffatt told us to keep a sharp lookout for pickpockets. He said that the description of one of the parties who had robbed the Lynn man answered McBride's description, a tall fellow, straw hat and light complexion. I knew of McBride's conviction. I had seen him between September of 1900 and August 26, 1902. Sometimes I saw him twice a day. I would see him three or four times a week at least. Sometimes on Merrimack, Central and Bridge streets, mostly on Central street, between Market street and Towers' corner."

Cross-examined Lawyer Gove asked: "Do you know where the Mathew Temperance society is?"

"Yes sir, over Brazier's store."

"Did you ever see him go in there?"

"No sir."

"Did you ever see him come out of there?"

"No sir."

Witness then said that in going from Centralville to Western avenue it would be much nearer to go up Merrimack and Dutton Sts., than go around by the way of Middlesex street, and also that the Highlands car which went up Dutton street went by Western avenue while the Middlesex street car went within about 100 yards of Western avenue.

"When you got back after going down to Western avenue did you remain at the corner of Middlesex and Thorndike streets?" asked Mr. Gove.

"Yes, sir; I came right back."

"You remained there how long?"

"I remained there until after the president came in."

"How long should you say you had been away from that corner?"

"Ten minutes."

"Did you make any delay at Western avenue?"

"I stayed and watched where McBride went."

"How long?"

"Just long enough to see him go into the building."

"When you got back did you notice whether the police had anyone under arrest at the depot?"

"I did."

"Had arrest been made before you followed McBride?"

"It was made while I was away."

"How long after you got back before you saw McBride arrested?"

"Probably 10 or 15 minutes. The first I saw of him after leaving him at the Cady building, he was being put into the patrol wagon.

INSPECTOR WALSH.

Police Inspector John A. Walsh after answering the preliminary questions testified: "Have known McBride nine or ten years. I saw him on the morning of the 26th of August. He was about 10 or 12 feet from the police box at the depot. I had Casey and Desautelles, who had been handed to me by Officer Hamilton. When I first saw him he was in the middle of the crowd."

"What did you see him do?" asked Mr. Hogan.

"McBride worked his way towards the box and bowed to Casey. McBride began to laugh at Casey and I said to Casey: 'He is giving you the laugh.' About that time Sergt. Connors made a start towards McBride and McBride started to walk away. The next time I saw him was in the patrol wagon."

Witness testified to receiving instruction from Supt. Moffatt to be on the lookout for local and out-of-town pickpockets, and also told me about the Lynn man being robbed, saying that one of the men described fitted McBride. Witness saw McBride a number of times on the street and also at a circus.

SERGT. CONNORS TESTIFIES.

Sergt. Martin Connors, one of the defendants, was the next witness called and testified: "I have known McBride for five or six years and also know of his convictions. On the morning of the 26th of August, 1902, I left the police station about 8 o'clock. Lieut. Webster and myself had charge of a squad of officers which was detailed to the Middlesex street station. I saw the superintendent before I left the station. He told me about a Lynn man being robbed and told me that the man had called at his office. He said that the description given of one of the men, by the Lynn man, answered the description of McBride.

"I left the station about eight o'clock and arrived at the depot about quarter or twenty minutes past eight."

"When did you first see McBride that morning?" asked City Solicitor Hogan.

"I first saw McBride when I was standing at the patrol box where Inspector Walsh had two men under arrest. McBride came up and looked at the two men being arrested."

"What did he do at that time if anything?"

"I saw him bow and smile."

"To whom?"

"I should say to the men under arrest."

"What did you do then?"

"McBride stayed there one or two minutes, and I started towards him, but when he saw me he made his way through the crowd. He was about to cross the railroad tracks when I placed my hand on his shoulder and said I wanted him. The superintendent told me that morning if I saw McBride mingling in the crowd to arrest him. After arresting him I started towards the patrol box and he asked me what he was being arrested for, and I said 'You know.' He saw the superintendent in his carriage and asked me if I would take him over to the superintendent. I brought him over and said 'This is Mr. McBride, Mr. Superintendent.' "

"What conversation was had between him and the superintendent?"

"He wanted to know what he was arrested for and the superintendent said to me: 'Go down and lock him up.' I started to go towards the patrol box when I noticed the patrol wagon come up and I waited for the wagon and placed McBride in it."

Witness further testified to seeing McBride on previous occasions around Tower's corner and Central streets.

Cross-examined, Sergt. Connors said: "On the morning of the 26th Supt. Moffatt went into the guard room and told the officers to be on the lookout for pickpockets." At this point a discussion arose between witness and counsel as to what Supt. Moffatt said in his cross-examination yesterday afternoon in reference to what the superintendent had said about McBride. The court ordered recess in order to enable the stenographer to look up his notes.

Resuming witness testified: "When I first saw McBride he was coming through the crowd towards the box, where Inspector Walsh had the two prisoners. He remained where he was until I started towards him. He was about 10 feet from me when I noticed him. When I got up to him I placed my hand on his shoulder and said 'I want you.' I took him to the superintendent who said 'Go down and lock him up.' I hadn't seen him that day until I saw him in the crowd. I had been around there about half an hour before I arrested Mr. McBride."

OFFICER HICKSON TESTIFIES.

Police Officer John Hickson testified: "I was on the patrol wagon that brought in McBride, Casey and Desautelles. The call came into the police station about 8.41. When I arrived at the depot the three prisoners were there. It was a covered wagon, covered with canvas, the back of the wagon being open. When I arrived at the station I took them before the keeper to have them booked. Casey was the first man booked. Desautelles was next. Desautelles was asked where he lived and after trying to think where he lived, turned around to McBride and said, 'What is the name of that street, Mac?' McBride refused to answer, and Deputy Welch who was standing nearby, said: 'Why don't you answer, McBride?' He still refused to answer. McBride refused to answer any question."

The call sheet was then introduced showing that a call had been sent in from box 57 at 8.43 and the return call was entered as 8.48, and the cause of arrest "Suspicious person."

Witness said he handcuffed McBride and Desautelles together. Casey was not handcuffed.

DEPUTY WELCH.

Deputy Redmond Welch testified: "I have known McBride for about 10 years. I saw McBride a number of times between September, 1900, and August 26, 1902, mostly on Central street in the afternoon. Have seen him standing on the street a number of times, 10 minutes on one occasion.

"On one occasion he came up to me and demanded why I said certain things about his wife the day before in police court. He said, 'I will sue you and make you pay for what you said yesterday.' I told him to go away and mind his business. He then walked away, uttering threats."

Resuming, witness testified: "No one could refuse or consent to give bail on that day without coming to me, for I was in charge of the station that morning. No one tried to offer bail for McBride. P. L. McBride did not make any application for bail for his brother.

"On the morning of the 26th of August I was sitting at a table in my office and a man entered the room and coming up to the rail he asked if I was the chief of police, and I said 'No,' and directed him into the superintendent's room. As he started for the door the superintendent came out of his office and the man said: 'I lost my pocketbook with about $100 in Lynn yesterday.' The superintendent told the man to go into his room and both went into the superintendent's office."

"About 10.30 o'clock, while in the court room, Supt. Moffatt came up the rear stairs and told me that the man from Lynn had seen the three men arrested and could not identify any of them as the men who had robbed him. He told me to inform the court of that fact, and I did so."

Cross-examined witness testified: McBride arrived at the police station at 8.55, taken to a cell and locked up. At ten o'clock the prisoners were taken upstairs to the court room. The men were discharged before eleven o'clock.

"Officer Gregg had charge of the blotter that morning. I don't remember seeing P. L. McBride in court that morning and I don't remember seeing him down stairs, or in fact around the station that morning."

Police Inspector Douglass of Boston was placed on the stand and testified to knowing McBride and told of seeing him mingle with the matinee crowds at the Hollis theatre in Boston.

The defense rested its case at this point.

McBride on rebuttal was asked: "Were you at the postoffice on the morning of the 26th of August at five minutes past eight?"

"No, sir."

"Were you at the Fiske building that morning?"

"No, sir."

"Were you standing in conference with anyone at any time that morning at the corner of Middlesex and King streets?"

"No, sir."

"Did any of the men arrested with you have any conversation with you at the blotter in the police station in reference to the name of any street?"

"No, sir."

"Did you have any talk with Officer Hickson that morning in the police station?"

"I said to him: 'Mr. Hickson, why are you searching me?' He said, 'I have got to do it.' "

"Did you see Mr. Maher on the 26th of August?"

"After I left my shop I saw Officer Maher standing in front of the store where newspapers are sold, next to the bank."

"Did you go down Middlesex street 15 minutes prior to that time and go to your shop?"

"I did not."

Witness said he knew Officers Provencher and Fox, who testified yesterday. He did not pass any squad of police that morning in Central street. Witness said he was not on Central street at eight o'clock. Witness said he was in his shop at eight o'clock.

Continuing witness said:

"I was brought into police court at 11.15 or 11.20. I didn't answer any complaint for no complaint was made against me. I was discharged and left the court room."

In reference to his actions around the depot, witness said:

"I didn't bow or make any nod or smile at any one at the patrol box at the depot.

"Casey was here Friday afternoon, but hasn't been here since. I have searched for him. I told him to come here and he said he would. When he didn't come here Monday I had a summons made out for him."

The books of the McBride Machine Co., together with McBride's convictions, were then put in as evidence.

At this point all the evidence was in and City Solicitor Hogan started his argument.

SIR HENRY IRVING ARRIVES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Sir Henry Irving and the members of his theatrical company arrived here today on the steamer Minneapolis from London.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by F. C. Goodale, druggist. Trial bottles free.

Karo CORN SYRUP

The new table delicacy that everybody loves. A wholesome, clean, pure syrup, good for every home use. Sold in air-tight tins which keeps it goodness free from dirt and dust, so common with common syrup. 10c, 25c and 50c. At grocers.
CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENTS...
on sale at the drawing school
—BY—
W. T. S. BARTLETT,
653-659 MERRIMACK ST.
The Uptown Hardware Store.

A MEETING OF TWO LADIES

"Why, how do you do, Miss Bobs! I am awfully glad to see you, dear. Are you well? I am glad of that. O, say, is that the dress you were telling me about the last time I saw you?"

"Yes, how do you like it?"

"O, it's just too nice for anything. It fits awfully good. Who made it for you?"

"Why, don't you know E. man Snyder, the famous New York ladies' tailor, is here now and makes all my clothes. His place is

90 CHELMSFORD STREET

J. F. ROGERS
UNDERTAKER
OFFICE—316 Central street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The Bitters will put the system in such good condition that disease cannot obtain a foothold. It will purify the blood, restore the appetite and cure Insomnia, Heartburn, Sick Headache Indigestion, Dyspepsia, or Kidney Ailments.
Be sure to try it.

HAIRINE

Makes the hair grow, stops falling hair, cures dandruff. Will not darken blond hair.

PRICE ONLY 15 Cts.

One bottle will convince you that it is the most wonderful hair tonic on the market.
At druggists—15, 40 and 75 cts a BOTTLE.
(By mail, 5 cents extra for postage.)
ELLINGWOOD & CO., Druggists, Lowell.
Beal Streit Co., 79-81 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

The Good Old Summer
time is almost in and we must turn our attention to the Fall and Winter Clothing, and the
BAY STATE DYE WORKS,
is the place to bring ladies or gents' Clothing, where the work of dyeing or cleaning or pressing is done at the lowest prices consistent with first-class work. The more time we have the better job we can do, so get your goods in now before the rush. Remember the place,
BAY STATE DYE WORKS
54 Prescott Street.

Packer's Tar Soap
For toilet and bath.
Pure as the Pines.

CARTER'S Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICE DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

Don't Delay
But have YOUR EYES EXAMINED today by
Optician George C. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET.
Up One Flight

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Opens Tuesday, Sept. 29, 1903.
Courses in Cotton and Wool Manufacturing.
Chemistry and Dyeing.
Weaving.
Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
Decorative Art and Designing. Special class for women.
Languages.
Special Day Course in Decorative Art.
While the Decorative Art course is mainly preparatory to textile design, it also prepares for any branch of Decorative Art, such as wall paper, book illustration, lithography, interior decoration, stained glass, etc., etc., and for pictorial art in water and oil. The facilities now offered permit of thorough instruction in these specialties. The classes are open to ladies and gentlemen in connection with textile design or otherwise and have been specially popular with ladies. Pupils can enter at any time. Instruction from 9 to 4 P. M. except Saturday and Wednesday afternoons.
Evening Classes Open October 19.
Courses in Cotton Spinning.
Woolen and Worsted Spinning.
Designing.
Chemistry and Dyeing.
Warp Preparation and Weaving.
Mechanical Engineering.
The certificate of the school will be awarded to all who successfully complete either of the courses. Graduates of other schools will be admitted without examinations.
For all others who have not previously attended the Lowell Textile school examinations will be held in the subjects of Arithmetic and English at the school on
Monday, October 19, 1903, at 7 O'clock, P. M.
The evening courses will be free to residents of the city of Lowell. To all others the fee will be $2.50 per term or $5 per year. Application for admission or catalogue may be made by postal card addressed to the principal, W. W. CROSBY, S. D., Lowell, Mass.

The First Pill
the biggest seller in the world! Why? Because the best to cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache and all troubles from Disordered Stomach is
Beecham's Pills
Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

We are agents for
H. W. JOHN'S
Asbestos
Pipe Covering
It comes in three-foot sections, and is easily applied.
(Prices on application)
C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 Market Street

PORTABLE GAS LAMPS
We have just opened a very attractive lot of Portable Gas Lamps. They're beauties every one and the assortment is quite varied.
Bartlett & Dow,
216 Central St.

Dr. Emmons'.
Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger, or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $1.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

NIGHT EDITION

6 O'CLOCK

EXTRA SESSION

Congress Will Meet on November 9

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, OCT. 20.—THE PRESIDENT TODAY ISSUED A PROCLAMATION CALLING THE 58TH CONGRESS IN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION NOVEMBER 9 AT 12 O'CLOCK.

THE PROCLAMATION STATES THAT THE PURPOSE OF THE SESSION IS TO CONSIDER THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND CUBA WHICH REQUIRES THE APPROVAL OF CONGRESS.

THE PROCLAMATION

TEXT OF CALL FOR THE EXTRA SESSION.

The proclamation issued by the president is as follows:

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by the resolution of the senate of March 19, 1903, the approval of congress of reciprocal commercial convention between the United States and the Republic of Cuba, signed at Havana on December 11, 1902, is necessary before said convention shall take effect; and

Whereas, it is important to public interest of the United States that the said convention shall become operative as early as may be;

Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the convening of both houses of the congress of the United States at their respective chambers in the city of Washington, on the ninth day of November, next, at 12 o'clock, noon, to the end that they may consider and determine whether the approval of the congress shall be given to the said convention.

All persons entitled to act as members of the fifty-eighth congress are required to take notice of this proclamation.

Given under my hand and seal of the United States, at Washington, the twentieth day of October, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and three, and of the independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-eighth.

[Seal] THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
By the President,
John Hay, Sec'y of State.

BANK ROBBERY

An Alleged Theft of $50,000 Revealed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, OCT. 20—AN ALLEGED THEFT OF $50,000 FROM THE BOSTON NATIONAL UNION BANK LAST NOVEMBER WAS REVEALED TODAY WHEN ELMER E. LEAVITT OF THIS CITY WAS ARRAIGNED BEFORE JUDGE FORSAITH IN THE MUNICIPAL COURT, CHARGED WITH THE DEED.

LEAVITT PLEADED NOT GUILTY AND WAS HELD FOR A HEARING NOVEMBER 4 IN BAIL OF $5,000.

Leavitt was a member and treasurer of the boot and shoe firm of Lamkin & Foster of this city, which failed some time ago and just been reorganized, after having made a settlement of 50 cents on the dollar.

In the settlement the individual liabilities were not discharged and last week two attachments of $75,000 each were filed against Leavitt, in the Middlesex county court.

The National Union bank and the National Exchange bank of Boston, filed the claims.

At the time the attachments were filed, the court was informed that Leavitt, whose home was in Medford, had been away since the time of the failure of the Lamkin & Foster firm and that his whereabouts could not be learned.

Leavitt's membership in the firm of Lamkin & Foster ceased at the time of the failure of that concern in June last. Prior to that time Leavitt had been absent from his desk much of the time on account of illness. Upon the reorganization of the shoe firm after its finances had been adjusted, Leavitt did not appear.

At the offices of Lamkin & Foster today it was stated that the alleged theft announced today did not involve them. It was explained that at the time of the failure the company's paper was held by the National Union bank and the National Exchange bank; and that these notes aggregated $100,000 and were divided practically equally between the two banks; and finally that they had been paid.

Leavitt was not connected with the National Union bank. President James R. Hooper of the bank, the complainant in the case, alleges that Leavitt made statements to him with reference to Leavitt's financial condition, on the strength of which, it is alleged, Leavitt secured $50,000 on notes from the banks, as loans.

Later, it is alleged the statements were found to be incorrect and a warrant was obtained for Leavitt's arrest.

At the National Union bank nothing bearing on the case could be learned. The only answer vouchsafed to various queries was: "We have nothing to say."

The complaint charges that $50,000 was stolen from the bank on November 24, 1902. The police say that they know nothing of the case until last Saturday, although they have been informed that Leavitt has been followed from place to place by private detectives. Inspector Pearce, who was given charge of the case, found Leavitt today and made the arrest.

INSURANCE COMPANIES

CAN COMBINE AS WELL AS OTHERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 20.—Judge Smith McPherson, of the federal court, has rendered an opinion in which he holds that the anti-compact law placed on the statute books of Iowa in 1896 is invalid and asserts that insurance companies have as good right to combine as other commercial interests.

The opinion is of far-reaching importance, affecting every company in the state, 85 of which asked an injunction restraining the state auditor from enforcing the law, which prohibited two or more companies entering an agreement to fix rates.

Egypto, Huntington Hall, tonight.

DEATHS

SLOAN—Horace J. Sloan, well known as a drug clerk in this city, died at his home, 93 Westford street, this morning after an illness of several months. During the Spanish-American war Mr. Sloan went to Porto Rico with the ambulance corps and there contracted the disease which caused his death. Mr. Sloan was one of the best known clerks in this city and had a host of friends. He is survived by a wife and a father and mother, all residing in this city.

Funeral from his late residence, 93 Westford street, Wednesday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock. Friends invited.

WALLACE—James Wallace died last evening at his residence, 86 Jewett street, aged 81 years and 8 months. He leaves a wife. He wan old resident of this city, having come here from Scotland, his native land, in 1841. He was employed for many years as a section hand by the Lowell Carpet company, but retired about 15 years ago.

JOHNSON—Mrs. Caroline Johnson, wife of John A. Johnson, died yesterday at the Lowell General hospital, aged 43 years.

REIDY—Daniel Reidy, aged two months and five days, son of Daniel and Catherine, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 1409 Middlesex street.

OFFICERS DISGUISED

WILL TRY TO CAPTRE BURGLARS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NORTH ANSON, Maine, Oct. 20.—As the pursuers and pursued in the man hunt are beyond all telephone communication nothing will be heard of their movements for two or three days or until the burglars have been captured or reported as having escaped.

Two deputy sheriffs with a guide have proceeded a considerable distance into the wood road and trail toward Canada and officers have started from the Canadian lines at two or three points to head off the burglars. All the officers are disguised as sportsmen. The burglars will be obliged to keep to the trail and must be overtaken by one of the parties within a short time.

COTTON FUTURES.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Cotton.—Futures opened firm. Oct. 9.30 a 9.38; Nov. 9.34; Dec. 9.45; Jan. 9.45; Feb. ——; Mar. 9.51; Apr. ——; May 9.57; June ——; July 9.56 a 9.57.

VERMONT BUTTERINE

1 lb. best, 15c; 10 lbs. best, $1.50; 10 lbs. good, $1.40. New Vermont Butter, best, 25c; teas, 20c, 25c, 30c; coffee 15c. Wholesale packages at any price. Goods No. 1; honest goods.

FLYNN'S MARKET 137 GORHAM ST

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 271 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

ALASKAN DECISION

THE OFFICIAL DIGEST MADE PUBLIC.

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The following is an official digest of the Alaskan decision:

The decision of the tribunal is made up of answers to the seven questions contained in the treaty of 1903 constituting the tribunal.

First question: Answer—The line commences at Cape Muzon.

Second question: Answer—The Portland channel passes north of Pearse and Wales Islands and enters the ocean through Tongas passage between Wales and Sitklan Islands.

Third question: Answer—A straight line to the middle of the entrance of Tongas passage.

Fourth question: Answer—A straight line between Salmon and Bear rivers direct to the 56th parallel of latitude.

Fifth question: Answered in the affirmative.

Sixth question: Required no answer after the fifth question had been answered in the affirmative.

Seventh question: Answer—The majority of the tribunal have selected the line of peaks starting at the head of Portland canal and running along the high mountains on the outer edge of the mountains shown on the maps of survey made in 1893 extending to Mount Whipple and thence along what is known as the Hunter line of 1878 crossing the Stikine river, about 24 miles from its mouth, thence northerly along the high peaks of Kate's Needle, from Kate's Needle to the Devil's Thumb. The tribunal stated that there was not sufficient evidence owing to the absence of a complete survey to identify the mountains which correspond to those intended by the treaty. This contemplates a further survey of that portion by the two governments. From the vicinity of Devil's Thumb the line runs to the Continental watershed, thence through White and Taiya, or Chilkoot passes, westerly to a mountain indicated on the map attached to the treaty as 6,850 feet, thence to another mountain 5,800 feet, and from that point in a somewhat curved line across the head of the glaciers to a Mount Fairweather. This places the Canadian outpost on the upper water of Chilkat river in British territory and the mining camps of Porcupine and Glacier creek in American territory. From Mount Fairweather the line passes north on high peaks along the mountains indicated on the map by Mounts Pinta, Ruhama and Vancouver to Mount St. Elias.

A Face Disfigured

from skin diseases is unsightly and unnecessary ZEMA-CURA cures all skin diseases—eczema, acne, herpes, pimples, blackheads, hives, erysipelas. ZEMA-CURA is a liquid applied externally. No matter how long you have suffered ZEMA-CURA will cure. Try a bottle today. At your druggists or express prepaid on receipt of price. THE ZEMA-CURA CO., 3 West 23d Street, N. Y.

E. H. WHITE

Successor to Fish & Plummer.

137 CENTRAL STREET

Our Motto: "Honest Representation, Fair Dealing, Justice to the Owner, Satisfaction to the Buyer."

$1900 BUYS A FINE 8-ROOM COTTAGE with bath, in exceptionally fine neighborhood; plenty of fruit; 6300 feet of land; near street cars, stores. Terms, $500 down, balance easy payments.

FOR SALE—Cigar and tobacco store and two lots of land; store is centrally located and doing a good business. Price for store and house lots $850.

$1300 BUYS A VERY PRETTY COTTAGE of 7 rooms; over 5000 feet of land.

$1500 BUYS A NICE 5-acre POULTRY FARM; good building.

$2100 BUYS a well arranged two-tenement house near the Bleachery.

PATROL WAGON

Turned Into a Court Room

By Associated Press to The Sun

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—For the first time in the history of Chicago, police court has been held in a patrol wagon. Justice Caverly climbed into the wagon, which was standing in front of the city hall and administered the oath to two detectives who were armed with a warrant charging Lucy Miles with larceny. The woman lay on a cot in the vehicle, having been brought from the County hospital. She was held in bonds of $1,800 and the case was continued for ten days. A commitment was issued by the magistrate and she was taken to the County jail hospital.

The woman, who is 26 years of age, is charged with stealing $700 worth of silverware from the Colonial hotel at Coney Island, N. Y. She came to Chicago with the stolen property and was found by detectives suffering from appendicitis. An operation was performed on her at the County hospital and she was discharged. The jail officers refused to take her without a mittimus and as she needed medical attention, the Harrison street police station annex could not receive her.

Justice Caverly helped the officers out of the dilemma by holding court in the patrol wagon.

STORM WARNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—The weather bureau has issued the following storm warning:

"Southwest storm warning 9.30 a. m. Storm central over St. Lawrence valley moving rapidly eastward. Will cause strong to high southeast winds today and tonight; storm signals ordered from Portland to Eastport only."

Maple Sap SYRUP

EXTRA QUALITY

$8.00 worth Trading Stamps (green or blue) with a $1.00 purchase.

$4.00 worth with each 50c purchase.

$2.00 worth with each 25c purchase.

Maple Syrup
Fruit Syrups
or Lime Juice

62 Central St.

IN GOOD STANDING

12th Anniversary Observed by Wamesit Lodge

Wamesit lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., celebrated the 12th anniversary of its founding last night. The anniversary ceremonies were attended by nearly every member of the organization, and there were visitors from other local lodges and from out of town. An old-fashioned English supper was served and when the inner man cried "enough," Chairman John S. Jackson called to order. He told of the success of the lodge and said that in the treasury at the present time there is the snug sum of $2573. Songs, speeches and recitations filled in the evening and the occasion was one that will long be remembered by the visitors as well as the members of the organization.

HIGH SCHOOL FIRE

BLAZE STARTED BY OVERHEATED METAL.

Fire was discovered on the roof of the high school building in Kirk street at 1.25 this afternoon. Men were at work repairing the metal work and the metal had been heated to such a temperature that it set fire to the wood work. Word was sent to the central fire station and a portion of the department responded. The damage was slight.

DYNAMITE FOUND

ON TRACKS OF THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MISSOULA, Mont., Oct. 20—Two sticks of dynamite were found by the section men near the mouth of Hell Gate canyon on the Northern Pacific tracks east of here late yesterday just before the passage of the east bound passenger train. Armed guards are now patrolling the canyon a distance of 10 miles.

SUICIDE AVERTED

BRAVE GIRL INTERFERED WITH MAN'S RASH ACT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—But for the courage and rare presence of mind of Miss Ella McLane, a comely young woman, who lives at No. 3 Blaine street, Allston, Harry F. Daggett, a lodger in that house, would have ended his life last evening by cutting his throat with a penknife.

She grappled with him as he had his hand raised to cut his throat and succeeded in preventing him from killing himself. He was sent to the police station.

FUNERALS

HORTON—The funeral of Catherine Horton took place yesterday afternoon from the funeral chapel of Undertaker Molloy. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

RUNELS—The funeral of Dolly Runels took place from her home, 4 Davis square, yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. R. A. Greene of the Grace Universalist church. The bearers were Daniel, Charles, Henry and George Runels. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, in charge of Undertaker C. M. Young.

MUNYON'S PAW PAW

ACTS QUICKLY

Sufferers from Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Insomnia or General Debility Are Benefited Immediately

A SINGLE DOSE

Is often enough to convince even the most skeptical that Paw Paw will drive disease out of the system and make you well

WILL YOU TRY IT?

Munyon cannot help but feel gratified over the great success which has followed the introduction of his newly-discovered stomach and nerve tonic. He is naturally elated to have all his claims so fully justified thus early in his great campaign for health.

Munyon claimed that Paw Paw would surely cure dyspepsia and hundreds have testified that Paw Paw has driven their dyspepsia and other stomach troubles away and given life a new charm for them.

Munyon claimed that men and women condemned to a life of misery through nervousness could be quickly cured by Paw Paw and testimony is piling up daily from hundreds in this vicinity that their nervous disorders were quickly relieved and finally cured by Paw Paw.

Munyon claimed that insomnia—that dread destroyer of health and happiness—could be controlled and cured with Paw Paw, and scores who had not known what it was to have a good night's rest in months or years have had balmy sleep brought back to their pillows.

Munyon is elated, as well he may be. Not because of his success as the world estimates it, but because right here where he is well known he has been the means of bringing health and happiness into homes where disease and misery had established and entrenched themselves—of replacing weakness with strength, distress and sorrow with hope and renewed ambition.

But let the people talk. They are anxious to be heard.

See what they have to say:

George Deering, an Employe of the Boston Post, writes:

Professor Munyon:

Being in great need of a tonic I was advised to try Munyon's Paw Paw, and I am indeed pleased to state that I am feeling very much stronger, both mentally and physically, since taking the first dose. I no longer have that tired feeling and think all the credit due Munyon's Paw Paw. Yours truly,
(Signed) GEORGE DEERING,
21 White st., East Boston, Mass.

MADE HIM FEEL YEARS YOUNGER

I have for years been afflicted with nervous dyspepsia and intestinal indigestion and heart palpitation. Paw Paw has cured me and made me feel years younger. I advise all my friends and former patients to use this medicine and it will cure you. Paw Paw is a marvelous medicine and I cannot speak too highly of its merits.
(Signed) A. J. WESSEN.
343 Main street, Auburn, Me.

Reader, are you going to let such testimony as this fall on listless ears? Are you going to go on suffering and sorrowing when help and health are so ready to your hand? No! A thousand times no. If you are a sufferer from any stomach trouble, if you are continually upset from nervousness, if sleeplessness is the bane of your existence and the trouble which is undermining your health, go to the nearest drug store today and tell them you want a bottle of Munyon's Paw Paw Do it now, and you'll gladly join the health procession of those who have been cured by Munyon.

Pint bottles, $1.00. Paw Paw Laxative Pills, 25 cents per box. At all druggists'.

TO LET

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, steam heat, gas and bath, with home conveniences, in private family. 522 Central street.

TO LET—Tenement on Baldwin street; rent $8. Apply Mrs. M. C. Pratt, 1652 Middlesex street.

TO LET—Tenement of 7 rooms at 20 Hurd street. Apply 37 West 5th street.

TO LET—Tenement of 4 rooms and pantry at 36 Mead street.

TENEMENTS TO LET—On Ludlam street, containing five rooms, with bath, pantry and large yard. Inquire on premises or Louis Clements, 411 Broadway.

TO LET—Furnished front room, use of bath, $1 a week. 565 Middlesex street, side door.

TO LET—Nice cottage of six rooms. 5 West Burnside avenue.

TO LET—Furnished front room, steam heat, bath room, etc. 26 W. 6th street, one flight.

TO LET—Cottage at 31 Mead street. Apply 16 Floyd street.

TO LET—Five room tenement at 85 West Third street. Inquire within or 94 Middlesex street.

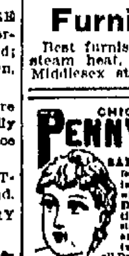
TO LET—5, 6, 7-room tenements in good repair. 164 Lawrence street.

TO LET—Warm, sunny tenements for the winter: Middlesex street, 3 rooms, $7.50 per month; 4 rooms, $5, and 6 rooms, $10. Marshall street, 3 rooms, $8.50. Beside Northern depot, 3 rooms, $8, and 4 rooms $9. Concord street, 8 rooms, $5.50, and five rooms, $7.50. Centralville, 5 rooms, $6.50. Every one of the above is in first-class condition and we invite your inspection. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

Furnished Rooms

Best furnished rooms in the city, with steam heat, in the Elliott building, 201 Middlesex street.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

SPECIAL NOTICES

WE WISH TO INFORM you that we are giving a Galvanized Coal Hod with a pound of our 60c tea. You may order by mail or telephone. Dickson's Tea Store, 65 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The two o'clock and five o'clock editions of The Sun are on sale every day at both newsstands in the Union station, Boston.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Young men to learn pulling over. Apply at Stover & Bean's, Hood building, Thorndike street.

WANTED—At Metcalf's employment rooms, 100 wood choppers. 45 Merrimack street, room 8. Frenchmen, take notice.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 251 Central street.

WANTED—A competent girl for housework in small family. Apply 101 Cabot street.

WANTED—A young lady to demonstrate cake. Apply to W. H. Cusner, Ginter Grocery company.

WANTED—A woman to keep house for a working family. Apply at the Sun office.

WANTED—A good pants maker. John Thompson, tailor, 339 Davis square.

WANTED—Housegirl for small family. Call after 10 o'clock in the forenoon at 8 Coral street.

WANTED—An experienced kitchen girl at 78 Appleton street.

WANTED—Reliable men, over 30 years of age, to look after our business in Hampden county; good permanent position. C. R. Burr & Co., nurserymen, Hartford, Conn.

OUR MEN make $3 to $10 a day fitting glasses; our 24-page Free Eye Book tells all about it; we establish you in business for yourself. Jacksonian Optical College, (Chartered), 104 Main street, Jackson, Michigan.

WANTED—Everywhere, hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

MEN—Work for us at home a few hours a day; $12 per week; must have small space in cellar, yard, barn or attic; no outfit to buy and no canvassing; addressed envelope for contract. United Product Co., G. G. Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—Carriage painters at Goyette's, 236 Thorndike street.

AN ENERGETIC representative wanted in the smaller cities of New England to handle a quick selling article needed by every man; article is protected by patent, retails for 50c., has no competition and sells at sight; party must have tact, perseverance, integrity and a few hundred dollars; fakirs need not answer; the right man can make money. Reply with particulars of yourself, Dept. H., Box 308 Madison square, New York city.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two-tenement house in Pawtucketville, close to Pawtucket Sq.; owner resides in another city and must sell; a good investment; price $2000. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen bldg.

HOME PARK—House lots given away free for the next 10 days. This is a chance to get a 4000-foot lot FREE, near Lowell; they cost from $50 to $75 and we will give you one free. The S. Lagasse company have within the last few years sold a lot of property and have put out a lot of money for selling the same, such as agents' commissions, etc., amounting to thousands of dollars. For the next ten days we will give away these fine house lots, which represent money, to you or anyone that will come and give their names and pay the little amount for surveying and writing out the deeds. You can have your lot now; first come, first served. Remember they are free and you don't have to buy anything, simply call and give us your name. We do this to advertise. The S. Lagasse company, 335 Hildreth street, Centralville. P. S. If you can't come today, come tomorrow.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to October 13, 1903. Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.43, 6.22, x6.42, *7.45, *8.50, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.25, x5.44 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.46, 6.28, *6.30, x6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.24, 7.31, *7.48, w*8.00, *8.57, w2.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.05, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.14, w12.45, 1.44, *1.56, w2.30, x3.03, w*3.16, *3.47, w3.55, 4.28, w5.06, 5.22, x5.40, w*6.15, *6.22, w7.00, 7.29, w9.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.31, 7.24, w8.15, 8.45, 9.70 a. m.; w12.05, w4.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w8.09 p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w2.30, w3.55, w5.01, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, wq11.25 p. m. Sundays, w8.18 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.29, n3.30, n3.55, w5.06, 6.28 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, w3.55, w5.06, 6.16, 7.00, 9.25, q11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.06, 5.30 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.16 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.25, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.06 p. m.

For Skowhegan, 8.30 a. m.

For Bangor, Belfast and Rockland, 6.28, 8.30 a. m.; 5.06 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., 5.06 p. m. (5.06 does not run Saturdays.) SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland,) on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport, Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland,) Tuesday and Friday at 5.06 p. m.

Last trip of season Oct. 30, 1903.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, *7.48, 11.05 a. m.; 1.44, 4.28 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.; 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, Stations on W. N. & P. and Fitchburg divisions, 7.07, 11.55 a. m.; 5.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Stations on W. N. & P. division, Nashua to Portland, Me., 9.03 a. m.; (3.40 p. m. to Rochester only.)

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.03 a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 5.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.03 a. m.; 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.03, 9.39, *10.39, a. m.; *12.00, 1.00, *1.39, 3.40, *5.33, 6.27, *8.10, *9.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, *8.10, *9.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, *9.39 a. m.; *12.09, *1.39 (to Franklin only,) 5.40, *h8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.,) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.30 a. m.; 1.39 p. m.

For Stations on White Mt. Division, 9.39, *10.39 a. m.; 1.39 p. m. (5.39 p. m. to Plymouth); *h9.10, 9.24 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *10.39 a. m.; *1.39, *h9.10 p.m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont line, *9.39 a. m.; *12.09, *h8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air line, *10.39 a. m.; *10.10 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *10.39 a. m.; *9.10 p.m. (daily except Saturdays.

References:

aVia Wakefield Junction.

*Express. hDaily.

qWednesdays and Saturdays only.

wVia Western Division.

xVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junc.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-Law
And Public Administrator.
137 Central Street. Telephone 880-4.

FOR SALE

HENS FOR SALE—28 Rhode Island Reds. Call Dartmouth street, North Chelmsford, opposite Truant school.

FOR SALE—Wood lot, 16½ acres, two miles from Pawtucket bridge; price $650; a great bargain. A. J. & H. W. J. Howe, Courier-Citizen building.

FOR SALE—Phonograph outfit, with records. Inquire at Sun office.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred B. P. Rock pullets, cockerels and yearlings, I. K. Felch's strain. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmere, Dracut.

FOR SALE—A tool chest with tools. Apply 14 Payton street.

FOR SALE—A chamber set at 88 First street.

FOR SALE—Oldsmobile 1902 model, emergency brake; has been but little used. Inquire Upton & Gilman's, Middlesex St.

FOR SALE—Restaurant doing a good business; a good investment; ill health the cause for wishing to sell. Call at 60 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices, 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1¼ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c. ink pads, 15c; 50c. linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack St.

MISCELLANEOUS

MARTIN HONAN, Grocer, 750 Gorham street, handles the choicest goods; quality considered, our prices are the lowest in the city; call in and see for yourself; discount stamps given.

SHIRT WAISTS GIVEN FREE at Highland Remnant Store, 30 Pine street. We want 10,000 ladies to call and see our stock of Ottomans, Vestings, Silks, Sateens, Madras Cloth, Mercerized Waistings and Shirtings, Ginghams, Flannelettes, etc., which we carry and sell by the yard and pound. Come and be convinced that you can buy more and better goods here for your money than you can get in any other place in the city. Highland Remnant Store.

MRS. ADAMS, Clairvoyant and Card Reader and ladies' employment office. 355 Gorham street, opp. Court house.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

DR. A. THOMPSON'S PREVENTION AND CURE. It prevents and cures colds, pneumonia, attacks of fever, sore throat, sore lungs, hard or painful coughs, la grippe and rheumatism in any stage. All druggists, 25c. per bottle.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen, Bon Marche studio.

MADAME LENORE, clairvoyant and card reader, 71 Tyler street. Ladies 25c, gentlemen 50c. Hours 10 a. m. to 12 and 2 to 10 p. m.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 940 Central St.

MRS. FLETCHER, 769 Gorham street, trance business medium and card reader.

J. W. GREENLAW, carpenter and general jobber, 58 Middle street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 586-13.

DRINK GLORIA—Look out for imitations and don't be an easy mark for frauds. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 281 Middlesex street.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 180 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $3. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack street, opp. City hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief. Powerful combination. Used by 200,000 women. Price 25 cents. Druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects. Cures dandruff and itching scalp. Prevents falling hair. Harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 349 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants, and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in city. Merrimack Loan Co., 22 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, Room 28, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhas, Room 9, Barristers hall.

BUSINESS CHANCES

"THIS BEATS NEW JERSEY"—Charters procured under South Dakota laws for a few dollars; write for corporation laws, blanks, by-laws and forms to Philip Lawrence, late assistant secretary of state, Huron, Beadle Co., South Dakota.

WANTED

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms for man and wife on Broadway or Middlesex street. Address R. G., 159 Middlesex St.

BOARDERS WANTED at 357 Lincoln street, near Gorham street.

WANTED—One or two small children to take care of. Inquire Sun office.

WANTED—A couple of children to board by nurse of 20 years' experience in institutions; good home. Address K., Sun office.

WANTED—Boarders at the Temple cafe, 220 Middlesex street; gents $3; ladies $2 per week. Miss A. Frost, prop.

LADIES wishing to make their own dresses will now have the opportunity to learn the Penley Dress Cutting System at 62 London street. Come now.

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND—A small sum of money in Pollard's store Monday afternoon. Owner can have by calling at 506 Lawrence street.

LOST—Between Dracut and Lowell one rubber tire from a Goddard buggy. Reward for return to O. J. Poltras & Co., 53 Franklin street, Lawrence, Mass.

LOST—Locket and chain Saturday at Opera house. Return to 38 Union street.

LOST—A gold locket between Fletcher street and Merrimack square. The finder will please return to Sun office.

LOST—Oct. 5, a black cocker spaniel, with snip lip. Reward 50 Fulton street.

LOST—Between Wannalancit street and Middlesex street depot, $30 in bills. Liberal reward at Sun office.

LOST—Lady's pocketbook between Warwick and Westford streets, Sunday afternoon. Reward 104 Lawrence street.

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have by calling at 84 Chapel street.

LOST—In the vicinity of Andover street, a blue and cream colored parrot, white head. Reward for return to Dolan's block, Andover street.

LOST—Wednesday, Oct. 14, small gold open-face watch. Receive reward by returning to 12 Walker street.

THE LOWELL SUN

THREE EDITIONS DAILY.

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION FOR SEPTEMBER

The sworn daily average circulation of the Lowell Sun for the month of September, 1903, was **14,632** A gain of 1125 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, Oct. 1, 1903.

WILLIAM A. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

What will the Dowelites accomplish in New York? Nothing except to arouse curiosity as to their methods and their mission.

It is well to know that at last the city water service is to be permanently separated from the fire service of the mills.

The Somerville Journal seems to be afraid that Gaston will be elected. The Journal is warranted in this assumption since Captain Talbot sounded the general alarm.

Mark Hanna is endeavoring to show that the hub of the universe is in Ohio, and that he stands on the extreme end. Just at present he seems to be in great dread of falling off.

The wholesale arrest of the Chinese of Boston will set the celestials to thinking whether they have any rights which the police of Boston are bound to respect. If the Chinese would only declare their intention of becoming citizens both the political parties would be scampering to see which could do most for the protection of the Chinese.

WHERE A NEW BRIDGE IS NEEDED.

When the need of new bridges is being considered why is that flimsy, dangerous structure, the canal bridge on East Merrimack street, overlooked. It puts an unnecessary turn in that street and between the corner of the sidewalk in front of the Runels building and the car track there is not room enough for a wagon to pass. There is here actual need for a new bridge and a straightening of the sidewalk on the north side.

SENATOR LODGE AND RECIPROCITY.

A year ago, in the republican state convention, Senator Lodge was driven into a corner on the question of reciprocity with Canada. He did not want to favor reciprocity with Canada or any other country, but did not wish to say so. Hence he fell back upon the pretext that until Canada settled the Alaskan boundary question he would never favor reciprocity. Now that the boundary question is disposed of to Mr. Lodge's satisfaction, we wonder what argument he will have to offer against reciprocity.

NEED OF A MUSIC SCHOOL.

A musical union has been organized in one of the French Catholic churches. It is a power for good. Music schools in which working people can get instruction or training are too scarce. It would be a good thing if the city should conduct an evening school in music. It would provide at least a means of discovering musical talent and good voices among the poorer classes. At the present time some of the best musical talent in Lowell remains undiscovered and consequently undeveloped.

RICHARD OLNEY'S LETTER.

Hon. Richard Olney's letter to the Massachusetts Democratic club upon the issues in the state campaign is a rouser. It emphasizes what Col. William A. Gaston has been preaching throughout the state for the past month. Olney goes even further in assailing republican extravagance and republican assaults upon the principle of home rule for cities. Verily the campaign is getting very hot for Governor Bates and his lieutenants. They have been utterly unable to make any adequate answer to the charges hurled at them from democratic platforms. The republican campaign at the present time can be described only as "Confusion worse confounded."

THE CANADIANS PROTEST.

The Canadian commissioners on the boundary question refused to sign the Alaskan boundary decision, rather to save their popularity in Canada than as a protest against the justice of the award. There is no doubt that the decision is right and just, nor is there a doubt that King Edward would rather see the claims of the United States vindicated than have any cause for international unpleasantness. The protest of the Canadians will avail nothing except to preserve the good opinion of their compatriots.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY DECISION.

In the settlement of the Alaskan boundary question by a commission representing the United States and England, the former has won a great diplomatic victory. However clear our title may have been, the Canadians during the past few years had been piling clouds upon it until we almost came to believe that they were right and that we were mistaken. So little was known of the country that the boundary line was never definitely fixed except on paper until recent surveys following the discovery of gold in Alaska. It was then found that a continuous mountain range was assumed to exist where in reality it did not exist.

Alaska was ceded to the United States by Russia. It was agreed that the boundary should follow the summits of the mountains parallel to the coast and that wherever the summits are more than ten marine leagues inward the boundary shall follow a line parallel to the coast at that distance.

There were a great many territorial and legal questions involved, all requiring careful study and investigation and referring back to the treaty of 1825 between England and Russia under which the boundary was originally fixed.

We submitted the matter to a court of arbitration with the result that all the main contentions of Canada have been overruled.

Had we lost we should have had to part with a very rich mineral territory as large as the state of Maine and that includes the chief ports with a population of 20,000 Americans.

The best feature of the decision, however, is the amicable manner in which a question more important than many that led to destructive wars has been settled by a tribunal representing the parties to the controversy. It is an example which the other nations of the world may well follow. We doubt, however, whether any two nations of the old world would adopt this method of settling such a international dispute.

The nations of Europe are so jealous of one another that it is difficult to persuade the parties to an international dispute to adopt this method of reaching a peaceful settlement. Had a similar dispute arisen between Russia and England, the former would have sent her troops to take possession of the territory and would then invite the latter to put her out. The result might be a repetition of the Crimean war with greater loss of life; for the death-dealing engines of the present day are far ahead of those of half a century ago in their power of destruction.

The Alaskan boundary decision is to be hailed as a triumph for international peace that may well be emulated by the other nations of the world.

SEEN AND HEARD

The local lodge of Elks have several members on the sick list, among them being Daniel D. Driscoll, the former well-known oarsman.

A reader of The Sun asks: "When did the new standard of time go into effect in Lowell?" On November 18, 1883.

In preparing lists of the ten greatest books, all the judges seem to have overlooked the bank book.

"Tom" Bolton, the harness man, is selling out, and proposes to locate in the southwest. He is one of the most honest, genial men in Lowell, and his going away will be exceedingly regretted by a wide circle of friends. "Tom" was something of "Juer," having been connected with several local societies for years, and he was always an active, useful member. Mr. Bolton's friends wish him God-speed in his new home.

It is cheerful to record that there is less desertion from the United States army than there was a few years ago. There are two reasons for this: Our soldiers have more active duty than formerly; and also, an enlisted man is now permitted to buy his discharge if he gets tired of army life. Desertion used to be the only way; buying it out is really easier than running away, and besides it is much safer. Then again the hours of duty have been shortened, and other changes made to make life more endurable for the American soldier. Yet with all that, Lowell is a poor locality for enlistments, though the recruiting officers do their best to gather in raw recruits.

Several of the local banks cater for women's business, one of the banks having a special apartment for women customers. Some bankers have a prejudice against women depositors, because of their lack of punctuality, their indifferences to business rules, their tendency to overdraw and their inability to keep their balances straight; but close observers say such objections are unjust, and that when a woman once learns how to look after her money she gives very little trouble. So far as the matter of overdrafts is concerned they have more trouble from men, and men customers as a rule exact accommodations which women never expect. New York banks have a rule not to pay checks drawn by women in excess of their deposits, and therefore there is no loss on that account. Women have no notes to be discounted, no drafts to be cashed, and never ask for loans on doubtful collaterals.

There are all sorts of election schemes in this "land of the free," but we are shy on "barkers." The election "barker" is peculiar to France. At critical moments in a candidate's speech the "barker" puts him out by imitating a dog, and an efficient man at the business is worth good money at such times. Half a dozen of them in Paris are reputed to earn enough at election times to last them for a year. A "barker" would be useful to the local republican politicians who want to break into the county ring.

A FAIR DIVISION.

A story is told of an old farmer and his wife who agreed to separate. They had only one child.

"Everything friendly?" inquired a neighbor.

"Oh yes," replied the old man carelessly.

"No trouble about making a fair division of the property?"

"Oh, no. She gets the kid and the canned fruit, and I git the pig an' the apples. That's even enough ain't it?"

HIS CONCLUDING THOUGHT.

Thomas H. Byrne, the mill boy orator, made a ringing speech before the Ward Three Social club a few nights ago and while the members were delighted to hear Tommy talk they were not particularly taken with the way he ended. His concluding thought was as follows:

"Don't poison your neighbor's well, shoot his hogs, steal his wife, or burn his barn. Live at peace with all and let your motto be, 'Onward and Upward.' I may parenthetically and pathetically observe that unless all you fellows vote for me for representer in the 26th Middlesex district your motto will be 'Backward and Downward.'"

SETTLED AT LAST.

A legal luminary has come to the front and settled the hen question—a question that was productive of a great deal of argument and diligent searches for laws and ordinances. He told a lawyer interested in the case that an injunction could be issued against the hen cackling.

"But how can the issuing of an injunction against a cackling hen stop her cackling?" asked the ordinary lawyer.

"That's easy," said the legal luminary. "The hen presumably will disregard the injunction. This makes her guilty of contempt of court, and you can shoot a hen for contempt of court. Follow me?"

MIGHT HAVE STOPPED.

A poor fellow who had his legs taken off just below the knees may be seen struggling along the streets with the aid of crutches, his shortened legs shod with sole leather arrangements. There's pity in the heart of every man that sees him, but the pity of the ordinary uniforman is not as great as his fear of the company's command not to stop between white posts. I saw the poor fellow with his shortened legs signal a car to stop just as it turned the corner from Central to Merrimack street. The motorman saw him and pointed to the white post. The cripple had to renew his efforts and struggle on to the point indicated by the motorman. 'Tis well for conductors and motormen to observe the rules laid down for them, but there are times when a little departure from the rules would do no harm, and the instance cited here was one of them.

AN INQUISITIVE WOMAN.

A Lowell woman who made the ascent of the White Mountains by means of the cog railroad this summer is telling a story of a friend who accompanied her on her trip. Her friend was very nervous and asked the conductor a long list of tedious questions and her interview with him wound up as follows:

"Would the car go to the bottom of the mountain if the engine should give out?"

"No, I guess not."

"What would prevent it?"

"We would apply the brakes."

"If the brakes should break, what then?"

"Well, you notice there are wing-shaped projections on the sides of the car. They are arranged so as to catch the wind and impede the progress of the car."

"But if the wings should break, where would we go then?"

"I don't know," replied the conductor wearily, "it all depends upon what kind of a life you've led."

ADAMS

China Closets

The glass home for handsome china. There is no place that the dainty china looks as well as in a glass front cabinet. The housekeeper appreciates having the china kept free from dust also. Price,

$15 to $35

Adams & Co.,

Furniture and Carpets.

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block.

The Washington Savings Institution

Deposits Oct. 31, 1892

$49,024.10

Deposits Oct. 31, 1902

$1,052,000.00

A gain of over a million dollars in 10 years.

265 Central Street

GEORGE M. HARRIGAN, Treas.

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TO MEDITERRANEAN From Boston DIRECT

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Ivernia sails Nov. 7, Dec. 8.
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ANNUAL CONVENTION

OF THE UNITARIAN SUNDAY SCHOOL SOCIETY.

The following is the program of exercises for the annual convention of the Unitarian Sunday school society, which will be held at the First Unitarian church, this city, tomorrow and Thursday.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 4 p. m.

Kindergarten and primary department, Mrs. Clara Bancroft Beatley, principal of the Disciples school, Boston, will preside.

Address of greeting by the president of the Unitarian Sunday School society.

Four brief addresses by the following teachers:

Mrs. Mara S. Brooks, Brookline, Mass. Subject, "Underlying Principles."

Mrs. Clara H. Parker, Woburn, Mass. Subject, "The Song and Story."

Miss Lillian H. Poor, principal of Kindergarten, Bowditch school, Boston. Subject, "The Children of the Bible."

Mrs. Clara Wing Gould, Medford, Mass. Subject, "A Lesson for the Little People."

A half-hour of questions and discussion will follow the addresses.

Wednesday Evening at 7.45.

Five 15-minute addresses by the following speakers:

The Relation of the Sunday School to

1. Home. Speaker, Rev. Ida C. Hulton, Alston, Mass.
2. Church. Speaker, Rev. F. J. Gauld, Leominster, Mass.
3. Denomination. Speaker, Rev. B. R. Bulkeley, Beverly, Mass.
4. State. Speaker, Rev. A. P. Record, Newport, Mass.
5. Civilization. Speaker, Rev. Edward A. Horton, Boston, Mass.

Thursday, Oct. 22. Forenoon.

9.00. Devotional meeting conducted by Rev. Augustus M. Lord, Providence, R.I.
9.30. Opening of the business meeting of the society.
9.45. Reading of the directors' annual report by President Edward A. Horton.
10.15. Consideration of directors' report, discussion of amendments, election of officers and miscellaneous business.
11.00. Address by Rev. James Eells, First church of Boston. Subject, "Teaching by Parable and Story."
11.25. Address by Rev. W. F. Greenman, Watertown, Mass. Subject, "The New Lessons: Life Studies."
11.50. Address by Rev. C. F. Dole, Jamaica Plain, Mass. Subject, "The Main Object of the Sunday School."
12.15. General discussion and remarks. Speeches limited to five minutes each.
12.45. Intermission and collation.

Afternoon.

2.00. Opening of the afternoon session, transaction of unfinished business and other matters.
2.30. Three 25-minute addresses:

1. Rev. Edward Cummings, South Congregational church, Boston, Mass. Subject, "The Law of Progress and How to Teach Its Lessons."
2. Rev. A. S. Garver, Second Parish, Worcester, Mass. Subject, "Pictorial Aids in Sunday School Work."
3. Rev. W. W. Fenn, professor in Harvard Divinity school, Cambridge, Mass. Subject, "The Bible in Modern Scholarship."

3.45. General discussion and remarks. Speeches limited to three minutes each.
4.00. Adjournment.

Those in attendance at this annual meeting are entertained by: First Unitarian church, Rev. Charles T. Billings, pastor; Unity Congregational church, Rev. George C. Wright, pastor.

SUPPER AND SALE

UNDER AUSPICES OF WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

James A. Garfield, Women's Relief Corps, No. 33, Auxiliary to Post 120, G. A. R., held a well attended supper and sale at the headquarters of Post 120, G. A. R., last night.

A very appetizing supper was served from 5 until 8 o'clock and was well patronized.

The proceeds of the affair will be added to the fund of the corps. The kitchen was in charge of the following committee:

Paulina Crawford, chairman; assisted by Mesdames Greenleaf, Warden and Connell. The dining room was in charge of Mrs. Mary E. Offutt, chairman; assisted by Mrs. Katherine Robbins, Mrs. Lesthia Parker, Mrs. Juliette Blood, Mrs. Velina Perkins, and Miss Marion Connell.

The sales tables were in charge of the following committees: Fancy work, Mrs. Viola Farmer and Mrs. Dexter; handkerchief table, Mrs. Caroline Noyes; domestic table, Mrs. Annie F. Cheney, and Mr. Helen J. Talbot; apron table, Mrs. M. F. Smiley and Mrs. Storm; fancy quilt table, Mrs. Anne E. Tuttle; mystery table, Mary E. Smith.

A short entertainment consisting of vocal and literary exercises was given, and was very much appreciated.

FOUND DYNAMITE

ON BOSTON & NORTHERN TRACKS AT ANISQUAM.

By Associated Press to The Sun

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 20—What is believed to have been a second attempt to blow up a car on the Boston & Northern Street railway, was made public by the police yesterday. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

According to the statement given out by the police, a man and woman brought a stick of dynamite to the station Saturday afternoon and turned it over to the police with the information that it had been found on the Boston & Northern tracks near Anisquam bridge, in Anisquam.

An examination of the explosive which was in the form of a stick about seven inches in length, showed that four loaded caps had been put in place ready for detonation.

A similar stick of dynamite was found on the street railway company's tracks at Anisquam within a few hundred feet of the place where Saturday's find was made, about three weeks ago.

BILLY GARDNER

FAILED TO KEEP ENGAGEMENT WITH COFFEY.

By Associated Press to The Sun

FALL RIVER, Oct. 20—Billy Gardner of Lowell did not keep his engagement to meet Kid Coffey of New York in a 15-round contest here last night and George Ashley of this city was substituted. Ashley had not trained for the bout, but he made a creditable showing and gained the decision over the New York man after 18 fast rounds. The bell saved Coffey from a knockout in the final round.

PUTNAM & SON CO.

166 Central Street

Not One in Thirty

of the underwear manufacturers makes underwear to fit. He doesn't know how, or he won't take the trouble to work out the details. His method is to grind out so many thousand shirts and drawers, varying only in breast and waist measures. Short men and tall men are served with the same garment if they're the same circumference.

We have a manufacturer who produces for us underwear that fits as our clothes fit. Shorter sleeves and shorter legs for the stout man, besides regular sizes for the man of average proportion. In fine wool and merino — medium and heavy weights — white, natural wool and camel's hair. This underwear that fits from $1.00 to $2.00 per garment.

Union Suits made the same way

DUNN'S OPINION

Of the Andrews Street Powder Magazines

POWDER EXPERT EXPLAINS THE DANGER

To Special Committee on Explosives

As a result of the disagreement among the members of the special committee on explosives as to the advisability of demanding that the powder magazines in Andrews street be removed, the opinion of Capt. Dunn, the United States army expert, in relation thereto, is made public for the first time. The opinion is in reply to the following communication from the chairman of the committee:

"I write to request information relative to the magazines of the U. S. Cartridge company located in Andrews street, and designated as magazines Nos. 4 and 10. The company refuses to remove the magazines unless legally compelled to do so, which, it is very doubtful, can be done. They say that they will not store gunpowder in these magazines, but insist upon the right to store manufactured product.

"Would you kindly advise me to what extent there is danger in the storage of manufactured goods in these magazines, and if there would not be less danger if stored in a wooden building? Would you advise me that no explosive substance, either in balls or manufactured form be allowed to be stored in these magazines?

"Would you also kindly write a short specification as to the modern construction of a magazine, to be put in an ordinance, we are now preparing?"

Captain Dunn's communication in reply to the above reads as follows:

"I am in receipt of your letter of the 13th inst., which arrived during my temporary absence from the proving ground. I also received the copy of the newspaper containing report of the inquest, for which I have neglected to thank you.

"As to the position of the U. S. Cartridge company on the removal of their magazines, Nos. 4 and 10, I scarcely know what to say in the way of advice. My personal opinion is that no explosive material should be stored in a building so close to a dwelling as these magazines are.

"Of all explosive materials that could be stored in them, the least dangerous would be manufactured cartridges packed in regular boxes for shipment. In these cartridges the powder charges are separated and it would be very difficult—almost impossible—to produce a serious explosion. Even in a burning wooden building the cartridges would not be all exploded at once, consequently no great damage would be done by them. When the company speaks of storing its manufactured product, this, of course, includes primers in large quantities, and there is no question but what it could put a sufficient number of primers in one of these buildings to do serious damage in case of explosion. These primers would all explode together.

"It is not practicable to give you the specification you desire. There is nothing, even in the government service, such as standard specifications for the construction of the magazine. It is almost the same question as furnishing specifications for any other building, according to the use desired. A magazine could be large or small, or built of different materials. The only point is that protection should be furnished either by isolation or by earth traverses. Of course, if the building is placed underground, the best form of earth traverse is secured. A brick building is better for protection against fire than a wooden one, and yet, in case of explosion, without protection by traverses, a brick building is far more dangerous to surrounding dwellings on account of the projectiles that are formed by the detached bricks. No such projectiles would be found in a wooden structure, and therefore an explosion might occur with this building which would not destroy life.

"The only thing I see that you could do in the way of an ordinance would be to prescribe that no black powder or commercial smokeless powder greater in quantity than 50 pounds, and no percussion or detonating caps greater in quantity than one gross of commercial size boxes should be stored in any building within the city limits. I would be in favor of prohibiting the storing of dynamite and kindred high explosives in any quantity; but, if you think it best to allow this point, limit the quantity to ten pounds.

"Such an ordinance would, of course, conflict with the practice of the U. S. Cartridge company and would cause them to remove their present magazines, unless such ordinance would be contrary to the laws of the state of Massachusetts.

"You might, in connection with the ordinance, say that magazines for storage of larger quantities of explosives could be placed in the city provided they were put underground, or above ground protected by earth traverses extending at least to the top of the walls of the building; requiring also, that the buildings so used should not be located within one hundred yards of any dwelling.

"Respectfully yours,

"B. W. DUNN,

"Captain Ordnance Dept., U. S. A."

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

MERRILL'S BOND

SUIT WILL BE BROUGHT TO RECOVER IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—The prosecution in the case of Moody Merrill, banker and financier, through District Attorney Stevens, yesterday, ordered that suit be entered against the defendant's bondsmen for the forfeiture of the $10,000 bail unless he is produced.

The bondsmen who shared this surety are Isaac B. Rich and Marcellus Coggan.

The writ is returnable early in November and according to custom the defendant will be allowed about ten days in which to file an answer to the suit. If no step is taken before that time judgment will be entered.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

OFFICERS ELECTED

AT INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY CONVENTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 20.—Yesterday's sessions of the International Missionary convention of the Christian Church were given over to the foreign Christian Missionary society. The feature of the morning session was the reading of a telegram from ex-Gov. Drake of Iowa stating that he will give $5000 to start a bible college in India. Gov. Drake has already donated $5000 each for bible colleges in Japan and China.

President A. McLean of Cincinnati in his annual report stated that the society has a total of 12 stations and out-stations, at which are located 117 missionaries and 290 native helpers. The total receipts for the year were $210,000, an increase of $31,000 over last year.

The afternoon session was devoted principally to the reading of reports, the election of officers and addresses by well-known clergymen who urged a more vigorous campaign in mission work.

The following officers were elected: President, A. McLean, Cincinnati; recording secretary, S. M. Jefferson, Covington; treasurer, S. M. Cooper, Cincinnati; corresponding secretary, F. M. Rains, Cincinnati.

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Tel. 640. 36 Middle St.

Is Catarrh Your Life's Cloud?—Eminent nose and throat specialists in daily practice highly recommended Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder as safe, sure, permanent, painless and harmless in all cases of cold in the head, tonsilitis, hoarseness and catarrh. It gives relief in 10 minutes and banishes the disease like magic. Sold by Follin & Burkinshaw.—1d.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request

CRESCEUS' MILE

Great Stallion Beat Two Minute Mark

HE LOST NEARLY A SECOND BY BREAK

His Time Recorded as 1.59 3-4

By Associated Press to The Sun

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 2.—Cresceus, George Ketcham's sorrel stallion, once more established himself as king of trotters yesterday afternoon, when he not only circled the Wichita track in the remarkable time of 1.59¾, beating the two-minute mark set by Major Delmar and Lou Dillon, but he did it without the wind shield, which has come to be looked upon as almost a necessity to record breakers.

The day was ideal, and the track in perfect condition, while the horse himself was never better.

A. C. Jordan, a starter of 12 years' experience in association stands, was the starter, and also officiated as timer. The other timers were F. Stearns and H. F. Hamman, the judges were S. B. Amiden, B. H. Harndon and George S. Freeman, all responsible men and true sportsmen.

Watches held in the grand stand caught the time as low as 1.58; others two minutes. Probably 2000 people were present, the meeting being a special arranged to take the place of a two days' meet scheduled for last week.

At 2.30 o'clock Cresceus appeared on the track and was given a couple of miles to limber up, after which Mr. Ketcham sent him a mile in 2.15, announcing to friends later that it was the fastest mile he had ever been able to drive him without company. It was about 3.15 o'clock when the horse came out for the final test.

He was anxious, as was shown from the fact that when he scored down for the word he lost his stride and ran under the wire, an unusual thing for him, and noted by his driver as a good sign. The next time he came down like a whirlwind, with Mike the Tramp, his ever faithful running mate, just nosing ahead. Around the first turn they sped at terrific speed, making the first quarter in 30s flat. The half was reached in 59¾s., and the three-quarters in 1.30. At the home stretch the runner drew away from him and the great stallion went the rest of the journey alone. Just at the south end of the grand stand, about 100 feet from the wire, he struck his knee and lost his stride, but caught it again and went under the wire trotting like a machine.

When he returned to the stand he was given an ovation. President Irwin of the association and other admiring friends seized Driver Ketcham and carried him on their shoulders into the judges' stand. It is believed Cresceus lost fully three-quarters of a second by the break near the wire.

CHELSEA OFFICER

CAME TO THIS CITY YESTERDAY FOR MAURICE SPINGEN.

Maurice Spingen, wanted in Chelsea, for lewd and lascivious behavior, was arrested by Inspector Heatherweight of Chelsea and Officer Duncan of this city yesterday. Spingen was taken from a furniture store in Gorham street.

THEIR WINTER TOGS.

The police moved into their black helmets yesterday. The blue took the place of the gray and the "cops" know for sure that winter is at hand. It is not strange, perhaps, that some of the officers like the winter chapeau better than the summer one. The latter is lighter and the men who prefer the gray say that fellows who fancy the blue are governed by the thought that the blue is more becoming.

POLITICAL NOTES

James E. Donnelly, former member of the school committee from Ward Four is a candidate for the democratic nomination for purchasing agent.

The Ward Three Social club is certainly liberal when it invites "Tommy" Byrne, the independent candidate, to appear at its smoke talk and make a speech. "Tommy" was right there and made one of his characteristic orations.

Reps. O'Brien and McMahon were the guests at a smoke talk, held under the auspices of the democratic town committee of North Reading at that place, Friday night, and they received a royal reception from the democrats of the town. William Ryer presided and Messrs. O'Brien and McMahon were the principal speakers. They were assured the support of the united democracy of the town and vicinity, and were invited to speak at a democratic rally to be held in the town at an early date.

Last year there was a republican rally or smoke talk of some nature or other nearly every night in the week but this year they have been few and far between thus far. There are some uncharitable enough to assign no license as the cause for the falling off in the republican smoke talk enthusiasm though another reason is that there were no big fights before the caucuses, barring ward eight and hence few sore spots to heal up.

OFFICIAL DENIAL

ROOSEVELT AND CABINET HAVE NOT SPLIT.

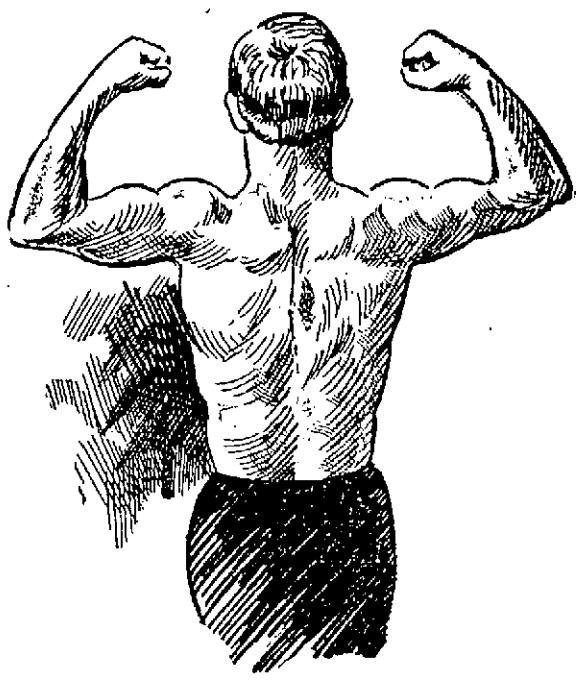
By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—President Roosevelt last night authorized the statement that there is no truth whatever in the rumors of differences of opinion between himself and Secretary Shaw or members of the cabinet, growing out of the report which has been made to him by Charles J. Bonaparte and Holmes Conrad of their investigations into charges affecting the postal service.

IRON-OX Tablets For the Bowels.

Not purgative nor cathartic, but gently laxative and tonic. For sale by druggists, 25 cents.

FIRST GAME



KINNON, NEW BASKET BALL PLAYER SIGNED BY MANAGER GRAY.

Chicopee Will be Here Saturday Night

Manager James Gray of the Lowell basket ball team is enthusiastic over the outlook for the season, which will open in this city Saturday night.

The first game will be an exhibition and will be played in Huntington hall with the Chicopee team, which is the old Marlboro aggregation.

Charlie Connors will referee and the teams will be picked from the following players:

Chicopee—J. Sheridan, Lynch, Punch, Bill Sheridan, Healey, Macalouski and McCarthy of the Connecticut league.

Lowell—Smith, Holleron, McKinnon, Allard, Fields, Tighe, Abbott and O'Neil.

The bleachers, fence and netting that Manager Gray purchased from "Bill" Parsons will be set up for the game. Play will be called at 8.30 o'clock.

Manager Gray says that in Smith he has the best man in the game today. Chicopee wanted Smith and made a claim for his services, but he was awarded to Lowell. He played with Chicopee last year.

McKinnon of Dorchester, the new player signed by Manager Gray, was in Lowell Sunday. He is a big, active fellow and has the looks of a strong player. He will be given a good chance to show his worth and if he stands the test, will be played regularly.

Capt. "Billy" Holleron wrote to Manager Gray yesterday as follows: "Don't sign any more players. Here is the team I want: Abbott and Holleron, backs; Allard and Joe Kynoch, forwards; and Cairns, centre. We have all these men but Kynoch and I think we can get him, so lay low and sign no more men yet."

All the local games will be played in Huntington hall. Lowell will open the league season in Haverhill, Oct. 29 and Haverhill will open in Lowell Nov. 3, state election night.

The Lowell team will practice Wednesday night in the C. M. A. C. clubhouse. The suits for the players will reach Lowell Saturday. The colors will be bottle green, cardinal and gray.

THE THEATRES

HEART OF CHICAGO AT ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Lincoln J. Carter's "Heart of Chicago" opened a three nights and daily matinee engagement at the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon.

The attendance that greeted the company in the afternoon was all that could be desired, the house being well filled, the audience being made up mostly of ladies. In the evening the house was also well filled, and as in the afternoon, the majority of those present were ladies.

This is a melodrama in which the plot is strongly brought out and told in an interesting and clever style and is interpreted by a splendidly balanced company, who read their lines in a forceful dramatic way. A space of twenty years elapses between the first and second acts, giving time to bring the plot to an interesting climax. In the fourth act is witnessed the thrilling railroad scene, in which the headlight of an engine appears in the distance and gradually approaching until the engine comes in full view, steaming and puffing as it approaches the footlights. The effect is most striking and realistic, and the applause given at this scene last night was so vociferous that it was necessary to ring the curtain up five times before the audience ceased applauding.

The first act is laid in Chicago at the time of the fire, and after a lapse of twenty years. The second act is also laid in Chicago. The third act brings the audience to Washington street, south of city hall, and the fourth act is at the draw bridge at Whiting, on the Central, where the great railroad scene is presented. The fifth and last act is in the home of John Ames and also the world's fair.

The leading roles of Edward Coleman and Robert Sage are taken by Garrette Campbell, who plays the different parts in an admirable manner, while Willard Bohman as John Ames, the arch villain, is at all times the centre of attraction. His many schemes and villainous ways bring hisses from the gallery, but his part is well played. Ravena Knowlton, as Emily Coleman and Miss Afton is well fitted for her parts. As Emily Coleman she is a devoted wife who scorns the offers of John Ames, while as Miss Afton she is a devoted daughter, and a strong admirer of her rescuer, Robert Sage.

The other parts are well taken and as a whole the company is a first-class one.

The performance of "The Heart of Chicago" is well worth witnessing and should be seen by the theatre goers of this city. Performances will be given this afternoon and evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

CASTO THEATRE

The fourth week of the Casto season opened Monday with well filled houses. The program this week is purely a comedy bill interspersed with high class singing, dancing and acrobatic work. Frank Gardiner and Lottie Vincent in Gardiner's original comedy, "An Idyl of the Links," scored an immense hit. The comedy is an exceptionally bright concection of witty lines, songs, clever dancing and acrobatic work. There is not a dull moment in it, and the action is spirited. As the golfer Mr. Gardiner is inexpressibly funny and as the love-lorn girl, Miss Vincent, who by the way is one of the original "Three Rosebuds," is very clever and pretty. The four Roberts presented the comedy of sentiment and fun entitled "The Doll Maker's Dilemma." This is a distinct departure from most comedy acts, and as presented by this clever quartet is most enjoyable. The troubles of poor Hans Meyer, the doll maker, are set forth in a ludicrous manner. Maud Day Caine made her first appearance in this city and was an immediate hit. For the first time here Miss Caine sang Mable McKinley's latest song success, "Anona." Her selections are very good and her voice is the sweetest heard on the Casto stage in some time. Kelly and Reno, "the wildman and the dummy," were great favorites, and the adventures of the dummy are startling and hilarious. Martella and Lancaster offered a novelty which was most enjoyable. The gentleman is an acrobatic comedian who does some difficult "stunts" without much effort, but in an exceedingly humorous manner. The lady is an acrobat and contortionist of the highest ability and the team was obliged to respond to several encores yesterday. Resnah and Miller, a comedy singing and dancing duo, were enthusiastic favorites. They have played here before and were a success, and this success they will repeat this year. The act is entirely new, the songs are up-to-date and as dancers they have no superiors. Harry Dudley is a tenor singer of great merit, and Alice Chesdyn is a talking and singing comedienne who was a favorite with the audiences. Reserved seats will be in demand this week and can be secured by calling telephone 815-3.

A LEAKY BOAT

HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR DEATH OF TWO YOUNG MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—A leaky boat is held to be responsible for the supposed death of Orlando P., and Frank L. Higgins, brothers, of Somerville. The young men have been missing since Sunday morning and yesterday their relatives and the police reluctantly concluded that they had been lost during a squall. They left home Sunday for East Boston, with the intention of proceeding in the boat to South Boston. It is thought that the craft either filled with water or was capsized during a squall. Orlando Higgins was a printer and was 28 years old. His brother was 26. Both men were married.

PONTIFICAL MAJOR DOMO.

By Associated Press to The Sun

ROME, Oct. 20—Mgr. Bisleti has been named pontifical major domo in succession to Mgr. Deagwodo.

Nearly A "Century" Run"

The oldest and the favorite family remedy prescribed by physicians is

Johnson's Anodyne LINIMENT

Originated in 1810, it is to-day universally admitted to be the best of all cures for coughs, colds, croup, catarrh, bronchitis, la grippe, lameness, sore muscles, and all pain and inflammation in any part of the body. Take internally or use externally. 25 cents and 50 cents.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

DEAD MEN

Tell no tales, neither do dead newspapers. The Sun is alive and will tell your advertising tale to the masses. Have you an advertising tale to tell? Tell it in The Sun. The people will read it, and your success is certain.

The Sun leads all other local papers in circulation and is by far the cheapest and most effective advertising medium in Lowell. It is

IT IS . . . .

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

NO MORE MIDWAY

Middlesex North Society Cuts It Out

AND LIKEWISE THE HORSE TROTS

Fair Henceforth Will be Purely Agricultural

The Middlesex North Agricultural society will run no more midways or horse trots at its fairs, and the public henceforth must be content with the contemplation of well rounded swine and heavyweight "punkins."

The decision to abandon the latter day fair features was reached at a meeting of the trustees, held at the Merrimac House, this city, yesterday afternoon, and came after a discussion of the growing debt of the society. The trustees realize that they could not compete with Brockton, Rochester and other paices and decided not to try. The vote was practically unanimous that in order to reduce expenses the midway, horse trotting and other "costly and unprofitable features" will henceforth be eliminated from the fair.

There was a large attendance, 28 being present, and President Albert H. Trull occupied the chair. A. A. Upton of North Reading sent in his resignation as a vice president and Elliott B. French of Tewksbury resigned as trustee. Both resignations were accepted. Joshua Clark of Tewksbury was chosen trustee to succeed Mr. French and Arthur H. Cluer of Lowell vice president to succeed Mr. Upton. The latter's resignation was due to declining health, after a membership of 40 years, and the trustees voted to send him a letter of appreciation of his long service.

The reports of the treasurer and auditor were presented and accepted. Geo. W. Trull was elected committee on institutes. The premium list was adopted with some revisions intended to improve it. The next annual fair will be held about the same date as this year.

GANG OF BANDITS

Took Possession of Oregon Town

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEWBURG, Oregon, Oct. 20—For two hours yesterday this place was practically under control of a gang of bandits whose object was to blow up the building of the Bank of Newburg and loot the vault.

Though several charges of dynamite exploded, the steel failed to give way and the bandits departed. The vault contained probably $20,000. The building was practically wrecked.

BIENNIAL SESSION

OF SUPREME COUNCIL, 33D DEGREE MASONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The supreme council, 33d degree, of Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons of the southern jurisdiction, met yesterday in biennial session. Congressman James D. Richardson of Tennessee, grand commander, presided. His biennial allocution in which he declared his intention of retiring from politics after his present term in congress and devoting himself to his masonic obligations, was the principal feature of the day.

In his address Mr. Richardson said the masonic order was the strenuous enemy of nihilism, socialism, communism, anarchism and those who seek to breed revolts and outbreaks against law and order.

He strongly urged the discontinuance of the use of intoxicants at the public banquets and functions of the council and those of subordinate bodies.

McLAUGHLIN WON

Old Leader Retains His Power

CARL SCHURZ IS OUT FOR FUSION

Tammany is Making an Aggressive Fight

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20—Kings county's regular democratic organization repudiated Tammany, Edward M. Grout and Charles V. Fornes and indorsed the stand taken by Hugh McLaughlin at a meeting of its county committee last night. McLaughlin retains his leadership, and the plan to extend Tammany's authority to Brooklyn will have to wait.

Senator P. H. McCarren, acting in behalf of Charles F. Murphy, forced the meeting of the county committee for the purpose of compelling the machine to throw McLaughlin overboard and to swallow Grout and Fornes. He offered a resolution embodying this idea and made a speech in support of it. Mr. McLaughlin's supporters silently offered a substitute resolution which practically referred the entire subject to Mr. McLaughlin himself. The substitute was adopted by the county committee by a vote of 146 to 141.

Mr. McLaughlin retains control of both the county and the executive committees and the party machinery in his hands, ignored by Tammany and by Mr. McClellan, will be used to bring about the defeat of the ticket headed by Mr. McClellan. If Mr. Murphy should elect his candidate the war on McLaughlin will be renewed with the aid of the municipal patronage, and Mr. McLaughlin's margin of seven votes in a total of 289 was too narrow to encourage him to submit to a further trial of strength.

In a most vigorous manner yesterday Carl I. Schurz announced his advocacy of the fusion cause. He said: "There is only one very simple question before the people: Do the citizens of New York wish to continue to be decently governed? Then they must elect Low and his associates. Do they wish to be again robbed and blackmailed and disgraced? Then they will vote for McClellan and the Tammany crew. Whatever efforts be made to obscure the matter by sideshows the pretence that a Tammany victory this year would benefit the democratic party in the presidential election next year is especially grotesque."

Senator Platt returned to the Fifth Avenue hotel yesterday, from his wedding trip, and declared himself ready to do any rough and tumble fighting for the fusion ticket he might be called to take part in.

NEW WARSHIPS

Preparing for Government Trial Speed

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20—Two United States warships, both practically completed, although still in the hands of their builders, are in the harbor here prepared for the official government speed test over the Cape Ann course. The battleship Missouri, which arrived from Newport News last evening, will go over the course on Wednesday, and on Thursday the protected cruiser Denver, which arrived Sunday evening from Philadelphia, will be tried over the same course. The Missouri, which is a sistership to the new Maine and the Ohio, and with one exception the largest warship which has ever been tried off this coast, will be required to make 18 knots an hour for four hours, while the requirements for the Denver call for 16.5 knots an hour for four hours.

The Missouri is the product of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, while the Denver was built by Neafie & Levy of Philadelphia.

There are also in the harbor five other vessels of the navy which will be used as mark boats, the cruisers Chicago, Baltimore, Atlanta and Buffalo and the tug Iwana. These vessels will take up their positions between Cape Ann and Cape Porpoise early Wednesday morning.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Merrimack Council, No. 7, I. O. O. F., met in Odd Fellows' Temple in Middlesex street last evening with a fairly large attendance. A communication was received that the grand master and his suite would visit the Merrimack Council on Nov. 2. Routine business was transacted and a committee appointed to arrange for the reception of the officers of the grand lodge. A meeting will be held Monday evening next, when the report of the committee appointed last night will be heard.

Wamesit Lodge, No. 7102, I. O. O. F., Manchester Unity, celebrated its eleventh anniversary last night. The evening program opened with a regular meeting, at which four applications were acted upon. At 8 o'clock a supper was served, followed by a literary and musical entertainment in charge of Mr. John H. Jackson. The proceedings were brought to a close by the presentation of framed past grand's emblems to seventeen past officers of the lodge. The presentation was made by Past Grands Fernley and Jackson, Dist. Grand Master Smith and John Orrell, P. S. About one hundred and fifty were present.

BANK CLOSED

THE ASSISTANT CASHIER IS MISSING.

By Associated Press to The Sun

MANKATO, Minn., Oct. 20—The Mapleton State bank was closed yesterday pending an investigation of the books.

The assistant cashier, Alfred A. Buck has disappeared. Mr. Buck went to Walker a week ago Saturday on business and left there ostensibly for nothing has been heard from him. He is the only son of Judge Daniel Buck of this city, a former justice of the Supreme court, who is president and owner of half the stock of the bank.

A letter from the missing officer was found saying that his shortage was $18,700 with the bank and between $7,000 and $8,000 with his father, who has placed personal funds in his possession to loan. The capital stock of the bank is but $10,700 and the deposits $62,000.

The surplus is nearly $6,000, and this and the assessment will nearly cover the losses. Reports from Mapleton yesterday afternoon said that the shortage has been found to be $20,000, but that the bank will reopen in two or three days. Judge Buck places his loss at $21,000.

PLATFORM

OF MASSACHUSETTS DEMOCRACY 1903

We reaffirm the principles of democracy, which are eternal and immutable, and vary only in their application and expression as the needs and dangers of our country demand. The democratic party, still the bulwark of the people against privilege, the defender of the man against the dollar, shall fight the trust oligarchy now as it fought the political oligarchy with Jefferson. The republican party, once the party of Lincoln, has deserted the creed of its founders and betrayed their principles; the democratic party is true to itself at its best.

First of all, we place the question whether those laws shall continue which put the livelihood of eighty millions of people in the power of the few; which enable the same hands that control the railroads to control the mines, that control the banks to control the treasury, that own the people's necessities to own the people's government. The trusts—monopolies made by law—entrenched behind a prohibitive tariff, buttressed subsidies and special rates, plunder our people with the one hand, while with the other they reach foreign conquest and sell their product cheap abroad that they may sell it dear at home. We condemn the hypocrisy of that party which, admitting the evil, makes the remedy dependent upon a constitutional amendment, which it never intends to pass; which creates a great bureau of state to investigate and does not investigate; which calls off its president when too fresh upon their trail. We despise that hypocrisy which outdoes populism in placing the treasury money at the service of favored banks, contemplates an asset currency or loans secured by bonds of municipalities designated to favor political exigencies or at the caprice of the secretary of the treasury, and breaks the law to favor Wall street speculators. We despise that hypocrisy which in the Pennsylvania platform condemns the coal trust, while Quay refuses to enforce the Pennsylvania constitution, which forbids the railroads to control the coal mines. And we are dismayed at the "world of graft" where congressmen sell everything to their own government, from gloves to tombstones, where needed improvements in the postal service, such as package delivery and the international postal convention, are prevented because money has been stolen in the frauds of the department or wanted on railroad rates; where the Indians are cheated of their lands for the profit of the beef or cattle trust, and even the Dawes commission is perverted to an agency of swindlers; where the five hundred millions to be spent for national irrigation improvements is pre-empted by the beet-sugar trust, or the land-grabs of senators and senators' friends. We favor immediate regulation of trusts under the interstate commerce and taxation powers of congress, and the admission free of duty on articles controlled by the trusts on raw materials of manufacture and the necessaries of life.

We condemn the policy of conquest and subjugation, not only for its injustice and danger abroad, its sacrifice of the Monroe doctrine and reliance on powerful armaments alone, its waste of life and health and treasure against a pitiful money profit, its policy of competition with the cheap labor of Asia, but for its betrayal of the principles of the founders and its corruption of American manhood; setting the false ideal of war before American youth and resulting in a militarism which arbitrarily promotes or degrades its servants. We demand that Cuba be treated as we promised; we demand that the Philippines be treated like Cuba. As citizens, the Philippines endanger our civilization; as subjects, they make our republic an empire.

Reciprocity with Canada, long the hope of Massachusetts, must soon be achieved or abandoned forever. The blind selfishness of high protection renders inevitable a blow at our commerce that will fall most heavily upon this community. Forced by the hostility of republican tariff policy to adopt preferential duties which give advantages to England in Canada's market, Canada now contemplates a retaliatory tariff to exclude American goods from her market. We demand as a natural right an opportunity to preserve and enlarge our commerce with our northern neighbor. We urge that the broadest grounds of national policy as well as considerations of local advantage require the restoration of amicable relations, and call upon our representatives in congress to labor for its accomplishment. The republican party has repudiated the doctrine of William McKinley that "the period of exclusiveness is passed," and its solemn pledges in behalf of reciprocity, repeated in successive platforms, were but empty sound.

We hold that the principles of a civil service reform should not be deserted by an official, however high, or for a political exigency however great. And we say again that United States senators should be elected by the people and not by legislatures packed or corrupted. We want this great reform now; not by the vain pretense of asking for a constitutional amendment but by state legislation allowing the people to express their choice of senatorial candidates at the polls. The national senate is becoming a wealthy oligarchy, self-perpetuating and all-powerful, and we again condemn its usurpation of powers and patronage not given it by the Constitution.

We demand legislation throughout the country which shall equalize the hours of labor, shorten the hours of women and children, prohibit the labor of the very young in factories and protect our mechanics and our employers by bringing other states to the Massachusetts standing. We demand from congress a national labor code which shall limit the hours of continuous employment of railroad engineers, telegraph operators and switchmen, and generally protect all trainmen and others engaged in interstate commerce, by uniform law throughout the country. We condemn the abuse by some federal courts of the high writ of injunction in matters which are primarily subject to police control under the criminal law of the state; and we believe that without crippling the necessary powers of courts of equity but for the guidance of the judges themselves there should be legislation defining the limits of imprisonment for contempt. We favor tribunals for voluntary arbitration in all labor disputes, with power to enforce their decrees, particularly in matters affected with a public interest or industries producing coal or other necessaries of life.

We charge that the republican party, in its national policy today, stands squarely against the interests of Massachusetts. It opposes free coal, free iron, free meat, free hides, free lumber and admits that it does so. It "stands pat" on the Dingley tariff and snaps back the duty on anthracite coal.

Coming to its state record we censure its extravagance, its increased state tax, its wasteful creation of offices. Its long continuance in power has resulted in the creation of numerous permanent boards, responsible to no one, which usurp the powers of the legislature and degrade its character, and deprive the executive of his prerogative. By its rotation system in towns it has kept able men from the legislature; by its mortgage of offices years ahead it has transformed our executive to a cut-and-dried succession. Only a change of party can remedy these abuses.

We condemn the sacrifice of our home interests by its congressmen under orders from Washington by our legislature under orders from New York. In congress it has failed sufficiently to improve our harbor; it has opposed the building of the Cape Cod canal at the behest of railroads, which railroads it has given into New York control. We call attention to the deterioration of our railroad service, the discrimination against the port of Boston, both by the railroads and the New York shipping trust, the higher freights, the loss of trade. We demand an interstate commerce commission that can fix rates. We promise an administration that shall demand fair treatment for this state, and, if not accorded, revoke leases of our railroads, as the laws provide. This we ask, with good shipping laws, that our maritime supremacy be restored and Boston enjoy again the full advantage of its Atlantic harbor and its situation only 40 miles form a direct all-water route to New York.

While in favor of a corporation law which shall enable Massachusetts men to do business under Massachusetts charters, protect the public from irresponsible foreign corporations and give the safeguard of Massachusetts courts, we censure the action of the General Court in departing from the recommendations of its own commission, particularly in matters of taxation, thereby discriminating in favor of, or wholly exempting, the larger trusts; and we demand that the law be so amended as to secure equality of taxation, to hold directors to a stricter accountability for the truth of all returns made to the state and to the public, and finally to require of all trusts and foreign corporations doing business in Massachusetts the same publicity and equivalent taxation to that imposed upon our corporations.

We believe in allowing to the individual citizen in the conduct of his life the largest measure of personal liberty consistent with the maintenance of law and order and with the rights of others. Lawful business should not be hampered by unnecessary restrictions, nor innocent recreation forbidden. We are tired of interference with local self-government. We demand that the political liberty of Boston be restored and that no city or town be hampered or restricted of its liberties by state law without a referendum to the voters therein, and that a referendum shall be granted in all proper cases upon petition of a fair proportion of the voters concerned.

We demand the abolition of the state police commission, which exists in defiance of the will of the people of Boston, over whom it exercises absolute rule in three branches of government. Boston is singled out in the commonwealth and branded as unfit to grant its licenses, control its police and list its voters.

The infliction of this new system upon the city against its official protest, and for reasons already proved groundless, was the culmination of partisan discrimination. The governmental powers still remaining within its control may be seized upon pretexts as baseless as those urged for the last usurpation. The way is being prepared rapidly by this invasion of municipal rights for the tyranny of a state boss.

We believe in public control and ownership in proper cases of public utilities, and that, while it is dangerous and destructive of individual freedom to burden our political system with the operation of ordinary industries, all monopolies belong to the people who grant the franchise, and therefore should be sold at auction or granted in consideration of advantages secured to the public, and we call public attention to the failure of the republican legislature to pass such a law, though favored in the governor's message. We believe that the city or town affected should have the right to vote, by referendum, on any law which gives away its property or abridges its civic rights.

Equal rights for all men, be they black or white, Christian or Hebrew, colonist or continental, is the democratic watchword which still we hope our country may carry through the world. We should condemn lynchings in the south or in the north, as we condemn massacres in Russia or murders in the Philippines. Hence we favor an early declaration of our purpose in the Philippines and oppose the repeal of the 14th or 15th amendment.

We believe that the mission of America is one of peace; that the Monroe doctrine was better than conquered colonies; that civilization by trade is better than civilization by canon; that our problems are social and domestic, not military and European; that we should govern others as we govern ourselves, and in the principles of the Declaration of Independence.

The report of the resolution committee was accepted and its provisions adopted.

EVERY HORSE KNOWS HIS OATS—

that's one thing you can't fool him on. After he has once munched the well cleaned, sound and appetizing sort we supply he will accept any other only with reluctance. Our grain and feed for live stock of all kinds are well and favorably known—this only to spread the good word still further.

PAUL VIGEANT & CO.

241-245 MOODY STREET

TELEPHONE 393-2

MERRIMACK RIVER SAVINGS BANK

417 MIDDLESEX ST.

Money Deposited Now Goes on Interest

SATURDAY,

Nov. 7th

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

CANADA BALKED

Would Not Sign Alaskan Tribunal Decision

By Associated Press to The Sun

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A draft of the decision reached by the Alaska boundary commissioners was signed by a majority of the commissioners last evening.

Messrs. Aglesworth and Jette, the Canadian commissioners, refused to sign.

The decision grants all the American contentions with the exception of the one relating to the Portland canal.

The signatories were Lord Chief Justice Alverstone and Senator Lodge, Senator Turner and Secretary Root, the American commissioners.

They constituted a majority and insured finality.

Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette carried their outspoken disapproval of the decision to the point of refusing to sign even that section of the decision giving the Portland canal to Canada, and they emphasized their attitude by walking out of the cabinet room in the foreign office before the signatures of the others had been affixed to the historical document which has already been printed and is ready for the session to be held tomorrow.

The only thing remaining to be done at this session is for the majority of the tribunal to complete and sign the map which accompanies the decision and which minutely determines the course of the boundary in accordance with the American contentions.

An engrossed copy of the decision also will be signed on Tuesday.

The refusal of Messrs. Aylesworth and Jette to coincide in Lord Alverstone's view was only known to a few persons here last night, but at the foreign office and in high government circles it has created a painful impression.

There is no hope expressed that the Canadian commissioners will reconsider their attitude and sign the engrossed copy of the decision, which will stand as the international record of the tribunal's finding.

FAIRBANK'S EXPLANATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 20—United States Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, who was chairman of the American members of the joint high commission that met at Quebec in 1898 to consider the Alaskan boundary question, last night gave an explanation of the dispute over the boundary and a brief outline of the subject. He said:

"The decision of the Alaskan boundary commission is merely a recognition of the rights of the United States which they purchased from Russia in 1867. In a treaty between Russia and Great Britain in 1825, the boundary between the two countries in Alaska was fixed and when the United States purchased Alaska she acquired the territory which belonged to Russia and which was defined in the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain.

"The dispute with which the commission has been concerned is the boundary of Mount St. Elias. The American contention was that under the treaty between Russia and Great Britain, the latter was to be excluded from an outlet to the ocean and that the coast line should follow around the heads of all of the inlets, while the British contended that the line should run from headland to headland. If their contention had prevailed, Skagway, Dyea and other settlements many miles from the mounts of the inlets would have fallen into British territory. Under the decision, these belong to the United States, as we have always contended.

"There was some ground of dispute as to the line entering Portland Canal. The entrance to Portland Canal is in north latitude 54.40, being the northern boundary of Canada on the Pacific coast. Lying at the mouth of the canal are two islands, known as Wales and Pearse Islands. The American contention was that the line entered the canal on the southeast side of these islands, while the British contended that it lay along the northwest side of them.

"The decision of the boundary commission is substantially in accordance with the uniform claim of the United States, which was maintained by the joint high commission at both Quebec and Washington.

"The decision is eminently just to both the United States and Great Britain. A question of dispute has been settled in an honorable way and one serious cause of friction between two neighborly powers has been removed. In short, the rights of the two countries have been officially recognized and neither has lost any substantial interest to which it had a right."

M is the Man who sells booze on the sly,
And tries to make coin in the town while it's dry.
Who's not forced to rent a big store and then stock it.
His profits are made from his little hip pocket.

An Illustrated Alphabet for Spindle City Readers

The Full Dinner Pail

of most of the highest type of workingmen contains a liberal supply of bread made from Pillsbury's Best Flour.

HE USED A KNIFE

Foreman is Accused of Murder

DISPUTE OVER WOOD CHOPPING ENDED FATALLY

Accused Man Claims Self-Defense

By Associated Press to The Sun

BENNINGTON, Vt., Oct. 20.—The fifth murder to take place in Rensselaer county in as many years took place at East Schodack, Saturday afternoon, when George Thompson, a laborer in a lumber camp, was almost instantly killed by Jacob Holser, a foreman of the gang.

Last spring Holser and his wife went to the place, hired a large building, and ran the camp boarding house. Saturday morning Holser and Thompson, who had been good friends, had a dispute as to who was the best chopper. Words brought about blows, and the result was that Thompson overcame Holser. Later, Holser warned Thompson that, if he came near him, he would kill him with an axe.

Soon after, the quarrel was renewed, and after much wrangling, the men clinched again and both fell to the ground and struggled for some time. Thompson was again getting the better of Holser when the latter got a pocketknife with a blade three inches long out of his pocket and opened it.

With an almost superhuman effort, he rolled his antagonist over, and, getting on top of him, brought the knife down with full force. It sank deep into the heart of Mr. Thompson, who gave a few gasps and died. When Holser saw the result, he told some of his fellow-workmen what he had done, and gave himself up. He claims that he acted in self-defence. He is now in the Rensselaer jail awaiting a hearing.

Thompson had quite a reputation as an athlete. He was over six feet high and weighed over 200 pounds. Holser was a much lighter man.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Kennedy's Oysterettes
The Oyster Cracker with a taste to it.

Are You Going Away
If so you should call at Devine's Trunk Store. We can save you money enough to pay your car fare, either on a trunk or Gladstone suit case or any other thing in the trunk line. Remember the place.
P. F. DEVINE'S TRUNK STORE
88 MERRIMACK STREET.

FEAR OF ARREST

Drove Young Man to Suicide

By Associated Press to The Sun

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20—Crazed by fear of arrest in connection with the robbery of the Manhattan hotel at Point Richmond last Saturday night, George Nottingham, son of a wealthy resident of Walnut Creek, shot and killed himself in the room of his divorced wife yesterday.

Walter Nottingham, the younger of the brothers, was arrested at Martinez Saturday night and made a confession of the robbery. The dead man left a note in which he exonerated his brother of intentional wrongdoing, saying that he committed the crime and forced his brother to participate.

After the robbery the two men escaped and two deputy sheriffs started in pursuit. In West Berkeley the deputies met the brothers. George Nottingham jumped behind his brother, drew two revolvers and opened fire, which a sheriff returned.

The brothers then retreated, closely followed by the officers. After the battle, which covered nearly two blocks, the men jumped behind some bushes and made off in the darkness.

TEXTILE SCHOOL

THE EVENING CLASSES OPENED LAST NIGHT.

The opening session of the evening classes of the Textile school was held last night. The evening students have the option of entering for one or more of the six courses and arrangements are made so far as possible for each to take such a section of each course as is best suited to his occupation in the mill. The list of courses is as follows:

Cotton spinning, woolen spinning and worsted spinning, designing, chemistry and dyeing, warp preparation and weaving, mechanical engineering. Certificates are awarded for the satisfactory completion of either of the above courses. Diplomas are awarded in exchange for certificates in those subjects which go to make up any one of the regular diploma courses.

The number of students enrolled this year is far greater than the number at the opening session of last year. The majority of the members of the entering class are from this city, Lawrence, Andover and Boston.

The list of instructors is as follows:

Principal and professor of mechanical engineering, William W. Crosby, S. B. M. E.; professor of textile design and fabric structure, Fenwick Umpleby; professor of chemistry and dyeing, Louis A. Olney, A. C.; head instructor in warp preparation and weaving, William Nelson; head instructor in woolen and worsted spinning, Edgar H. Barker; head instructor in cotton spinning, Otis L. Humphrey; instructor in chemistry, G. Carl Spencer, S. B.; instructor in mechanical engineering, George H. Perkins, S. B.; instructor in woolen and worsted spinning and finishing, Arthur A. Stewart, instructor in chemistry, W. W. Braman, S. B.; instructor in cotton spinning, Stephen E. Smith; instructors in dyeing, Mr. Mattieson and Mr. Moffatt; instructor in power weaving, Edward Nelson; instructor in electrical engineering, G. B. Oberr, S. B.; instructor in textile design, Arthur Ferguson.

If we lie, we contract debts that have to be met in future loss and unpleasantness. The publisher who lies about the circulation of his paper, not only injures himself, but attracts the average merchant to an atmosphere of injustice and falsehood.

CREW ESCAPED

Men Destitute and Suffered Hardships

By Associated Press to The Sun

OTTAWA, Oct. 20—After suffering terrible hardships in a 600-mile march through the wilds of Northern Canada, Captain Ferry and 47 members of the crew of the steamer Eldorado of Liverpool passed through this city yesterday on route for Montreal.

The Eldorado, a ship of 350 tons burden, struck an unchartered rock at the entrance of Hudson bay, near Fort George, and sank. Every member of the crew succeeded in getting ashore, but they were completely destitute of provisions and saved only the clothing they wore. The march through the wilderness for 42 days covered nearly 600 miles.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

N. E. LEAGUE

FINES HAVERHILL FOR NON-APPEARANCE.

The failure of the Haverhill team to put in an appearance, August 6, at New Bedford, was among the matters considered by the New England league at a special meeting on Saturday at the Revere House, Boston. Manager Doe of New Bedford lost $336.38 by Haverhill's absence, and after a hearing he was allowed $294.20.

The transfer of the Haverhill club from John J. Linehan to "Connie" Driscoll was ratified.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

WINS HER HEART

Food That Helps Baby and the Family Pleases Mother.

Show a mother how to feed her baby so that it will be healthy, rosy and plump and grow up strong and sturdy and the mother's gratitude is everlasting.

A mother says: "Five weeks ago I weaned baby but could not get her to take any kind of food until I tried Grape-Nuts which she relished from the first and on it she has plumped up and blossomed into a fat, chubby little girl.

"I feed Grape-Nuts to her regularly and use three packages a week for baby and my three-year-old boy alone, and I find that it regulates their bowels and keeps them nourished, strong and in good health all the time.

"Since feeding my children on Grape-Nuts I have used absolutely no medicine for either of them. Such food as this that does such wonders wins its ways to a mother's heart. Please accept our thanks for the good your food has done in our family where we all eat it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Children will grow up strong and healthy or weak and puny according to the food given. Grape-Nuts is a complete and perfect food made on scientific lines and this is easily proved by trial.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

POLES MUST GO

Wire Committee Takes a Firm Stand

Against Postal Telegraph Company—Wires Must Come Down if Company Has to Go Out of Business—Miskella Declares for Municipal Ownership of Conduits and No Free Franchises

The committee on wires of the city council at a meeting, yesterday afternoon, opened up a discussion which promises to involve the entire city ere it is settled, for the committee after its predecessors had successfully "ducked" it for several years took up the matter of obtaining revenue from the granting of franchises, incidentally touching upon the question of municipal ownership of underground conduits.

No definite action was taken by the committee but they made a commendable start and undoubtedly will receive the endorsement of a large majority of the public.

Alderman Derby presided and there were present Messrs. Miskella and Casey of the committee, Wire Inspector McElholm, Edward D. McVey, Esq., and Manager Grover of the N. E. Tel. and Tel. company.

The city is on the verge of a war with the Postal and Western Union Telegraph companies, as the result of short-sighted action taken by the city council of 1900.

At that time the city council voted that all telephone and electric wires in the principal streets would have to come down by Jan. 1, 1904, and at the same time granted permission to lay conduits in those streets to the Lowell Electric Light Co., and the N. E. Tel. and Tel. company.

Alderman Miskella, now chairman of the board of aldermen, was then a member of the city council and he protested vigorously against such action. He saw reasons why permission should not be given to these companies to place their conduits in the city's streets and at that time he brought his objections before the board in emphatic words. He saw, too, the urgent necessity of installing conduits for the reception of telephone and electric wires and he argued that the city should lay the conduits and levy a reasonable tax on all corporations desiring to use them.

But the city council went ahead without heeding the protest of Mr. Miskella, and the latter then predicted a serious condition of affairs at the expiration of the time limit, and the conditions have come about exactly as Mr. Miskella predicted.

The Electric Light and Telephone companies have built conduits sufficiently large for their own use and have placed their wires under ground and are now ready to remove their poles. But the Western Union and Postal Union companies, not having pole locations of their own, have their wires on these poles about to be removed. Now if the poles are removed the telegraph companies have no place to go with their wires and will be put out of business temporarily and hence the clash.

The wire committee met yesterday afternoon to consider the petition and the Postal Telegraph company for permission to purchase and maintain the poles now owned by the Telephone company and occupied by the Postal wires. It also considered the petition of the Telephone company for permission to lay conduits in Merrimack street from city hall to Cabot street, which brought out the question of municipal ownership and free franchises and it also heard a letter from the Western Union company in which that company politely informs the committee that the company is not subject to municipal authority.

When the petition to purchase the poles was sent in by the Postal Telegraph Co., Alderman Miskella moved that the petitioners be given leave to withdraw and spoke in opposition to the petition.

A petition of the Boston & Northern street railway for a pole location in New Appleton street, between Central and Gorham streets, was first taken up. It was voted that the location be viewed before any action be taken.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

A petition of the New England Telegraph and Telephone company asking for permission to lay conduits for underground wires in Merrimack street, from city hall to Cabot street, was read.

Alderman Miskella said that he would not favor granting the petition under consideration. "It brings back to my mind," he said, "a few years ago when the city government, through their generosity, gave the companies the right to lay conduits under certain conditions. I have seen the disadvantage of granting these unconditional franchises now. I believe that no company should be given privileges to build any more conduits here, and if it is necessary that conduits be constructed for the company's wires I think the city should build them. If companies put their wires underground, either because they are forced to or from choice, I think that the city should get a good substantial rental for conduits."

Alderman Casey agreed with him and seconded what he said.

E. D. McVey, who was present, was asked to address the committee. Mr. McVey readily consented and spoke in an interesting strain for a quarter of an hour. He said:

"It is a delicate question, this granting of petitions to these public service corporations. Deliberation in matters of this kind is very essential and your committee should study out what is best for the community before any more of these unconditional franchises are granted. I am not personally interested in matters of the local concern, but I am vitally interested in the petitions of the Postal and Western Union Telegraph companies with regard to the purchasing of poles in the principal streets.

"My opinion is that the city has power, notwithstanding the federal decisions on similar questions which it would seem are favorable to the corporations."

Manager C. F. Grover of the local office of the Telephone company was present on invitation and at this time was asked to explain why his company had petitioned for more conduits. Mr. Grover said:

"The petition is brought out at this time by reason of a contract between the city and Lowell Electric Light company, whereby the company agreed to place all wires under ground: We have had our wires on the poles accrued by the Electric Light company and since these are to be removed we felt that we had to ask for locations. We are now depending upon these poles altogether for providing upper Merrimack street with service. It comes to a condition where one or three things must be done. We must either keep our locations on poles, get an underground permit or terminate our contract with our patrons in that section of the city.

Mr. Grover was asked if his company would rent conduits from the city and he replied that he would like time to consult higher authority before answering the question, and it was moved that he be requested to consult such authority and ascertain the company's attitude for the committee.

Mr. Grover stated that if the service were terminated through a failure of the city to grant the petition only about 30 subscribers would be affected, so he thought the company would not go to much bother to retain the wires.

The matter was laid on the table pending action of the telephone company in regard to the question put to Mr. Grover.

POLES MUST GO.

Then came the petition of the telephone company for permission to remove its poles from the principal streets, which are the poles that the telegraph companies are trying to buy.

Alderman Miskella asked the superintendent of wires "What would be the result if we granted this petition today?" Superintendent McElholm said that the poles would come down and the Postal company would have to go out of business.

Mr. Derby asked Manager Grover if the Postal company paid rental for the use of the poles. He replied that none had been paid, but that rental could have been collected all along if the company had so desired.

Mr. Miskella said that if the telephone company could let space on their poles for wires of other companies the city should be reimbursed for granting the privilege in the first place.

THE DIE IS CAST.

It was then voted that the telephone company be given until January 1, 1904 to remove its poles from the down town streets.

Alderman Miskella then moved that all matters pertaining to the Postal company which might come before the committee in the future should be referred to the city solicitor so that he can prepare his data in the event of any legal proceedings. It was so voted.

A communication from the Western Union company with regard to the call box system was then read. It is the same as the one read before the aldermen a short time ago. After its perusal it was ordered referred to the city solicitor.

Many petitions for telephone pole locations were then read and acted upon.

The committee in acting upon new petitions for telephone pole locations voted that the sites be viewed and thus final action was deferred pending the view.

Mr. Miskella moved that the petition of the New England Telephone company be laid on the table for the time being, and that the petition of the Postal Telegraph and Cable company of New York be taken up and acted upon.

The petition was then read by Mr. Derby. It asked that permission be granted the company to purchase poles of the New England Telephone company, upon which their wires are now located. The company stated in its petition that it would have no means of conducting its business in this city unless the petition was granted. A brief discussion on the question ensued and before any action was taken another petition from the Postal company was read, asking for pole locations to string wires for messenger boxes about the down town streets. Mr. Casey said that it would be the height of inconsistency to grant either of the company's petitions. He said that when the city ordered that all wires in the principal streets be placed underground they aimed at clearing the streets of the poles and that the two local companies, the New England Telephone and the Lowell Electric Light company, were put to a great expense in placing their wires underground. After a brief discussion Alderman Miskella moved that the Postal company be given leave to withdraw on both petitions. The motion prevailed.

PUBLIC HEARINGS

On Relation of Employer to Employe

The following notice which applies to the public as well was received by Mayor Howe, yesterday:

Dear Sir:—The commission to revise the laws concerning the relations between employer and employe will give public hearings in room 444, State House, Boston, as follows:—

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 10 a. m.—Hours of labor, holidays, attachment and assignment of wages, arbitration, etc.

Wednesday, Oct. 28, 10 a. m.—Injunctions and conduct of strikes, including picketing, boycotting, blacklisting, violence and intimidation.

Thursday, Oct. 29, 10 a. m.—Employers' liability; workingmen's compensation for accidents, and insurance.

All persons desiring to present to the committee anything pertaining to the above subjects are invited to be present.

Unless otherwise ordered, the hearing on the 29th will close the public hearings given by the committee.

HENRY STERLING,
Secretary.

California Prune Wafers

Cure Biliousness *and* Constipation

The best family medicine for old *and* young. Made from fresh California Prunes, they contain in a highly concentrated form all the medical properties *of* a healthful laxative without any mineral or other objectionable ingredients

100 WAFERS, 25 CENTS

YOU CAN EAT WHAT YOU PLEASE if you follow each meal with a CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFER which quickly dissolves the most indigestible food, and helps to carry it through and out of the system in a gentle and healthful manner, without the slightest pain, griping or nausea.

SOLD BY ELLINGWOOD & CO., BRUNELLE'S PHARMACY, FRED HOWARD, A. E. MOORS, A. W. DOWS & CO., GEORGE A. WILLSON & CO., A. F. STORY & CO., PLUNKETT'S PHARMACY, FALLS & BURKINSHAW, JAMES O'BRIEN & CO.

THE REMARKABLE MUNICIPAL TANGLE IN NEW YORK

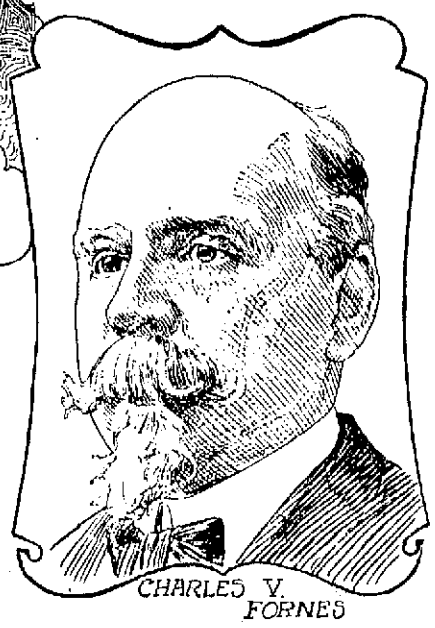
THE eyes of the country have for some time been centered on New York, where the most unique municipal campaign in the history of that city has been going on accompanied by vigor and invective unparalleled in mayoralty electioneering. To outsiders the complications that have arisen since Mayor Seth Low was renominated by the Republican and Citizens' Union conventions and Congressman George B. McClellan was named by the Democrats may be amusing, but to those immediately concerned, the people of Greater New York, there is little of the humorous in the situation. The trouble arises not from the fact that there are several candidates for mayor in the field, but because two of the men originally nominated by the fusionists—Edward M. Grout as comptroller and Charles V. Fornes as president of the board of aldermen—were later indorsed by the Democratic city convention. The result of this was that Mr. Grout and Mr. Fornes were forced off the fusion ticket by their embittered nominators, who asserted through ex-Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff that their nomination on the Republican ticket was made with the stipulation that they would not accept nominations on any ticket hostile to the Republican party, and they found themselves fought tooth and nail by the very men who were first to voice the sentiment that they should be given a renomination.

When these gentlemen were elected two years ago, Mr. Grout to the office of comptroller and Mr. Fornes to the presidency of the board of aldermen, they stood upon a fusion ticket indorsed by the Citizens' Union, the Republican party, the German American Reform union and the Greater New York Democracy, the party led by John C. Sheehan, formerly leader of Tammany Hall. The action of Tammany in indorsing their candidacy this year was regarded on all sides as a clever move by Leader Murphy to disrupt the forces formerly aligned against the tiger and to draw many votes which, with Grout and Fornes on the fusion ticket, would ordinarily be cast for fusion rather than for Tammany. The situation from a Tammany standpoint was complicated, however, by the action of the Kings county Democracy, headed by that veteran politician Hugh McLaughlin. The Brooklynites predicted disaster to the ticket in the event of the nomination of Messrs. Grout and Fornes. In the convention itself the Kings county Democrats cast their votes for two of their own men for comptroller and for president of the board of aldermen and steadfastly refused to make the nominations of Grout and Fornes unanimous, although they joined in declaring for George B. McClellan, the Democratic nominee for mayor, after their choice, Judge Gaynor, had been defeated. As may be imagined, the feeling on both sides was very bitter, and there has been a great raking over of old stubble.

EDWARD M. GROUT

SETH LOW.

GEO. B. McCLELLAN



CHARLES V. FORNES

Edward M. Grout has in times past affiliated with the independent Democrats, and in the recent correspondence with R. Fulton Cutting, chairman of the executive committee of the Citizens' Union, he has made no secret of the fact that his sympathies are with the Democratic party. Indeed, he has several times been honored by his party. He was the regular Democratic candidate for mayor of Brooklyn in the last municipal campaign held in that city before it became a portion of Greater New York, being defeated. In the first election held under the Greater New York charter Mr. Grout was the regular Democratic candidate for the presidency of Brooklyn borough. He was elected, but in 1901 accepted the fusion nomination for comptroller. His bitter denunciation during that campaign of the organization with which he had previously affiliated has rankled with the regulars and was responsible for the unbending attitude of the Kings county Democracy toward Mr. Grout when he was taken up by Tammany after he had been nominated by the Citizens' Union for comptroller.

According to a friendly biographer, it was entirely owing to Mr. Grout's efforts that the office of borough president assumed the dignity which it enjoys today in the municipal administration of New York. When he was elected borough president of Brooklyn Mr. Grout discovered, this biographer informs us, that the framers of the charter had created an office which was of little importance, and his first impulse was to resign. However that may be, he began an energetic campaign looking to the enlargement of the powers of his office, and it was through his activity in this direction that the provisions were inserted in the revised charter of the greater city making the borough president almost as powerful as the mayor and giving him large control over local institutions and improvements.

Mr. Fornes is a successful New York merchant who, although he has been actively identified with the business interests of Gotham for close upon thirty years and has been more or less interested in politics during that period, was only once a candidate for office prior to his election as president of the board of aldermen. In 1896 he ran for congress as a gold Democrat, his opponents being Lemuel Ely Quigg on the Republican ticket and John Quincy Adams, the Tammany nominee, Mr. Quigg being elected.

The fight over Messrs. Grout and Fornes excited more interest than the mayoralty campaign itself, but it goes without saying that the spellbinders of the opposing parties are incessantly active in their defense of and attack upon the administration of Mayor Low. The candidacy of the well known former chief of police, William S. Devery, who is running for the office of mayor on a platform that covers a great deal of ground, is not regarded seriously by the supporters of either Mr. Low or Mr. McClellan, although Chief Devery, it is evident, is very much in earnest in his endeavor to get himself elected mayor. His appearance in the field is the outcome of the action of the last Democratic state convention in refusing to recognize the delegation headed by him and, later, of Tammany's refusal to accept him as district leader and give him a place in the councils of the organization. So he had himself nominated for mayor and has since been waging a very picturesque campaign, filling his admirers with delight and good things to eat and drink. There are many who look upon Devery as a "joke," but it would not be wise for such to voice sentiments to this effect in his home district.

All in all, the situation is such as to confound the most expert politician, and not until the smoke of battle has cleared away will it be possible to estimate with any degree of exactitude the result of this in many ways the most remarkable municipal electoral struggle ever waged in the United States.

FRANCIS C. HARTLEY.

CANNIBALISM QUITE NATURAL.

Cannibalism and its origin has found an ingenious explanation from the pen of a Parisian doctor. This authority holds that in the primitive ages when man was unprovided with weapons he satisfied his carnivorous appetite with the weakest of his brethren, as being less capable of resistance than the beasts of the field.

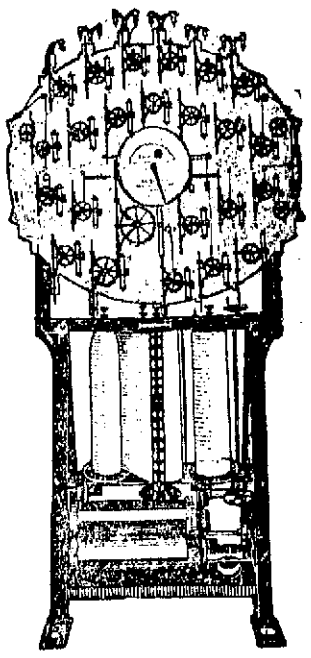
As civilization crept on members of a tribe ceased to eat their own people, but chose those of some different community whom they might have been able to overpower. By and by when weapons of defense and attack came into use men found their own race more difficult to overcome and accordingly turned for their daily nourishment to animals as less capable of defending themselves by artificial assistance.

From this M. Joulin argues that to kill one's own kind from hunger and for the victor to eat the vanquished were quite natural and excusable.

AN INGENIOUS MACHINE FOR PREDICTING TIDES.

The tide predictor is one of the most ingenious machines ever constructed. The first apparatus of the sort was built in England, where it was invented by Lord Kelvin, but there are now several of them in important maritime centers.

The principle of the tide indicator is the geometric construction known as



harmonic motion, the machine by an ingenious arrangement of pulleys and cylinders working out the result of the various tidal constituents and tracing on the drum a tidal curve, from which the tide table is constructed. The prediction of a year's tides can in this way be run off in about four hours, though great skill and care are required in manipulating the apparatus.

WHENCE COLORS COME.

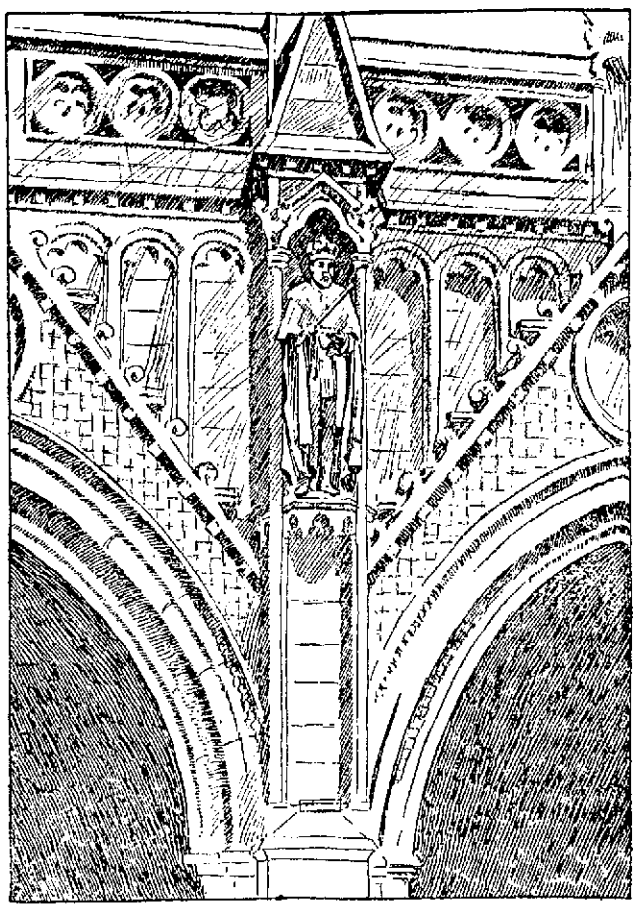
Bone black and ivory black are produced from ivory chips; gamboge is derived from the yellow sap of a Siamese tree, and crimson, carmine and scarlet are all formed from the cochineal insect.

Sepia is the inky fluid ejected by the cuttlefish when attacked to render its presence invisible in the water.

Raw umber and raw sienna are natural earths found near Umbria and Sienna, respectively, while the camel is the producer of Indian yellow.

INTERESTING PERSONS, SCENES AND THINGS OF NOTE

KING EDWARD AS A CHURCH STATUE.



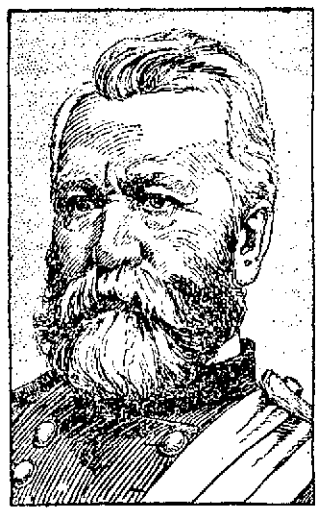
Edward VII. of England shares with the kaiser the honor of being immortalized in a church statue. His effigy in stone appears over the porch of Truro cathedral. Work on the cathedral was begun in 1880, when King Edward, as duke of Cornwall, laid the foundation stone. Truro cathedral is of especial interest because it is the first cathedral built since the cessation of cathedral building in the middle ages.

CINGALESE DEVIL DANCERS.

This is not a burlesque dance, as may be supposed from the grotesque costumes of the natives shown in the illustration. The picture represents a group of famatic Cingalese prepared for one of the dances that they believe will propitiate their demon gods in cases of sickness. The photograph from which the picture was made was taken at Kandy, Ceylon.

EDUCATOR OF THE FEUDISTS.

General O. O. Howard, whose latest portrait is herewith reproduced, is one of the best friends the rough and ready mountaineers of Kentucky and Tennessee possess. He has for some time been conducting an educational campaign in the feud districts, it being his

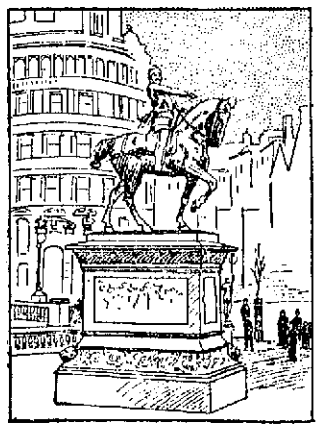


GENERAL O. O. HOWARD.

belief that the solution of the feud problem lies in educating the mountaineers. It was largely owing to his efforts that Lincoln Memorial university, near Cumberland Gap, Tenn., was established. Here many young men and women from the mountains have been educated and started in useful careers.

EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF THE BLACK PRINCE.

Not long ago there was unveiled at Leeds a statue of the Black Prince which is considered by connoisseurs the finest bit of equestrian sintuary that the tight little island possesses. The statue is the work of Sculptor Brock and was presented to the city, together with other beautiful works of art, by Colonel Harding, an alderman of Leeds,



who has also been a generous contributor to the collections in the Fine Art gallery of that city. In recognition of his generosity and of the part he has taken in promoting the artistic tastes and possessions of the people of Leeds the colonel has been presented with the freedom of the city, the presentation being made the occasion of a great public demonstration of the esteem in which he is held by his fellow townsmen.

INDIA'S MOST GORGEOUS RAJAH.

This is not a picture of a character in comic opera, as one would naturally assume. Instead it is a very excellent likeness of a young man who is known as "India's most gorgeous rajah." He revels in the title of Rajah Madhava Singh. He was formerly the ruling

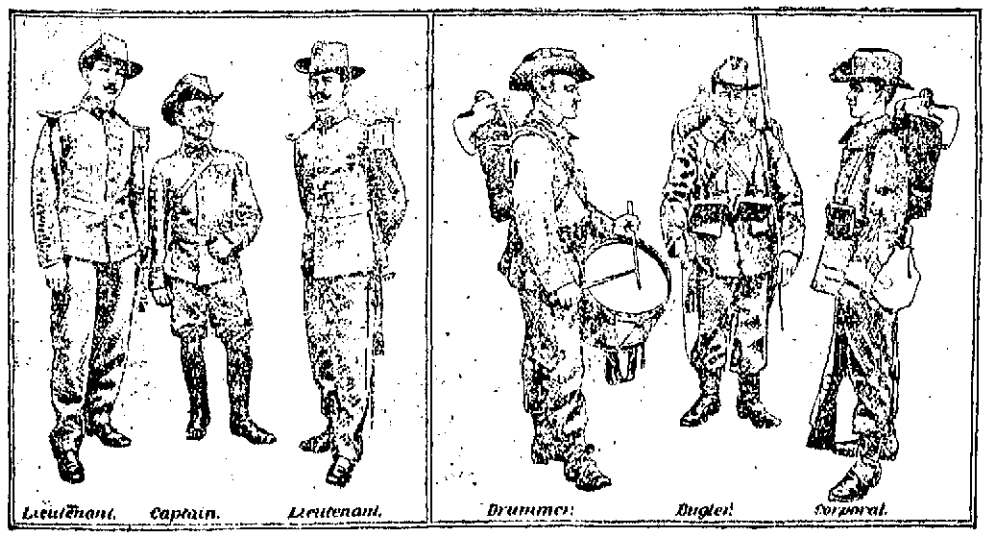
RAJAH MADHAVA SINGH.

chief of Panuah, having succeeded his father in 1898. Three years later his people declared with practical unanimity that Madhava had been thoughtless enough to be implicated in the death of his uncle. He was thereupon deposed and is now merely one of the quarter million Pannahians instead of their ruler.

PRESIDENT LOUBET OF FRANCE RECEIVING A VISIT FROM HIS AGED MOTHER.

President Loubet of France recently said that while there were many good women in his country, there was no one, in his opinion, so good as the old lady shown in the illustration. She is the mother of the chief executive of France, and the scene depicted was enacted recently at the latter's country estate near Drome upon the occasion of a visit from Mme. Loubet to her distinguished and democratic son.

THE NEW UNIFORMS OF THE FRENCH ARMY.



Until the South Africa war opened the eyes of military authorities to the serious consequences of sending soldiers to war clad in bright and gaudy uniforms, offering splendid marks to the enemy's rifleman, the French army uniforms were designed with an eye to the picturesque rather than the utilitarian and were of types that tickled the vanity of officers and privates alike. Recently, however, a radical reform has been effected, and the French soldier of today is arrayed in a uniform which, as the illustration shows, is anything but picturesque. It is, however, unobtrusive, and the likelihood is that it will be the means of greatly reducing the mortality among the troops in the next war in which France may be engaged.

AUSTRIA'S FUTURE EMPRESS.

Although the personality of the Archduchess Otto of Austria, a portrait of whom is herewith reproduced, is but little known outside the empire, the archduchess is of international interest owing to the fact that in all probability she will live to see herself empress of Austria. Even if her husband does not become emperor- for he has an older brother who contracted a morganatic marriage--she will take rank as the first lady of the empire.

LOCAL NEWS

Coal—$6.75 at Stanley's.

Printer—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

Business printing, Lawler Print'g Co.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Tel. 439-4.

Colonial class every Tuesday evening, Associate hall; Middlesex orchestra. Gentlemen, 25 cents; ladies, 15 cents.

The Babbitt Optical Co., formerly at 28 Dutton street, now permanently located at Bon Marche Building, Suite 19. Take the elevator.

COLLEGE INITIAL

LOWELL BOY DOING GOOD WORK ON FOOTBALL TEAM.

Harry Coburn of this city is at Dartmouth college and is first substitute for the varsity football team and if events are natural with him in the game he will win the college initial. Coburn played his first game with the Beachmont foot ball team and later he filled the position of full back on the high school team. He is strong, fast, cool headed and, according to all accounts, has developed wonderfully under Dartmouth's professional training.

DEVERY AND ODELL

HELD MEETING AT FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

By Associated Press to The Sun

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, reiterated yesterday that William S. Devery and Gov. Odell had met at the Fifth Avenue hotel recently.

"They met," said Mr. Murphy. "I did not expect Devery to admit it. Nor could we expect any similar admission from Odell. I have positive proof of their meeting. They were seen there."

The Tammany leader was asked if he had anything to say to the report that Tammany Hall had gathered a fund of $200,000 for campaign purposes from disorderly housekeepers and others of that kind.

"There is no such fund," said Mr. Murphy. "Nor would such a fund collected from that source be used by this organization."

Mr. Murphy said the heavy registration showed the popular interest in the campaign determined not to permit the city to fall into the hands of "upstate" grafters.

M. Lynn Bruce, chairman of the republic county committee said yesterday:

"The registration was very gratifying. It is now a case of working all the time until election and we will win."

Mr. Bruce was asked what he thought of the statement made by Murphy last night to the effect that William S. Devery had conferred with Gov. Odell.

"That shows how panicky they are," replied Mr. Bruce. "It is absurd to make such ridiculous statements. They have no foundation."

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devoe Lead and Zinc than mixed paints. Wears longer; twice as long as lead and oil.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

OLNEY'S LETTER

HON. RICHARD OLNEY.

Former Cabinet Officer Writes to Democrats

By Associated Press to The Sun

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Two hundred or more members of the Massachusetts Democratic club dined at the Revere House last night, hurrahed and cheered for Gaston and Olney, listened to speeches by the candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor, Chairman William S. McNary of the state committee, and Charles S. Hamlin, and heard confident predictions made of the defeat of Gov. Bates, not by a few scattering votes, but, as Mr. McNary put it, by a good, big substantial plurality.

But the most interesting feature of the dinner was the reading of a letter from the Hon. Richard Olney. The gathering got an inkling of what was coming when Chairman Corcoran arose, the letter in his hand, and proceeded to cheer with great enthusiasm for its author. It was several seconds before there was sufficient quiet to permit the reading of the letter, and at its conclusion there were more cheers. Mr. Olney wrote as follows:

The Hon. John W. Corcoran, president Democratic club of Massachusetts—Dear Sir: I am unable, for imperative personal reasons, to attend the dinner of the Democratic club, to take place this evening. But I am unwilling to forego the opportunity to say that the attitude of the Massachusetts democracy in the current campaign entirely accords with my own wishes and sentiments. It is especially commendable, in my judgment, that state issues are made a leading figure of the canvass. That course is justified not merely by the fact that only state officers are to be chosen. It is the right and expedient course, because, notwithstanding all the United States stands for, and the great space it fills in the popular eye, the people of a state, so far as their welfare and happiness depend upon good laws and their administration, must look chiefly, indeed almost altogether, to the government of the state.

The role of the republican party seems to be to complacently assume that there are no state issues of consequence—that all criticisms of the past and all suggestions for the future are mere "trivialities." If we are going into the subject of "trivialities" it is pertinent to notice that nothing more petty and frivolous has yet been injected into the campaign than the insinuation that the democratic candidate for secretary of state is objectionable as being an ex-confederate soldier. The author of this remarkable suggestion is no less a person than his excellency—a candidate for re-election and eulogized by Senator Hoar as measuring fully up to the standard of his great office. Is Senator Hoar mistaken in his man, or do we get, in his eulogism, the republican estimate of the size and pattern of man fit for the governorship of Massachusetts?

Let us look for a moment at what the republican party dismisses as democratic "trivialities":

1. The gross debt of the state between 1893, Russell's last year, and 1902, increased from $35,000,000 to $54,000,000, and the net debt from $13,000,000 to $66,000,000, increased by more than $5,000,000 this year. What, if any, is the justification of this extraordinary increase?

2. The state tax for this year is increased by $1,000,000—the best reason for which, as given by the auditor, is that it is such a little one—a reason suggesting that our auditor has been consorting with some of the New York captains of finance.

3. The city of Boston is put in the pillory as a community so unfit for local self-government that it cannot even police the city properly or ascertain and register its qualified voters. Is Boston thus discredited and disabled for any good reason or simply because, being a city of pronounced democratic proclivities, it is considered good republican politics to keep it under the republican thumb?

4. Though a tolerably peaceful, well-disposed and law-abiding people, we are the most tremendously governed community in this country, if not in Christendom—some 300 men sitting every year, and half of every year, to make new laws for us; while to get the laws executed there are, besides the governor and council, and the ordinary courts of justice, some 40 to 50 administrative boards and commissioners. Is this large aggregation of governmental machinery really required for a population numbering less than 3,000,000 of souls? If we can't do anything else, isn't it just possible that we could live and thrive with a few less boards and commissions?

5. By a common consent the character of the Massachusetts legislatures has of late years been steadily deteriorating and the general court of 1903 has seemed to be without friends or defenders in any quarter. Is the Massachusetts breed of men degenerating, or is the tendency of long and unchecked republican domination to bring inferior men to the front and to posts of great trust and power into feeble and incompetent hands?

These are some of the trivialities which republicans find it convenient not to notice. Their attitude is the same upon state as upon national questions. It is concisely expressed by the phrase to "stand pat." "Stand pat" is certainly a comfortable doctrine for republican office-holders, since it means that they are to keep their places, that whatever has been done is to be acquiesced in and condoned, and that only friends and partisans are to have that inside and first-hand information, that access to records, books, accounts, papers and facts generally, which is absolutely necessary to determine whether the republican party has been a faithful steward of the public interests so long intrusted to its charge. Will such an argument and appeal long satisfy and convince the people of the state? It certainly will not if they are wise and true to their own interests. It certainly will not if they read aright the object lessons afforded by the recent scandals at Washington. In spite of the immense official pressure naturally brought to bear to prevent exposures of "graft," peculations, malversations in office and other irregularities in the executive departments of the general government are constantly coming to the surface and inevitably give rise to the suspicion that for one case that is shown up there are many others which will never see the light. The fact is—and it is the same with the state as with the nation—long and unbroken tenure of power by one political party is inevitably demoralizing and fatal to its usefulness. When not honey-combed with corruption, as is too often the case, it loses its capacity for a sound and efficient administration of public affairs. Government under it becomes something in which place-men, rather than the people governed, are the first consideration; in which the rule of the boss is chronic and despotic; in which sinecures flourish because old offices are never abolished and new ones are constantly created; in which public stations of importance become the prizes of men of inferior ability and worth; and in which large expenditures as potent sources of influence and votes present temptations too strong to be resisted. That Massachusetts is suffering more or less from these mischiefs, and to a degree not ascertainable so long as the republican party continues in the saddle, only the most extreme partisan will have the hardihood to deny. It is equally true that relief from them is not to be looked for within the party itself. It must come from without, and cannot reasonably be expected from those who are legally and morally responsible for it. I remain, very truly yours,

RICHARD OLNEY.

23 Court street, Boston, Oct. 19, 1903.

Col. Gaston, who was accorded a vociferous ovation, again discussed the state debt, reiterating several of the charges he has previously made in relation to the state's expenditures as being extravagant and wasteful. In support of his assertion that Massachusetts has the greatest debt of any state in the Union, Col. Gaston gave the figures of debt of 11 states, and, anticipating that the republican reply to this charge might be to claim that such a comparison is not fair, because in Massachusetts the state has taken upon itself many public works, the cost of which in other states is borne by the cities or counties, he gave a table showing the combined debt of the counties, cities and towns of other states and of Massachusetts. Col Gaston claimed, in view of his presentation on this subject, that he was warranted in asserting that the state debt in Massachusetts would never disappear under republican rule.

Egypta, Huntington Hall, tonight.

TWO FRAUDS.

The merchant who would try to sell a pair of shoes without opening the box in which they came from the factory, would be regarded as a fraud and a trickster, and the newspaper which denies to the advertiser all the information he desires in reference to its circulation, must not expect the confidence of its patrons.

WEATHER WRETCHED

But with all the tough weather of last week we did a very good business. That's because we have the right goods at right prices.

This week we have for you a beautiful line of Trimmed Hats, priced from $4.00 to $7.50. They're all right—made them ourselves.

Big values in Black Ostrich from $1.98 up to $7.50. Fine goods that you'll pay more for elsewhere.

Outing and Children's Hats from $1.98 up to as high as you want to go.

We want you to get your order in early this week. We shall be rushed the last of the week.

HEAD & SHAW
...THE MILLINERS...
169 MERRIMACK STREET

NEW YORK CLOAK AND SUIT CO.

Ready-to-Wear Garments for Ladies and Misses

A few words with you regarding our SUIT SALE. The low prices we have made to start the season has had its effect. Style and Quality considered, our prices are beyond competition.

SUITS AT $10.75, $12.75, $15.00, $16.75, $18.75, $19.50 and upwards. Come and look them over, and be convinced of their merits.

New Fall and Winter Capes

A Fine Kersey at $5.98. Others at $6.75, $7.50 to $25.00. All good values.

Walking Skirts

At $2.98 we are selling the finest skirt ever offered; colors, black and blue. Others, $3.98, $4.98, $5.75 and upwards.

Dress Skirt

At $3.98 a skirt perfect in fit, neatly trimmed; value, $5.00. At $3.98.

Waists, Rain Coats and Furs

Large assortment, correct styles, lowest prices. Come early and receive the two-fold benefit, "PRICE AND ASSORTMENT."

12 JOHN STREET

C. F. KEYES - - Auctioneer

OFFICE, OLD B. & M. STATION, GREEN ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Wednesday, Oct. 21, 1903, at 3 o'clock

THE RESIDENCE AT NO. 100 MT. WASHINGTON STREET, CONSISTING OF AN EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING HOUSE AND ABOUT 5400 SQUARE FEET OF LAND.

Regardless of what the weather might be, absolute sale will be made of the above property. Mr. Bolton not enjoying the best of health for the past few years, has decided to move to the far South, and his home which we offer for sale is as neat and as pretty a spot for a small dwelling as one would desire. It sets on the brink of the hill surrounded by a beautiful lawn, has fruit trees, shrubberies, creeping vines, a nice grape-vine and all the requirements of nature to beautify a home. The house contains eight rooms, bath, pantry, unfinished attic, and a fine, dry, cemented cellar. It is heated throughout with steam by one of Scannell & Wholley's best horizontal boilers, is lighted by gas, hot and cold water, and the only thing needed to make it perfect in every respect is a coat of paint on the outside.

The lot contains about 5400 square feet of land with a frontage of about 44 square feet on Mt. Washington street, and runs about 130 feet deep. It is bordered on the southerly side by a stone wall and has also a heavy stone wall in the rear. It has concrete walks and an entrance to cellar by bulkhead. The location is all that could be desired, having a very high elevation and being clustered in the best of neighborhoods; it is but a few minutes' walk to the Pawtuckville or Broadway line of electrics, and if you are looking for or thinking of purchasing a small home, make no mistake in allowing this sale to pass without giving it some attention.

TERMS: $350 must be deposited with the auctioneer as soon as struck off. Other terms made known at sale.

Immediately After Selling the Residence

I WILL DISPOSE OF SEVERAL LOTS OF FURNITURE INCLUDING A CUSTOM-MADE PARLOR SET, SIX PIECES; A BEAUTIFUL LARGE 6½ FOOT DARK OAK MANTEL, CUSTOM-MADE, LARGE BRUSSELS CARPET, COUCH, TABLES, DINING-ROOM TABLE, CHAIRS, BOOKCASE, REFRIGERATOR, CHAMBER SET, MIRRORS, KITCHEN UTENSILS, SHADES, PICTURES, ETC. TERMS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY WILL BE CASH.

Thursday, Oct. 22, 1903, at 3.30 o'clock

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF A FOUR-TENEMENT BLOCK AND ABOUT 3880 SQUARE FEET OF LAND AT NOS. 212 AND 214 CHARLES STREET.

By virtue of a license issued to us as administrators of the estate of the late William Morris, we shall sell by public auction on the premises, No. 212 and 214 Charles street, a well appointed, good paying piece of realty. Its construction is of the first-class order, its apartments are conveniently set, and its location is the very best for renting, about opposite the Training school, but a few minutes' walk to the postoffice or centre of the city; there are four very fine tenements of seven rooms each, bath and pantry, and there is never one of them idle more than a few days at a time. It rents at the present time for about $540 a year and undoubtedly could be made pay a little more. There are nice, large, front bay windows to each tenement, separate side and rear entrances to the lower tenements, and a rear entrance to the upper tenements; the sidewalks are concreted, there is an entrance to cellars in rear from yard, each tenement having its own cellar, and for a real estate investment one could not choose a better located or better adapted piece of tenement property in this section.

The lot contains about 3880 square feet of land and is level and dry.

The terms will be $400, to be paid to the auctioneer as soon as struck off. Other terms at sale.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
WILLIAM A. HOGAN,
Administrators of the estate of William Morris.

WELCH & DANAHEY
Practical Steam Fitters, Pipers Plumbers
1024 CENTRAL STREET.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON
(Successor to M. O'Flahavan.)
STOVES AND FURNACES
Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
147 MARKET STREET. Tel. 953-12.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law,
HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL
Notary Public. Telephone.

Wilfred Kershaw
(Organist at St. John's Church.)
TEACHER OF PIANO
ROOM 27, ASSOCIATE BLDG.
WEDNESDAYS FROM 2 TILL 7 P. M.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

GRAHAM R. WHIDDEN
FIRE INSURANCE
40 Middlesex Street, Lowel
TELEPHONE 175-2

$50 to California
by rail. $45 by water and rail.
MURPHY'S TICKET AGENCY
18 Appleton St., Opp. Post Office

MRS. E. TURNER
PERMANENTLY REMOVES
Superfluous Hair and Moles
61 CENTRAL STREET.
Office Hours 9 to 4.

MARY G. HARRINGTON
VIOLIN
Room 9, Old City Hall Building
Residence, 119 Fremont Street.

THE LATEST NEWS—We were very glad to see so many people traveling through our store to see what we have. Everyone was pleased with our line of goods. It was something new. The only store of its kind in Lowell. What we keep is for your own use. Come in and see the most curious shop. Why go to Boston for such goods when you have a store in your own city? Japan, China, India, Turkey, Persia, and Egyptian goods, beaded chains and laces. The latest novelties in jewelry. Oriental Bazaar, 318 Merrimack street.

J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,
320, 322, 324 Market St.
Personal attention given to every detail. Funeral chapel, also morgue, connected with this establishment. Tel. 439-3.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

GRAND
ANNIVERSARY SALE
IN KITCHEN FURNISHING DEPARTMENT
Special Values at our 3d Annual Sale Beginning TOMORROW

FOR OUR ANNIVERSARY SALE

Mrs. Potts' Iron Handles, usual price 10c	5c EACH
Asbestos Mats, fireproof, usual price 5c	2c EACH
9 in. Tin Pie Plates, usual price 5c	2c EACH
Porcelain Lined Enamel Kettles, light blue outside, white inside; usual price 50c	29c EACH
White Enamel Wood Newspaper Racks, usual price 25c	10c EACH
12 quart Gray Enamel Stove Pots, tall shape, covered; usual price $1.00	59c EACH
Nickle Soap Dishes, usual price 25c	10c EACH
Tea and Coffee Pots in blue and white ware, all sizes, have enamel covers; usual price 50c and 60c	34c EACH
Large size Enamel Tea Kettles, blue outside, white inside; regular price $1.00	59c EACH
Gray Enamel Double Milk or Rice Boilers, 3 parts; usual price 60c	39c EACH
6 quart Gray Enamel Convex Kettles, with covers; usual price 60c	39c EACH
A special lot of Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, 3 pint size; usual price 25c	10c EACH
Fine Nickle Plated Tea and Coffee Pots, 3 pint size; usual price 50c	25c EACH
All sizes Heavy Tin Sauce Pans, usual price 15c and 20c	10c EACH
All styles Bread Pans, Cake Pans, Biscuit Pans, Loaf Pans; usual price 10c and 15c	5c EACH
Full Size Dust Pans, painted brown; usual price 10c	5c EACH
4 pint Gray Enamel Sauce Pans, usual price 30c	19c EACH
8 pint Gray Enamel Sauce Pans, usual price 50c	29c EACH
Best Steel Fry Pans, fit Nos. 7 or 8 stoves, cold handles; usual price 35c and 50c	17c EACH
Heavy Tin Dish Pans, usual price 20c	10c EACH
Large Dinner Pails, with cup on cover; usual price 25c	14c EACH
Best Gray Enamel Dish Pans; usual price 50c	29c EACH
Best Floor Brooms; usual price 25c	19c EACH
Nickle Crumb Pans and Scrapers; usual price 25c	10c EACH
1 quart Gray Enamel Milk Cans; usual price 25c	17c EACH
Steel Blade Knives and Forks; usual price 50c	33c A SET
Large Boxes Tooth Picks; usual price 5c	2c PER BOX
Gold Dust Washing Powder	4c A PACKAGE
100 feet Cotton Clothes Line and 60 Clothes Pins, usual price 35c, for	25 CENTS
Large size Bread Boxes, painted brown, ventilated sides, ornamented fronts; regular price 75c	39c EACH
25-pound Sugar Canisters; usual price 50c	25c EACH
Fine Glass Cream Pitchers and Spoon Holders, cut pattern, 10c values	5c A PIECE
Fine Glass Spoon Trays; 10c value	5c EACH
Fine Decorated Crockery Pint Bowls	5c EACH
Blue Decorated Oat Meal Dishes	5c EACH
All sizes of Yellow Ware Nappies, from 7 in. to 12 in., usual price 15c and 20c	10c EACH
Hotel Crockery Cups and Saucers, double thick; some with handles, others without; a great trade for restaurants	80c DOZEN
Plain Crepe Paper in full 10 ft. rolls; usual price 10c	5c ROLL
Black Jet Tea Pots, English make, warranted fireproof, handsome decorations; usual price 60c	39c EACH
Stoneware Slop Jars, plain; usual price 75c	49c EACH
Stoneware Slop Jars, fancy shape, with bail and cover; usual price $1.00	79c EACH
China Tea Cups and Saucers	10c A PAIR
Best Nickle Plated, centre draft, Sewing or Reading Lamps complete with 10 inch white shade and chimney; usual price $1.75	$1.19 EACH
A special lot of Best Opaque Window Curtains, with insertion and fringe, new combinations of colors; usual price 50c	25c EACH

THIS SALE WILL LAST ONLY FOUR DAYS:
FROM WEDNESDAY MORNING TO SATURDAY NIGHT

A. G. Pollard & Co.